THE TIMES

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THE TIMES

Tomorrow

After M.A.S.H. in Korea, the return of the Vietnam war to the television screen; the trials and tribulations of being a successful step parent; for the third time in 22 years, Turkey's generals are getting ready to return to barracks. As the countdown to the elections begins, a Special Report looks at the Turkey the military will hand back to the next civilian government.

Today

Mr Stoica Papusoiu, the Romanian whose deportation on March 16 prompted strong criticism of the Home Office. The House of Lords will debate his case tonight. (Photograph: Nicholas Brown)Unresolved questions, page 12

Sterling falls to new low

The pound recovered slightly in late trading but still closed at a record low of $1.4508, a fall of 65 points from Friday. Further falls against the dollar are widely expected in the City. Against other currencies it performed better, with its trade-weighted average steady at 78.1 Page19

Tory MEPs in chase for seats

Five Conservative members of the European Parliament are all in the running for selection as prospective candidates for Westminster constituencies, even though membership of the European Parliament has, in general, proved a handicap for aspiring Tory MPs Page 2

New president

Professor Raymond Hoffenberg, a former Cape Town doctor, barred from South Africa on political grounds in 1968, was elected president of the Royal College of Physicians of England last night.

Golden touch

Eugene Evans, aged 16, who left school last year, expects to receive £35,000 this year as a computer programme designer with a firm in Liverpool Page 3

Travel rush

French tourist offices and exchange bureaus have been besieged by travellers trying to beat the exchange controls announced by the Government as part of its austerity package Page 8

Fear for girls

West Bank doctors believe the Arab schoolgirls hit by a mystery disease inhaled toxic gas. They are particularly concerned that the symptoms are recurring Page 6

Carson banned

Willie Carson, the royal jockey, was banned from riding for six days after being found guilty of reckless riding at Ayr Page 24

Watson's prize

John Watson of Northern Ireland created formula one history as he drove his Marlboro McLaren to victory in the Long Beach Grand Prix Page 22

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Spectrum discusses the future of Aintree and the Grand National and Suzy Menkes looks at fashions to suit the 14-year-old – and her parents: Papusoiu, the questions Lord Elton must answer: Roger Scruton demands a second opinion: the sand castle church
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BL walkout fuels fears of rising union militancy

By Clifford Webb and Barrie Clement

Three thousand car workers at BL's Cowley assembly plant, Oxford, voted overwhelmingly yesterday to take immediate strike action over the withdrawal of "washing up" time.

There is growing concern in Government and motor industry circles that the strike, which stopped production of BL's new Maestro car, is further evidence of the growing militancy which some union leaders warned would occur when car sales improved and factories came under pressure to increase output.

Since the beginning of the year new car registrations have increased by 22 per cent. Some industry experts are already forecasting that 1983 will see record sales, exceeding the 1,700,000 cars sold in 1979.

Faced with this level of buoyancy BL, Ford and Vauxhall are all attempting to step up production. This is being done mainly by introducing more efficient working practices and cutting out time-wasting such as the three-minute "washing up" period.

By running production lines to the end of each shift, saving six minutes each on day and night shifts, Austin-Rover management hope to increase weekly output by 100 cars to 4,100. During the past two years "washing up" time has been successfully abolished at all Austin-Rover factories except Cowley.

It has never been part of any official agreement but has operated for so long that most Cowley workers believe it has become established by "custom and practice".

The abrasive years of Sir Michael Edwardes's charismatic hip saw BL's work force fall from 190,000 to less than 100,000, and factory closures came thick and fast. Militant shop stewards saw their power base destroyed.

Now Austin-Rover is recruiting again at its two main car plants, Cowley and Longbridge. Management is prepared to increase manning levels, for the first time since the early 1970s.

That is the sign the militants have been waiting for. Almost overnight it has strengthened their hand in dealing with management.

The need to settle the strike quickly and take advantage of Ford's troubles is clearly in the mind of Mr Harold Musgrove, Austin-Rover's chairman. He now has the models to do it.

Since it was launched on March 1, 6,200 Maestros have been sold, giving it the best first month's sales of any new car in Britain. Its stablemate, the Metro, is the best selling British car, taking more than 10 per cent of the market.

Production of the Metro and the Mini is being increased at Longbridge by a total of 500 a week, and 100 new workers are being recruited.

But last night a colleague of Mr Musgrove's said: "Those who suggest that the temptation to settle quickly will lead to a compromise forget that Harold was at the sharp end of the battle to restore discipline to the shop floor."

"He knows perhaps better than anyone else what a terrible legacy he inherited from weak managements. What is more, he has demonstrated to the ordinary worker that by remaining at his bench instead of walking out on every two-bit issue he can double his pay over the year as a whole, taking into account bonus payments of up to £30 a week."

Support for the strike surprised the workers' leaders as well as the management.

Mr Douglas Hobbs, convenor for the Amalgamated Engineering Workers' Union, said: "In all my 23 years here I have never before seen such a decisive vote for a strike."

Union leaders emphasized that the walkout was not only about the loss of washing-up time. Mr Robert Fryer, senior shop steward of the Transport and General Workers' Union, said the high vote was a sign that workers were fed up with the way they had been treated in recent months.

Union officials accuse BL of using "autocratic and heavy-handed tactics" in their efforts to boost production.

Mr Brian Fox, managing director for Austin Rover, said: "All we ask is that our workers honour their contracts and stick to agreements. There is no agreement that they stop work early."

Sydney welcome: The Royal couple at the hall

Tory MPs join MacGregor fee protests

By Philip Webster and Edward Townsend

A storm of protest from the Opposition benches and strong criticism from some Conservative backbenchers greeted the well-trailed announcement in the Commons yesterday of the appointment of Mr Ian MacGregor as the full time chairman of the National Coal Board from the end of August.

MPs on both sides voiced anger and dismay that the Government was paying a new £1.5m "transfer fee" to Lazard Freres, the New York-based investment bank, to retain the services of Mr MacGregor, the first choice of Mrs Margaret Thatcher and Mr Nigel Lawson, Secretary of State for Energy, on top of the fee of up to £1,825,000 for his three years as chairman of the British Steel Corporation.

Mr MacGregor has been appointed for three years, from September 1, at a starting salary of £59,325 a year, the same as Mr Norman Siddall, the outgoing NCB chairman, who has made clear to the Government that he would retire this year because of ill health.

As head of BSC, Mr MacGregor has received a salary of £48,500 and has waived two annual increments. Recently, the Government appointed Mr Graham Day as next chairman of British Shipbuilders, at a salary of £80,00. A successor for Mr MacGregor at British Steel has yet to be announced.

The Tribune Group of left-wing Labour MPs last night called for the appointment of Mr MacGregor to be referred to the Commons Public Accounts Committee, to investigate whether Mr MacGregor will benefit from the payment to Lazard Freres, and to question how he can be regarded as a full-time chairman while apparently receiving remuneration for other part-time posts.

Further predictable protests came from Mr Arthur Scargill, president of the National Union of Mineworkers and Mr Bill Sirs, for the steel workers.

Mr Lawson, announcing the appointment, said that Mr MacGregor had led the BSC through a period of intense difficulty for the steel industry. Last year, for the first time, BSC's productivity came close to the best levels of its European competitors.

Mr MacGregor's experience as former chairman of the American Amax metals and mining group, had demonstrated that he was admirably equipped for the job.

The £1.5m fee was substantial but it matched what the coal board was losing every day, Mr Lawson said.

Mr MacGregor's objectives would be to oversee the earliest practicable return to profitability.

The transfer fee will be paid as a lump sum to Lazard rather than, as in the case of the steel contract, in two tranches to be decided by an independent performance review committee. Mr MacGregor, who has retained his link with *Lazard* since 1980 as a limited partner, will not receive direct payments from the fees.

As reservations were expressed in the Commons on the grounds of Mr MacGregor's age (he will be 71 in September), the Labour Party gave a clear warning that it might terminate the contract. Earlier, in a radio interview, Mr Merlyn Rees, Labour's industry and employment coordinator, had said that a Labour government would be tempted to find somebody else for the job.

But the number of Conservative MPs voicing their disquiet was striking. Sir William Clark, chairman of the Tory backbench finance committee, who is regarded as a loyalist, said that if it had been known the appointment was to cost £500,000 a year surely someone in top management in Britain could have been found on those terms.

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Cartoon, page 2

Whistler paintings stolen from church

By Christopher Warman
Arts Correspondent

Brompton Oratory, in London, one of the Roman Catholic Church's leading cultural centres in Britain, was robbed at the weekend of some of its priceless treasures.

The main loss was a triptych by Rex Whistler, painted on canvas, and representing the English martyrs Sir Thomas More and John Fisher, and other sixteenth-century martyrs. Father Michael Napier, of the Oratory, said yesterday that the work had been commissioned for the altar in St Wilfrid's Chapel in 1938 and was unusual because it was Whistler's only religious work.

"I suppose it is worth several thousands of pounds, but it is well known and therefore difficult to put a price on because it is unsalable", he said.

Sir Thomas More, on the Whistler triptych

The thieves also took one of a pair of sixteenth-century wooden panels, depicting "The presentation in the Temple" from the Chapel of St Patrick. They left behind the second panel, which depicted "The Circumcision".

The panels, attributed to the Flemish artish Frans Floris (1517-1570) measure about 6ft by 2½ft and are very heavy.

"It seems that the thieves had so much difficulty detaching the first panel that they had no time to take the other", Father Napier said.

The three canvas panels of the Whistler triptych were about 4ft high, with the side panels – one depicting Sir Thomas More and the other John Fisher – 1ft wide and the central panel 2ft wide.

The thieves are thought to have entered the church before it was locked up on Saturday. An unbolted door found on Sunday morning indicated their escape route. Police said last night that they were investigating the theft.

Argentine relatives may visit Falklands

By David Cross

The British Government last night overcame its doubts and agreed in principle to let a group of relatives of Argentine soldiers who died during last year's war in the Falklands to visit their graves.

But the Foreign Office said in a statement that the visit would go ahead only under certain conditions. These included a stipulation that the visit would have to be entirely humanitarian in nature and organized and supervised entirely by the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC).

The statement said that the British Government's agreement in principle had already been transmitted to the ICRC and discussions were already in train about details of a possible trip. The Government also reiterated its earlier offer to the Argentine Government to return the bodies of their servicemen at present buried on the Falklands.

The British first heard of Argentine plans to request a visit for relatives of their war casualties in February. The idea was not particularly palatable because the request for a visit came from an organization calling itself the Centre of Volunteers for the Fatherland. The group was formed by civilians who volunteered to fight during the conflict in the south Atlantic.

Since British forces recaptured the islands last year the group has concentrated on propaganda and the British have clearly been worried that this was the prime motive behind the request for a visit to the Falkland Islands. This explains why the British are now insisting on strict conditions for the visit.

According to Senor Osvaldo Destefanis, the president of the group, at least 40 relatives have expressed interest in going to the Falklands. There are believed to be more than 250 Argentine soldiers buried on the islands. He has insisted that his motive is purely humanitarian.

● BUENOS AIRES. – Yesterday's 24-hour general strike against the junta's economic policies succeeded in paralysing the country despite being declared illegal at the last moment, Andrew Thompson writes.

The strike was called by the two wings of the organised labour movement and supported by the Transport Workers Union which controls bus and underground services in Buenos Aires.

First reports indicated that stoppages were even more effective than during the general strike of December 6 last year. Then, about 80 per cent of the country's economic activities were halted.

Yesterday there was no public transport in Buenos Aires and most shops and offices remained closed. Essential services operated with skeleton staffing

Sydney falls in love with Princess

Sydney fell in love yesterday with the Princess of Wales. The normally cynical people of this most sophisticated of Australian cities went wild over the Princess and mobbed her from one side of the town to the other, Grania Forbes, the Press Association's Court correspondent, writes from Sydney.

From the moment the Princess stepped from the Royal Australian Air Force aircraft at Sydney airport, she received the sort of welcome seen only once in a lifetime.

Massive crowds lined the route as she made the slowest of Royal progresses in an open maroon Rolls-Royce to the Sydney Opera House.

Men wearing traditional shorts and carrying cans of beer rushed out to greet her as she passed. Their wives and children cheered themselves hoarse and waved a sea of Australian and British flags. Excitement at the Opera House had built up since dawn as whole families camped out in scorching sunshine to await her arrival.

Newspapers were turned into makeshift sun hats and parasols were put up against the glare as children produced hurriedly-drawn placards which pleaded: "Please come and speak to us."

The mood was electric by the time the Royal motorcade appeared. Fire ships sent fountains of spray hurtling into Sydney harbour.

But this by no means a one-sided love affair. The Princess is growing in confidence in the warm light of Australian approval.

Prince Charles, answering the welcoming address, used words like "heartwarming", "overwhelming" and "touched" as he said how delighted he was to introduce his wife and son to Australia – his "old and valued friend". He had first set foot in Australia 17 years ago as a

Continued on back page, col 3

Six Polish refugees in hiding

By David Hewson

Six Polish refugees are now in hiding in Britain and a further 21 have applied for permission to stay in the country after escaping from Eastern Europe.

The defection of the Poles from a cruise ship which docked at Tilbury on March 15 was not an impulsive event but was planned well in advance, according to Polish immigrant sources last night. The vessel, the Stefan Batory, had not advertised its pleasure cruise to Britain in Polish papers, but word of the trip had leaked out from crew members.

Many of those on the ship had sold all their possessions, bought return tickets for the voyage and, according to one source, bribed Polish immigration officials to enable them to avoid passport controls when leaving the country.

After the ship reached Tilbury, about 50 Poles left intending to seek asylum, but a number returned because they were unable to make contact with relatives and friends living in Britain. All the Poles were unaware that, six days before they arrived, the Home Office had tightened immigration rules which had offered those fleeing the Jaruzelski regime special leave to stay in the country for a year.

When some of them did make contact with relatives in Britain and heard the stricter rules, six told their fellow colleagues that they intended to avoid immigration officials altogether.

"They hope they can manage to stay underground for long enough, until there is some form of amnesty for immigrants," one Polish welfare worker said. "They have had some help from Polish people living here as far as money is concerned, but they wouldn't dream of staying with Polish families. They would be too frightened: these people are very paranoid."

The Home Office confirmed yesterday that seven refugees from the ship had asked for political asylum. 13 had asked for leave to remain temporarily to seek permission to move to other countries, and one had applied for leave to stay to marry an Iraqi citizen resident in Britain. Four refugees

Continued on back page, col 1

Calvi counsel reveals $20m bank withdrawal

Signor Roberto Calvi, the Italian banker found hanging from scaffolding under Blackfriars Bridge in London, planned to telephone his daughter some 12 hours after he died, the High Court was told in London yesterday.

That was part of fresh evidence put before three judges by counsel for the Calvi family, which claims he was murdered and seeks to quash a majority suicide verdict at an inquest last July.

Mr George Carmen, QC, for the family, said part of the new evidence concerned financial dealings by Signor Flavio Carboni, a business associate, who has told police in Switzerland that a few weeks after Calvi's death he withdrew $20m from banks to distribute to people whom he declined to name "for fear they might run into trouble with the Italian revenue authorities."

These sums were given, or caused to be given to him by Mr Calvi, "Mr Carmen said.

Shortly before his death Signor Calvi telephoned his wife

Signor Calvi, aged 62, known as 'God's Banker' because of his close links with the Vatican Bank, had jumped bail in Italy to come to London in June, days before he was due to appear in court to appeal against a four-year sentence and £7m fine for currency offences.

Court report, page 3

Real wages have risen says Howe

By Frances Williams
Economics Correspondent

The average worker's real living standards have risen by 5.5 per cent since the Conservative took office, compared with a slight fall under Labour, Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Chancellor, claimed yesterday.

The figures refer to the rise in after-tax earnings, adjusted for inflation, by a married man with two children on the average wage between 1978-79 and 1983-84.

The Chancellor gave them to an all-party Commons Select Committee on the Treasury when he spoke about the Budget. But he warned MPs that, despite signs of economic recovery, unemployment would remain high for the foreseeable future.

He said it was possible that, with favourable developments in the world economy, unemployment might begin to fall, rather than remain constant, as the Government's public spending plans assures. But he said: No one believes that a fall in unemployment is likely to take place other than on a very slow timescale.

Questioned on exchange rate policy – on a day when the pound sank to another record low against the dollar – Sir Geoffrey said the policy remained unchanged.

There was no exchange rate objective but the government was willing to intervene to check sharp movements in exchange rate and smooth fluctuations.

He repeated his Budget claim that the latest movement in sterling was not due to laxity in fiscal and monetary policy, and rejected as ineffective a suggestion that the authorities intervene heavily to defend a particular rate.

Sterling slumps, page 19

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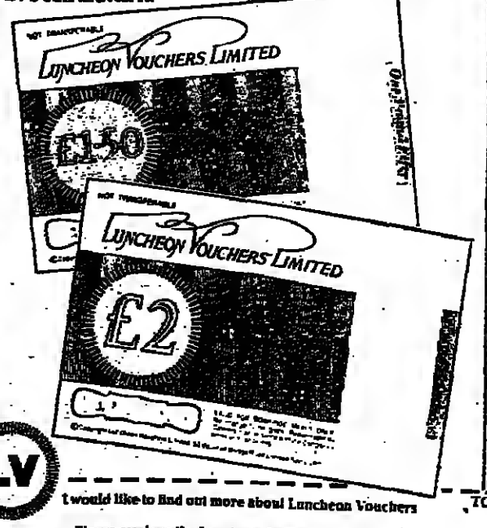

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Joan of Arc 'survived stake'

Paris (AFP) – Joan of Arc, patron saint of France, was not burnt at the stake at the age of 19 by the English 500 years ago, but was killed in battle when she was 44, according to a French historian here yesterday.

Professor Pierre de Sermoise came to his startling conclusions after six years of research on medieval documents in the archives of the Bibliothèque Nationale (National Library).

The accepted version of the story of Joan, the Maid of Orleans, was that she was burnt as a heretic in Rouen, northern France, in May 1431. She was just 19.

But Professor de Sermoise, in his book *Jeanne d'Arc et la Mandragore* published yesterday lists seven points contradicting history's accepted version.

He says she was actually born in Domremy in 1407, and not the established date of 1412, and was in fact the illegitimate daughter of Louis d'Orleans and Isabel of Bavaria, which made her the sister of King Charles VII. This explains her easy access to the king when she was supposedly just a "poor peasant girl".

He says she did not die at the stake – instead a witch replaced her and was burnt in her place – but was killed in battle in 1451, says the professor.

Professor de Sermoise claimed to have discovered eyewitness accounts from people who saw her alive in 1436.

Later Joan of Arc married a French knight, Robert des Armois of Lorraine, in 1436 – when she was 29 – but the marriage was never consummated, he said.

هكذا من الأصل

Docks at standstill in London

The Port of London was at a standstill yesterday as industrial action by dockers was stepped up. About 800 Thames riverside workers came out in sympathy with 2,300 dockers at Tilbury, who have been on strike for 14 days, the Port of London Authority said. The Tilbury men are seeking parity with clerks.

Their basic weekly wage is £106, compared with the clerks' £135. But other payments bring the dockers' average wage to £147.

They have rejected a package which the port authority says is worth £11.50 a week, in exchange for increased flexibility and productivity.

Mr John Black, the authority's chief executive, has said that granting parity would mean "financial suicide" for the port.

The authority had been expecting a £2m to £3m profit this year after several years in the red, but now officials believe that has been seriously threatened by the strike.

Delayed train arrives early

Passengers on the Bedford-St Pancras line travelled by electric train for the first time yesterday and arrived in London three minutes early.

The line, which has been electrified at a cost of £150m was due to begin operation nearly a year ago. But the introduction of the new one-man trains has been delayed by union disputes. The trains will be introduced gradually, and a full electric service should be running in October.

Print union lifts BPCC 'blacking'

The Print union Sogat '82 yesterday lifted the "blacking" of publications printed by Mr Robert Maxwell's British Printing and Communications Corporation pending talks aimed at resolving a dispute which threatens the jobs of more than 4,000 employees.

Mr Sam Silkin, deputy chairman of the company, and former Labour Attorney General, was in preliminary discussions last night with Mr William Keys, general secretary of the union.

The "blacking" began after Mr Maxwell closed the company's works at Park Royal, west London.

Foot rules out deal with SDP

Mr Michael Foot last night ruled out talks on an electoral deal with the Social Democratic-Liberal Alliance to keep the Conservatives out of office after a general election.

He said on Granada Television's *World in Action* programme that if the Alliance held the balance of power in the next Parliament there would be no attempt to woo them into a united front. "No overtures to anybody", he said. "only overtures to the British people to do the job that is crying out to be done."

Bus strike

A strike by transport union workers protesting against garage closures and possible job losses halted Glasgow's buses and underground system for four hours yesterday.

Five Tory MEPs still in race for Commons seats

By Anthony Bevins, Political Correspondent

Five Conservative members of the European Parliament remain in the running for selection as candidates for Westminster constituencies, party sources said last night.

Although security around the state of Conservative selection processes, remains strict, it is understood that the steering committee for the safe seat of Mid-Norfolk has excluded Mr Paul Howell, the MEP for Norfolk and son of Mr Ralph Howell, MP for Norfolk, North, from its short-list.

It was said last night that the shortlist of three was headed by Mr Robert Atkins, the MP for Preston, North, and Mr Richard Ryder, one of Mrs Margaret Thatcher's former advisers at Number 10.

Mr Atkins was saying nothing last night about his prospects, but it is known that he is also interested in the constituency of South Ribble, which borders Preston, North, and his name has also been linked with the selection at Havering, Upminster.

South Ribble, which has been described as the last of the safe Conservative seats to set up its own selection process, has not yet drawn up a short-list but it is understood that Mr John de Courcy Ling, the MEP for Midlands, Central, has submitted his name for consideration.

In Havering, Upminster, the steering committee is drawing up a short-list, and it was said last night that Mr Robert Jackson, the MEP for Upper Thames, was in the running.

It was also said last night that the short-listing had been completed for the safe Conservative constituency of Wells, Somerset, which has undergone revision of boundaries, but it was not said whether Mr Richard Cottrell, MEP for Bristol, who lives in the constituency, had been successful in his application.

Mr Eric Forth, MEP for Birmingham, North, is understood to have submitted his name for the new Westminster constituency of Mid-Worcestershire.

The remaining MEP contender for Westminster is Mr Stanley Johnson, member for Wight and Hampshire, East, who has been placed as reserve to a short-list of four in High Peak, the Derbyshire constituency which is not to be contested by Mr Spencer Le Marchant, the sitting MP, at the next election.

Although three MEPs have succeeded in selections for Westminster constituencies – Mr John Taylor, MEP for Midlands, East, in Solihull; Mr David Harris, MEP for Cornwall and Plymouth, for St Ives; *and Miss Beata Brookes, MEP* for North Wales, in Clwyd, North-west – existing membership of the European Parliament has proved a handicap.

The common problem posed by steering committees has been the question of dual mandate: *whether anyone can serve in* two parliaments at the same time.

Legal action on selection

A bitter dispute which has divided Conservatives in the new Bridgend constituency is to be taken to the High Court in Cardiff today (Tim Jones writes).

The legal action comes after a decision by the constituency party, by a majority of one, to *adopt, Mr Ken Thornber*, a London-based businessman, at the prospective candidate.

Mr Peter Hubbard-Miles, who came second, maintains that the executive breached the rules because it took a second ballot to come out in favour of Mr Thornber, after the first ballot had been tied.

● A fresh and potentially damaging quarrel divided the Social Democratic Party in *Cardiff last night, only three* days after Mr Nicholas Jenkins, the original candidate selected to fight the Cardiff, North-west by-election, decided not to *stand on health grounds.*

Amid allegations that the selection of the replacement candidate had been "a secret society carve-up within the party", *Mr Graeme Holmes*, the party's local chairman, resigned in protest at the choice of Mr Jenkins's successor, Mr Anthony Jeremy, aged 45, a local solicitor.

Labour challenged over animal group's £80,000

By Hugh Clayton, Environment Correspondent

The Labour Party faces an attempt to force it to repay £80,000 which it received from the *League Against Cruel Sports* in the last general election campaign. Mrs Janet Simmonds, a member of the league, has issued writs naming prominent figures in both organizations, including Mr James Callaghan, the last Labour Prime Minister.

Mrs Simmonds is the wife of Mr Hugh Simmonds, prospective Conservative parliamentary candidate for Cambridge, South-west, who said yesterday that it was a coincidence that her case might be heard in the coming general election campaign.

Mr Simmonds said yesterday that his wife considered the payment of £80,000 "an abuse of funds given to the league for the promotion of animal welfare and not the Labour Party." He was acting in the case for his wife who was *supported* by "a body of members and former members of the league".

The league paid the money because it believed after studying the election manifestoes of all parties in 1979 that Labour would do the most to restrict hunting and coursing if returned to power. Mr Michael Foot, leader of the party, said in London on Saturday that Labour would abolish "hunting with dogs" if it formed the next Government.

The league is a founder member of the Animal Protection Alliance, a voluntary group *formed to advise voters in the* coming general election which party is likely to do most for animal welfare.

"That's exactly what I'm worried about."

GLC gets reprieve from axe

By David Walker
Local Government Correspondent

The Government has shelved the work on its plan to abolish the Greater London Council and the six metropolitan county councils.

It is understood the Government will not publish a long-awaited White Paper on the subject before the election but will simply announce only the outline of its decision in the Conservative Party manifesto.

The abolition of the councils, all Labour controlled at present, was recommended by a Cabinet committee, MISC 79, which was originally charged with finding an alternative to the household property rate but which failed to agree. The committee considered that *abolishing the GLC and the* metropolitan counties, thought a popular move, might let the Government off the hook of its promise to "do something" about rates.

But although its conclusion on the GLC and the counties received a warm welcome from the Prime Minister and other *Cabinet members, Mrs Marga*ret Thatcher was reported to be incensed by the committee's failure to suggest a fiscal reform that would allow the Government to say it was *keeping its* promise on rates. Additional work was ordered from several departments, including the Treasury, and the Department of the Environment.

Mr Leon Brittan, Chief Secretary to the Treasury, pressed a long-standing plan to reform the rates by imposing a *strict limit on council spending.* It was proposed to allow high-spending councils to be ejected from office quickly.

Whitehall sources said yester*day that the Government's rates* plans were still "at sea" with "a great deal of paper floating about". Apparently much of the evidence considered by MISC 79 is being reworked, including a plan to phase out household rates and replace them by a sales tax.

Ford's problem plant

Disputes pile up at Halewood

By Barrie Clement, Labour Reporter

Another, far more damaging dispute at Ford's Halewood plant, Merseyside, threatens to follow the present stoppage over *the dismissal* of a worker for alleged vandalism. That strike is about to enter its third week.

The management has decided to introduce new "Japanese-style" working practices eight days after work is resumed at the plant. As soon as that happens employees have voted to walk out again.

Further industrial action would add to the £75m which Ford will have lost by the end of today over the dismissal of Mr Paul Kelly, aged 25, for *allegedly damaging a bracket* worth 86p.

The Halewood management is hoping to approach the productivity rates recorded by a sister plant at Saarlouis, West Germany, which produces more than 1,200 Escort cars a day with 7,300 workers. Halewood turns out approximately the same number with a production staff of 9,700.

Mr Ted Rayment, operations manager at Halewood, is seeking greater flexibility among workers in the body and press shops. The company has also *announced* a programme of 1,360 voluntary redundancies, for which it has 1,100 applications. If it were to close the so-called "Saarlouis Gap" however, it would need a further 1,600 job losses.

Mr Rayment argues that he is entitled to bring in the new working practices under procedure and *without* the *union's* approval, after a failure to reach agreement.

The workers replied by voting for a strike, and the issue could lead to a walkout at Ford's other British plants.

A strong implication from the company, although never actually stated, is that such action could also lead to the closure of Halewood, with Saarlouis providing Escorts for the British market.

Ford contends that new methods were prefaced in the wage and conditions agreement in 1981, *in which the unions* agreed, among other things, to mobility and flexibility among production workers, and full cooperation over new technology and *working arrangements.*

The drive for a "leaner and fitter" Halewood is thought by some observers to have emerged from a visit to Japan by Mr William Hayden, vice-president of Ford of Europe. But the overwhelming problem now is not so much new methods of production *but* industrial relations.

Halewood made an inauspicious start. As the first Ford Anglia rolled off the production *line just over 20 years ago, the* band played and four unions were staging an overtime ban. There had been more than 95 strikes before a single vehicle was produced.

The company has accused the workforce of absenteeism, vandalism, indiscipline, laziness and intransigence. The unions accuse the *management* of incompetence, arrogance and failure to communicate.

Of the 178 strikes throughout Ford's British operations last year losing 1,256,000 man-hours, 73 occurred at Halewood. Last year Ford lost 35,000 vehicles because of industrial action; 26,900 were at Halewood.

In the late 1970s, Sir Terence *Beckett, then chairman of Ford,* singled Halewood out for praise and ordered £200m worth of capital investment. It now needs a further boost to prepare the way for an updated *Escort.*

Militant may lose union power base

By Paul Routledge
Labour Editor

The Militant Tendency is set to lose its most important power base in the union movement after an outspoken attack on the ultra left by Mr Alistair Graham, general secretary of the Civil and Public Services Association.

Moderate candidates are poised to make big inroads into the 24-4 majority now enjoyed by the broad left on the CPSA executive although Militants are expected to retain overall control in the election next month.

The real target of moderate and the old-fashioned left, comprising Labour Party and Communist activists, is the Militant Tendency, which has *six acknowledged supporters* on the executive of 28. One of them is the President, Mr Kevin Roddy, who is in danger of losing his job to Mrs Kate Lozinska, a veteran right-wing campaigner.

An indication of the sharp *political battle ahead* came yesterday from Mr Graham in his union's journal *Red Tape* when he accused Militant Tendency of wanting to reduce the pay and security of CPSA officials "with a viciousness that would make the Treasury look like Santa Claus." He said: "If you think this smells of my old paranoia about the role of Militant Tendency in CPSA I plead guilty.

"After a year of look – alike, dress – alike and think – alike mentality, I can find little reason to amend my original judgement... They are a narrow-minded, secretive and dangerous clique who trust nobody but members of Militant Tendency."

Alistair Graham: 'Movement at crossroads'

The moderate general secretary adds: "Thank goodness they seem in retreat in CPSA as the saner left reassert themselves. Long may it continue." He may be aware that there are secret moves afoot to break up the old, all-embracing broad left into warring factions composed of Militant Tendency and Labour-Communist activists.

Mr Graham went on: "The trade union movement is at the crossroads. Membership is falling and our enemies are on the attack. This in not a time for activists in the union with strong political views to go on an ego trip, alienating large numbers of members en route.

Cabinet to discuss sex scandal

From Richard Ford, Belfast

The *Cabinet will discuss* setting up a public judicial inquiry into the Kincora boys home sex scandal in Northern Ireland before the affair is debated by the *House of* Commons.

Mr James Prior, Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, recommended this course of action yesterday *when he met the* leaders of three of Ulster's politicial parties who want an inquiry into the affair.

Last week, the Northern *Ireland Assembly* demanded an inquiry under the Tribunal of Inquiries Act, 1921, which has the power to compel witnesses to attend and to order documents to be produced. However, Mr Prior wants the law to take its full course, with any possible further charges being dealt with before any inquiry.

The Government is faced with a dilemma, as an inquiry *would give immunity against* prosecution to all witnesses. On the other hand, the "due process of the law" is fuelling suspicion among politicians in Northern Ireland that a cover-up may take place, especially as there have been allegations *of British intelligence involve*ment in the affair. Claims have also been made that four senior civil servants at the Northern Ireland Office were involved in a vice ring at the boys' home in east Belfast.

It is thought that if further charges are made, any inquiry, likely to cost up to £2m, will be delayed by two years, which in Northern Ireland's close-knit community would be ample *time for further rumour*, innuendo, and allegation to fester.

In a statement issued after Mr Prior's 30-minute meeting *with the leaders of the Official* Unionist, Democratic Unionist, and Alliance parties, Mr Prior said he wanted to allay public concern that there could *be no short cuts as any new* prosecutions would take time.

The Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland is considering a Royal *Ulster Constabulary report*, and a separate inquiry, headed by Sir George Terry, chief constable of Sussex, into an allegation of a cover-up, by the *RUC, is still to be completed.* Mr Prior pledged yesterday that the results of that inquiry would be made public.

Three employees at the *Kincora home* were given jail sentences, ranging between four and six years, in 1981, after they admitted charges of buggery.

Science report

Most dunnocks are cuckolds

By the Staff of *Nature*

Fathers, unlike mothers, can never be absolutely certain of parenthood. *That is why, in* all animal species where the father helps to raise the young, elaborate systems have developed *to* allow the male to *ensure that he actually* is the father of the offspring that he is helping to support.

A recent survey carried out in the Cambridge University Botanic Garden has shown that securing parenthood might be the purpose of some odd courtship displays in birds. Dr Nicholas Davies of Cambridge University has investigated the courtship of dunnocks, or hedge sparrows, and has found that their behaviour during the mating season is a play-off between jealous males and *flirtatious* females.

The males fight to ensure that only they form a permanent relationship with a particular female, while the females try to dodge their partners and mate with neighbouring males.

According to Dr Davies, the apparent promiscuity of the female serves the purpose of providing the best for her *young because any male which* mates with a female will help to feed her chicks, irrespective of whether or not he was actually their father. Since chicks fed by two males are bigger, healthier and more likely to survive, the prospective mother will try to mate with more than one male so that they both feed her chicks.

Male dunnocks seem to be unable to curb the unfaithful tendencies of their mates and so instead concentrate on keeping their rival males in order. As with many animals, it is size that counts in male rivalry.

The larger dunnocks, which are better fighters, manage to keep other males away and so form faithful pairs for one breeding season. The smaller males cannot fight off all other males and therefore have to share their female, usually with one other male.

The trios have one dominant, larger male and one small, subordinate male. Even within such a trio, one of the males will be larger and therefore able to chase his smaller rivals away most of the time.

However, this plan sometimes backfires and Dr Davies observed some subordinate males sneaking back and mating with the female white the dominant male was pursuing the chase.

It is for those cuckolded males that the odd courtship display is important. After mating a female stores the sperm in an internal "pocket" *and only uses it to fertilize* her eggs during a 15 to 30 minute period about 24 hours before they are laid.

Dr Davies has found that the male *courtship* display includes a sequence of pecking that results in the emptying of the female's sperm store before she mates with the displaying male.

The males who are frequently trumped by their mates go through more intense courtship displays and copulate more frequently than other males.

This is probably an attempt to ensure that they father most, if not all, of the future brood. But the female wins out in the end. Dr Davies says that the female does not always empty her sperm store when she appears to have done so; another trick to ensure that her brood is fed by both males, which can only "hope" that the chicks are theirs.

Source: *Nature* March 24 (vol 302 page 334) 1983

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MPs upset by conservation 'cover-up'

By Pearce Wright, Science Editor

Members of the Commons select committee on energy are upset. In fact, they are dismayed enough to have hurriedly rearranged their programme of hearings so that officials of the Department of Energy may be summoned to a meeting tomorrow, before the Easter recess.

Their concern is over an apparent lack of candour by the department in providing information about some facets of government energy policy. The contradictions between the information that the department, headed by Mr Nigel Lawson, has been presenting publicly and that which it has been withholding emerged last week, at the Sizewell nuclear power station inquiry.

One of the main objectors to the scheme, the Council for the Protection of Rural England, submitted a written argument against the plan to build a pressurized water reactor (PWR) on the Suffolk coast. Among the supporting documents were reports leaked from the Department of Energy, showing that figures in official statements submitted to the inquiry differed from those in calculations contained in studies prepared by advisory groups in Whitehall.

The matter is embarrassing because it addresses the question of whether investing more than £1,200m in a single nuclear plant is as cost-effective as *spending* a similar sum of money on a wide range of projects to promote energy conservation.

Copies of those studies, withheld by the department but prepared by *eminent* advisers, including Sir Derek Rayner, show a powerful case for conservation schemes. The advantages include the creation of jobs in new industries.

Such proposals have allegedly been ignored by ministers, though for two years the Commons committee has been pressing *for a thorough analysis* of how developments like combined heat and power, refinements of building standards and materials, and insulation programmes would affect the amount of energy used. Similarly, an answer has been *sought to the impact* of developing renewable sources of energy like wind, wave and solar power.

Critics of government policy maintain that the potential benefits of conservation have been understated because the "fifth" fuel, as it is sometimes called, lacks the influence of the coal, gas, oil and nuclear lobbies.

If it has done nothing else, the Sizewell inquiry, now at its quarter-way mark, has contributed to the argument on the need *for* more than open government.

The shortcomings in the methods of forecasting electricity demand by the Central Electricity Generating Board emerged early. But as the inquiry adjourned last week, the Department of Energy's methods of forecasting came under even more severe criticism for containing a built-in bias in favour of the nuclear scheme.

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Sale room

Faisal diary fetches £121,000

By Geraldine Norman, Sale Room Correspondent

A personal diary kept by the *future King Faisal I of Iraq* during the Paris Peace Conference of 1919, containing his draft proposals for setting up independent Arab states as well as a warm *private tribute* to his friend Lawrence of Arabia, was sold at Sotheby's yesterday for £121,000. The auctioneers had been estimating a price between £15,000 and £20,000.

Mr Roy Davids, director of Sotheby's book department said: "It was a western market estimate. We could not guess at the effect of Middle East interest. "In the event, a battle between two Middle Eastern interests appears to have created the price. The successful bid had been left with Sotheby's before the sale and was being treated by them as strictly anonymous. It was noted that a group of Arabs attended the sale to watch the bidding on this lot but did not take any apparent part.

The manuscript comprises about 100 pages written in Arabic. It reveals Faisal's own *reactions to the conference* which was to prove so disastrous for his own future and that of the Arab nations. T. E. Lawrence acted as Faisal's *interpreter throughout the* conference.

Sotheby's would not reveal where it had come from. They would only say it was a "Western source". The address of a Madame Barthe Fargier is written in a western hand on the first page; Sotheby's had been unable to trace who she was.

The sale of *historical man*uscripts and printed books made £290,763 with 7 per cent unsold. Quaritch paid £13,750 (estimate £6,000 to £7,000) for a series of nearly 100 letters by *Sarah Churchill, Duchess of* Marlborough, dating between 1710 and 1726. It seems likely that they are to join the Blenheim papers at the British Library.

Other items of interest included two pages from Darwin's autograph manuscript of *The Origin of Species* at £8,800 (estimate £7,000 to £8,000) and a letter of 1909 from Mr Rolls to Mr Royce at £3,520 (estimate £2,000 to £2,500).

At Christie's a Vincennes porcelain figure of a seated poodle sold for £32,400 (estimate £15,000 to £20,000) to R. and J. Jones, the *London* dealers. It dates from about 1752 and is thought to depict Madame de Pompadour's pet poodle.

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Son says Calvi was on point of 'naming names' at time of death

The son of Roberto Calvi, the Italian banker, whose body was found hanging under Blackfriars Bridge, London, last June, said in the High Court in London yesterday that his father had been about to "name names" when he died.

In a sworn statement read to three judges, Signor Carlo Calvi described how his father, who was closely linked with the Vatican Bank, was convicted by an Italian court in 1981 of illegally exporting $20m (£13.3m) from the country and sentenced to four years imprisonment.

Signor Calvi, former president of Banco Ambrosiano, Italy's biggest private bank, had refused to tell who had received the money. But, his son said he had been about to appeal against both conviction and sentence when he arrived in London last June.

At the appeal it would have been essential for him to name the recipients of the $20m and the part which had been played in the whole affair by the Banco Ambrosiano.

"It is my belief this is one of the reasons he believed his life was in danger", Signor Calvi said in his statement.

The statement was one aspect of "fresh evidence" on which the Calvi family is basing its call for a new inquest into Signor Calvi's death.

Last July, an inquest jury sitting at the City of London Coroner's Court reached a majority verdict that he had committed suicide. Mr George Carman, QC, for the family, yesterday asked Lord Lane, Mr Justice Taylor and Mr Justice McCowan to quash that verdict and order a new inquest.

Counsel claimed that the inquest on Signor Calvi was rushed. "Justice that is rushed is justice denied," he said.

Mr Carman said that Signora Clara Calvi, the widow, and her son and daughter had travelled from the United States to be in court. "The 'suicide' verdict constitutes for them, as Catholics, a grave moral stigma, and they entertain the belief that he met his death at the hands of others."

He described how, when Signor Calvi's body was found his clothing had been weighted with 11 or 12lb of bricks. He was dressed in an ordinary suit and shoes, and there was no trace in the body of alcohol or drugs of any significance.

Signor Calvi arrived in London by chartered private aircraft on June 15 last year. Travelling with him was Signor Silvano Vittor, a small-time smuggler whose ostensible role was that of bodyguard, Mr Carman said.

"He had been procured by Signor Flavio Carboni, an associate of the banker, because Signor Calvi was in fear of his life."

Signor Calvi: Believed his life was in danger.

Signor Carboni arrived in London before Signor Calvi's death. He and the bodyguard were the last men to see the banker alive, and they both "expeditiously" fled the country after his death, Mr Carman said.

Signor Vittor had told Italian police that he spent an anxious time waiting in the hotel room he shared with Signor Calvi on the night of the death, but had still taken a plane to Austria from Heathrow airport the next morning.

The movements of Signor Carboni were to say the least bizarre, Mr Carman said. The day after the death he left the country by a circuitious route involving a flight from Gatwick to Scotland, and then a flight by private aircraft to the Continent. Neither man contacted the British police before departure. Both, certainly Carboni, were fugitives from justice, he said.

Statements obtained from Signor Carboni by Swiss police showed that, after Signor Calvi's death, he had withdrawn from various Swiss bank accounts sums in the region of $20m. "These sums were given, or caused to be given, to him by Signor Calvi, but he refused to disclose the ultimate recipients of the major proportion of that considerable sum," Mr Carman said.

Mr Carman said Signor Calvi had never given any indication that he ever intended or contemplated taking his own life.

The hearing continues Today

Golden touch: Eugene Evans, the high-earning computer programme designer

Smart 16 and worth £35,000 a year

By Alan Hamilton

Eugene Evans expects to receive £35,000 this year as a computer programme designer with a small computer software company in Liverpool. He would be an unremarkable high-flying professional were he not aged only 16.

Other executives of his calibre and earning power might well own a Jaguar and a detached bungalow in half an acre, and take an annual holiday in Barbados.

But when you are 16, you have to be fetched by taxi for work every day, because you are too young to drive, and you have to hand over £30 a week housekeeping money to your mother.

A year ago, he was sitting behind a school desk studying for six A levels and two CSEs; computer studies was not even on the curriculum.

He is entirely self-taught, having read books on computers beneath the bedclothes from the age of 12, and has made himself an expert in writing games of the *Star Wars* variety, said to be one of the most difficult tasks in computer software.

He designed his first programme, "Space Panic", last year. Shortly afterwards, the company Image Software was launched and invited him to become an employee. His basic salary is £17,000, and he makes as much again in bonuses, bringing work home at night.

His earnings this year are likely to be seven times those of his father, a bus driver in Liverpool. Far from being jealous, his father is delighted.

Mark claim disputed

A senior coastguard rejected a suggestion yesterday that one of two unidentified vessels picked up on a radar plot when the Union Star was in difficulties could have been the coaster Mark, which disappeared at about the same time.

At the public inquiry into Penzance into the loss of the Penlee lifeboat when it went to the aid of the Union Star, it was disclosed that there had been speculation that wreckage found on the coast eight days later could have been from the Mark.

1,000 are charged in vice drive

A new police drive against vice in the King's Cross area of central London has led to 1,000 charges in 10 weeks. Most of the charges have led to convictions.

Chief Insp William Nelson, head of the unit involved, said yesterday that most of the charges were for loitering for prostitution, and that prostitution was being discouraged by a "consistent uniformed police presence". Plain-clothes officers were also being deployed against pimps and brothels.

Youths jailed for contempt

Two prosecution witnesses who failed to appear at the trial of two youths accused of attacking a community policeman were jailed for 28 days yesterday for contempt of court.

Mr Justice Staughton said at Bristol Crown Court that he was satisfied that both Devon Sawyers, aged 18, and Lennox Cornwall, aged 19, had deliberately avoided being present at the trial of two youths who were jailed by Gloucester Crown Court last week for a "vicious and cowardly" attack on Police Constable Ian Bennett.

Rams' fling costs £600

Mr Melville Waters, a farmer of Nash, Gwent, was ordered at Newport County Court yesterday to pay £600 damages and costs, after being sued by Mr Graham Attewell, also of Nash for damages of £1,100.

Mr Attewell had alleged that two of Mr Waters's rams got among his flock of pure bred Suffolk ewes and served 24 of them on the evening of August 20, 1981. Of the 37 lambs born.

Legal fight by 'magic mushroom' grower

By Tony Samstag

About 20 varieties of "magic mushrooms" grow on Hampstead Heath, London, although only one species of the hallucinogenic mushrooms is known to have been eaten for recreational purposes, Snaresbrook Crown Court was told yesterday.

Mr Kelvin Curtis, aged 31, who set up a laboratory at home to develop a "superabundant" strain of "magic mushrooms", is charged with producing, or attempting to produce, a product containing a controlled drug.

According to uncontested police testimony, Mr Curtis, who was arrested last May 3 at his home in Moray Road, north London, said: "They are not toadstools, they are sacred, magic mushrooms. It's not an offence if the mushrooms are fresh".

Dr Geoffrey Maxwell-Rowe, a senior forensic scientist with the Metropolitan Police, said that the species of mushrooms he had identified, psilocybe cubensis, was unlikely to be among those growing on Hampstead Heath as it favoured tropical and subtropical habitats, although he could not exclude the possibility.

The two charges that Mr Curtis faces are seen as something of a test case. Possession of living magic mushrooms has not been established as automatically an offence under existing drug laws.

Mr James Crespi, for the prosecution, said Mr Curtis had told police that he produced mushrooms for his own pleasure. The prosecution accepted that "there was no intention to sell".

Det Constable Duncan Fenwick told the court that Mr Curtis's were grown from spores that he had ordered three years ago from an advertisement in an American magazine, *High Times*. The spores "can be dormant for hundreds of years and can even travel through outer space," Mr Curtis had said, adding that he ate them "because they enlightened the mind".

Mr Curtis said he had developed his germination technique in part from a book, *The Mushroom Growers' Guide*, bought at the Compendium Bookshop in Camden Town, north London.

The hearing continues today.

Prison for cocaine smugglers

Three "reluctant recruits" to a cocaine-smuggling syndicate, one of whom was said to be at risk from "determined men", were sentenced at the Central Criminal Court yesterday.

They were arrested after a big Customs investigation, code-named Operation Snowball, into the smuggling through Heathrow of suitcases full of cocaine, which arrived on flights from South America, principally Peru, in September, 1980, and February the following year.

Edward Herron, aged 31, a minicab driver of Bathurst Gardens, Kensal Rise, north-west London, and James Hyatt, aged 29, a musician of Avenue Road, Southgate, north London admitted acting as couriers. Peter Whitehead, aged 32, a company director, of St Mark's Road, North Kensington, admitted possessing and supplying cocaine.

Herron was jailed for two years, with six months of it suspended. Hyatt and Whitehead were each sentenced to three years in prisonment.

Herron gave evidence for the Crown in a trial which ended at the court last week. When four men were acquitted.

Mr Peter Beaumont, for the prosecution, said that Herron was responsible for smuggling six kilos of high quality cocaine, and Hyatt 10 kilos. They had been promised £1,000 each for their help. The total London street value of the drug was in excess of £2,400,000. Whitehead was arrested in possession of just under half a kilo, which he intended to distribute.

Mr Derek Inman, defending Hyatt, said his client had been tempted by the offer of easy money when he was in desperate financial trouble.

Mr Graham Laughland, QC, for Herron, said that his client had broken bail in June last year after threats of violence towards him and his girl friend when he indicated that he was willing to help the prosecution. After Herron's rearrest on New Year's Eve, he had given evidence and was prepared to do so at any future trial.

"He has been and continues to be under the threat of very determined men. Other persons involved are unlikely to be brought to justice. This man [Herron] has put himself in greater peril and further dangers.

Boost for theatre fund

By Christopher Warman Arts Correspondent

The Government yesterday gave official approval to the commercial theatre with the announcement of a special grant of £125,000 to the Theatres Investment Fund.

Mr Paul Channon, Minister for the Arts, speaking from the stage of the Duke of York's Theatre in St Martin's Lane in the West End, said the grant represented a gesture of confidence in the future of the commercial theatre and a positive way the Government could recognize its importance as a great national asset and a tremendous tourist draw.

In the past, government help has been confined to the subsidized theatre, and this first grant to the commercial theatre has delighted the Society of West End Theatre, which represents more than 40 commercial and subsidized theatres. At the same time, the Arts Council announced a grant of £62,500 to the fund, with the possibility of a further £62,500 in the next three years.

The Society of West End Theatre has pledged to add to the total, but it has yet to agree on its contribution. The object is to bring the fund, which was started nearly 10 years ago, up to £500,000 to provide help for young playrights and young producers in establishing themselves in the theatre.

The fund was set up with a grant of £100,000 from the Arts Council with £150,000 from private sources. Lord Goodman, chairman of the fund, said yesterday that it had invested about £350,000 in more than 110 shows, and he looked forward to better times for the theatre.

"It would be very unwise to contemplate the closure of any West End theatre. I believe we have about the right number of theatres at the moment and keeping them going is of vital importance."

Bogus officials robbed old people

Two men who posed as council workmen ad electricity board officials to rob old people of their savings were jailed for a total of 11 years by Southwark Crown Court yesterday.

The behaviour of Stanley Howard, aged 22, and Harris Georgiou, aged 25, was described as despicable and dastardly by Mr Julian Nutter, for the defence.

One of their victims was Mr Frank Wakeland, aged 85, a disabled First World War veteran, of Sinnot Road, Walthamstow, north-east London. His savings of more than £3,000 and war medals were taken from a box under his bed.

Mr Nutter said: "It is difficult to find words to describe someone who goes into the home of an elderly cripple who has risked his life in the war and to steal his medals."

Mr Wakeland was shown a bogus identity card and told by the man on the doorstep that he was an engineer from the electricity board, Mr Richard Fitzgerald, for the prosecution said.

Mr Fitzgerald said old people, who were sometimes frightened into believing their electricity would be cut off, were distracted by being asked to assist in the "test". The two "men" would then rummage through their home and steal cash and valuables.

The oldest victim to lose her savings, a widow aged 89, whose identity was not disclosed, told the police that she had delayed reporting the theft because she was so ashamed of what had happened."

Jailing Howard, for six years and Georgiou for five years, Judge West-Russell said: "Words fail me when I hear of young people taking advantage of gullible old people."

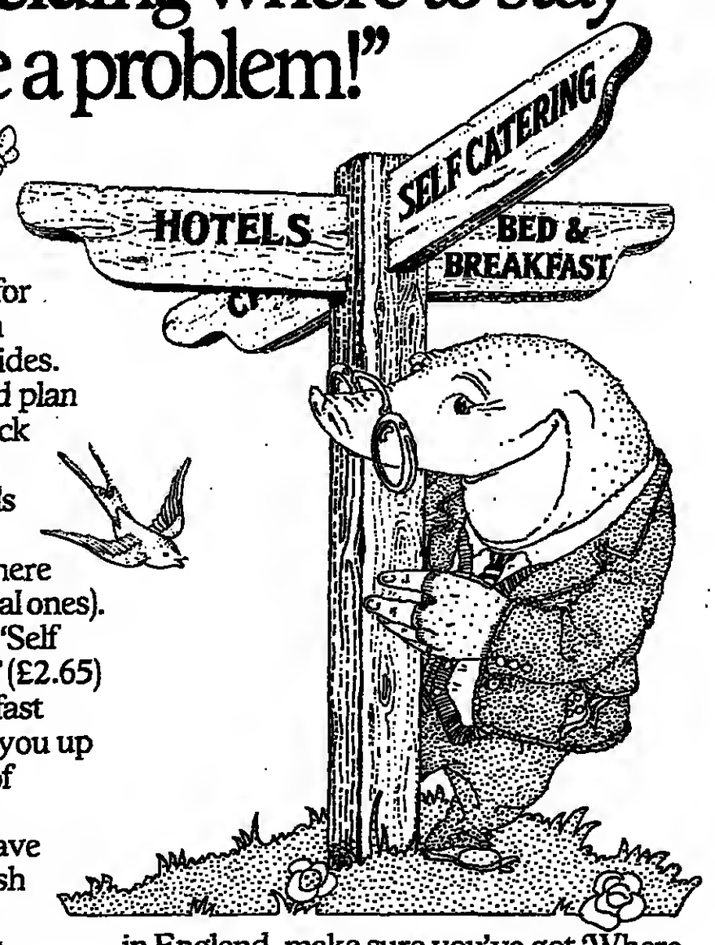
Howard, of Subella Court, Mostyn Grove, Bow, North-east London, admitted 24 burglaries which netted more than £11,000 in cash, and £800 in silver. The thefts were all from the homes of elderly people, mainly on council estates in the East End of London between last September and December.

Georgiou, of Andaman House, Duckett Road, Stepney, East London, admitted nine burglaries.

Mr Nutter said both men were bored and unemployed.

Roger Oschman, aged 19 of Burley House, Bromley Street, Stepney, who admitted four charges of burglary, was remanded in custody for reports.

"I say Toad, deciding where to stay can be a problem!"



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PARLIAMENT March 28 1983

Hatchet men come cheaper than this

NCB CHAIRMAN

Mr Ian MacGregor, the chairman of the British Steel Corporation, is to be the next chairman of the National Coal Board, Mr Nigel Lawson, Secretary of State for Energy, announced in a statement in the Commons. A fee of £1,500,000 is to be paid to Lazard Freres as compensation for the loss of Mr MacGregor's services.

The Opposition spokesman described the appointment as foolish.

Mr Lawson said: When I appointed Mr Norman Siddall as chairman of the National Coal Board last year, he made it clear to me that, regrettably, his health would not permit him more than a one year term. Strictly speaking, that year comes to an end on July 3, but Mr Siddall has kindly agreed to stay on until the end of August. He has already proved to be an outstanding chairman of the coal board, as I am sure is widely recognised on all sides of the House.

As his successor I have appointed Mr Ian MacGregor, currently chairman of the British Steel Corporation.

Mr MacGregor is a Scotsman who was sent to Washington by the Government during the war to deal with certain aspects of the purchase of arms from the United States. After the war he decided to make his business career there, which he did with conspicuous success, notably with the Amax Corporation.

His first act on becoming chairman of Amax in 1969 was to take it into the coal mining business; by the time he retired from the chairmanship of Amax in 1977 he had built it up into the third largest coal mining company in the United States.

Mr MacGregor's qualities were recognised by the previous Government when they appointed him a deputy-chairman of British Leyland in 1977, but he did not return to Britain on a full-time basis until 1981, when Sir Keith Joseph appointed him chairman of the British Steel Corporation for a three-year term.

Since then he has led BSC with vigour and determination through a period of intense difficulty for the steel industry both at home and abroad. Last year, for the first time ever, BSC's productivity came close to the best levels of its European competitors.

Mr MacGregor's experience in building up and running a successful coal-mining business and the outstanding leadership he has provided at BSC have demonstrated that he is admirably equipped to become full-time chairman of the coal board. He has agreed to accept a three-year appointment starting on 1 September.

Mr MacGregor has obligations to his partners in the New York based investment bank of Lazard Freres, from which he was released for three years in order to become chairman of BSC. I have agreed similar arrangements in order to enable him to take on the chairmanship of the National Coal Board for a further three years. Accordingly, a fee of £1,500,000 will be paid to Lazard Freres in compensation for the loss of Mr MacGregor's services. Two thirds of that fee will be refundable on a pro-rata basis if Mr MacGregor does not complete his full three-year term.

As with the BSC arrangements, Mr MacGregor will remain a non-active limited partner in Lazards while serving as chairman of the Coal Board. But this will not entitle him to receive any share in the so-called transfer fee. He will be paid £59,325 a year – the same salary as Mr Siddall.

£1,500,000, although less than the maximum compensation payable under the BSC arrangements, is a substantial sum. Indeed, it is what the coal board loses every day. But I am confident that, in securing the services of Mr MacGregor as Chairman of the National Coal Board, it will prove excellent value for money for the taxpayer, the industry and the nation.

In making these arrangements my concern has been to find the best possible leadership for the coal board at this critical time. The industry and those who work in it deserve nothing less. The coal industry in this country faces fundamental problems of over-production and uncompetitive costs. If it can tackle these problems, it can secure for itself an excellent future and transform itself into the successful modern industry we need.

Mr MacGregor's objectives will therefore be to continue the task started by Mr Siddall and to focus the board's efforts on the earliest practicable return to profitability, on competing successfully in the market place and developing new markets for British coal, and on securing the highest possible efficiency and control of costs.

I am satisfied that Mr MacGregor is the best man for the job. This is an appointment which everyone with a genuine interest in the success of this great industry should welcome.

Mr John Smith, chief opposition spokesman on energy: This is an extremely foolish appointment. It will divide a great industry and end up with impeding its progress. It is unacceptable not only to most people concerned with the coal industry, but wholly unacceptable to this side of the House.

Mr McGregor may be a Scot by birth, but he is an American by choice. Few appointments have ever been made to an industry in the face of total and united opposition of the workforce and most of the management.

It is divisive ont only in its industrial aspect, but because it has the total opposition of the Labour Party, most of the opposition parties, and a large number of Conservative MPs.

Is it not ominous for the miners of Britain that Mr McGregor, with his limited experience of United States strip mining in the Amax corporation, is appointed to this corporation in a manner which amounts to a calculated snub to those well qualified to lead the industry in this country? Is it right to appoint to an industry which needs long-term leadership someone who is only prepared to commit himself for three years to the appointment?

Mr Lawson: Mr MacGregor is a first class businessman who will do the coal board proud. Mr Smith has not shown the same common sense as the miners did when Mr Scargill tried to brandish the MacGregor factor before them in the recent ballot and they rejected it by 69 per cent in 31 per cent.

Mr Michael Morris (Northampton, South, C) said there were first class men in the industry who needed leadership, and if Mr MacGregor gave leadership, the country would have got a bargain.

Mr Lawson: I was particularly struck in this context by the comment of the New Statesman earlier this month when it referred to Mr MacGregor's charismade power in motivate those around him.

Mr Dennis Canavan (West Stirlingshire, Lab): In view of public concern that Mr McGregor will try to follow up his hatchet job in the steel industry with an even greater hatchet job in the coal industry, why does the Government intend in add £1,500,000 to Lazard Freres in transfer fee on top of the £1,800,000 already paid at the time of Mr MacGregor's appointment to the British Steel Corporation.

Why poor public money down the drain with such a provocative and disastrous appointment when what the coal industry needs at this particular time is a first class leader who will fight for more investment in the industry to prevent the closure of pits with workable reserves and for a better future for the men working in the industry.

Mr Lawson: It is precisely that successful leader I sought. It was certainly not a hatchet man. Hatchet men come a great deal cheaper than this.

Mr Alan Beith (Berwick-upon-Tweed, L): Does he believe those miners who voted not to strike and who are deeply opposed to this appointment are not genuinely interested in the future of the industry which cannot run without them?

Is Mr MacGregor going to be able to make visits underground and at the coal face or is this to be a completely different style of leadership?

Mr Lawson: While chairman of British Steel Mr MacGregor has gone out and about and talked to the men at the grass roots, be will do precisely the same in the coalfields. He has established a considerable rapport. The miners will judge him by what he does once he takes over as chairman.

Mr Patrick Cormack (South-West Staffordshire, C): It is difficult to accept there is nowhere in this country someone slightly younger who could have been considered. Was Sir Michael Edwardes approached for the job?

Mr Lawson: Mr MacGregor was the best choice. I believe him to be the best man for the job.

Mr John Morris (Aberavon, Lab): In view of his age what right have Lazard Freres to demand such enormous amounts of compensation and who is to run British Steel in the meantime?

Mr Lawson: Who is to take his place is a matter for the Secretary of State for Industry. As for his comments about age, I think they are a little tactless since the Leader of the Opposition (Mr Foot) is only 10 months younger than Mr MacGregor and he is seeking an even more onerous position than chairman of the coal board.

Skinner: We shall terminate this appointment

Sir William Clark (Croydon, South, C): While it is difficult to find chairmen of the nationalised industries because of the low rate of pay – £59,000 to £60,000 – as compared to private industry, if it was know this appointment was to be on the taxpayers' shoulders at a cost of £500,000 a year, could we not have found someone in to management in this country on these terms?

Mr Lawson: I had to ask two questions. First, who wa the best man for the job, and I came to the conclusion it was Mr MacGregor. The second was, was he worth £1,500,000 compensation payment and bearing in mind we are talking about the larges industrial employer in the United Kingdom and that regrettably, it is losing £1,500,000 every day, it seemed he was worth it.

Mr Timothy Eggar (Enfield, North, C): Mr MacGregor starts with two vast advantages-a proven track record and the knowledge that nearly 60 per cent of miners support his appointment because that was the question Mr Scargill made clear he wanted miners to address themselves to in the recent ballot.

Mr Lawson: It is true that Mr Scargill made it an issue in the recent ballot. To that extent he is right.

Mr Trvor Skeet (Bedford C): Thirty collieries of the United Kingdom are accountable for 90 per cent of the appalling losses.

Mr Denis Skinner (Bolsover, Lab): The loss-making pits, if they had the same subsidies as France, Germany, and Belgium, irrespective of who was chairman, would be trasfrred back to the black.

The appiontment will be treaded with contempt, notwithstanding Mr Lawson's use of the ballot result about other matters.

When we get back to power, with the backing of the National Union nf Mineworkerrs and other trade unions, we shall terminate his appointment.

Mr Lawson: We have spent more than £3,000m on investment, far more than other West Europeans.

● After the statement had been made in the Lords, **Lord Ezra** (L), former chairman of the National Coal Board, said that on a per tonne basis the NCB received substantially less Government funds than paid in any other West European coal producing country? A large amount of these borrowings and funds were due to the fact that the coal board under the 1974 Plan for Coal is buildong up a new industry to replace the old mines which inevitably had to go out of existence.

The amount of public money being paid into the coal board at present would represent future investment for the country.

Minister has seen bidders for Wytch Farm

ENERGY

Mr Nigel Lawson, Secretary of State for Energy, told the Commons that he had met all the bidders for the Wytch Farm onshore oilfield in Dorset whom the British Gas Corporation considered to be valid bidders.

He said he had acted in a wholly even-handed manner when the corporation sought guidance from him on the bidders for the Wytch Farm interests. He said he would make a statement when the current negotiations had been concluded.

Mr Edward Rowlands, an Opposition spokesman on energy (Merthyr Tydfil, Lab) stated: Is it not an utter scandal that he and the Government have been attempting to destroy a fine partnership between British Gas and BP over the best onshore oilfield we have got?

Can he tell us a little more about these current negotiations? What part has he been playing in them? Time after time we have been told that this is mainly a decision for British Gas but has he not been having secret meetings with some of the bidders to cajole them into putting in acceptable bids?

Mr Lawson: The principle of the matter has been debated in this House and voted on. Parliament has decided it is up to the British Gas Corporation to carry out the will of the House of Commons and Parliament.

As for the part I have played: the British Gas Corporation sought guidance from me on the bids they had received, and in formulating the guidance I have given them, it was necessary to seek from me some elucidation.

Mr Rowlands: This has been an important revelation, because time after time ministers have said it is nothing to do with the Government but is to do with British Gas.

Whom has he seen? Which *bidders has he met? Did British Gas* request him to meet the bidders, or did he seek to meet the bidders to cajole them into getting acceptable bidding?

Mr Lawson: British Gas is well aware of the part I have played. They explicitly sought guidance from me on the bids I have received. I have, of course, acted in a wholly even-handed manner. (Labour protests).

Mr John Smith, chief Opposition spokesman on energy: He made the interesting statement that he had been even-handed in relation to bids for Wytch Farm. Has he met all the bidders?

Mr Lawson: I have met all the bidders whom the British Gas Corporation considered to be valid bidders.

Dr Dickson Mabon (Greenock and Port Glasgow, SDP): Can he give an assurance that he has put no pressure on British Gas to reduce the valuation which they put on Wytch Farm? Is it the case that in the last analysis he cannot refuse BP if they wish to buy it?

Mr Lawson: On the last point, he is right. Of course BP have the matching right, that is correct. As to the valuation, the only independent valuation of which I am aware is that produced by the distinguished oil analyst Wood Mackenzie last month who put a value of £141m to £213m.

Mr Timothy Eggar (Enfield, North, C): The BGC has been seeking deliberately to try in frustrate the will of Parliament in say this share should be sold. It is unreasonable to behave in this way by artificially inflating the valuation of their stake in Wytch Farm.

Mr Lawson: He is on in a good point. Parliament has decided this matter but it is now up to BGC to bring a decision forward expeditiously.

Boards asked to cut spending on advertising

The Earl of Avon, Under-Secretary of State for Energy, is to discuss advertising expenditure with the new chairman of the Electricity Council at the earliest opportunity, **Mr Hamish Gray**, Minister of State for Energy, said.

Mr Timothy Eggar (Enfield, North, C) had asked what was the total expenditure on advertising by the British Gas Corporation and the electricity supply industry in the last year for which figures were available.

Mr Gray: I am informed by the industries that in 1981-82 advertising expenditue was £22m by electricity industry and £23,013,000 by the gas industry.

Mr Eggar: This means that every gas consumer will be paying at least £2 a year for advertising costs and a similar amount for electricity consumers. Both boards will be competing against each other.

When will he take action with the boards to ensure that the level of costs is reduced?

Mr Gray: I am concerned about the level of expenditure and have asked these corporations to consider ways of reducing it. The Earl of Avon will be discussing the matter with the new chairman of the Electricity Council at the earliest opportunity.

Mr John Evans (Newton, Lab): If these bodies did not spend quite so much on advertising the electricity supply industry in particular would not need to close show rooms in small towns to save money.

Mr Gray: The Office of Fair Trading report in April, 1982, pointed out that over four years, 1977-78 to 1980-81, the London Electricity spent more on advertising appliances as a percentage of turnover than other groups of retailers.

Sharp fall in oil prices not desirable

Britain has no interest whatever in an exaggerated fall in oil prices and would do what it could within the confines of market forces to introduce a degree of stability inn the market, **Mr Nigel Lawson**, Secretary of State for Energy, stated during question time in the Commons.

When **Mr John Smith**, chief Opposition spokesman on trade, sought a statement on North Sea oil prices and their impact in the finances of the British National Oil Corporation, Mr Lawson said North Sea oil prices were determined by the market, as indeed they always had been. BNOC's financial position depended on trading conditions, not on the absolute price of oil.

Mr Smith (North Lanarkshire, Lab) said the price of North Sea oil was probably the most important economic factor affecting the country at the moment. His statements have (he said) been total silence or as opaque as the one he has just given. Should not the Government announce its policy as to the price they wish North Sea oil to be sold at and, does be not appreciate that by breaking up BNOC into Britoil and trading BNOC he is going to land the trading side with hundreds of millions of pounds of losses which cannot be compensated by profits coming from the production side.

Mr Lawson: The separadon of the two parts of BNOC makes no difference whatsoever tothe activities or finances of the trading side. If it makes losses, there are provisions under the Oil and Gas Enterprise Act for grants to he made to make good those losses.

For the Government to declare what price it would like oil to be is an absurdity. It would have no effect whatsover. What BNOC seeks to do is to sell its oil in the market place and in a way ennducive to the greatest degree of stability.

Mr Sydney Chapman (Barnet, Chipping Barnet, C): Would be agree that a moderate fall in world nil prices will be beneficial to the UK economy as we export so much? Is not the lesson of the last decade that the erratic and dramatic changes in oil prices made by Opec countries is damaging to world trade and to the Opec countries.

Mr Lawson: I entirely agree. The existence of a cartel has led to a more dramatic rise than would otherwise have occurred and there is now a phase of adjustment; where market forces have prevailed, as they always do.

I agree that the gradual fall that has occurred has been beneficial in us and in the world but an exaggerated fall would be undesirable.

Mr Richard Douglas (Dunfermline, Lab): How would BNOC finances took if the price of oil went down in $24 a barrel? What loss could we anticipate then?

Mr Lawson: It is not a matter of the absolute price of oil which determines profitability or loss of this trading organization of BNOC, but enndditions in the market place and margins and so on.

Parliament building

It is boped to publish before Easter the report of the House of Commons Services Committee on the first phase of the use of the Bridge Street site at Westminister for parliamentary purposes. Mr **John Biffen**, Leader of the Commons, said.

Mr Frank Hooley (Sheffield, Heeley, Lab) asked whether Mr Biffen could enonfirm that the offer of £15m by the Secretary of State for the Evironment for the new accomodation still stood.

Mr Biffen replied that the Government's position on finance would be made clear during the debate on the matter.

Parliament today

Commons (2.30): Telecommunications Bill, conclusion of remaining stages.

Lords (2.30): British Shipbuilders Bill, committee. Debate on the broadcasting of Parliament. Debate on the deportation of Mr Stancu Papusoiu to Romania.

Baker tries to put fears at rest

TELECOM BILL

A Government new clause imposing on the Secretary of State for Industry and the Director General of Telecommunications clear duties to provide public call box telephone services, emergency services and services in rural areas, was moved by Mr **Kenneth Baker**, Minister for Industry and Information Technology, when the report stage of the Telecommunications Bill was taken in the Commons.

He explained that the new clause, replacing that in the Bill which had merely set out guidelines, would not permit British Telecom to exercise any undue price discrimination against any group of people. Fears about higher prices for services in rural areas were unfounded. The Government intended that increases in BT's prices in monopoly areas, such as local calls and residential rentals, should be limited to less than the rate of inflation.

Mr Baker said the new clause set out the national telecommunications objectives and provided a clear and consistent basis from which the industry could extend and develop. It would bring benefits to customers, the companies and not least, to the people who worked in them. People were concerned about the effects of the proposals but many of them had been misled by those with a vested interest in maintaining the status quo. This was regrettable and may have caused needless anxiety.

They also feared for the future of services to disadvantaged groups such as the deaf and blind. But these were the services the *Government* was committed to preserving. Anyone who had access to a telephone now would continue to do so under the new arrangements.

Any failure by the Secretary of State and the Director General to act within their general duties could result in their being taken to court and this was a significant safeguard.

The 999 emergency service must continue. That was why it was specifically mendoned. BT's licence would oblige them to continue this service free of charge. This would preserve an aspect of Britain's emergency services not always found in other countries. The Government also proposed that other major telecommunications operators would also be obleged to provide access to such services.

Mr Stanley Orme, chief Opposition spokesman on industry: Will they still be used through operators and therefore maintain the staff, or is there going to be a different system?

Mr Baker: That is not for me to answer. It is for the management of BT, because they will determine how the service should be run.

There was no doubt of the value of telephone call boxes, almost all of which were open 24 hours a day. Not only were they of great value to

Baker: The 999 service must continue

those who did not have a phone, but were even more important in an emergency since the majority of 999 calls were made from call boxes.

The clause ensured that they would enntinue to be provided. There were guidelines agreed between BT and the Post Office User's National Council governing when the least used call boxes could be removed. When a call box took less than the agreement stated it became a candidate for removal. The figure was low – below £200 a year in revenue.

The Government intended that the Director General should condnue to operate broadly similar arrangements. The obligatioon to provide call boxes could be enforced, whereas at present BT had no obligation to provide them at all. For the first time, the duty and obligation to provide telephone kiosks was enshrined in statute.

The effect of the Government's proposals was that privatization and an end to direct Government controls should lead to a fall in prices in real terms over the next five years.

Competition in price, quality and variety of services would provide consumers with maximum choice and the opportunity to obtain the service which best suited their needs. The supply of many kinds of telecommunications apparatus had already been liberalized and there were encouraging signs that more and more companies were entering the market.

Mr Stanley Orme, chief Opposidon spokesman on industry, said it was evident the Government had not yet got the Bill right. The new clause fell far short of what the Opposition regarded as necessary.

The amount of detail given on the rural services indicated how worried the Government was about maintaining these services.

The Government's proposals would result in a two-headed company which would throw into jeopardy the loss-making services.

Protest over broadcasts

Any substantial change to arrangements for broadcasting the proceedings of Parliament should take place at the beginning of a new Parliament **Mr John Biffen**, Leader of the Commons, said during questions.

His reply came in answer to **Mr Frank Hooley** (Sheffield, Heeley, Lab) who said there was widespread dissatisfaction among members about broadcasting as it took place with reports of the trivial and frivolous

Would it not be more satisfactory for the House to have control over the arrangements of broadcasting?

Mr Biffen said he was aware of the former. Any sueb substantial change sbould take place at the beginning of a new Parliament

Bills through

The Consolidated Fund (No 2) Bill was taken through all its stages. The Currency Bill, which amends the Coinage Act 1971 and the law on the issuing and writing off of bank notes, passed its remaining stages.

GLC spending priorities

The GLC had a strange sense of priorities when they withheld the annual grant of £62,000 to the Boy Scouts and splashed out £500,000 on a community centre for homosexuals, **Lady Trumpington** (C) said at question time in the House of Lords.

Lord Skelmersdale, the Government spokesman: I can neither confirm nor deny that. I can only say what I have read in the press. For good or ill the GLC exists and it is within its rights to spend money in accordance with statutory powers nn any local project which seems to it fit.

Lady Trumpington: How does one obtain information about what has caused the GLC to spend £5,000 on Bedside Manners Company Limited and £35,000 for the Karl Marx centenary?

Lord Skelmersdale: I have no doubt there is within the GLC a publicity officer of some sort who would doubtless be delighted to give her the information she requires.

CBI optimism not shared in Midlands

By Arthur Osman

Forecasts from the Confederation of British Industry yesterday, indicating that the recession in industry may be ending, are being viewed with caution in the West Midlands.

Academics, civil servants and some industrialists share the view that the decay that has been eating at the heart of the region for almost 20 years will not be cured simply by a recovery in economic activity when Britain comes out of recession.

Some businesses have gone forever, and the region so far has missed the surge in electronic high technology that is regenerating other areas.

That was the message conveyed in fairly brutal terms by a Civil Service brief, which is thought to have influenced the decision by Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Chancellor, to allocate an extra £100m in his Budget to stimulate small engineering firms in the Midlands.

That move has been welcomed, although within the region there is a feeling it is a firefighting rather than a fire prevention measure, and that too little is being done, too late.

Commenting on the deeply depressed West Midlands, the CBI's own report acknowledged: "Firms are aware of the possibility that the apparent upturn is simply a repeat of 1982, with restocking in the first quarter giving the misleading impression of recovery. While the general level of activity is undoubtedly rising, it must be emphasized that the increase is from a very low base line – the fourth quarter of 1982 – and the general mood is one of caution".

In one decade, the region has moved from a position where only London and the South-east had a lower unemployment rate to one where only region, the North, has a higher rate.

As metalworking has declined, under the impact of aggressive imports among other things, so has the region. The respected Institute for Employment Research at Warwick University says that some marginal growth, possibly helped by the Budget package, will take place up to the mid-1980s, when it is thought that the region's deterioration will slow down and stabilize.

Dr Peter Elias, senior research fellow at the institute, said even assisted area status would not be a cure, merely a palliative: in terms of employment it would have little impact.

He said there were too many structural difficulties and the Government should be applying itself to the study of work distribution as the region adjusted to a low level of employment.

He said it had to be accepted that unemployment nationally would stick at about three and a half million over the next decade. In the West Midlaods one in five men are without a job, and 57 unemployed chase each notified vacancy.

Of the total oumber 100,000 have been unemployed for a year. Unemployment has tripled in four years, the figures last month being 270,642 males and 94,490 females. Between 1980 and 1982 it rose by 11 per cent, far more than any other region.

The motor industry has accounted for a third of the jobs los. It is now accepted that one in five is living on or below the official poverty line. An estimated 60 per cent of those unemployed are oot only living oo the poverty line hut also entirely dependent on the state for their income.

Once they were part of a workforce that produced more manufactured goods per capita than any other region. But national and local investment began to decline sharply and the region showed the slowest growth of private investment in new industrial huilding between 1968 and 1970.

Efforts to get restrictioos on the replacemeot of old factories removed were unseccessful. The decline in public investment reflected the Government's concern to assist traditionally depressed areas. Midland firms were encouraged to expand in northern unemployment blackspots.

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Sculpture course rejected

By Christopher Warman
Arts Correspondent

A radical new sculpture course at St Martin's School of Art in London, which has been in the forefront of sculpture teaching in recent years, has been rejected as part of the fine arts degree course by the Council for National Academic Awards.

The students are left without a course leading to a degree and the school has suspended the intake of further sculpture students.

Mr Tim Scott, head of the department of sculpture, who introduced the course two years ago, said that his main concern in the controversy was for the 30 or so students on the course. He did not know what his own future at the school would be. Since the 1950s the school, under the leadership of Mr Frank Martin, has achieved a high reputation for its radical sculpture tradition, helped by teaching from one of Britain's leading sculptors, Mr Anthony Caro.

Mr Scott, who has been connected with the department since he was a student in 1954, took over from Mr Martin in 1980 with the intention of continuing the radical tradition.

The Council for National Academic Awards first looked at the course two years ago, but suspended judgment because it was considered too early to give a decision. The council, made up of art school teachers, returned last Friday and announced that they could not validate the course.

Mr Frank Hatt, the school's vice-principal, emphasized that the present students would be able to complete their course.

The school would make changes to the course so that they could apply for a renewal of validation and admit students again.

More warders

Prison officers in the Irish Republic resumed normal working yesterday after Mr Michael Noonan, Minister for Justice, announced increased manning levels at the troubled Portlaoise top-security prison.

Whitehall brief

A mandarin's one moment of fear

By Peter Hennessy

In his nine years as the country's top economic official, Sir Douglas Wass, who retires from the Treasury permanent secretaryship on Thursday, was frightened only once. In November 1976 he feared that the Callaghan Administration would fail to agree terms with the International Monetary Fund to stop the collapse of sterling.

Anticipating last week the relative freedom of speech that loss of office brings, he admitted: "I was frightened in 1976 because I did oot think that, with the Germans, the Americans and the fund pressing for what they were, that it was politically easy for the Government to deliver.

"Had there been a breakdown – it was in nobody's interests but it was not inconceivable – it would have been very serious indeed: a very substantial run on sterling; pressure oo the Government to introduce protection and very severe capital cootrols would have been very great, which would have jeopardized our membership of the Common Market and the open trading structure: there would have been considerable xenophobia in the country".

Sir Douglas's tactic was to play for time. He infuriated some of his Treasury colleagues by indulging his well-known penchant for intellectual gymnastics while sterling was almost shedding cents by the hour.

"I did see my job as getting the best terms as I could for the Government and for the country and not using the IMF as a mechanism for enforcing Treasury views on a reluctant Cabinet. The view that there was a conspiracy was disconcerting."

A good question to pose to retiring economic officials is: if the Treasury since 1945 had been staffed by 1,000 Maynard Keyneses instead of 1,000 normal human beings, could we have hoped to get the British economy right?

Sir Douglas Wass whose 'playing for time' strategy over sterling upset Treasury colleagues (Photograph: John Voos).

Sir Douglas said: "No. I do not believe that the problems that have confronted us were and are resoluble by intellectual horsepower. So Keynes to the power of 1,000 would not help. I do oot think there are any great economic truths that have escaped us."

Sir Douglas, brooding privately in 1978 when he was not able to talk as freely as now, spoke of the British economy as having been up against it since the 1870s when the United States and Germany began to grow behind tariff walls. He also mentioned social factors, such as the low status of engineers in Britain and the preference for financial rather than industrial enterprise.

"These are very deep-seated problems that can only be affected at the margins by the policy instruments that the Government wields. It is arguable that with less stop-go and lower rates of personal taxation, we might have got a better performance. But I think it would have been pretty marginal."

Sir Douglas's job will be filled from next week by Mr Peter Middleton: "A personal friend. Fine chap. He will do well", Sir Douglas says.

What about Mrs Thatcher's alleged politicization of the senior bureaucracy by promotion of those she values, like Mr Middleton? "I do not think it is politicization. These were appointments on merit. The Prime Minister has her own views on what type of chap she wants. She wants chaps of ability and so do I."

More will follow on autumn evenings. Sir Douglas is to be the Reith Lecturer for 1983. The lectures should prove intriguing. Despite nine years of economic pressure and dislocation, he has kept, according to all who work with him, his intellectual curiosity to the end. A rare compliment.

A cheaper way to move

By Baron Phillips, Property Correspondent

The cost of moving house for the average family in the South-east can be cut by up to 40 per cent if the estate agent and solicitor are replaced by a property shop and a conveyancing firm.

For a family selling a typical £45,000 home and buying a £60,000 property 20 miles away the total cost of the upheaval has risen to more than £4,000, a building society survey says.

In a traditional transaction there are three main costs: stamp duty, solicitor's and estate agents' fees. Those items alone total about £3,500, and will continue to rise in line with house prices. But using a property shop (or advertising the property oneself) and a conveyancing firm brings these costs down to about £2,000.

In spite of the high cost of moving more than one million people changed homes last year, according to the Woolwich Building Society *Review*.

The society points out that it is worth while shopping around for solicitors and estate agents.

Buyers are also told by the Woolwich to take care about the price they negotiate when buying a home, because an extra few pounds can turnout to be expensive when it comes to paying stamp duty.

A £30,000 house, for example, incurs duty at the rate of 0.5 per cent (£150), but for a property costing £30,100 the rate rises to 1 per cent, and the duty doubles to just over £300.

Forceps births questioned

By Our Medical Correspondent

Pregnant British women have twice the likelihood of Dutch women of having a Caesarean section, but only half that of women in the United States or Australia.

The percentage of women having the operation varies within Britain, with an overall rate in 1978 of 7.5 per cent. The highest figures are in teaching hospitals, the lowest in East Anglia.

There is no direct correlation between the mortality rate and Caesarean sections.

A report from the Middlesex Polytechnic Department of Sociology which will be the subject of a conference in June, suggests that the use of forceps in surgical delivery is growing, and that may not always be due to the mother's or baby's medical condition.

It suggests that administrative convenience may sometimes be a cause and questions whether the training of junior staffs in teaching hospitals is another factor.

Mdical opinion, however, maintains that no conclusions should be drawn from the figures without consideration of the social conditions of mothers in the areas concerned, and the health factors which necessitated some of them being admitted to teaching hospitals.

"The time when obstetricians could be criticized for so-called social inductions is well past," Mr Michael Dunstan, consultant obstetrician at the West Middlesex Hospital, said.

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هكذا من الأصل

Start using the same language as your kids.

Within a year or two, nearly every school-child in Britain will have daily access to a microcomputer.

Already there are over 25,000 in schools. Not only teaching subjects familiar to every parent – like arithmetic and geography. But also teaching a subject that wasn't dreamt of when the rest of us were at school: computers themselves – their use, language and potential.

Most parents would like to catch up. And they can, much more easily than they imagine.

The only problem is acquiring the computer. How big? How expensive? How sophisticated?

Well, before the government launched their huge programme to introduce computers to schools, they asked a group of experts to study all the microcomputers on the market and to make recommendations to the education authorities concerned.

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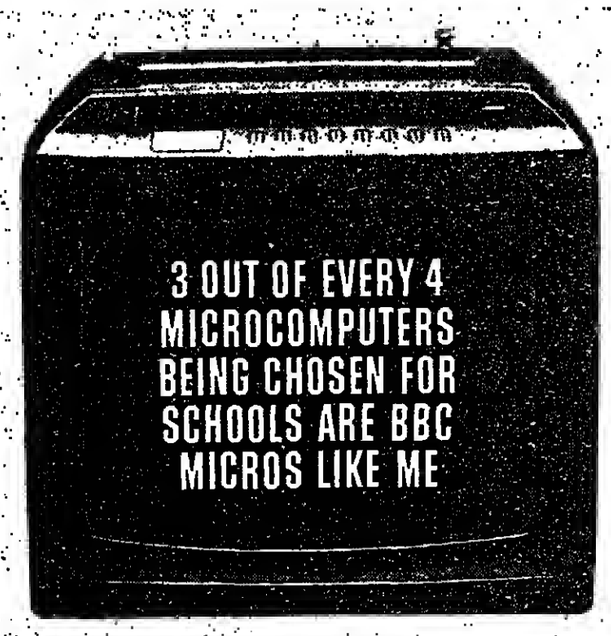

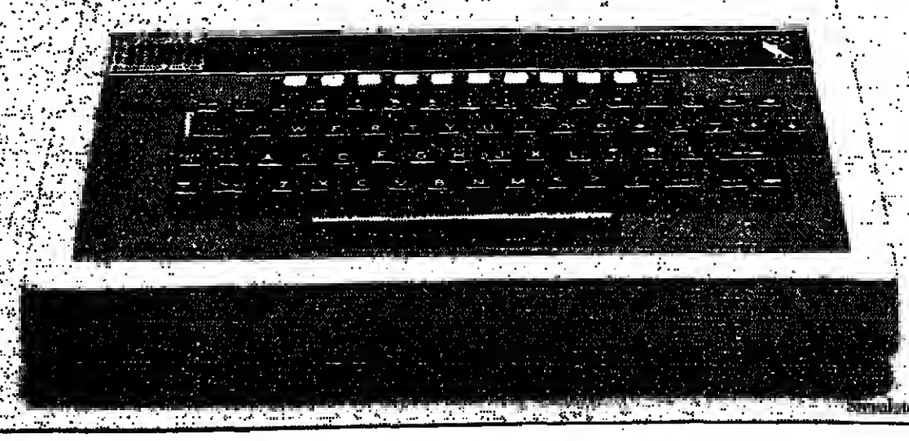

simulated screen

The BBC Microcomputer System.

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West bank poisoning: relatives besiege hospital

Doctors baffled by recurring symptoms

From Christopher Walker, Jenin, West Bank

The first thing you see, having pushed through the crowds of anxious relatives besieging the decrepit hospital in the centre of this occupied Palestinian town is a makeshift bed in the main hallway there a young Arab girl on an intravenous glucose drip is being treated with an oxygen mask.

Close by are more than 40 recently abandoned green canvas stretchers, and in some of the desperately overcrowded rooms girl patients are still lying two in a bed. Outside, the nearly deserted streets are patrolled by slow moving Israeli riot vehicles, while merchants strike against what their leaders claim was a mass poisoning attack intended to force them to leave their town.

Down one corridor is a cramped ward where four of the 350 Arab schoolgirls, aged between nine and 19, are slowly recovering from the mystery disease which has caused mass panic in sections of the West Bank. The father of one frail looking teenager, who has neither spoken nor eaten solid food for a week, is shouting obscenities at a bearded Arab doctor.

"There is no way to explain to him or you what caused this epidemic yet, but we believe it was the inhaling of some form of toxic gas. It was definately not a virus," the doctor told us. "You can write down that whoever did this were animals who do not deserve the name of human beings."

Dr Samir Abdul Jaber, deputy director of the 55-bed hospital, revealed that on Sunday alone 110 girls had been admitted in less than 12 hours. The most serious aspect of the case now was that the symptoms were recurring. "We are letting people go and within a few hours they are coming back again".

Unlike the propagandists, Arab, Jewish and even Soviet, who have been having a field day since the bizarre epidemic began, the doctor was ultra-cautious in his diagnosis. The disease caused the girls to vomit, faint, turn blue and suffer from headaches but, he said: "As yet, the tests have shown nothing to provide us with an answer. In my 13 years experience here, I have never seen anything remotely like it.

"The only evidence we have from the girls themselves is that they complain of a sharp, acrid smell.

Later Miss Sohair Sharif, aged 17, described it to us more specifically as "like rotten eggs".

One of the handful of Arab males so far hit by the illness, Mr Ziyad Atari, an English teacher at one of the six schools where pupils have been affected appeared to confirm the theory of gas by pointing out that only girl pupils sitting closest to the window were affected. He only suffered symptoms two days later, but other male stretcher bearers have collapsed on arrival at hospital.

Dr Jaber conceded that an element of mass hysteria may have been responsible for some of the symptoms. "But in the great majority the symptoms are quite genuine."

The potentially harmful effects of the incident on the already brittle security situation in the West Bank Bank was plain in the dusty streets of Jenin, where angry and suspicions local Arabs lurked in the shadow of their closed shops. Most would only talk to a reporter when Israeli vehicles, had moved around the street corners.

Some local Palestinian leaders showed none of the reticence of doctors or victims in attributing the outbreak to a conspiracy by Jewish settlers.

After spending several hours in the remote part of the West Bank, the only evidence that appeared incontrovertible was that in some schools traces of yellow dust had been left, there had been a smell which appeared to indicate the presence of sulphur

A joint investigation by the Israeli Army, police, the Health Ministry and civil administration concluded on the results of initial tests that there was no evidence of either accidental or deliberate poisoning on a mass scale.

This finding clashed sharply with the view expressed earlier by senior Israeli commanders that the incident was mass poisoning carried out by Palestinian *agents provocateur* anxious for mass Arab riots tomorrow, the anniversary of the 1976 Land Day.

The Israeli papers carried a range of theories almost as wideranging as their political views. The independent *Haaretz*, usually the most reliable on West Bank affairs, plumped for "nerve gas", while *Davar* quoted unofficial sources as blaming a sulphur derivative used in agriculture.

While no definitive theory may ever emerge, one important factor the affair has emphasized is that what matters in the West Bank is what people believe happened, rather than what did happen.

From talking to many local Palestinians in Jenin yesterday, there was no room for doubt that they were convinced that either Israeli soldiers or settlers had launched a deliberate chemical attack against their young women.

Nicaragua invasion masterminded by US, 'Time' alleges

From Christopher Thomas, New York

The Reagan Administration is deeply involved with counter-revolutionaries in Nicaragua, according to *Time* magazine.

It says the Nicaraguan Democratic Front (FDN), an alliance of guerrillas opposed to the Marxist-led Sandinista Government, is run by a coordinating committee beneath which there are three military general staffs responsible for the guerrilla campaign. One of those, described as the Third Staff, is supposedly an all-American boy.

Time, quoting FDN sources, says the Third Staff is allegedly the brains of the insurgency. Its job, supposedly, is to pass orders to the Second Staff – made up of members of the Honduran military plus a military representative from Argentina – which in turn relays them to the FDN commanders.

According to *Time*, the coordinator of the separate command group activities is Mr John Negroponte, United States Ambassador to Honduras. A Western diplomat is quoted as saying: "His job is to keep the Hondurans in the game. He keeps them enthusiastic".

● MANAGUA: A member of Nicaragua's junta says that his Government has been convinced by the stepped-up attacks of rebel bands that the Reagan administration has now decided to seek the overthrow of the Sandinist government, NYT reports.

Senõr Sergio Ramirez Mercado said Washington was not only using former national Guardsmen of the ousted Somoza regime to launch what he called terrorist attacks, but was also seeking to isolate Nicaragua politically and weaken its economy.

In the first interview given by a senior membe of the junta since reports of a major increase in the conflict in Nicaragua began to appear earlier this month, Senõr Ramirez tried to dismiss the strength of the *military opposition*.

"If it were only a question of defeating the National Guard, we could do it easily," he said. "But Reagan won't stop at that. He would use different methods to try to overthrow us."

Senõr Ramirez also said that the latest rebel offensive threatened the survival of political pluralism in Nicaragua, because some conservative business and political groups had shown sympathy for the insurgents.

But he said the Reagan Administration was stupid in thinking it could use remnant's of Somoza's National Guard to undermine the Sandinists, because the population now felt it was again confronting its old enemy.

"Reagan may have thought that, by putting 4,000 or 5,000 guardsmen into Nicaragua, he could erode our power." Senõr Ramirez said. "After all, we had a smaller, less-equipped army and we overthrew Somoza. But the analysis is wrong."

Children die in black magic ritual

Singapore (Reuter) – Two children were sacrificed in a black magic ritual on an altar to Indian gods, Singapore's High Court was told.

Adrian Lim, aged 41, and his wife Tan Mui Choo, aged 28, pleaded guilty to killing the children, but the court rejected the admission and ordered the trial to continue. Also before the court is Hoe Kah Hong, aged 27, described as Mr Lim's girl friend.

The prosecutor said that the three ethnic Chinese killed a girl of eight and a boy of 10 in Mr Lim's flat on a big housing estate two years ago. The girl had been sexually assaulted and suffocated and the body of the boy, with burn marks on it, was found two weeks later.

He had been drugged and drowned and a syringe containing his blood was discovered in the apartment. Both children were abducted and murdered in "unholy ritualistic practices," the prosecutor said.

Dealers jailed for fraud

Cologne (Reuter) – Three currency dealers were jailed here for their part in the collapse in 1974 of Herstatt, then West Germany's largest private bank. They were convicted of fraudulent dealings.

Norbert Arden was sentenced to seven-and-a-half years, Bruno Heinen to four-and-a-half years and Bruno Blaeser to three years and nine months in jail. The trial spanned four years. Their defence lawyers gave notice of appeal.

Cooked soup on eternal flame

Berlin (AP) – A 34-year-old Austrian vagrant found cooking onion soup over Berlin's "eternal flame" was arrested for violating West German insult laws.

Police said he got off with a warning on a previous occasion when he tried to whip up a batch of dumplings over the flame, intended to burn until Germany is reunited.

Sentence cut

The Hague (Reuter) – A Dutch appeals court reduced by one year a six-year prison sentence imposed on Benjamin Evingulu, aged 22, an Armenian, for the attempted murder of the Turkish Consul in Rotterdam last July. The consul was unhurt and three other attackers escaped.

Too Strong

Agana, Guam (AP) – Mr Bruce Strong, a teacher, has withdrawn a petition that sought to have his name legally changed to God. He said the request had "brought undue public reaction upon some of those who are near and dear to me."

Fanfani triumph

Rome – Senator Amintore Fanfani's coalition Government won a vote of confidence by 325 to 211, with five abstentions. The Prime Minister sought the confidence vote because, the Opposition had proposed about 100 amendments to budget proposals.

Protesters held

Ottawa – About 20 members of an anti-sealing group face charges of public mischief after their protest vessel, the Sea Shepherd II, was boarded in the Gulf of St Lawrence by police who used tear smoke.

Bomb victim

San Sebastian (Reuter) – Separatist ETA terrorists claimed responsibility for an explosion which killed a police bomb disposal expert here and seriously wounded another.

Stolen again

Nice (AP) – For the second time in less than a month, a bronze bas-relief portrait of the late Princess Grace of Monaco was stolen from a commemorative pillar here.

Bank strike

Madrid (Reuter) – Bank workers went on strike in Spain, reducing services to a minimum. The dispute is about pay and will last until Thursday.

Europeans consulted on missiles

From Nicholas Ashford
Washington

President Reagan is awaiting final replies from European leaders before completing the draft of a speech he is to give on Thursday in which he is expected to outline new ideas for reducing medium-range missiles in Europe.

The European leaders are responding to a letter which Mr Reagan sent them last week containing several new proposals and asking for their reactions.

The contents of the President's letter have not been disclosed. However it is understood to contain several alternatives. One would allow the United States and the Soviet Union each to deploy 100 missile launchers which could carry a total of no more than 300 warheads.

At present the Soviet Union has 351 triple-warheaded SS20 missiles as well as about 300 ageing single-warheaded SS4 and SS5 missiles targeted against Western Europe. Nato has no land-based medium-range missiles at the moment but plans to start deploying 572 Pershing 2 and cruise missiles at the end of this year.

A second alternative would allow Nato deployment of Pershing 2s and cruises to rise to the level of Soviet missiles in the same class: then both sides would "build down" to a lesser number.

Another alternative involves a more complex mix of weapons and would cover strategic bombers as well as missiles.

All of the proposals which Mr Reagan has put forward would involve at least some Pershing 2s being deployed in West Germany. The United States believes there are political as well as military reasons why Nato's deployment must involve Pershings.

The president originally proposed in his "zero-zero" plan that both sides should eliminate all medium-range missiles.

However, this idea was firmly rejected by the Soviet Union and was regarded as unattainable by the Europeans – at least in the short term.

As a result Mr Reagan has come under growing pressure in recent weeks to come up with an alternative plan for an "interim solution.

● Spending protest: Six former US Cabinet officials from both parties have criticized the Reagan Administration's high defence spending and argued that there is no reason to believe that throwing money at defence now would achieve more satisfactory results than throwing money at social programmes in the 1960s, Mohsin Ali writes.

The letter was sent by former Treasury Secretaries Mr John Connally and Mr William Simon and Mr Peter Peterson the former Commerce Secretary, all of them Republicans, and Mr Michael Blumenthal, Mr Douglas Dillon and Mr Henry Fowler, all of them former Democrat Treasury Secretaries.

Arafat puts off talks with King

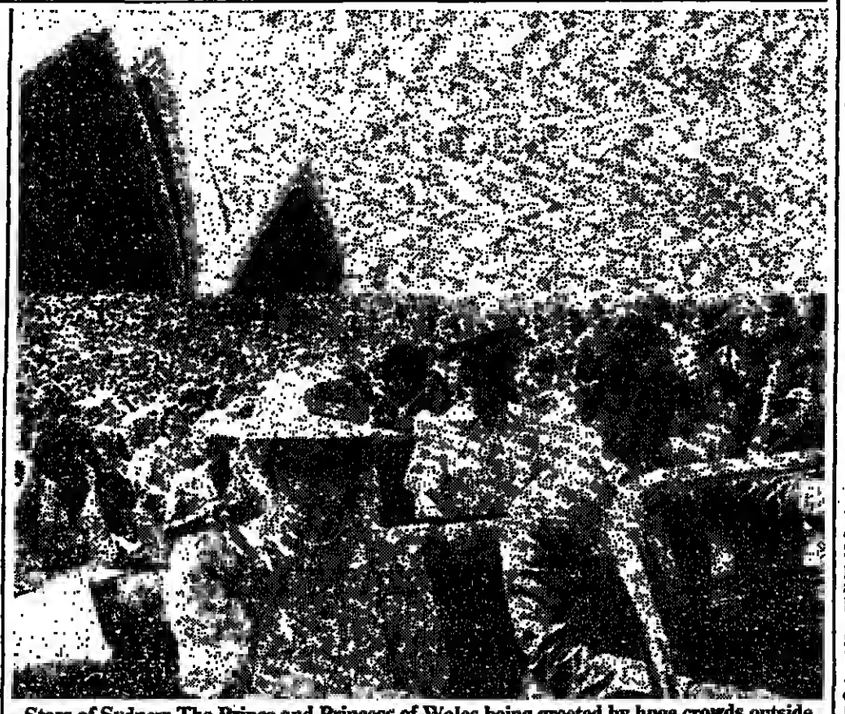
Baghdad (Reuter) – Mr Yassir Arafat, leader of the Palestinian Liberation Organization, arrived in Iraq yesterday after postponing improtant talks on Middle East peace with King Hussain of Jordan for reasons that were not fully clear.

The PLO chairman flew to Iraq from Saudi Arabia, saying eh had postponed his trip to Jordan until later this week because the King was busy with a state visit by Sultan Qaboos Bin Said of Oman, who arrives in Amman today for three days.

Meanwhile, President Saddam Husain of Iraq and Mr Douglas Hurd, Minister of State at the Foreign Office, discussed bilateral relations and the Iraq-Iran war.

The President confirmed Iraq's "unwavering policy" of trying to reach a lasting and just solution to the Gulf war.

● DAMASCUS: An envoy from Chancellor Kreisky of Austria met Palestinian officials here yesterday to discuss a proposed exchange of prisoners between Israel and the PLO.



Stars of Sydney: The Prince and Princess of Wales being greeted by huge crowds outside the Sydney Opera House yesterday.

UN chief and Andropov discuss Kabul

From Richard Owen, Moscow

Mr Yuri Andropov, the Soviet party leader, yesterday met Señor Perez de Cuellar, the United Nations Secretary-General, to discuss desarmament and "ways of normalizing the situation around Afghanistan".

Señor Perez de Cuellar met Mr Andropov last November at the funeral of the late President Brezhnev. He is in Moscow on a three-day visit at the Soviet leader's personal invitation.

Soviet accounts of the visit have given the impression that the main topic of discussion was nuclear disarmament, and the official report of yesterday's encounter by Tass emphasized the role of the United Nations in reducing the arms race and the attendant "danger of nuclear war".

Sources said, however, that the talks, in which Mr Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet Foreign Minister, also took part, dealt in some detail with Afghanistan, a subject currently exercising both Mr Andropov and the United Nations.

The Tass account of yesterday's meeting said "considerable attention" had been paid to areas of tension in the world, including the Middle East and Afghanistan.

Diplomats said the reference to the "situation around Afghanistan" suggested the Russians were sticking to their view that "interference" by Pakistan and the Western powers was the root cause of the Afghan crisis, and that an undertaking of non-interference was a precondition of any move towards a settlement.

Repeated reports of Soviet casualties in the press here point to the Kremlin's concern over the continuing impasse three years after the Soviet invasion. They also show, however, that Moscow will not withdraw unless it can prove that its costly commitment has been worthwhile.

Exile threat prompts arms hunt

Port-au-Prince (NYT) – The Haitian Government, apparently worried be a growing militancy on the part of exile groups in the United States, has begun shopping for new armaments, including aircraft.

Diplomats say these opposition groups are deeply divided and do not seem to pose any immediate threat to the Government of President Jean-Claude Duvalier. But the regime's response to recent exile attacks has demonstrated that Haitian security forces are deficient in organization and preparedness.

The United States, although alarmed by the prospect of a new point of instability in the troubled Caribbean region, has shown reluctance to provide President Duvalier with new weaponry, apparently fearing opposition in Congress over what legislators describe as a lack of political freedom here. Last year United States military aid to Haiti amounted to only $475,000 (£316,000) for spare parts, tugboats and training.

In one operation against invading exiles last year, Haitian soldiers fled under fire from the civilian militia, which mistook them for guerrillas.

S Africans blamed for sabotage

From Michael Hornsby
Johannesburg

Lesotho has claimed that a white South African Army officer and a number of black South African policemen took part in acts of sabotage and armed attacks in the tiny kingdom last weekend.

It has protested to the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain and the Organization of African Unity (OAU), and may call for an urgent debate in the United Nations Security Council.

However, in a bizarre development yesterday, Major-General Shadrack Matela, the Lesotho Commissioner of Police, said that "seven of the South African policemen being held on suspicion of assisting the would-be saboteurs" had been released without his knowledge. He said that the matter was being investigated.

The fighting began on Saturday morning with an attack on a barracks of the Lesotho Para-Military Force (LPF) near Ongeluksnek, on Lesotho's southern border with the "independent" tribal state of Transkei. The LPF claims to have killed or wounded 20

A Lesotho spokesman has also claimed that the attack was led by a white South African officer, known as "Major McKenzie", who is said to be well known to the LPF manning the border post. According to diplomatic sources in Maseru, the Lesotho capital, there is a Major McKenzie, formerly a Selous Scout, in the Rhodesian Army, serving in Transkei.

The claim was treated with the usual ridicule by military sources in South Africa.

According to the Lesotho authorities, there were also widely scattered attacks during Saturday night and Sunday on police stations and a Roman Catholic mission along the northern and western borders of the kingdom, as well as an attempt to blow up electrical installations in Maseru.

Chinamano overture to Mugabe

From Stephen Taylor
Harare

Mr Josiah Chinamano, the acting leader of Zimbabwe's main Opposition party, the Patriotic Front, has appealed to Mr Robert Mugabe to meet him for talks in the wake of the Prime Minister's latest threat.

Mr Chinamano, in a statement to *The Herald* newspaper here, said: "The Prime Minister's allegations and accusations against Zapu are so serious that they warrant personal discussion between him and Zapu leadership." Mr Chinamano has been acting president of the party since Mr Joshua Nkomo's flight into exile. Zapu is the formr name, now in common usage again, of the PF.

Mr Mugabe told a rally here at the weekend, that if the PF did not disarm the dissidents active in the west of the country the Government would "disarm the party".

It is standard government policy to blame the PF for the activities of dissidents, mainly members of Mr Nkomo's former Zipra guerrilla forces, who have killed about 140 people in the past year and are now particularly threatening white farmers in Matabeleland.

But Mr Chinamano told *The Herald*: "It is common knowledge that Zapu has no control over dissidents. The party has condemned and continues to condemn dissidents."

The Catholic Commission for Justice and Peace issued a brief statement at the weekend, saying that it expected to meet Mr Mugabe soon over what it described as the killing without reason of men, women and children.

The Commission, which was a leading critic of military atrocities by forces of the Smith administration during the Rhodesian war, is the first independent organization to express in public disquite over the massacre of hundreds of civilians in January and February.

Indonesia allows glimpse behind Timor curtain

From Susan MacDonald, Lisbon

For the first time since the Indonesian invasion in 1976, a Portuguese television crew has been allowed into East Timor and the resulting documentary, screened last week provides a rare insight into life in the former Portuguese colony.

The television workers were under surveillance during their week-long stay, with officials planning their itinery and accompanying them

The Timorese interviewed appeared anxious and afraind, their facial expressions saying more than their guarded answers. The Portuguese also visited Atauro Island where, according to official estimates, 5,280 people connected with the Freulin guerrilla movement, are kept in concentration camp conditions.

According to the film, they live on Red Cross subsidies, but a Red Cross official was reluctant to answer questions for fear of compromising their position on the islands.

The Indonesian military commander in East Timor stated that there were 1,500 Indonesian soldiers, 1,500 Indonesian police and about 1,400 Timorese soldiers garrisoned there.

In reply to a question he estimated that there were only about 200 Fretilin guerrillas operating at present and most of the time they launched their attacks while searching for food.

A group of Portuguese Timorese said that they were being persecuted for retaining their nationality.

It is estimated that more than 100,000 people have disappeared since the 1975 Indonesian occupation, although the military commander has stated that his troops never kill Timorese as they are part all of the same family.

Timorese refugees arriving in Lisbon speak of a recent upsurge in guerrilla activities

British girls are deported from Austrian resort

By Our Foreign Staff

Seven British girls working for a British travel firm were arrested by Austrian police yesterday and deported from the fashionable ski resort of St Anton.

Their arrest followed a dispute between their employer, Bladon Lines, which organizes chalet holidays for skiers, and the local authorities over trading permits.

The girls, whose main duty is cooking, were arrested at 7.30 am, told to pack their bags and then driven to the West German border. They were later making their way home by train.

Dr Karl Heinz Klee, an Austrian lawyer who is representing Bladon Lines in its dispute, said that the deportation had been handled very badly by the Austrian authorities. It was inexcusable for the authorities to act against young girls who were unable to help themselves.

Mauritian Premier survives crisis

Port Louis (Reuter), AFP – Mr Anerood Jugnauth, the Mauritius Prime Minister, yesterday formed a new Cabinet after the resignation of 11 of his 19 ministers last week.

The ministers who resigned expressing lack of confidence in Mr Jugnauth included Mr Jean-Claude de l'Estrac and Mr Paul Berenger, the influential Foreign Affairs and Finance Ministers.

All 11 were members of the Mauritian Militant Movement (MMM), a partner in the left-wing coalition. They said they would continue to support the Government for the time being as parliamentary backbenchers.

The new 16-strong Cabinet includes 10 members from the MMM, five from the Mauritian Socialist Party and one from a small left-wing group. Mr Jugnauth takes over the finance portfolio himself while Mr Anil Gayan is appointed Minister for Foreign Affairs, Tourism and Emigration.

The new Cabinet is as follows:

Prime Minister and Finance: Anerood Jugnauth (MMM); Information and Cooperatives: Harish Boodhoo (PSM); Agriculture: Kishore Deerpalsingh (PSM); Works: Rajh Seedayy (PSM); Minister for Rodrigues Island: Serge Clair (Rodrigues Party); Industry and Trade, Attorney-General: Kader Bhayat (MMM); Foreign Affairs, Tourism: Anil Gayan (MMM); Youth and Sports: Sylvio Michel (MMM); Social Security and Employment: Diwakar Bundhun (MMM); Education, Arts and Culture: Armoogum Parsooramen (PSM); Labour, Industrial Relations: Satieanand Peerthum (MMM); Housing, Land, Environment: Dwarkanath Gungah (MMM); Planning and Economic Development: Karl Offmann (PSM); Regional Administration: Lutchmeeparsadsing Ramsahok (MMM); Energy, Communications: Hallyendra Utchanah (MMM); Health: Jugdish Goburdhun (MMM).

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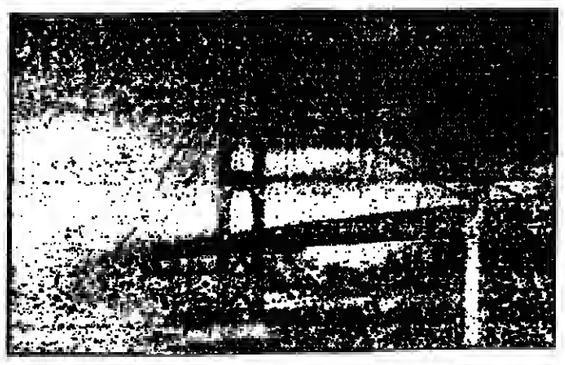

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Assam militant leaders call off violence but boycott Mrs Gandhi

Delhi (Reuter) – A powerful bomb exploded in the Assam capital of Gauhatis yesterday as militant leaders there announced a temporary suspension of their anti-immigrant campaign and political chiefs issued a fresh appeal for peace.

The bomb, the latest in a series of blasts across Assam in the past two weeks, caused only minor damage and no casualties. It exploded in the garden of a state official.

Leaders from nine political parties in Assam have issued a joint appeal for an all-out effort to restore peace and harmony.

About 3,000 people died and more than 250,000 were made homeless when violence flared last month during local elections which gave Mrs Indira Gandhi's Congress (I) Party a two-thirds majority.

The leaders included representatives from the Congress, Communist, left-wing and tribal parties who met Mr Hiteshwar Saikia the Assam Chief Minister on Sunday to discuss rehabilitation measures being taken by the Government.

The Government has set up a special state-level relief committee to oversee aid and rehabilitation measures for the thousands of villagers made homeless in the bloodshed.

Mr Prakesh Mehrotra, Governor of Assam, said the situation in the state was gradually improving and many people had already started returning to their villages

Leaders of the campaign to oust immigrants from Assam met in Gauhati during the weekends and afterwards called on supporters to help the relief programme.

They said they were temporarily suspending their agitation, which had included strikes, road blocks and a boycott of last month's elections.

The decision was taken by the leaders of the two hardline groupings of ethnic Assamese Hindus spearheading the campaign – the All-Assam Students' Union and the All-Assam Gana Sangram Parishad or People's Revolutionary Front.

But they said they would continue their non-cooperation with Mr Saikia's government, which they say was elected by immigrant votes, and called on the public to boycott Mrs Gandhi's meeting when she visits the state tomorrow.

They said tomorrow would be observed as a day of mourning for those killed and black flags would be hoisted at meetings addressed by the Prime Minister.

Fighting fit: Mr Lech Walesa, looking confident as he is greeted by 600 cheering supporters at Gdansk shipyards at the weekend. He told them: "The time will come when we will win". Solidarity supporters signed an appeal for the release of Poles convicted of martial law offences.

Zia softens press censorship

From Hasan Akhtar, Islamabad

General Zia ul-Haq softened press censorship at the weekend by declaring the periodicals and journals which had been required to submit to pre-publication censorship would now be permitted to censor themselves.

Daily newspapers already observe self-censorship, which apparently implies that nothing may be published criticizing martial law and all government "advices" must be accepted by the newspapers.

Total censorship was decreed in late 1979 when the regime cancelled the general elections for the second time and banned all political parties and political activity in Pakistan.

General Zia has not accepted the call by newspaper managements and editors to replace the 18-year-old press and publication ordinance, imposed by Field Marshal Ayub Khan, by an agreed code of ethics.

General Zia declared that pre-censorship of the Karachi papers would remain in force until revoked by the Sind authorities. The Sind Government reintroduced pre-censorship after recent

He refused to lift the ban on government advertising in the chain of Urdu language newspapers, *Jang*, including its London edition. *Jang* was held responsible by the Government for alleged bias reporting on rioting in Karachi.

Chill legacy for reformists

Thaw is slow to come in the golden city

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Part 2: Dissidents

In this second article on Czechoslovakia ROGER BOYES describes the plight of the dissidents, the last section of society to benefit from any relaxation of Communist discipline.

In Prague, the golden city, silence too is golden.

It is, in a meteorological rather than political sense, spring in the Czechoslovak capital and the sun picks out the goldleaf on the cupolas. During the frequent intervals at the Smetana opera, the audience parade outside, as if under hypnosis, the men bowing formally to acquaintances, the women sparkling like Bohemian crystal. These are the people who can claim the glittering prizes: the black Tatra saloon cars, the wooden chalets in the lush countryside outside the city, regular access to the hard-currency shops.

Jiri, however, does not get to the opera very often. Once a well known figure in the Czech media, he is about to start work as a night porter, only his second job (the first was a three-week stint as a storage worker) since being released from prison almost a year ago. He served three years for "subversion", that is signing and propagating the Charter 77 human rights manifesto which tried somehow to keep alive the reform spirit of 1968.

Together we go through a list of 145 historians who were dismissed after the Soviet invasion. A cursory examination shows the state of affairs: one is a window cleaner (six years away from retirement), one was a rat catcher, another is a mortuary assistant. Not many are in prison. Some have emigrated, some have died.

Perhaps the most prominent Czechoslavak dissident has recently been released, or at least had his arrest suspended, because of ill health. He is Vaclav Havel, a gifted playwright who during the Prague Spring staged a number of pieces that were both absurdist and politically satirical. Now he is indeed a sick man (he had pleurisy) and moves frenetically, nervously. After some years in prison, where he shared a cell with 20 non-political criminals, he suffers anxiety attacks every time his wife leaves his flat to walk the dog.

His release may signal a thaw in government policy towards dissidents but it seems, in the view of both dissidents and diplomats, unlikely. The thaw may come in other areas – such as the economy – but the dissidents will be the last to benefit.

The dissident strategy over the past decade has been straight forward enough. After the fall of Alexander Dubcek, the first priority was to identify those who still shared a sympathy for the reform movement and to channel this into some form of public expression. Since 1977 this has taken the form of the Charter, a human rights document signed by just over 1,000 people. That is not a lot and clearly vindicates the government contention that Charter is not a mass movement – but it is significant that its detailed analyses of the current situation, which have been produced over the past year, draw on a wide range of expertise. It is evident that people still in the establishment – lawyers, sociologists and journalists for example-have supplied information. The network is thus much larger than the 1,000 signatories.

The government response has been more complex, partly because of some confusion over what exactly posed a threat to the system. About 500,000 have left the Communist Party over the past decade, 200,000 of them expelled. The party is thus broadly purged of those who have *Dubcek-style sympathies* but a huge extra-party reservoir of dissident support has been created. Those who were expelled often had difficulty in their jobs – factory managers were demoted or moved sideways; those in sensitive jobs in ministries, universities and the media were dismissed.

Czechoslovakia has shown some sensitivity to Western pressure on human rights. Thus, before Mr Gustav Husak was due last winter to make a state visit to Austria, the security authorities approached Mr Havel and encouraged him to ask for clemency. He refused.

Since Brezhnev's death, the Kremlin has signalled that it is prepared to put up with most things in the East European states providing they maintain public order – that is keep dissidents in line – and avoid economic disaster. Moscow, it appears, has drawn concrete lessons from the Polish experience.

There is an old joke in Eastern Europe that could be reapplied to Prague, 15 years after the Spring. A Polish police dog passes his Czech counterpart on the frontier. "I'm going down to Prague for a good feed," says the Polish hound, "but why are you going to Poland?" "To bark," replies the Czech mastiff. There is quite a bit of eating but not much barking in Prague nowadays.

Mr Havel: One of the most prominent dissidents shown in a 1978 photo

● The Czechoslovak economy began to falter in 1980 not 1960 as stated in yesterday's first article in this series.

Next: Foreign policy

Prisoners of conscience

Czechoslovakia: Jaroslav Javorsky

By Caroline Moorehead

Mr Jaroslav Javorsky, the son of a popular Czechoslovak tennis player, is serving a 13-year prison sentence for attempting to leave the country without permission.

His mother says Mr Javorsky has been on a hunger strike to draw attention to his cause and is now weak, his condition worsened by appalling prison conditions.

In 1977 Mr Javorsky was granted a two-week visa to visit West Germany to see his parents, who were working there, having been granted permits to do so. As the date for his return to Czechoslovakia drew near, the whole family decided to apply for political asylum.

Before it was granted, Mr Javorsky learnt that his fiancée and her eight-year-old daughter were attempting to leave Czechoslovakia without a visa.

Mr Javorsky: On hunger strike

He went to meet them at the border and all three were arrested and handed over to the Czechoslovak authorities.

A few months later the fiancée and her daughter were released, but Mr Javorsky was sentenced to 13 years' imprisonment. He will be 44 before he is released.

His unusually severe sentence is attributed to the fact that his parents managed to get political asylum in West Germany and that the Czechoslovak authorities resent former sporting champions preferring to live outside the country.

Australia to sever legal links

From Tony Duboudin Melbourne

The federal and state attorneys-general have set a timetable for severing the last remaining legal links between Britain and Australia.

Meeting in Adelaide last weekend, the standing committee of attorneys-general agreed to abolish appeals from state supreme courts to the Privy Council from January next year.

The states and the Commonwealth also agreed that the British Government would lose its powers to intervene in the appointment of state governors. At present, while the Governor-General is appointed on the advice of the Queen's Australian ministers, the state governors are appointed on the advice of British ministers in consultation with the State government, but the Commonwealth Office in London retains the power to veto any recommendation.

The attorneys-general decided in principle last year to sever the residual constitutional links with Britain. The weekend meeting was to agree on its timing.

Senator Gareth Evans, the federal Attorney-General, said that the states and the federal Government would have the legislation to end appeals to the Privy Council prepared by September. The British Parliament will consider complementary legislation implementing the Australian decision later this year.

"The remaining links will be severed from January 1 next year", Senator Evans said. "This is a long overdue reform.

The effect of the decisions made by the attorneys-general in no way alters the constitutional links between Australia and the Crown.

● CANBERRA: Mr Bill Hayden, the Australian Foreign Minister, said Mr Denis Worrall, the South African Ambassador was summoned to his office yesterday because the ambassador had made comments that went beyond acceptable limits, Reuter reports.

In a statement Mr Hayden said Dr Worrall had been called in because of remarks he made last week, claiming that Australian policy towards South Africa was "confrontational, prescriptive and intrusive". Mr Hayden said the comments, made at a meeting of Apex clubs – voluntary bodies similar to Rotary clubs – in Sydney "went beyond acceptable limits".

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Tourism in retreat

Travel agents swamped by French trying to beat cash controls

From Our Own Correspondent, Paris

Foreign exchange bureaux and travel agents were swamped yesterday as French citizens flocked to buy foreign currency and book their holidays in a last-minute attempt to escape the new restrictions which came into foce at midnight last night.

The Government has said that the measures will not be retroactive in that holidays already taken will not be included in the new exchange limits, but it is not at all clear whether bolidays taken from tomorrow will not subject to the new restrictions, whether or not they have been paid for in advance.

"We are in a complete fog", one travel agent said.

An emergency meeting between travel trade representatives and government ministers, held yesterday to try to thrasb out some of the more pressing problems. is to be continued today. A mass protest demonstration by tour operators, travel agents and others is to be held in Paris tomorrow.

[The single measure that has prompted the most comment and criticism is the limit of 2,000 francs (£190) per adult per year and 1,000 franes per child on foreign currency destined to be spent abroad. A further 1,000 francs per person may be taken out of the country in French currency on tourist trips abroad. Busioess trips are exempted.]

Tour operators and travel agents predict that the new measures will cut the number of French holidays abroad by half, and say that it could lead to hundreds of bankruptcies in the trade. They point out that poor countries such as Tunisia will be among those hardest hit by a drop in French tourists, with the result that they will be less able to buy French products.

They also see a danger that the number of foreign tourists coming to France may decline because of the competition for hotel rooms and places in the already overcrowded camping sites from the millions of French people now likely to take their holidays in France. A drop in foreign tourists means a drop in the inflow of much-needed foreign currency.

There is particular concern among educationists about the effect of the new restrictions on children's visits abroad, mostly to Britain, to learn a foreign language. Most foreign language courses abroad last at least two to three weeks. Organizers of educational visits are to ask the Government to exempt them from the controls.

The Government has been taken aback by the ferocity of the reaction to its measures, particularly in view of the fact that they are due to last only until the end of the year, and only affect 16 per cent of the population who take their holidays abroad.

But the measure, more than all others in the Government's austerity package, seems to have struck a common cord of outrage at what is seen to be a direct attack on a fundamental individual liberty – the freedom to travel.

The Government estimates that the measures will produce foreign currency savings equivalent to nearly 7,000m francs.

In an attempt to explain the strategy to a doubting public, M Jacques Delors, the Finance Minister, issued a statement saying that to obtain similar foreign currency savings, the Government would have to cut real incomes by 1 per cent, or 2.5 per cent if the lowest paid were exempted. But the dissatisfaction persists.

● GENEVA: Swiss reaction to the restrictions was no less vigorous. Mr Marco Solari, director of tourism for the Ticino canton, described them as "an insult to the European concept and freedom of movement", Alan McGregor writes.

In alleging that the restrictions contravened the OECD agreement on tourism invisibles, including currencies, the Swiss national tourism office director, Mr Jean-Pierre Enzen, said the question of appropriate representations would have to be considered by the Government.

Crans-Montana, in the Valais, seems likely to be the worst-hit Swiss Alpine resort, with the French comprising 30 per cent of visitors in both summer and winter.

Geneva also will be affected, being a favourite shopping centre for people from Haute Savoie, Ain and the Jura. Conversely, the restrictions may also have a drastic impact on across-border shopping expeditions by Swiss.

Triumphant Greens: Frau Petra Kelly, Herr Otto Schilly (centre) and Herr Gerd Bastian announcing at a press conference in Bonn that ecologist and peace groups from West Germany and abroad will accompany the Greens to the Bundestag today.

Greens spurn left-wing isolation

From Michael Binyon, Bonn

Cheered on by pacifists, women's groups, ecologists, women from Greenham Common, a member of the Palestine Liberation Organization, representatives of Poland'a banned Solidarity trade union movement and other assorted well-wishers, the Greens today stage a symbolic march on Parliament as West Germany's newest, smallest and most colourful party formally takes its seats in the sanctum of conventional politics.

Only in the nick of time, however, have they decided where they are going to sit. Until yesterday, the Greens threatened to stage the first of doubtless many demonstrations, in the Bundestag and outside, not over the weighty issues of peace, disarmament, the environment or the forthcoming census, but on the mundane issue of their parliamentary seats.

The Government wanted to banish these sartorially inelegant intruders to the outer edges of the political arena, isolating them on the far left of the Bundestag as would appear ideologically apt. But the 27 Greens and their lone alternative representative from West Berlin would have none of it: they wanted to squeeze in the middle, between the Social Democrats and the giant Christian Democratic block, thus putting them symbolically in the thick of things and conveniently within easy focus of the television cameras.

They threatened otherwise to remain standing in their chosen location unless they had the seats they wanted, and were backed np by the Social Democrats who asserted that no one, physically or ideologically, stood or sat to the left of them.

All weekend Frau Petra Kelly and her Green colleagues argued it out with the hapless Herr Richard Stücklen, the stolid president of Parliament, who has been forced to stand down in favour of Herr Rainer Barzel for the coming legislative period. In the end, they got their way. And so today they will sit, a tiny buffer zone, between their rivals on the left and right.

Unlike British MPs, who flop on to parliamentary benches wherever they find room, each German deputy has his own allotted seat, or rather desk, which makes for good order and easy identification. But by a quirk of history the Free Democrats, who maintain they are the country's true centrists, sit on the far right. And with the Greens now in the middle, the Bundestag will have a very unGerman lack of logic in its composition.

The Greens also laid claim to one of the four vice-presidencies nf Parliament, but that proved too much for the others, and they have been denied. Other parliamentarians nppear still to have fears that the Greens are too inexperienced or too disrespectful to have aven partial control of this staid political clab.

Tha Greens, however, are now displaying a worrying degree of sobriety and parliamentary responsibility, and spoke yesterday nf foll participation in all Bundestag business and committees.

Everyone hoped their arrival in Bonn would liven up one of the world's dullest assemblies. But the pessimists always forecast that Bonn would change the Greens more than the Greens would change Bonn.

Pasternak's family are facing eviction

From Richard Owen
Moscow

The family of the Russian poet and novelist Boris Pasternak are to be evicted from bis dacha in the writers' village of Peredelkino, despite intensive efforts by leading literary figures to have the house preserved as a museum.

The Soviet authorities have been trying for some time to force Pasternak's son, Yevgeny, to leave the house, not far from Moscow, and hand it over to the state for "reallocation". Mr Yevgeny Pasternak occupies the dacha, which contains many of his father's archives and drawings, with the widow of Pasternak's other son, Leonid, who died in 1976. The authorities argue that since the Pasternak dacha – like others at Peredelkino – belongs to the Union of Writers, it should be made available to a member of the union, and not to Pasternak's surviving relatives.

In a long wrangle involving the union, the Ministry of Culture and the Society for the Preservation of Historical and Cultural Monuments, the family have been trying to establish a Pasternak museum at the dacha, with themselves as guardians and trustees.

Pasternak lived and worked at Peredelkino until his death in 1960. His grave in the churchyard across the fields is a place of pilgrimage for many Russians.

The family lodged an appeal against the eviction demand in January, sources said, but the appeal was turned down. "It may now be too late to save the dacha for posterity," one Peredelkino resident said.

According to documents which have reached *The Times*, the official organizations involved in the case say that, in view of the "prevailing conditions" in the writers' village, it would be "inexpedient" to use individual dachas as memorials or to turn them into museums.

The official view is that there are too many "leading writers" who could claim to be worthy of a museum, and that the communal "hall of creativity" at Peredelkino has adequate facilities for exhibitions devoted to their work.

The decision is bound to have an impact on other cases, including that of the writer Lidya Chukovskaya, daughter of the distinguished author of children's books, Korocl Chukovsky.

Boris Pasternak: Grave is a place of pilgrimage.

Difficult year ahead for Spain

From Richard Wigg, Madrid

In the booming 1960s, when Señor Manuel Fraga was Spain's Minister of Information and Tourism, they counted everybody in the official statistics of tourists, including Moroccan immigrant workers in transit and even the sailors of the US Sixth Fleet when they put ashore in Palma, Majorca, for a few hours' leave.

But now the Socialists in government have decided there should be an end to a whole series of tourism myths that Spain is "different", including its statistics.

So instead of last year's official figure of 42 million tourists given by the Centre Democral Government just before it resigned, an estimate of a more genuine figure of 25 million has been made public by Señor Ignacio Fuejo Lago, the new Secretary General of Tourism. "All we can really say is 25 million and many people in transit for instance the French going on holiday to Morocco," he told foreign correspondents.

Although the situation has changed from the 1960s when there were years when the earnings from tourism exceeded all Spain's export income, tourism still remains this country's biggest single source of foreign exchange.

Tourism last year earned 787,568m pesetas (£3,937m) compared to 1,754,664m pesetas for total Spanish exports in the period January to October.

The new government's tourism strategy is to give more emphasis to planning, marketing and efficiency than when the Franco regime let the sun and the beaches do the advertising, virtually backed only by a series of artistically memorable posters, and the hotel and holiday home developers were let rip withoul any proper planning controls, blighting large tracts of the country's coastline.

But the economic depression in West Europe – and the British, French, Germans and Dutch are still Spain's most important customers – will not permit any socialist experiments, officials emphasized.

This season's prospects were described by officials as "difficult" regarding Britain and West Germany, with bookings from Britain 15 per cent down on last year, though they hoped this was because many Britions had been waiting to see what they could afford after the Chancellor's budget. Worst bit in the crisis was the Netherlands, with a more than 30 per cent drop in bookings compared to those between November, 1981, and March last year.

Half of all European tours have Spain as their destination, so tourism has to stay competitive and must seek to improve facilities like camping sites. Officials made clear their "distaste" for the Spanish boteliers' decision to raise prices by an average of 16 per cent this season when inflation last year was officially between 14 and 15 per cent.

Young people visiting Spain, Señor Feujo said, had been found to despise their parents' sunshine and beach holidays and efforts were being made to put Spain in step with the now fashionable bolidays with a marked cultural content – art gallery exhibitions or music festivals, archaelogy, or with an underlying ecological or environmental aspect.

An additional problem this year, Señor Fuejo admitted, is due to Spain's fourth consecutive year of drought, though most of the worst affected areas are villages far from the tourists' path. He gave an assurance Majorca will not face serious problems this season, but warned that in Palma, the capital, as always happens when it does not rain, the water "will get more salty – without it meaning it becomes undrinkable".

£631m rebate will aid Channel power link

From Ian Murray, Brussels

A cross-Channel electricity link, water for Cornwall and new railway signals for Doncaster are all typical of schemes which will benefit from Britain's £631m 1982 rebate from the EEC.

Details of the schemes were announced yesterday by the European Commission, which has been responsible for seeing that the rebate money is to be spent on projects which are beneficial to the EEC as a whole.

In a statement, the British Government said that the grants from the budget "are enabling public expenditure programmes generally in the United Kingdom to be sustained at levels higher than the country could otherwise have afforded. Expenditure programmes throughout the country are benefitting accordingly."

The cross-Channel electricity link, between Folkestone and Sangrette, will enable both Britain and France to reduce the amount of generating capacity they require to meet peak hour demand. Since the peak period in each country is an hour apart, the link will make it possible to draw extra supplies under the Channel as required.

The scheme also means that in the summertime Britain will be able to draw off French nuclear generated electricity, while on winter hights France will import British generated power.

Of the total rebate £23m is being spent exclusively oo energy projects in keeping with the European Parliament's insistence that it be given a greater say in how the money was spent. Energy projects are more directly under parliamentary control, so this range of projects was specially designed to placate MEPs after they rejected the British rebate last December.

The largest part of this energy money will go to complete the Drax power station near Selby, Yorkshire (£98.5m).

US and EEC vie for food markets

Cairo (Reuter) – A struggle for Third World food markets warmed up yesterday with the United States and Europe both signalling determination to push ahead with sales of subsidized farm produce.

Mr John Block, the US Secretary of Agriculture, said America has an obligatioo to compete when it fell its restablished trade was being threatened.

He was speaking on the third day of a visit to Egypt during which he sought to drum up Egyptian interest in purchase of American farm products.

The visit coincided with a missioo to Cairo by a European Community parliamentary delegation which included M Louis Eyraud of France, a member of the Community's agricultural committee.

M Eyraud said that Europe would seek to match any fresh American deals like last January's sale to Egypt of one million tonnes of subsidized wheat flour

He added: "If the US can dump, the Community can dump too."

France complained stenuously abont the US sale saying it was being squeezed out of a traditional market. Washington said the deal was a warning against excessive European subsidies.

Mr Block spoke after a meeting with President Mubarak of Egypt. "We are not looking for trouble with the EEC", Mr Block said. "We just feel we have an obligaon to compete in different countries where we feel we have an important stake in the market."

He did not anticipate an agricultural trade war, "but we have no alternative but to compete".

Tugendhat champions Europe's forgotten voters

From Our Own Correspondent, Brussels

The four million disenfranchised voters of the EEC represent "a scandal which strikes at the heart of our democratic ideals". Mr Christopher Tugendhat, the Conservative British Commissioner told a meeting in Brussels last night.

These "furgotten" voters, he said, were people "for whom the governments of Europe are currently engaged in trying to shuffle off responsibility on to one another".

He was referring to the way in which member-states so far have not only failed to agree on a uniform system of elections to the European Parliament, hut have been unable to settle on any rules which would allow every EEC citizen a vote in next year's direct elections

Mr Tugendhat was particularly critical of the way in whicb the quarter of n millon Britons living in other EEC states were not allowed to vote for either Westminster of for the European Parliament. This made Britain the only member-state which totally deprived its citizens living elsewhere in the EEC of any kind of vote.

"To penalize in this way Britons who are often key emissaries of the UK in commerce and in other fields, who maintain their connexions and interest in the UK and who are directly affected by the management of the British economy, is quite extraordinary", he said. "The British Government should be able to devise a means of providing similar rights for their nationals if they have the will to do so".

He said the Government had been fully aware that it needed to work out the complicated revision of the electoral law required for some time. "Ministers must not allow administrative convenience and bureaucratic foot dragging to outweigh the requirements of basic justice which they are responsible for enduring for their own nationals.

In his view "one disenfranchisement might be thought a misfortune, but for the Government to impose two would seem to be carelessness".

Mr Tugendhat said there was still time for the Government to give the vote to Britons in Europe along the lines of a recent House of Lords recommendation.

Mr Tugendhat: "250,000 British are penalized".

Staid and steady youth of France

From Diana Geddes, Paris

Conservative tastes and an adherence to traditional values are the hallmarks of the punk generation in France, and not the drugs, violence and sexual promiscuity with which they are often labelled, according to a poll of young people aged 15 to 20 carried out for the French television channel TF1 and the *Nouvel Observateur* magazine.

Top of the modern generation's scale of values comes the family (93 per cent considering it "very important"), followed by work (89 per cent), love (81 per cent) and travel (80 per cent). Revolution, trade unions and politics came at the bottom of the list, with less than 20 per cent describing them as very important.

Asked how they saw themselves in 10 years, most considered that they would be living in n comfortable flat (81 per cent), with a faithful partner to whom, in most cases, they would be married (76 per cent), and with an interesting job (87 per cent).

Girls preferred boys with short undyed hair, wearing a tie, while boys preferred girls with long natural hair with little or no make-up. Given a free evening, most preferred to go out in groups with friends; only 4 per cent said they would like to go out alone with a person of the opposite sex.

Answers were equally divided on the question of whether virginity held a moral or sentimental value. Nearly half the sample said they had never had any sexual relations, and only 1 per cent said that they had any form of homosexual relations.

Only one in 10 had smoked pot or hashish, and then mostly only occasionally.

While just over half thought that French society needed to be reformed, only 18 per cent thought that it should be changed completely.

Top of the list for tha most popular jobs were journalist, doctor, teacher, and engineer, while army officer and banker came bottom.

The vast majority of young people believed their lives would be happier than those of their parents.

Chancery Division — Law Report March 29 1983

Claimants in tort excluded in winding-up

In re Islington Metal and Plating Works Ltd

Before Mr Justice Harman

[Judgment delivered March 23]

Unliquidated claims to damages in tort were not admissible to proof in a winding-up. His Lordship so held on a summons by the joint liquidators of Islington Metal and Plating Works Ltd, in which the Department of Employment was joined as a defendant to represent all the unsecured creditors other than claimants to damages in tort, and in which Mr and Mrs Peter Wildridge were joined to represent all persons having any claims in tort, and Mr Henry Herbst to represent the contributories.

Mr Alan Steinfeld for the joint liquidators; Mr Philip Heslop for the Department of Employment; Mr C. G. Russell for Mr and Mrs Wildridge; Mr Herbst was neither present nor represented.

MR JUSTICE HARMAN said that the liquidators asked the court to answer who was entitled to be admitted to proof in the winding-up.

The company went into creditors' voluotary liquidatioo on June 20, 1979. The joint liquidators were likely to be able to pay a dividend to unsecured creditors already admitted to proof of about 90p in the £1.

It was possible that further assets would be received from misfeasance prodeedings agaiost former directors. If those proceedings succeeded all creditors admined to proof would be paid in full, and there might be a worthwhile surplus for whoever ranked next in the order of claim.

However, the liquidators' difficulty arose because of claims to damages in tort, largely the tort of nuisance, which might amount to £300,000. If those "tort claimants" could get themselves admitted to proof, there would certainly be a deficiency for creditors. The present funds available might then provide an approximate dividend of 20p io the £1.

In those circumstances the liquidators had joined the Department of Employment, an undoubted creditor for £40,000, to represent all unsecured creditors admitted to proof.

Mr Heslop, for the department, had argued that the tort claimants should not be admitted to proof while, as at present, the company was insolvent.

Mr Russell appeared for two tort claiments who had been joined to represent all such claiments. They had oot yet brought actions against the company but might well have claims for damages in nuisance to their premises.

Mr Russell argued that they were entitled to proof and to rank for a distribution in the liquidation, but he laboured under great handicaps, since be was forced to argue that they should be admitted when but not until they had recovered judgment against the company.

The fourth defendant was a cootributory, but despite an assurance that all parties' costs would be met out of the company's assets, the fourth defendant had not appeared, and his Lordship had thus been deprived of helpful argument.

The difficulties arose from the decisioo of Mr Justice Vinelott in *In re Berkeley Securities (Property) Ltd* (*The Times* June 4, 1980; [1980] 1 WLR 1589) in which be decided that a claimant for unliquidated damages in tort would, if he obtained judgment, be entitled at that time to be admitted to proof, and his Lordship therefore gave leave to bring the action, but on terms limiting its progress for various other reasons.

The decision was surprising, since it had been assumed for many years by company practitioners that an unliquidated claim in tort could not be proved in a liquidation; see *In re Great Orme Tramways Co* ((1934) 50 TLR 450) and *Palmer's Company Law* 22nd edition, p 913. No appeal had been lodged.

Mr Heslop submitted that since at least 1869 it had been clear that the theory of all liquidation was that the liquidation and the distribution were to be treated as notionally simultaneous; see *In re Humber Ironworks and Shipbuilding Co* ((1869) LR 4 Ch App 643) and *In re Dynamics Corporation of America* ([1976] 1 WLR 757).

That basic principle had been cut across by the decision in *Berkeley*. The principle had the coovenient result that a line could be drawn across a company's accounts at the date of liquidation, and all debts could be computed as at that date.

As the Court of Appeal held in *In re Lines Bros Ltd (in liquidation)* ([1982] 2 WLR 1010) foreign claims were to be converted into sterling as at the date of liquidation. The basic scheme was wholly inconsistent with the approach adopted by Mr Justice Vinelott in *Berkeley*.

Mr Steinfeld pointed out that the judge thought he was producing a "sensible and workable scheme", but for the joint liquidators who had to administer it, Mr Steinfeld submitted, it was quite unworkable and far from sensible.

Faced with known claims by tort claimants of almost no ascertainable amount, liquidators would be forced to await the outcome of proceedings maybe for several years.

No payment could safely be made to the undoubted creditors in the meantime, since if the tort claimants eventually obtained judgments for large damages the liquidators might find themselves short of assets to pay the proper dividend.

The proposition that judgment had first to be obtained meant that the liquidator's right to make a fair estimate of the amount of a claim and pay a dividend on that basis, was wholly frustrated. It put a powerful weapon in the tort claimants' hands.

Further, in nuisance actions the date of winding-up was irrelevant to the rights to damages of the tort claimants, which must be based as at the date of judgment. That must produce inequality between creditors.

With all respect to his Lordship's brother judge, his scheme seemed to be quite unworkable and far from sensible. His Lordship considered Mr Steinfeld's criticisms well founded.

After referring to section 317 of the Companies Act 1948 and section 30 of the Bankruptcy Act 1914, Mr Justice Vinelott gave as his reasons for allowing the claim: "The consequences that flow from a literal application of the bankruptcy rules in the winding-up of an insolvent company are so absurd as to compel the conclusioo that the bankruptcy rules must be modified in some way if they are to fit ioto the scheme of the winding-up of an insolvent company".

His Lordship found that diffieult to follow or adopt. Nor could his Lordship see any fallacy in equating a winding-up order with a receiving order as the judge had suggested was the case.

Mr Justice Vinelott had said that section 317 operated "only to exclude from proof a claim for damages for tort which has not been liquidated by judgment at the time when the claimant comes io to prove".

But, in his Lordship's judgment, it was clear beyond doubt that admission to proof was to be determined as at the commencement of the winding-up. The time when the actual proof of debt was lodged and the date when it was admitted were frequently long after that time.

To confuse the issue whether a creditor had an admissible claim with the detail of when the creditor actually lodged it was fundamentally unsound. In his Lordship's judgment the decision in *Berkeley* was wrong and be therefore refused to follow it.

His Lordship accordingly declared that the tort claimants were not entitled to be admitted to proof in the winding-up and to rank *pari passu* with all the other creditors in relatioo to any distribution.

The summons was stood over for further argument, oo the questioo whether the tort claimants or the contributories were entitled to surplus assets, if any.

Solicitors: Booth & Blackwell; Treasury Solicitor; W. R. Bennett & Co.

Queen's Bench Division

Worker not covered by EEC rule

Regina v Secretary of State for Home Department, Ex parte Ayub

Before Mr Justice Forbes

[Judgment delivered March 25]

A British woman who travelled to Belgium to seek, but who did not find work, but who married there a non-EEC citizen and returned to take up an offer of employment in the United Kingdom did not qualify as an EEC worker coming to the United Kingdom to take up employment with the right to bring her husband with her,

Mr Justice Forbes so held io the Queen's Bench Division in dismissing an application by Mr Mohammad Ayub for judicial review of a decision of an immigration officer refusing him leave to enter the United Kingdom.

Mr John Friel for the applicaot; Mr Simon D. Brown for the secretary of state.

MR JUSTICE FORBES said that the applicant, a citizen of Pakistan, had been refused entry into the United Kingdom io November 1981 hut had been granted temporary admission. In January 1982 be travelled to Belgium where he then married a woman born in the United Kingdom with the right of abode there.

Both registered for work in Belgium but did not obtain any and in June 1982 they returned to the United Kingdom where the applicant was again refused entry for not having an entry clearance certificate.

It was alleged that the applicant was entitled to stay as the spouse of a national of a country of the EEC community and who was coming to the United Kingdom to take up employment, the wife having produced n letter dated March 1982 from a London firm to the effect that she "has been appointed by us to work as a machinist in our factory".

It had been argued that the applicant's wife had the stams of an EEC national worker and as such, under the Treaty of Rome and its regulations and directives, was entitled to bring her spouse with her into the United Kingdom when she was moving in pursuance of work, from the area of one member state, Belgium, to that of another, the United Kingdom.

It was clear that neither article 1.1 or 10.1 of EEC Council Regulatioo 1612/68 dealt with the case of a worker returning to his or her own country. Both provisions were dealing with the situation where n national of one member state was taking up work, or was employed, in the territory of another member state.

Further, an entry clearance certificate fell within the meaning of an "entry visa", and article 3 of EEC Council Directive 68/360 permitted a member state to require an entry visa before admitting the spouse of one of its nationals if that spouse was not a national of any member state.

Mr Brown had argued that the applicant was not entitled to invoke EEC law at all; his wife had never exercised any right of movement of workers within the community.

In going to Belgium to seek employment, rather than to take up employment already offered, the wife was not a person covered by article 1 of the regulation – which was restricted to nationals of an EEC state travelling to another member state to take up employment there which had already been offered and accepted.

That was to say, she did not qualify herself as an EEC worker, so in travelling back to take up employment which had in fact been offered to her she was not seeking to exercise any right as a travelling EEC worker at all.

Solicitors: Maurice Nadeem & Co; Treasury Solicitor.

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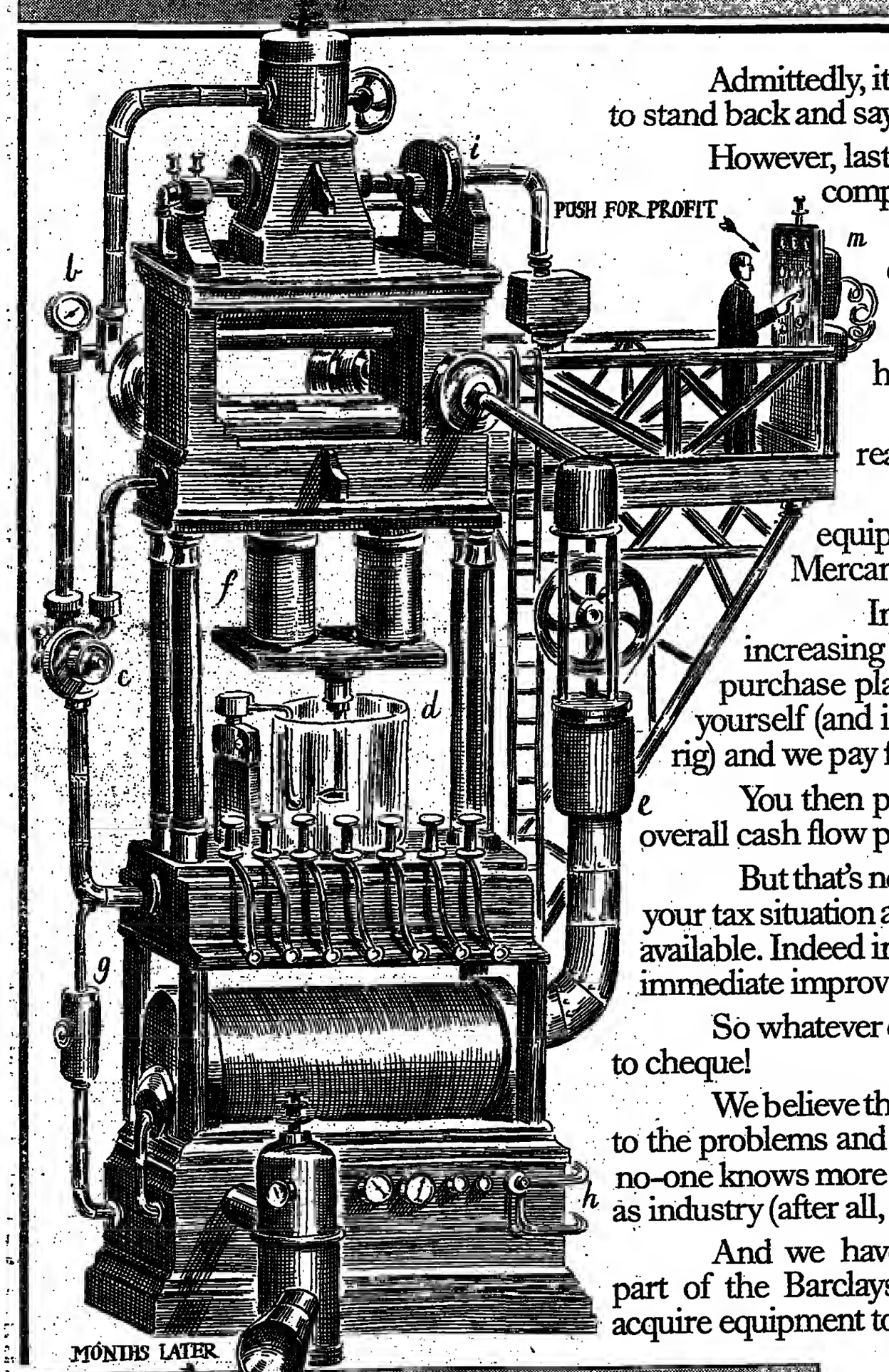
NO MACHINE PRODUCES PROFITS THE MOMENT YOU HAND OVER THE CASH FOR IT.



Admittedly, it's a nice feeling to buy whatever you want outright: to stand back and say 'mine, all mine.'

However, last year that nice feeling helped drive thousands of companies into the arms of the receiver.

For, while they were contentedly tying up capital in equipment that would have taken months – even years – to start making positive returns, they left their cash flow vulnerable to the slightest hiccup in business.

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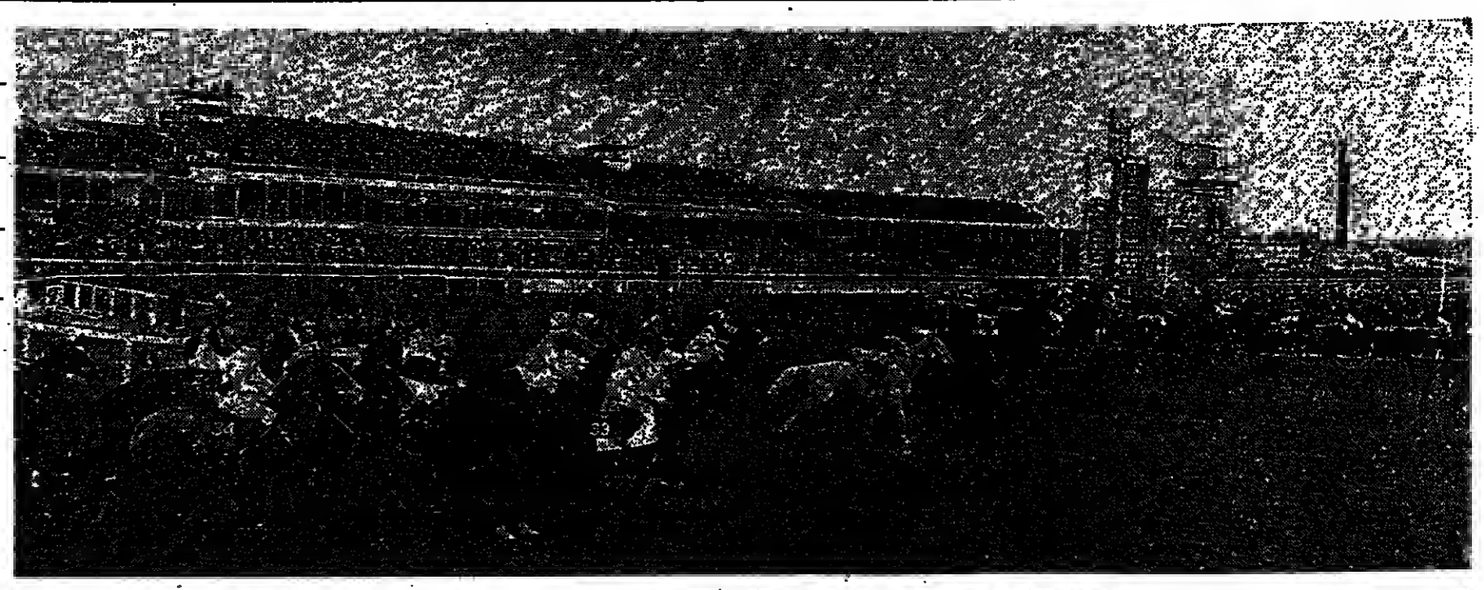
After years of uncertainty, the Grand National can now be saved only by public subscription

Aintree's final furlong?

By Alan Hamilton



Top: the field sets off at the start of the world's greatest steeplechase, in front of grandstands now crumbling. Above left: John Hughes, the clerk of the course, plans a future for the race under Jockey Club stewardship. Above right: last year's runners take one of Ossie Dale's formidable fences

Tomorrow Ossie Dale, head groundsman and master fence builder of Aintree, will mount his old bicycle and pedal the perimeter of the world's largest enclosed racecourse for a solid two hours. He will not be doing this for the good of his health, or even to inspect his lovingly nurtured turf. He will be trying to save his job, his racecourse, and the race grandly but undeniably labelled as the world's greatest steeplechase. Ossie Dale is staging a sponsored cycle ride.

The Grand National has had more farewell appearances than Sinatra, and this year's event, on April 9, is yet another cliffhanger in the sorry saga of uncertainty that has clouded one of our great national sporting spectacles for a decade and more. The fund-raising campaign run by the Jockey Club and other sporting interests has only until May 1 to raise, by public subscription, the £4m needed to buy Aintree from its present owner, Lancashire business man William Davies, and thereby inject not only capital but stability into the future of the race. So far, less than half the money has been found. Which is why Ossie will be on his bike tomorrow, doing his bit for the appeal fund.

With such uncertainty over the long term future of the course, none of its various owners or managers of recent years – Tophams, Davies, Ladbrokes, or the Jockey Club offshoot Racecourse Holdings Trust – has had any incentive to invest in the property. Aintree, well drained and hosting only one meeting a year, boasts turf as good as any course in Britain. But the buildings are falling apart, and the main stand is bordering on becoming unsafe.

Lord Sefton's stand, out on the course by Valentine's Brook, was condemned and demolished some years ago, never to be replaced. The 400-yard long main stand, now well over a century old, is rapidly going the same way: much of the rear is shored up by scaffolding, and each year the local authority is obliged to reduce the numbers allowed on the stand roof, as the old lady's legs grow progressively weaker.

Lord Derby's private box is shored up with steel poles. The bars, restaurants and private boxes are tired and rather bare although Ladbrokes, during their seven-year contract from Mr Davies to manage the National, at least gave them a lick of paint and some new carpeting. The vast acreage inside the track, once farmed for profit, is now neglected scrubland. The main entrance from the road is spoiled by an unsightly petrol station and caravan park which, significantly, still belong to the Topham family. It would be a prime site for a hotel were development ever allowed.

WHETHER the Jockey Club, which already runs seven courses through its holdings trust, becomes the eventual owner of Aintree remains to be seen. If the appeal target is not met they will have to persuade Mr Davies either to accept a lower offer or to extend his deadline for a second time. As there is no other serious buyer on the horizon, they appear to be in a strong position.

The Topham family, who sold it to Mr Davies, would be happy to see it change hands again; Mr Davies still owes them a proportion of the purchase price, having borrowed money from them to meet their figure.

If the Jockey Club does acquire Aintree, the Grand National will at last be placed on a secure footing. But the new owners will face their own dilemma: what to do with this sprawling and crumbling 276-acre property on which, the local planning authority has made clear, no housing development will be allowed?

It was this last decision, coupled with a sharp rise in interest rates, that provided the twin hurdles at which Mr Davies' plans for Aintree took a tumble.

John Hughes, clerk of the course at Aintree and a director of the Jockey Club offshoot which is managing the National this year while awaiting full ownership, sees two clear cut posibilities for the future of the course, having first made the place safe for the 1984 National.

"We could demolish the stand and turn Aintree into a tented village, erected for the National and for any other events or exhibitions we could attract. The three-day National meeting could become one great festival, with perhaps an agricultural show as a side attraction.

"Or we could invest a great deal of money and turn Aintree into a full-scale permanent sports and leisure complex with good stands and perhaps an athletics track. We already have a motor racing circuit within the racecourse." To replace the present tottering stand would cost an estimated £10-15m.

Either way, the prospective new owners are committed to keeping the National, and keeping it at Aintree. There is general agreement that even if the fences were reproduced exactly on some other course, it would just not be the same race. For three years during the First World War a substitute National was run at Gatwick, on the site of the present airport, and it was definitely not the same.

AINTREE'S great advantage is that it is ideally situated, less than a mile from the motorway, with a railway station on its doorstep, and with a dense urban population within a five-mile radius. Had someone thought of it in time, it would have been a strong contender to house the National Exhibition Centre.

Why, then, can it not make money? John Hughes thinks that, given a secure future, it can.

But the way to make money, he is convinced, is not to stage more race meetings. It is more than 20 years since any day's racing at Aintree other than National day showed a profit, and even now the two preceding days of the National meeting are loss-makers.

Grand National day, however, although an expensive event to stage, can show a profit of £300,000. This year television rights alone will bring in exactly that sum, placing the National second only to the Olympic Games as the most costly sports outside broadcast in the BBC calendar.

John Hughes, and the Ladbrokes team who managed the event for seven years, have made strenuous efforts to increase the gate, with notable success. In 1975, mainly because of a doubling of prices, the gate on National day was down to an all-time low of 9,000; last year it approached 50,000. The recovery is partly a result of cutting gate prices, and partly the fruit of an intensive marketing effort to sell the National as a great day out.

The process continues this year. Ticket holders will have more freedom to move from their respective enclosures to other parts of the course and the stand, with better access to the parade ring and the winners' enclosure. At the same time, punters are promised peripheral entertainment by the Red Devils parachute team and an extensive Army display.

But it is the racing that really matters, and John Hughes has toiled hard to improve the quality of the programme. Some years ago he abandoned all flat racing at the Aintree meeting, believing it was too early in the flat season to stage any race of great interest. Of the 18 races in this year's Aintree programme, all but four are new events dreamed up over the past seven years by Hughes, who as clerk of the course is the all-powerful impresario of the racing programme.

HE has also worked hard to find sponsors, so that the prize money will be more attractive. This year he has sponsors for 14 of the 18 races. The four-year-old hurdle, for example, once offered only £1,500; this year it is £12,000.

"I want to make sure I get the horses the public want to see; this is of critical importance in bringing Aintree back into the public mind."

Hughes has even had the boldness to tinker with the great institution itself. "I have tightened up the entrance qualifications slightly, to improve the standard. But you do not want to do that too much, otherwise you exclude the no-hopers.

"I have reduced the maximum numbers in the race from 60 to 50 for safety reasons, and I might reduce it again. You have practically got to be a classical scholar to understand the National entrance qualifications. By reducing the numbers I could make the entrance rules simpler, make the race slightly classier, but preserve the lottery it has always been."

Mr Roderick Fabricius, general manager of the Aintree course, believes that one of the biggest crowd-pullers is the Diamondvision giant television screen, seen last year both at the National and the outdoor masses on the Pope's tour. "Last year I saw people gazing at the screen even when the real live horses were running past right in front of them."

There is no doubt that the Grand National itself remains a viable commercial proposition as well as a national institution we can ill afford to lose, whether for the heroes, four-legged like Red Rum or two-legged like Bob Champion, it produces, or for the one day in the year when those who do not know a gelding from a hole in the ground can throw away the form book and pick the winner with a pin.

The problem is what to do with the rececourse for the rest of the year, and it is a problem to which the prospective new owners, assuming they raise the required £4 million, will have to tackle speedily. The National may show a profit, but hardly enough profit to rebuild Aintree to acceptable standards of safety and comfort.

But what the race needs most of all is odds-on certainty for its future. Jockey Club members have so far contributed more than £400,000, owners have donated more than £70,000, but the target of £1.5m from the general public is still a long way off. The greatest fear is that once this year's race has been run, it will all be forgotten again. Ossie Dale will be pedalling for his life tomorrow.

In the second of three articles on building policy, **Charles McKean** looks at social change

Home is where the noise is

The post-war construction boom concentrated its efforts on quantity rather than quality; and, as Lord Esher has pointed out, until the early 1960s a consensus in the country found that acceptable. We were encouraged to expect conditions that – as we now know – our technology had not yet tested. Our aspirations outstripped reality.

Thousands of new schools, for example, were constructed in the ten years after the war. To meet the demand, lightweight steel-framed systems were devised. The resulting buildings had little individuality; but they were flexible, light, airy and purposeful. Teachers, pupils and media hailed the "glittering all-window school". We were unaware at the time that even our sombre climate could create heat-gain problems in glass schools or that ultimate building flexibility could cause disorientation; or that even our modern systems might find it difficult to match up to the climate in some parts of Britain.

The glorious new technology also seemed to offer the opportunity of huge, widespan buildings now that architecture was liberated from the pitched roof. Flat roofs covered shopping centres, factories, deep offices and even house extensions. No one really knew how they would react, or indeed last. In due course, the weather told us that most flat roofs have a life span of only 15 years and some less than that. We are now into a period in which major government bodies are spending huge sums repairing flat roofs.

Aspirations outran experience, particularly in housing. People were encouraged to expect a warm, dry, well-serviced house for their own use: a house that would be hermetically sealed and centrally heated. Bob Mellish recorded of his constituents in Southwark that the top priority was to achieve decent living conditions. Thus pure provision of accommodation as quickly as possible was instructed. If the system-builder required, for economic reasons, blocks of 10 storeys high almost a quarter of a mile long (as in Southwark) or towers 31 storeys tall (as in Glasgow), so be it. Mellish also noted that the euphoria lasted barely a year. Once the novelty wore off, other factors became apparent.

For example, the new flats probably did not have dry walls. Almost one in three flats in the UK has some form of damp problem, mostly caused by condensation – a natural and entirely predictable circumstance.

Crudely put, a family of four, living and functioning normally, emits approximately 15 litres of moisture-laden vapour each day, which either escapes, or collects on the coldest available surface. Encouraged by the 'Save-it' publicity campaign, the occupier will probably have ensured that the moisture does not escape. The government will have ensured that there is a cold surface, by virtue of its refusal to allow any form of central heating in bedrooms. Problems were worse in the houses of the early 1960s which had been given electric central heating. One senior architect recalls that he questioned the instruction and was admonished thus: "It is none of your business. Your job is to build houses as cheaply as possible. It is up to the inhabitants how they are to be heated." Well, when electricity prices went up, many could not afford the central heating. They switched it off and installed paraffin or Calor gas heating – a development which would have increased the amount of cold surface area and the amount of warm moisture reaching it.

The problem was clearly one of concentrating on the physical characteristics of a building with only an imperfect idea of how they might be used. That problem recurs with greater force when we consider noise. A key feature of society since the war has been the growth of noise, both inside and outside the home. We adapt to car and aircraft noise, as on a battlefront: it is reasonably continuous. What drives people mad is adventitious noise: car tuning, transistor radios, record players, hedge cutters, lawn mowers and so on. That aggravation is now moving indoors as people buy more and more electric and electronic goods: washing machines, mixers, videos, tuners, electric organs and guitars, television sets and computer games. The growth in such items is inexorable, but building standards do not cope with it.

In a dense, harassed society, excess noise is a trigger for violence. Neighbour has murdered neighbour on account of television noise. In the future, society will have to consider whether noise should be subject to statutory controls. The only possible solution is for all noise-making instruments to be confined to one isolated, specially deadened room without opening windows.

Finally, insufficient attention has been paid to the change in family structure and, in particular, the increasing numbers of the young, single (and often unemployed), for whom staying at home is unacceptable. These people only form crisis statistics during investigations of murder of vagrants in London. They are otherwise thought to be low priority. Yet the expansion of this section of the population provides a great opportunity which is currently being ignored. It is the young single who probably do not own cars, and do not wish to tend gardens. Suburbs are not for them. They are the people who would welcome occupying the currently empty premises above shops and offices in the city centres. Yet at the moment they are not given the opportunity.

There has been a failure to anticipate social habits, and a total failure to consult the potential inhabitants about their housing preferences. The reason why Lord Esher's consensus finally failed in the late 1960s is that the proposed inhabitants had begun to realise that what the system was set up to provide was not what they had thought of as home. It was not a matter of high versus low: it was a matter of the right type of accomodation to the right quality in the right place.

Those who provide for other people have a duty to research what people want, and will want in the future. Failure to do so will, inexorably, lead to the possibility of yet more buildings in the future being found unuseable.

> A key feature of society since the war has been the growth of noise, both inside and outside the home

Reporting all the news that fits

MOREOVER . . . Miles Kington

People who do very unusual jobs indeed

No 5: A BBC radio news-expander

Let us call him Phil. He shuns publicity, like all BBC backroom boys who do the hard work, whether thinking up actresses' scripts for *Call My Bluff*, impromptus for Ned Sherrin or Radio 4 links between the unlinkable. But Phil likes to think that what he does is more creative than any of those. He, basically, expands news to fit the available space.

"I don't know if you ever listen to the news on Radio 3? Well, you'll notice that although it's only four or five minutes long, and Radio 4 news tends to be ten minutes long, they both contain the same number of items, give or take. It's just that Radio 4 news has been expanded to fit".

How exactly does it work?

"Well, give us a news item. Something small. Go on, think of something".

All right. There was a derailment last night near Rugby when the express from Scotland ran into a stationary goods train. The passenger train was moving slowly and nobody was hurt.

"Excellent! Now, that item contains all the facts that the public can take in. We can't add any more facts than that. But by careful expansion we can make it last hours and hours. First of all, you stick it in the headlines. 'Last night an Inter-City train from Glasgow ran into a stationary goods train near Rugby; nobody was hurt, but the train was derailed'.

"Right? OK, the headlines are over, we've dealt with the two main news items, as it might be, Andropov puts forward peace plan and Princess Diana says, Gosh it's hot in Australia. Then we say: 'And now that rail crash near Rugby last night, when the Inter-City train from Glasgow ran into a stationary goods train. British Rail say that the express was travelling slowly and nobody was hurt, though the train was derailed, blocking the line for several hours'.

"See? You've done the item again, making it sound slightly different. Now comes the first of the clever bits. 'Over to Simon Phipps at the scene of the crash.' And what does Simon say? He says: 'I'm standing beside the line near Rugby where last night the express Inter-City train from Glasgow ploughed into the back of a goods train halted by a red signal. A catastrophe was averted because the passenger train driver, alerted by orange signals, had already slowed down but the driver could not avoid a collision and the train became derailed. Luckily there were no casualties but some passengers were shaken'."

"Notice that we have made it sound terribly fresh and on-the-spot, although nothing has been added that couldn't be deduced from the earlier report.

"Now the next clever bit. Simon Phipps says: 'First to arrive on the scene of the crash was signalman Arthur Broadbent. What exactly had happened, Mr Broadbent?', though he'd probably call him Arthur these days. And Arthur says: 'Well, the goods train had quite correctly stopped at the red light but unfortunately the Scottish train, although obeying safety procedure, went into the back of it. Luckily no-one was hurt, though some of the passengers were shaken about a bit. The derailment wasn't too bad and things are about back to normal now.'

"Good, eh? Real eye witness account, *yet telling us nothing new*. Well, you've already had the item four times, which is probably as much as they would want, unless it was a very quiet day for news."

Would it be possible to expand it any more?

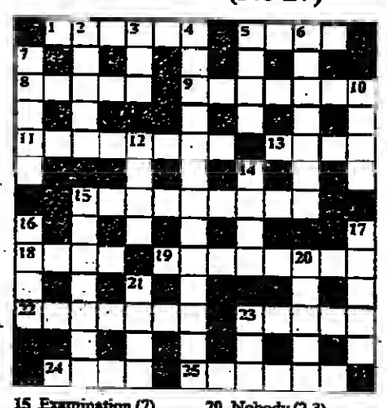
"Blimey, you've hardly started. Next trick is to get the BR official on the phone. 'We've got Eric Samson, British Rail Midlands Safety Officer, on the phone. What exactly happened, Mr Samson? Well, of course he hasn't the faintest idea – he's only just heard about it on the news – but he's trained for things like this. 'British Rail has the best safety record in the world, far better than road or air traffic, but just occasionally things do go wrong, and in this instance what appeared to happen was that the procedure governing trains on the line ahead was not strictly adhered to. There will of course be a full inquiry, etc, etc'.

"Then you'd wheel on the BBC transport correspondent to say it all again. Then you would advise people travelling by train to Scotland to check with British Rail. Then you'd go back to Simon Phipps to talk to a passenger. A good news-expander could fill ten minutes with that crash and still not say anything new."

But why nothing new?

"Because the British public never listens to the news, that's why. You've got to repeat everything four times to give it a chance of sticking. If you start putting *new* stuff in, you're lost. Now here are the main points of my conversation again . . . "

CONCISE CROSSWORD (No 27)



ACROSS
1 Crucial stage (6)
5 Male animal (4)
8 Below (5)
9 Flower (7)
11 Boatman (8)
13 Hide-out (4)
15 Alloy (9)
18 Throw (4)
19 Intuition (8)
22 Street entertaining (7)
23 Hostile sound (5)
24 Hole (4)
25 Quantity (6)

DOWN
2 Horseman (5)
3 Knight (3)
4 Automatic weapon (3,7,5)
5 Usefulness (4)
6 Russian soldier (7)
7 Hair tuft (5)
10 Bog (4)
12 Farther (4)
14 Band (4)
15 Examination (7)
16 Fish (4)
17 Plant stem (5)
20 Nobody (2,3)
21 Skirt (4)
23 Sticky substance (3)

SOLUTION TO No 26
ACROSS: 1 Inscription 9 Newborn 10 Sneer 11 Set 13 ICBM 16 Slid 17 Shades 18 Eggs 20 Spec 21 Sloper 22 Ring 23 Nuts 25 Lye 28 Noose 29 Risotto 30 Smoke screen
DOWN: 2 Nawab 3 Crop 4 Ions 5 Test 6 Overlap 7 Engineering 8 Predecessor 12 Exempt 14 Mss 15 Parley 19 Gumroom 20 SRN 24 Untie 25 Leek 26 Eros 27 User

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FASHION by Suzy Menkes

THE OTHER CHIC

■ New at Browns: a minimal concrete-walled, black-floored area devoted to Comme des Garcons, the unstructured Japanese clothes that made waves at the Paris collections last week. "When I first bought the clothes three years ago, I was one of just five buyers", says Browns' Joan Burstein. "Now you have to fight to get into the showroom."

Designer Rei Kawakubo, 40, is much admired by the Punk generation for her original approach to fashion (some say anti-fashion). The clothes are also bought by her own generation who were brought up on sixties fun fashions and are unwilling to dress now for a matronly middle age.

Comme des Garcons has 23 boutiques and 30 franchise shops, in Japan, a boutique in Paris, and a shop-within-a shop (as at Browns) at Henry Bendel in New York.

■ *New at Liberty:* Edina and Lena's handknits, now in an airy corner department on the first floor of the Regent Street store.

Actress Edina Ronay first took an interest in traditional British knitting when she collected Fair Isles from the twenties and thirties along with other antique clothes. Now her own knits in pure cotton and silk for summer (selling from £100) are collectors' items and she works full time on designing knits and clothes and on collating the 1,000 hand-knitters.

"I am constantly surprised at how knits stay in fashion", says Edina, who attributes her fondness for fresh folkloric colours to her Hungarian background. "I personally like wearing them because they are so comfortable."

■ Last word from Paris: Yves Saint Laurent, still valued as a weather vane of style, showed his slim skirts (including a new bell shape) to the knee, thus letting down (or rather up) the united hemline front shown by the leading French designers.

The rest of the skirts were very slim and mostly calf-length, but Montana broke the skirt with a slit or an asymmetric wrap and Karl Lagerfeld at Chloe – like several others – hedged his bets with a double hemline, just grazing the knee for a tunic top and six inches below for the underskirt.

Kenzo Takada closed the collections with a show that splashed colour – hot pink with orange, pale rose and rich tartans – on an otherwise sombre season.

Kenzo underlined all the strong themes: the revival of the dress (cut by him with a clever cape sleeve), the three quarter kimono jacket and coat – especially stunning in his new furs that mix Arctic and red fox.

He is the Peter Pan of Paris and his strength is his youth and sense of fun.

He does skirts as short as anything in the mini era, although there are several alternatives including a pretty Chinese skirt with a hip wrap.

Kenzo unites the different cultures with his colourful knits woven into tapestries of colour, cut into square Japanese shapes but made with Parisian polish.

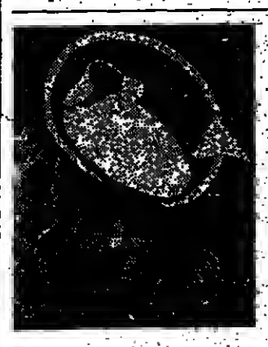
■ Over three thousand fashion aficionados filled London's Camden Palace last week to fuel their fantasies from the creations of high-style designer Anthony Price.

Price believes in the body and in glamour. Futuristic moulded ciré body suits vied for attention with back-bustled taffeta and lace gowns straight from the re-runs of 20th Century Fox 1930s feature films on our Sunday afternoon television screens.

His list of private customers from friends Jerry Hall and Marie Helvin to Pamela Stephenson is now as long as his models' legs and includes as many men as women. Duran Duran, David Silverman of Japan, Wayne Sleep, even Jasper Conran are dressed by the same hand as Marianne Faithfull and Fiona Richmond.

For his new sportswear, inspired by American football players, he used the protective padding of their suits to emphasize the contours of a woman's body, also particularly practical for getting through the scrum of fashionably-dressed trendies fighting to get in.

Originally planned for Tuesday night demand from the public for the £7.50 tickets was so great that the shows were extended to Monday and Wednesday. The varied and witty production, with the audience almost upstaging the show, proved that London can compete with Paris.



■ "The recession was last year, now it's the horn of plenty", says hatter David Shilling whose Spring show last Friday was spilling over with exotic tropical blooms.

Cornucopia curls of hand-painted straw appeared on the little hats (which are getting bigger) and on the big and bold hats, which included a splendid new fondant pale stetson with finger creases on the crown. Upward curls of straw appear everywhere.

Colours are sharp, with black, white and lacquer red for cocktail hats perched cheekily like upturned saucers on the head (see above).

David Shilling's high summer straws are painted in an ombré effect, shading from one colour to the next, like hot pink and orange, an elegant lagoon blue dappled like water and fresh mixes of pink and yellow or yellow with red.

These fifties colour combinations and a marked return to elegance, was emphasised by moody music from Eartha Kitt. But battered and broken straw panamas ("just right for all those distressed Japanese clothes", says Shilling) brought us all too soon back to the present.

The witty hat has always been a David Shilling trade mark and he didn't disappoint us with his artist's palette (another fifties reminder) and the ultimate cocktail creation: a giant glass, complete with mint leaf, ice cubes, bent straws and the obligatory glace cherry (see below). It is, of course, quite all right to wear this to Covent Garden, as the person in the row behind can see through the 'glass' and you should get noticed above the crowd at the Crush Bar.

Pictures by Suresh Karadia

In search of style for a 14-year-old with a will of her own.

Mother wouldn't hate it . . .

From left to right ☐ Citrus yellow cotton shirt £8.20. Striped T-shirt £8.80. Cotton bermuda shorts £13.30. All available in unisex sizes 8 upwards in a selection of 25 colours. Leather belts £2.50 each. From Benetton, 6 South Molton Street, W1; 40 Hampstead High Street, NW3 Bromley, Guildford, Cheltenham, Windsor, Cardiff, Manchester, Glasgow, Edinburgh.

☐ Striped cotton vest sizes 10-16, £3.99 available after Easter. Blue/white canvas sandals, sizes 3-8. Cropped cotton trousers sizes 10-16, £12.99. All from most branches of Marks & Spencer. Blue cotton 3-button T-shirt £8.60 from Benetton, W1 and branches.

☐ Jade green cotton dungarees with striped braces, also electric blue, fuchsia, ochre, white and red, sizes 8-14 by FU's from selected Debenhams branches countrywide. Abstract printed loose-cut T-shirt £7.99 from Warehouse, 19 Argyll Street, W1, and selected branches. Tan leather belt, Canvas boots £18.99, Ravel branches.

☐ Fuchsia pink and navy cotton blouson jacket £19.99. Matching miniskirt £9.99. Also emerald/navy in sizes 10-16 from outerwear department in selected branches of C & A. Black/white striped top £16.70 from Fiorucci, 126 King's Road, SW3. Mesh gloves £2.99, Miss Selfridge. Canvas court shoes £19.99 by Richard Smith from 165 Draycott Avenue, SW3, and Brighton.

Photographs by RUSSELL MALKIN
Make-up by JAIE CAMPBELL.
Hair by DALE BRENNAN for Touch of Class, SE6.

Sarah Clarke breaks up from school this week and exchanges her brown and cream school uniform for her own brand of teenage style. She also switches for the holidays from being a convent school girl to fashion model with the top London Models One agency, after fulfilling a teenage fantasy of being 'discovered'. Following in the famous footsteps of Twiggy nearly 18 years ago, Sarah's fledgling career started when she was photographed by her local hair salon in South London.

Teenage style has changed totally since the days when "mother wouldn't like it" was a deciding factor in how school age children should dress. Shops now officially start their teenage ranges from 14, but from 12 or younger pubescent girls insist on keeping up with fashion. In this Post-punk era the fact that mother doesn't actively hate it will get most clothes past parental scrutiny.

Short straight skirts and cropped trousers are the newest bottom halves to challenge the inevitable jeans and their ever-changing brand-label loyalties. The very long jacket (borrowed from a brother or bought from a boys' department) is beginning to oust the bomber jacket. And the sweat shirt is still the easiest way to dress for summer, especially wearing two at once, with the old one cut down raggedly over the new or a sleeveless vest top over a plain T-shirt.

Sportswear is the key to the teenage clothes that open mother's wallet. Dungarees, shorts and cropped cotton trousers are all easy to find and acceptable to parents who blanch at seeing their daughters in come-on stretch trousers and shiny disco tops.

The clothes that are most appealing to a mother's view of her pre-teen daughter are those which are children's styles that are sized up, rather than trend-setting fashions that are sized down. Marks and Spencer, for example, start their generous adult sizing from a size 10 (although they are now introducing eights in major stores).

Debenhams' Dandelion collection was launched last Autumn aimed specifically at the 11-14 year olds. They found that younger girls wanted the same kind of clothes, so they have sized down and now serve 6-13 year olds in the Dandelion departments nationwide.

C and A launched their Clockhouse collection of up-to-the-moment fashion five years ago. Their "baby" has now grown to take over 50 per cent of C and A fashions. The snappy clothes reflect C and A's fashion-conscious approach to children's wear, but this is a collection specifically aimed at a target age group between 14 and 24.

Teenagers like riffling through Fiorucci, Miss Selfridge and Chelsea Girl because these stores have all the jazzy accessories and fun bits and pieces that can be bought with a limited weekly allowance.

The real footbone of contention for today's teenagers in shoes. You might think that the present craze for colourful canvas sneakers and Princess Di flatties would be welcomed by the experts. But Judith Kemp of the Foot Health Council says damage to the front of the foot is still prevalent. Girls curl up their toes to keep on ballerinas (or worse still deliberately buy them one size too small which is as bad for growing toes as the winkle pickers and stilettos into which their mothers crammed their feet.)

I was verbally assaulted (as fashion editors so often are) at a party last week by a mother of a 12 year old who complained that her daughters' feet are already too large to fit into so-called children's sizes. She asked why manufacturers cannot make shoes between the worthy nurse-type uniform shoe and the ultra-fashionable styles.

As our Medical Briefing explained last Friday, pointed toe shoes are the worst offenders because they push the toes out of alignment. Manufacturers reply that they operate in market place and react to the laws of supply and demand.

I suggest to all well-heeled parents that they take their offspring to America, where footwear fit is taken seriously and the law of supply and demand has produced a wide-range of shoe widths and sizes.

And I suggest to a forward-looking retailer, that we would like those shoes brought over here.

Working hard to stay young

Giving a workout to your skin – just as you do to your body – is the newest idea in beauty treatments. Whereas once we were pampered beauties stroking creams into a passive face, now we should expect our skin to work hard at staying younger.

The revolutionary new approach (in beauty terms) is Clinique's Seventh Day Scrub, an abrasive creamy product that contains polyethylene grains to cleanse and stimulate the skin. The idea of using an abrasive to smooth the surface of the body is as old as pumice stone.

Exfoliation – sloughing off of dead skin – is the principle behind many past beauty ideas, including baked clay face masks, the rounded complexion brush and the wire scrubber that the legendary beauty Elinor Glyn claimed to use on her face.

The new advancement of beauty treatments means that the idea of exfoliation and "epiderm-abrasion" is packed into product form – for the body as well as the face. Clarins Doux Peeling has that age-old ingredient natural clay, but contains also a formula to stimulate the skin as well as deep cleansing. Gommage Exfoliant (£9.50) is a new Clarins product for the body, which you can rub into dry skin for maximum friction.

A beauty treatment mask and a body treatment have been added to the Issima range by Guerlain. The mask (£16) is particularly interesting because it is a transparent gel that acts as a skin tautener and can be used under make-up.

An exfoliating cleanser for the body was launched by Ultima II in their CHR range this time last year. The peach coloured cream with tiny abrasive granules is just part of the CHR body Contour System that shows how seriously the leading beauty companies take skin care.

The new sophistication of skincare is echoed in the well-groomed face. Hair and make-up by ELENKA for SCHUMI.
Suit by Genny from Regine. Photograph by NICK BRIGGS.

Spring used to be the moment when a beauty editor was inundated with announcements of new make-up colours. Now, for every eyeshadow shade card, there are two launches of new treatment products designed to help the skin function better in the present polluted and stressful climate.

This morning, Helena Rubinstein are launching Protection Douce, a compact new system of four products including a cleansing gelée that is completely detergent-free and a Delicate Area Cream, designed, as its name suggests, for any of the "difficult" parts like round the eyes, the neck and the bosoms. At the end of the month, Juvena, the Swiss beauty products are being relaunched on the British market, emphasizing the scientific and pharmaceutical prowess of the Swiss laboratories. Many of the new ranges emphasize the active side of skin-care, like Guerlain's new Ultra-Sport collection, unveiled this Wednesday. Boots No 7 have just produced an important new range of body and hair care products called No 7 sports.

Science is the keynote of today's products, in spite of the emphasis on sport and health.

All the exfoliating creams I discussed are just part of a wider range of skin care creams that act scientifically to encourage cell regeneration.

These treatments are the result of serious analysis and research and some are offered only through qualified beauticians, like the French Gerobio biological regenerative creams and treatments, developed by French biologist Albert Laporte and available in Britain only through the Marguerite Thorpe Health and Beauty Centre in Bournemouth.

Making all kinds of moisturizing creams really effective has been the object of the most recent research. New this season is Lancôme's Nutribel Extrait (£16.95), a 100 per cent natural nourishing product made from vegetable ingredients including jojoba and sesame oils.

Readers who feel strongly about animal suffering may be interested in a Care and Cleanse kit from Queen Cosmetics (130 Wigmore Street, London W1). A large sae to the company will give details of all their cosmetics which are free of all testing on animals.

Allergy and fragrance-free products are also much in demand. Orlane have just brought out their Ligne Pure, which contains no fragrance or alcohol and is a complete skin care range, including a Lotion Apaisante for soothing (£5.75). The French firm of RoC are bringing out new hypo allergenic Day Creams next month, especially formulated for four different skin types. They have also launched a new range for delicate skins called Sensilis (available from Selfridges, Harrods and selected branches of Boots).

The latest trend is for moisturizers to be as light as possible, like Vichy's new Les Nutritives creams (£3.95) designed to "feed" your face, but not to plaster it in a heavy cream.

Treating special problem areas with carefully formulated creams is the speciality of the French house Pier Augé, which uses organic substances from seaweed to placenta extracts for creams to combat stretch marks, acne, cellulite or to firm the bust. The delicate and difficult eye area is the target of Erno Laszlo's two new treatment products, which join their useful creamy concealer and their eye make-up remover treatment lotion.

The fact that skin care is now considered as important as cosmetics themselves is summed up in the new Elizabeth Arden Image range, which has been launched under the banner of being a face make-up that is dermatologically, clinically and allergy-tested, with the eye products fragrance-free.

We have come a long way since "Think Pink for Spring"

WEDNESDAY PAGE

Tomorrow Wednesday Page meets the mother who hopes to give birth to Step Parents Anonymous.

– an occasional commentary on Important Events – Nursery Tea

Henry's rather busy at the moment, Julian. Well, actually he's tucking in to nursery tea. Oh yes, tea with the children is one of Henry's special treats. Especially at Easter. He gives up practically everything for Lent, you see, and this is his reward.

We go to Fortnums and buy all their mouth-watering things because only Fortnums know what makes an English tea-time.

We've got simnel cakes and hot cross buns and special Easter biscuits and fresh-baked bread and blackcurrant preserve and honey and shortbread fingers and Dundee cake and a pot of Royal Blend Tea. And to finish off with there are the most enchanting marzipan bunnies and chickens.

Hello? Hello? We'd better lay two more places. I've a feeling Vanessa and Julian are joining us.

Fortnum & Mason
such stuff as dreams are made on
Piccadilly London W1A 1ER. Telephone 01-734 8040

THE TIMES DIARY

Tripped up?

Israeli military operations may put paid to Ken Livingstone's plans to spend Easter in the Holy Land. The GLC leader had planned to go on one of his personal fact-finding tours as a member of a delegation from the Labour Committee for Palestine (not recognized by Labour headquarters) led by his chum, Ted Knight, leader of Lambeth council.

The plan was for the party of 10 to fly to Israel to meet members of the Peace Now movement, to visit the West Bank towns and to see two Palestinian refugee camps in southern Lebanon. The group's principal hosts, the Arab West Bank mayors, are now urging that the trip be postponed because tension in the area is increasing already, and there might be a risk of Livingstone and Co getting involved in violence.

Putting it Bluntly

The first man to denounce the late Anthony Blunt was Sir Alfred Munnings, president of the Royal Academy from 1944 to 1949. It happened at the 1949 Academy dinner when Munnings had a rare go at making a speech. He started by saying: "Seated on my left is the greatest Englishman of all time. I said to him just now: 'What would you do if you saw Picasso walking ahead of you down Piccadilly?' – and he replied: 'I would kick him up the arse, Alfred.'" (Churchill censored this from later reports, but the tape recording still exists). As the laughter died, Munnings suddenly yelled at the top of his voice: "Blunt, Blunt – you're the one who says he prefers Picasso to Sir Joshua Reynolds." Munnings plainly knew Blunt was some sort of traitor even then.

Déjà lu

Nathan Shamuyarira, the Zimbabwean minister of information who announced the expulsion of *The Guardian's* Nick Worrall as "an enemy of the people" was, ironically, himself *The Guardian's* correspondent in that part of the world 20 years ago. He acted as the paper's stringer in Southern Rhodesia while editing the *African Daily News*, which was shut down by Ian Smith shortly after UDI.

● *People are plainly tiring of the "situation" situation. Now the British Museum offers an alternative, claiming to have acquired one of the most important Palestinian collections "from an excavated context". This is a quotation from which I would like to see the context taken out.*

All change

Sir Peter Parker, in his Dimbleby lecture to be broadcast on BBC 1 this Thursday, reflects how the train takes the strain for over-busy political timetables. "My predecessor had five ministers to deal with in five years", says Parker. "I had five in five years with an election intervening. In the early days of my job when I visited the Great Western, we calculated that there had been 14 ministers of transport in 24 years. The chief engineer who was present was only the Great Western's fourteenth chief engineer since Brunel in 1836." Parker's argument, of course, is that politicians make too many changes for the country's industrial good, and his talk's title is "Missing our Connexions."

Seat of learning

Are you sitting comfortably? Not if you read this column in the lavatory, you're not, according to Ian McClelland and Joan Ward of the University of Technology, Loughborough, as reported in *New Scientist*. They recruited 205 members of the public to test toilet seats, ranking five types in order of preference. Both men and women rated the standard toilet seat as the most uncomfortable, preferring seats longer than currently recommended in British Standards, and particularly those contoured to give more support to thighs and buttocks.

● *I am pleased to announce the thinking man's Cup Final.* The Times *has won through to the Fleet Street Midweek League Cup Final, in which our opponents will be* The Guardian. *The showdown is at the Crystal Palace ground, Selhurst Park on April 28.*

Looks fishy . . .

What do Victorian silver fish servers have in common with a cricket bat, a hat pin, a pair of knitting needles and a baby's potty? The answer, as some who remember my stories from last year about the last four may guess, is that they have all been confiscated at airports as dangerous weapons. The fish servers joined the list at the weekend when the mink-coated novelist, Barbara Taylor Bradford, was taking a plane from Glasgow to Manchester on a tour to promote her best-seller, *Voice of the Heart*. "It isn't that we think you might hijack the plane", the security woman explained, "but someone else might get bold of them and cause a lot a damage."

Euro MPs have decided to go to work on the EEC's biggest problem – milk. They have placed a regular daily order for 15 gallons to be delivered to the European Parliament offices in Brussels while they are holding committee meetings there, and quaff *it on the job. Controlling milk* production is beyond the MEPS' capacity. All 434 of them would have to drink 54,723 gallons a day to keep up with the output.

PHS

Danger, uncurbed cables ahead

by Richard Hoggart

The Government will shortly announce its proposals following the report by Lord Hunt and his committee on the future of cable television. Lord Hunt has said: "Cable cannot be run as if it were another branch of public service broadcasting." The danger is that if public service broadcasting is faced with inadequately regulated cable, then it will be progressively mutilated.

The size of American investment in cable means that operators in the United States are very likely to try to take over entire cable channels in the United Kingdom. In view of the abysmal quality of their cable programming, the cultural consequences of unimpeded access to our channels could prove disastrous.

There are few areas so neglected by public service broadcasters that cable programmers could fruitfully harvest them for their own and the public's advantage. Therefore, cable is bound to cast acquisitive eyes on the major audience-pulling events broadcast nationally by the BBC and ITV. But poaching is not the same as widening choice.

The absence of a need to ensure *programme balance in cable programming* is justified by Lord Hunt on the ground that the sheer number of new channels will ensure overall balance. All the evidence we have from existing services suggests that no such balance would arise and that the need to make a profit is bound to drive the operators to pastures old, not pastures new.

The Hunt Report and debates in Parliament so far have only added to anxieties about the future of good broadcasting. Indeed, the parliamentary debates have evoked a grim vision of a marriage of virtually total deregulation (in the name of "freedom" and "economic growth") with a narrow, Grundyish, sexual and verbal censorship (in the name of "good taste").

Public service broadcasting, though a sturdy and variegated growth, needs the right soil and climate. If unregulated cable were allowed it would, like a sort of ground elder, rob the soil of its nourishment; the ability of public service broadcasting to continue to function would be seriously at risk. My anxiety comes from the wish to preserve not an elitist status quo but the freedom to search for excellence in all broadcasting forms.

Enthusiasts for cable tend to brush aside as Luddites those who show such concern. I suggest a minimum framework of regulation which would allow both the best development of the new technologies and the continuance of the best in the public service idea.

Cable regulation has to be national. There is no evidence for the Hunt Report's claim that cable can be primarily a local activity and that therefore regulation can be local.

What, then, are the minimum conditions necessary to ensure that the future of television is creative and productive rather than shallow, repetitive and predictable? I think they should be as follows:

Legislation on the expansion of cable should *follow*, not *precede*, that wider legislation on telecommunications which is now at the committee stage. It should also be coordinated with current debates about the future of the British film industry. In order in the first place to protect and ultimately to stimulate United Kingdom production, there should be restraints on imported cable material, particularly from the United States. There should be a levy on cable subscriptions, in order to generate funds for the production of films, and for the performing and visual arts.

There should be regulatory and franchising rules, operated by a seperate authority, for the cable providers, to ensure that they comply with professional standards laid down on a national basis. And there should be a separate regulatory and franchising body for the cable operators. The franchises should be for not more than ten years. Longer franchises would put the interests of technology and of profit-making before those of good broadcasting.

Standards of advertising should be compatible with those now administered by the IBA and the Advertising Standards Authority, particularly in regard to content. Sponsorship should be allowed, but controlled.

Cable operators should be restrained from making deals which would preclude substantial sections of the public from access to certain major events. If there were to be a monopoly in any area, there should be guarantees of freedom of expression and diversity of opinion. Suitable provision for community access should be required.

Last, but by no means least, to ensure that a national archive of cable material is developed, there should be a *statutory* obligation to deposit all new or first-time material transmitted.

Choice and variety are not automatically increased by simple multiplication of channels. A policy of "let a hundred weeds grow and one may come up a rose" risks the concurrent destruction of an existing good, varied and well-matured garden. Diversity is achieved only through thoughtful regulation.

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The author is chairman of the Broadcasting Research Unit. A full version of the Unit's cable recommendations, abridged above, may be obtained from the BRU, 127 Charing Cross Road, London WC2 0EA.

Romania's refugee: the questions Lord Elton must answer today

During the morning of Monday, March 14, Mr Stancu Papusoiu was served with Home Office form IS 92 ordering him to report with his baggage the following Saturday at Heathrow Airport, Terminal Two, for the 12.50 pm Romanian Airways direct flight to Bucharest. According to his friend Miss Shan Rees, who was teaching him English at Lambeth Institute, he replied that he would never set foot in Romania alive, whereupon he was invited to return to the immigration office, Isis House in Southwark Street, where a last-ditch telephone call would be made to the Home Office in the hope of getting a postponement.

Miss Rees went with him to Isis House at three o'clock that afternoon. They spent a few minutes in the waiting room. Then three immigration officers came into the room and told Mr Papusoiu through the police interpreter that, instead of being postponed, his removal had been brought forward. There are only two direct flights to Bucharest a week, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, both by Romanian Airways. Mr Papusoiu was now booked on the Wednesday flight, they said, and would spend the two intervening nights at Tower Bridge police station and Ashford remand centre.

"It was a complete shock. I felt as if I had betrayed him", says Miss Rees, who remembers him, as do the rest of the Lambeth Institute staff, as "a nice, gentle man with nowhere to go and no one to talk to". Two policemen came into the waiting room, took away his cigarette and handcuffed him. When she protested, they agreed that this was not usual procedure but was being done because they were afraid he might kill himself or "go to ground".

When she asked about the date of his removal being brought forward, an officer replied: "He's got to go back, so he might as well be put out of his agony." He was then led away shouting her name, "Shan! Shan! Shan!" She was allowed to see him once again for 10 minutes that evening in the police station. As she left his cell, she noticed that there was a blackboard on the door and chalked on it were the words "escaper, suicidal".

This evening the Government will have its first chance to answer some of the dozen or so unresolved questions surrounding this bizarre matter.

In the House of Lords, there will be a debate, as opposed to a question-and-answer session, entirely devoted to Mr Papusoiu. Faced with a media assault on the Minister of State, Mr David Waddington, hardly paralleled in recent years, the Home Office will spend today instructing Lord Elton, their other Minister of State, who had no part in the controversial decision, in the entirety of their argument, which hitherto has emerged only drop by drop in newspaper articles and House of Commons question time.

Lord Elton: fielding for the Government

David Waddington: he took the decision

They will say – and no doubt they are right – that there were discrepancies in Mr Papusoiu's story. Lionel Bloch, a solicitor who acts in many political asylum cases, says that he has hardly ever known a refugee who did *not* contradict himself. The disorientation and loneliness, the feeling of destitution after weeks of confinement in a strange land, the fear of being forced to return to the tender mercies of the original persecutors – it all combines to confuse a refugee, especially one who is not articulate and speaks only one little-known language. If Mr Papusoiu's story were consistent from beginning to end, that would indeed be suspicious.

They have said that he was not a genuine refugee, a statement taken by some to mean that he was a criminal or a communist spy. To their credit, they have refuted this suggestion, but they insist that merely finding life unacceptable under the communist regime does not constitute "membership of a particular social group or political opinion" under the United Nations convention. His main motive, they concluded, was to improve his standard of living. And Britain cannot accommodate all those people, perhaps billions, who merely want to increase their wages.

His previous desperate attempts to leave Romania did not help his case. Amnesty International's secretary-general Thomas Hammarberg wrote to Mr Waddington that the man's persistence in the face of punishment surely indicated "that his motives were unlikely to have been merely economic". Amnesty telexed Mr Waddington in this sense the day before Mr Papusoiu's removal, without avail, since the minister had already concluded that Romania's anti-emigration laws, while deplorable, do not in themselves constitute persecution.

This is where he made his cardinal error, one which his fellow-minister Lord Elton may feel bound to correct this evening.

Shan Rees, who was Papusoiu's English teacher and who witnessed his arrest in Southwark Street: 'It was a complete shock. I felt as if I had betrayed him.'

These Romanian laws do constitute persecution, since they violate Article 13 of the UN Universal Declaration on Human Rights and Article 12 of the Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, both of which proclaim the citizen's basic right to leave his own country. Before today is out, the Home Office will be asked to accept that Mr Papusoiu committed a *political* offence when he left Romania *illegally*, that he *is liable* to persecution as well as prosecution as a result of their decision to remove him.

They will insist too that their policy towards refugees is generous. This used to be true, but it is no longer the case where east Europeans are concerned. Out of 642 applications last year only 73 were accepted. They will say that Britain risks being swamped with fugitives from the Soviet Union and Romania, where the laws are strictest. This is nonsense. The total number of applications from these two countries last year was 32. And never before, I think, since Britain's love affair with Stalin ended in 1948, has a Soviet or Romanian citizen been forcibly repatriated.

There remains one practical question. Mr Papusoiu was bundled out of Britain so quickly that he had no time to collect his belongings. They consist of a pair of trousers, a pair of shoes, some postcards and a mouth organ. On the evening after he left they were still in his room at the YMCA hostel in Stockwell. I hope that the Home Office will arrange with the Foreign Office for them to be sent on to him in Bucharest, or wherever he now is.

This is all that Britain can now do, I suppose, to help this first victim of the Home Office's new "Yalta Agreement" to detain and forcibly return fugitives from neo-Stalinist dictatorship.

Nicholas Bethell

The author is chairman of the European Parliament's human rights group.

The church that turned into a sandcastle

As the Church of England ponders what to do with redundant churches no solution can be more novel, or indeed final, than that arrived at by a council and a gambling firm in the case of St Piran's Oratory near Perranporth in Cornwall, said to be the oldest church in Britain. They have buried this one-time place of pilgrimage under thousands of tons of sand.

Only after two chilly hours of wandering among the surrounding sand dunes did several other potential pilgrims and myself find a sad white stone on top of a new looking mound. Poor St Piran's church was underneath.

"This was conservation really; now the vandals cannot get at it," said Mr Alan Castledine of the Ladbroke's – owned Perran Sands holiday camp. "The church had no tourist potential so we gave the land to Perranzabuloe parish council who buried it."

But then the beginnings of the place were somewhat odd. The Oratory was built by the tall and very hairy Celtic priest and mystic St Piran, who legend says swam over from Ireland with a millstone round his neck in about 480 AD. Unfortunately the legend does not add why he attempted this record breaking swim except that he was quite a moody saint.

He celebrated his landing by building a church with his bare hands to thank God for saving him from the deep and the little chapel eventually became a monastery and place of pilgrimage for a thousand years.

An old guide book in Truro museum states: "The true measure of St Piran is that when he died people came to his shrine, as people go to Jerusalem or Rome, because they found, and still find a peace that passes all understanding."

Now this "peace" in summer is shattered by cries of Hi Di Hi, bingo calls and Chas and Dave drifting across the dunes from the holiday camp. Not even St Piran, with all his knowledge of navigation, could hope to find the church first time.

"There was a notice in Perranporth that actually advertised services so I went to look," said holidaymaker Chris Crompton from Devizes. "There were other groups of prospective pilgrims and then this mound where the church should have been." A rather disturbing discovery to make on a family holiday and explain to the children.

Before the burial listless urban youths from Birmingham and Manchester whom St Piran would have correctly identified as the forces of darkness could often be seen digging round the chapel and carrying away things, sometimes bones. Holidaymakers' sewage poured down local mineworkings, caused a rise in the water table and the church flooded.

"Some of the people from the holiday camp were not that civilized," said Mr Paul Thomas, a parish councillor who was in charge of the burial. "It was covered first with a sand blower and then with a bulldozer. We planted grass on it. A few bones were found and we placed a stone on top on which we are going to put an inscription. It was right up against the holiday camp and led to a lot of vandalism. Now we have saved it for the future."

No doubt when these present dark ages pass and a new age of enlightenment dawns the Oratory will echo again to plainsong, above ground. But Mr Thomas, a local accountant warns: "The sort of money needed is £100,000 or more. This is a very important site of the early Christian Church and we wish we had the money to restore it properly."

Mr Castledine is far more chirpy and no Celtic curse seems to have affected his bookings: "It always makes me smile that he was an Irishman who floated across on a millstone. You could say in many ways he was the first surfer and this is a great surfing beach."

The church was buried by storms twice before and had to be dug out, first in 1835 and then in 1844. But then the Church sold the land to private developers and the great religious significance of the place seemed to be lost.

Yet St Piran could have found a strange ally in Mr Tom King and the Department of the Environment who quite recently discovered they had underspent on capital grants and could give this story a happy ending: "We were thinking more in terms of house renovation but this would be a splendid project which would not require revenue," said a department spokesman with uncharacteristic fervour.

So the bearded Irish mystic's church, buried because of the malign forces of tourism, could rise again. "But really biblically speaking he never should have built his house on sand in the first place," said an old Cornishman walking his dog. "A saint should have read his bible proper and this would never had happened. So it ain't the locals' fault."

Paul Pickering

Roger Scruton

Dead? I demand a second opinion

The purpose of medicine is to restore the patient to normality, in so far as it lies within our power. "Normality" is a contested notion, and one that generates many of the doubts and dilemmas which face the doctor. But there is another idea which lies concealed within medical practice, and which causes an equal *confusion: the idea of destiny*. Many things, including death, are imposed upon us not by human choice, but by human destiny. It is only on the assumption of this destiny that a doctor can limit his obligations, and until his obligations are limited, they cannot be fulfilled.

It is our destiny to die. Medicine may postpone or alleviate the process; but it cannot abolish it. Nor would it be right to try. People have sometimes hoped for permanence in this world; but a modicum of imagination suggests that earthly permanence is incompatible with our happiness. Our most valuable emotions – love, loyalty and friendship – are predicated upon the fact of death. Take away mortality, and you take away the perspective from which we view one another, and the shared fragility from which our affections spring. The immortal organism does not escape tragedy; but in his joyless pleasures he can be neither pitied nor consoled, and his tragedy lies outside the reach of human compassion. If his survival could be guaranteed by an elixir, then he might endure – in the loveless manner of a Makropoulos. But it is certain that no doctor would feel obliged to assist him.

Nor should any doctor feel that he has some obligation to fight against the human condition, or to postpone death beyond the point where nature ceases to resist it. The only obligation lies with the patient: to accept his destiny, and cheerfully to console his friends. Modern medicine creates a powerful fantasy – the fantasy that death may be indefinitely postponed. Patients therefore tend to shift the obligation on to the doctor: instead of preparing themselves for death, they cry out for life, and the doctor is driven to devise ever more complex ways of satisfying them, all the time aware of the futility and irrationality of their demand.

The heart-transplant is a vivid and gruesome reminder of this. How easy it proves, to persuade a doctor that the shrine of the dead body should be violated, for the sake of a few months of uncertain persistence in the living. The public applauds the activity, offering all its support and interest, as though promised a final victory over death. I am sure that I am not alone in sensing a certain blasphemy in this public interest – a renunciation of the duty peacably to accept our destiny, in favour of an *irrational* hope which is neither possible nor desirable to fulfil.

Surely we have come up against the natural boundary drawn by our condition, and there is something futile and impious in the attempt to pass beyond it. And is there not something morally questionable in devoting scarce medical resources on such a scale to an activity which is both uncertain in its benefits, and founded in a meddlesome refusal of our *lot*?

Attitudes to death go hand in hand with attitudes to sex. And it is in the sphere of sex that some of the greatest of medical confusions have arisen. I refer in particular to the "sex change" – again, an operation which has exhilarated the public, with its implication that sexuality is an elaborate accident, which can be tailored to the individual need.

A person's sexuality is no longer regarded as part of his essence. It has become an attribute, which he might change as he changes his clothes. The possibility of thinking in such a way shows a deep change in perception. The obligation to accept one's sex has dwindled, in the same way as the obligation to accept one's death. Consequently people call upon doctors to help them, demanding painful, expensive and dangerous operations, whose moral effects cannot really be envisaged in advance, and whose premise is a kind of delusion which, however it might arouse our compassion, ought not to inspire our connivance. No doubt the time is not far distant when sex-change operations will be obtainable on the National Health, granted on the advice of "experts" able to discern the "real" gender identity of the soul sheathed within each human envelope. And no doubt many arguments will be put forward for the "compassionate" nature of this move.

But as with every attempt to undermine our power to accept our destiny, the consequences are felt, not by the patient only, but by the whole community. We are forced to revise our perceptions of sexuality, in a direction which in fact deprives us of our most necessary emotions. Thus, by increasing our control over the human body, there comes a point where we lose familiarity with the human soul.

The author is editor of The Salisbury Review.

Geoffrey Smith

Who's for dual control of cruise?

Shortly after Easter the House of Commons will be debating whether there should be some kind of dual key arrangement to ensure that cruise missiles sited in this country could never be fired without British consent. This will be one of those very embarrassing occasions for a government when it is under pressure not only from the opposing parties but also from its own backbenchers.

A few weeks ago Mr Alan Clark, the Conservative MP for Plymouth, Sutton, had obtained the signatures of more than 30 of his colleagues, from both the left and right of the party, for a motion calling for joint Anglo-American control of theatre nuclear weapons based in this country. He was dissuaded from putting the motion down on the order paper of the House of Commons by the critical reaction of a meeting of the Conservative 1922 Committee. But an amendment along these lines will be put forward if the Government tables a substantive resolution for the forthcoming Commons debate; and even if the debate takes place simply on a motion for the adjournment – which would preclude the possibility of any amendment – this group, which is believed now to number something like 50 members, will certainly make its views known.

The Conservative case for dual key is based on two principal propositions: that it is a proper safeguard for Britain, as a sovereign power, to demand for weapons of such horrific consequence based on its soil, and that the removal of anxiety that they could be fired without British agreement would dissolve much of the public opposition to the siting of cruise missiles here.

This second point a strong one. There would probably no longer be a majority against cruise if a dual key arrangement were adopted. As the United States offered this to Britain at an earlier stage, it might be thought that all that is needed in the Commons debate is for Mrs Thatcher and Mr Heseltine to deploy their oratorial skills so as to *accept the proposal* without losing face. Would this not be a prudent means of avoiding trouble in the House and winning support in the country?

The issue is not so simple. In the first place, the political pressure on the Government is not quite so strong as it may seem. The debate appears more likely to be held on a motion for the adjournment, in which case there would be no opportunity for a vote on the substance of the question. Even if there were a more specific resolution it is most unlikely that the Government would be defeated.

The *Conservative* critics are not intending at the moment to go so far as to vote against the Government. If the leaders were to change their minds, it is hard to believe that they would get most of their troops into the opposite division lobby with them: the Whips would be warning them strongly against giving comfort to Labour on what is expected to be a major electorial issue. In any case, although the Liberals, Social Democrats and some Ulster Unionists would vote against the Government, it is highly improbable that Labour members would vote solidly in favour of dual key, whatever the Shadow Cabinet might recommend: they would not wish to make cruise missiles *more acceptable to the* voters.

So the worst that the Conservative critics will be able to do is to inflict embarrassment on the Government. That would be bad enough, of course, on such a sensitive topic. So why should the Government not simply concede the point? One answer that is often given is cost. If a dual key system were to cost £1,000m that would either put an extra burden on public expenditure or weaken Britain's overall defence capability by diverting resources that could be profitably spent elsewhere.

But there are some advisers, whose belief in adequate nuclear defence is beyond question, who are not persuaded that the cost would have to be so high. It might be possibe to work out something more cheaply with the Americans, perhaps along the lines of the arrangement for the Thor missile some 25 years ago, in under which Britain controlled the missiles while the Americans controlled the warheads. Until the possibilities have been explored it is hard to accept cost as a conclusive objection.

The diplomatic obstacles are more formidable. If Britain had a dual key, then Italy, for example, might want to have one as well. The Germans have undertaken never to have nuclear weapons under their control, but *it might strengthen the* opposition to the new missiles there if their allies were being given a finger on the safety catch while they were not. At the very least it would be a complicating factor at a delicate time.

That again would not be a conclusive objection if British security depended upon *dual key*. But can one imagine that the United States would be more willing than a British government to put New York at risk by firing a nuclear missile in defence of Britain? A dual key system would simply confirm existing nuclear realities.

I do not believe that on present evidence it would be worth the risk to allied cohesion. But if ministers wish to have public opinion behind them they would be unwise to try to sweep aside their critics. They should meet a serious case with reasoned argument.

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TIMES PAST THE TIMES

P.O. Box 7, 200 Gray's Inn Road, London WC1X 8EZ. Telephone: 01-837 1234

IS THIS THE RECOVERY ?

The latest herald of economic recovery should be treated with caution, but not with scepticism. The Confederation of British Industry has been blamed in the past for being too gloomy. It was also more reliable than ministers, though gloomy prophecies tend to be self-fulfilling. Now the CBI's members, who range from manufacture, big and small, to retailing and even finance, see "a widespread recovery in demand and output". That may itself encourage recovery by helping to build the confidence of firms and consumers.

Unlike ministers, who seized at straws, the CBI's leaders have waited a second month to confirm a sharp upward break in members' expectations. And it is a sharp break. In just two months, a third of the sample polled has shifted its opinion, reporting better order books, particularly for exports. And these opinions can be backed up with recent statistics of what is actually happening; many more new cars being bought, new houses started. The index of industrial production, with or without oil rose, albeit from low levels in both December and January, the two latest months for which figures are available.

Economic conditions are much more conducive to sustained progress than before. Last year the world economy was shrinking. Now most major countries expect an upturn; sharp, rapid, if uncertain in the United States; slower, later but more sure in Japan and Germany. At home, the final downward twist last autumn cut stocks of goods in the shops well below normal. Stocks of fuel and materials at the factories sank to an historically low level compared with even the depressed state of output. That is a traditional precursor of the upturn of an economic cycle, because shops and firms must eventually order more unless they expect sales to worsen even faster. That is certainly not true today.

Unfortunately, the greatest single stimulus to industry has come from the foreign exchanges. Firms now have the devaluation many wanted, even if the Chancellor did not. The Government has rightly, however chosen to ignore the fall in sterling rather than resort to higher interest rates, which would probably stop any recovery in its tracks at this early stage. Makers of bulk products like chemicals have seen an instant boost to sales. Rising orders elsewhere should bring a rising rate of economic growth next year. But that is far from ideal. Sterling at yesterday's record low of $1.45 may be as temporary as the $2.40 pound. It is good for output today, but not something industrialists can bank on for the future, even if the new low rate against the German mark has a more permanent air. It could stimulate the sort of recovery that soaks up excess capacity, but does not encourage investment in expansion for the future.

That is one cause for caution. There are others. Though Washington talks of rapid growth this year as if recession were a thing of the past, America's recovery has yet to pass the threshold of credibility. Federal deficits and money growth might still dictate higher interest rates and in any case threaten to keep the cost of money far too high to sustain the strong recovery the world economy desperately needs.

Most of all, we should not expect too much of this upturn. It will not solve our economic problems. If it succeeds, our output might rise a little over two per cent this year and perhaps three per cent next. That is sustainable, if productivity continues to rise and labour markets remain flexible. But it will only bring total output back to 1979 levels next year or, if we take out the subsequent rise in oil production, by the end of 1985. Unemployment will probably edge up again this year and only stabilize next. It will not go away.

For the future, Britain is still expecting a lower growth rate than other major countries even though our recession is deeper and has lasted longer. It is good to remember that more spectacular recoveries in the thirties petered out, leaving the war to bring the boom and end unemployment. Today's likely upturn in trade is a hard-earned reward. It can be sound, a platform on which to build. But it should not lead anyone to think the depression is over.

THE ALLIANCE SHOULD CHOOSE

The question of who should lead the Alliance is to be raised at the joint meeting tomorrow of all Liberal and Social Democratic MPs. It is most unlikely to be settled there and then, but the point is approaching at which the Alliance is liable to suffer progressively if it does not reach a decision. To go into an election without a Prime Minister-designate, as the Alliance prefers to put it, would be poor political tactics. Leaders of the two parties would be harried throughout the campaign to say something on the question, preferably contradicting each other, and nobody would pay much attention to anything they said on any other topic.

To delay a decision for too long now would equally be clumsy tactics. Up to now it has probably been an advantage to have two leaders, just as it was a benefit for the SDP in its early days to have the Gang of Four with equal status. But it is becoming unnecessarily hard for the Alliance to make news on anything else except the choice between Mr Jenkins and Mr Steel; and the longer the wait the more it will seem that whoever is finally chosen has no more than the reluctant backing of the other party.

But the choice becomes more difficult to make after the disappointment of Darlington. This ought not to be because Mr Jenkins is thought to have performed badly there himself. He did not. He brought the political weight that was otherwise too little apparent in the campaign. But when the Social Democrats lose contests that they were thought capable of winning, as at Darlington, and the Liberals win by-elections that they were expected to lose, as at Bermondsey, the impression of the Liberals as the senior partners must be strengthened.

Moreover, the political circumstances in which the Alliance must fight after Darlington are not those in which Mr Jenkins's talents can be displayed to best effect. He is essentially a man of government. The more plausibly it can be claimed that the Alliance may be in office after the election – might even itself form the government – the more relevant do his experience and expertise become. He makes the thought of an Alliance administration seem more credible. That is why until very recently it was generally accepted, not least by Mr Steel himself, that Mr Jenkins would be proclaimed in due course as Prime Minister-designate.

But it is no less evident that Mr Steel would be more popular as an electoral campaigner, especially if the Alliance were no longer regarded as seriously challenging to form a government. That is what is now worrying so many Liberals. Whatever they might say in public, they do not believe that they are going to provide the next Prime Minister. They see the task for the Alliance now as being to establish as strong a bridgehead as possible in the next Parliament, and they are convinced that Mr Steel is better equipped for this role.

They are right, but they would be extremely unwise to press their case too hard. It would be of value for the Alliance to go into battle under the banner of the leader whose talents are best suited to the task in hand. But it is much more important for Liberals and Social Democrats to go united into battle. If there is to be a change in the expectation that the Prime Minister-designate is to be Mr Jenkins then the initiative ought to come from the Social Democrats. The change would also have to be brought about in such a way as not to give the impression that the Alliance had given up hope of fighting the election as equal contenders for power with the Conservatives and Labour – an impression which it would be hard to conceal as it would in fact be the truth.

If the Social Democrats are reluctant to accept Mr Steel, it would be better for the Alliance to agree on Mr Jenkins as Prime Minister-designate with Mr Steel as chairman of the campaign committee – in the full expectation that Mr Steel would then play the more prominent part in the election because how the Alliance was conducting the campaign would matter more than what a potential Alliance Prime Minister might do if he were ever to hold that office. This would leave open the question as to who would play the more prominent part in the negotiations that would follow if there were a hung Parliament. But that would depend upon whether there were more Liberals or Social Democrats in that Parliament. The Alliance should make its choice in the near future without being under any illusion that it is taking a decision of lasting consequence.

SIR NORMAN PLAYS THE SWEEPER

Like an aging full-back drafted in towards the end of a poor season, Sir Norman Chester has been brought on by the Football League to play the sweeper in a losing game. Professional soccer's financial woes stem, ultimately, from the unwillingness of players and directors to accept that a spectator sport once at the hub of the nation's popular culture must adjust to a position as one of a jostling number of entertainments, live and filmed. In the eventual adjustment the keystone must be that on-field sportsmanship which alone can guarantee the quality of performance. But the bricks – of club direction, the management of grounds and the organization of leagues – will have to be more professionally made than at present. The Football League has not yet come to terms with latter-day sports professionalism; so, given Sir Norman's limited brief, it was perhaps inevitable that his should turn out to be a holding operation, an attempt to quieten the discontent of the major clubs who want a bigger share of declining revenues.

Some commentators like to fashion an analogy between the state of soccer and that of the nation. There is in the report an occasional tendency to revel in the apparent connexion between the declining economy, social discontents and a crisis in the national sport. Such Schadenfreude is lazy. There are many practical measures that could be taken to help all clubs adapt to lower attendances, in addition to league re-organization. Why do matches have to begin at three o'clock on a Saturday afternoon? Why do directors refuse to apply to their clubs the commercial acumen that they use everyday in their business dealings? Why is the asset value of grounds often ignored?

Changes along these lines are certainly occurring, notably among the top clubs. What we miss from Sir Norman is a verbal push to these "market" trends. The results of full-blooded commercialization may occasionally be harsh; for they will include more bankrupt clubs, lower rewards for some players, the absence of televised football (for a salutary period). Too many clubs still do not face up to the lessons of red ink on the balance sheet and cut their coats accordingly; too many are still fixated by the movement of their turnstiles as the only respectable source of revenue.

Sir Norman is an old corporate state warrior but he can have encountered few organizations more reluctant to change than the Football League. His recommendations for the alteration of the voting majority – a change from three quarters to three fifths – would strike a small blow for flexibility. All his recommendations indeed depend on the League's recognition that soccer's future depends on radical adjustment. Yet the protection given by the League's structure to the smaller clubs should not lightly be abandoned even within the reformed pattern of divisions that Sir Norman suggests. Sir Norman goes for a proposal on gate receipts which would undoubtedly benefit the larger clubs by allowing them the full "take" from home matches: it would be a pity if admirable but smaller outfits such as Coventry City or Ipswich suffered a large loss of income as a result.

Adjusting to the straitened circumstances of the 1980s should not be a pretext for hell-for-leather greed contained in some of the proposals for a "super league", of which Sir Norman is rightly sceptical. The idea of a constant round of Liverpool versus Manchester United matches is not compelling. Sir Norman is none the less asking an unknown number of smaller, third and fourth division clubs to sign warrants recognizing their diminished position. When the League managers meet to consider his report, the willingness of the clubs collectively and severally to see where the common good lies will be tested. The quality of the game depends on them.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Civil defence called into question

From Mr Martin Brett

Sir, It is sad that Professor Vincent ("Putting the bomb under the Bloggses", March 23) in his nostalgic reference to the provision of free Anderson shelters at the start of the 1939-45 war, should display such ignorance about the nature and scale of physical and biological effects of present-day nuclear weapons compared with the bombs of those days of the "Blitz".

As an academic historian, surely he is aware of the continuous stream of warnings of the irrevocable consequences of nuclear war for mankind that have come from such international figures as Einstein, Mountbatten, Carver, Zuckerman, Kennan and many others over the years – no more mouthpieces of CND than was Raymond Briggs.

The Scientific Committee of the British Medical Association has reported its findings supporting those warnings after 18 months of study.

Whatever his personal opinion of CND may be, can he not be sufficiently detached to allow that they, too, may share this common concern for the future of mankind and that some, if not all, of what they are saying may be true?

The nuclear arms race must now be recognised as the greatest common enemy of mankind. The risks of nuclear war will never be reduced until the collective level of thought and imagination is sufficiently raised to overcome party political and other prejudices.

Professor Vincent's article has done nothing to help achieve this.

Yours faithfully,
MARTIN BRETT,
Yondover House,
Stratford Toney,
Salisbury, Wiltshire.

From Admiral of the Fleet Lord Hill-Norton and others

Sir, The letter from the President of the National Council for Civil Defence and others (March 24) is a timely reminder of the dangers of assuming that should war be forced on us, it will be of one sort only. As Lord Renton points out, in concentrate attention on a nuclear holocaust (which is probably the least likely form of attack) can only lead to neglect of preparation to deal with other forms of attack.

It was a similar concern for the vulnerability of the United Kingdom to conventional attack by small Soviet raiding forces that led us to advocate the setting up by the Government of a volunteer Home Defence Force (report, March 8).

The overwhelming superiority of the Soviet Union in non-nuclear forces allows them a wide range of options, and one of the most tempting must be to cause disruption in the United Kingdom before vital reinforcements can arrive from the United States.

We believe it is essential to close this option and that the defence of the United Kingdom, which is vital to us all, must be given higher priority than it receives at present.

Our proposal for a nationwide Home Defence Force is one way of achieving this at a modest cost. Perhaps your readers have other suggestions.

Yours etc,
HILL-NORTON,
ANTHONY FARRAR-HOCKLEY,
FREDERICK SOWREY,
DAVID WILLS,
Defence Begins at Home,
Victoria House,
305 Southampton Row, WC1.
March 25.

Nuclear arms balance

From Lord Jenkins of Putney

Sir, Professor Freedman (feature, March 19) purports to explain the difficulties of the Geneva discussions in terms of Soviet intransigence and duplicity. His complicated calculations conclude that if figures are confined to certain Soviet and American carriers the Russians have the edge even on their own terms. He then says that "the final Soviet card is to include British and French nuclear forces".

But Professor Freedman must know that this is not some negotiating ploy but the permanent and essential basis of Soviet negotiators. Everyone who has ever discussed nuclear matters with any Soviet representative knows that they always say that they must count *all* the nukes targeted against them. They only discuss specific weapon systems at the insistence of the West which has consistently refused Soviet pleas for an all-over discussion.

Professor Freedman must also know that if the count is done on the basis of the total nuclear fire-power deployed by East and West the Soviets may not have equality, let alone preponderance. Not that this really matters for the lunacy overriding the entire scene is that each side can virtually destroy the other with only a part of its total fire-power.

It is now widely accepted in Europe that the reluctance to reach agreement is on the side of the United States and when this is seen in your letter columns by such cold warriors as Lord Mayhew (March 19) it is really too late for Professor Freedman to present the USSR as the villain of Geneva.

Even a Reagan-Andropov summit will not solve the problem unless it leads to realistic all-systems discussions in which the United States Government is no longer permitted to hold Europe to increasing nuclear jeopardy.

Sincerely,
HUGH JENKINS,
House of Lords.
March 21.

Rights in Bangladesh

From Professor Bernard Williams, FBA, and others

Sir, As members of the academic community we are disturbed by reports of recent events at the universities and other educational establishments in Bangladesh, according to which police, paramilitary forces and the army were used to repress student protests and to intimidate members of the academic staff.

We cannot but register our shock and indignation that once again a military regime could consider it permissible to use force against members of the academic community in Bangladesh, violating human rights and civil liberties. This is all the more remarkable since the liberation struggle and the associated language movement in Bangladesh did impress on the international community the desire of the vast majority of Bangladeshis to have a secular and democratic form of government.

A report by Amnesty International cites an official statement that 310 people are still being detained, while their names and total numbers are unknown. The report goes on to say that "Amnesty International is concerned at grave allegations of ill-treatment and torture of the detainees in army custody, as well as the fact that many detainees' families have not been allowed to see them and that the place of detention of some detainees has still not officially been disclosed."

We are seriously concerned at these events and ask for the immediate release of all students or their transfer to civilian custody to prevent further abuses in military detention. This would be a step towards a return to democracy and constitutional government, embodying respect for human rights and civil liberties, which are the stated intentions of the present Government.

Yours sincerely,
BERNARD WILLIAMS,
NICHOLAS KALDOR,
RICHARD KAHN,
ROBERT NEILD,
JOHN EATWELL,
AJIT SINGH,
AUSTIN ROBINSON,
B. D. JOSEPHSON,
McCARTHY,
CHARLES WEBSTER,
CHRISTOPHER HILL,
K. B. GRIFFIN,
ANDREW TURTON.

As from 14 St Peter's House,
46 Regent Square, WC1.
March 18.

Deported Romanian

From Mr Anton Logoreci

Sir, Your excellent leader (March 19) on the "heartless deportation" of the Romanian refugee, Stancu Papusoiu, from Britain refers to the need for giving special consideration to citizens coming here from particularly nonnxious regimes. The trouble, however, is that because of the absence of any permanent Western correspondents in Romania and its Government's huge propaganda campaign depicting President Ceausescu as a great statesman who is opposed to Moscow's foreign policy, many people in this country are unaware (and those who are want to forget) that the Romanian regime is the harshest and most repressive in eastern Europe, barring the Albanian regime.

Amnesty International has in recent years reported the existence of so-called "corrective labour" centres and psychiatric institutions for dealing with critics of the regime. Complaints of criticisms of any kind, branded as "anti-state propaganda", can land one in prison for anything from five to 15 years.

Yours sincerely,
ANTON LOGORECI,
18 Disraeli Gardens,
Fawe Park Road, SW15.
March 20.

Tory selection process

From Mr W. à Beckett Terrell

Sir, May I express a point of view as the chairman of the steering committee of a Conservative Association for a new constituency which has recently selected its parliamentary candidate? The root of present difficulties is an unwillingness to accept that the selection process, when properly carried out, is a democratic one. Once this view is, however, accepted it follows that the other elements of a democratic election are also entitled to be present, including the rights to canvass for votes and to have secret ballots.

A candidate who cannot win, in a full democratic selection process, the support of his association is not the strongest candidate to put before the electorate. But to do this properly he must be free to make himself as widely known as possible to his Conservative electorate.

It appears to me that there is a confusion in the logic which equates selection by a Conservative association with an application for a fellowship of All Souls or a position in the Civil Service. In the latter cases selection needs clearly to be based on record and merit and not on personal influence. But for a parliamentary candidate an ability to influence votes is *sine qua non* and there is no more effective and democratic way of doing this than by canvassing the Conservative selectorate, who may at the final stages be the whole membership and are themselves the elected representatives of the Conservative voters.

It is equally, of course, an essential ingredient of such a procedure that the votes cast at each stage are cast in secret ballot.

I do not believe that we need the excess of the American primary system. But democratic votes are there to be won and in a democratic selection process, as in other elections, they will be won by effective campaigning by an effective leader. They will not be won by being treated as unapproachable. Perhaps we have to accept that trusting the people also means trusting the Conservative Party membership.

Yours faithfully,
W. à BECKETT TERRELL,
Park Cottage,
Redenham,
Andover, Hampshire.

Widening scope for school technology

From Mr G. M. A. Harrison

Sir, Nobody could disagree with the general tenor of your recent reports (March 21,22,23) on microcomputing in schools, that more resources and firmer leadership are needed. You reinforce the message in your leading article (March 23) and your support is very welcome. But my own experience tells me that the microelectronics education movement is much more buoyant and accelerating more quickly than the rather negative comments of some of Lucy Hodges's consultants seem to suggest. A few observations:

All my own secondary schools are very close to the desirable target of 10 micros you mention. It is true that the UK is only on the edge of an education software revolution, but authors and publishers know it is coming and already our education software is so well known to be a world leader that action is in hand to sell it in expectant markets abroad.

More teachers than is supposed understand that microcomputing is an enabling technology in teaching and learning right across the curriculum, and an instrument for enlarging intelligence and creative imagination. Moreover, educators are now pressing beyond mere microelectronics and introducing students to the larger concerns of information technology – e.g., the uses and management of information, control technology, computer-aided design, telecommunications.

These statements do nothing to diminish your call for yet more vigorous action. And so I am happy to tell you that the education officers of the country have already taken up the challenge. The Society of Education Officers is now refining a strategy which will carry an urgent stimulus for development of IT (information technology) in education systematically in all levels and aspects of the public education service.

We see this as a necessary foundation, in the most modern terms, for the generation of those characteristics of capability, personal autonomy and systems competence that all in Britain these days – except for a few unregenerate, Bourbon-like defenders of a lopsided and inadequate view of culture – regard as essential components in the country's future economic effectiveness.

Yours faithfully,
MICHAEL HARRISON,
Chief Education Officer,
City of Sheffield,
PO Box No 67,
Leopold Street,
Sheffield,
South Yorkshire.
March 24.

From Mr A. J. Abbott

Sir, Your leader of March 23 highlights the need for "computer classrooms" in schools where entire classes of pupils may gain hands-on experience and use computers, not as substitutes for, but supplements to, good conventional teaching.

With classes in secondary schools often numbering 30 or more, this implies probably 15 microcomputers each serving a pair of pupils. The cost of this – hardware, software and other associated costs – is obviously substantial and causes most, if not all, authorities to baulk at the implications of adopting this as policy.

There is, however, a possible solution to this that can certainly be applied in many urban areas where population densities are high. Last summer the Open Terminal Computer Centre was established in Stevenage containing, amongst other things, just such a classroom with a network of 15 British-made microcomputers, each of a sizable (64K bite) memory capacity.

The centre is used during the school day by the pupils of three secondary schools, all of whom are within walking distance of the centre. Lessons in subjects as diverse as history and physics are now taught on an occasional basis to pupils from 11 years of age and upwards with the intention of making all pupils in the three schools familiar with microcomputer technology by the age of 14.

This is but part of the centre's purpose; during the evening the same machines, and much of the software, are used for a variety of training purposes for the greater community of the town. At weekends and during the holidays the centre is mounting specialised courses for other interested groups. These community courses are all mounted on a commercial basis.

The centre was set up as a bold co-operative venture between the schools and the borough council, with additional funding from local industries and commerce; its ongoing development now seems assured because of its commercial success. The benefit from a heavy capital expenditure is indeed being shared most profitably across a wide spectrum of the community.

Yours sincerely,
A. J. ABBOTT, Headmaster,
Alleyne's School,
Stevenage,
Hertfordshire.
March 25.

From Mr J. G. Biles

Sir, In 1934, at the age of 11 years, I left a junior school with children who were more literate than many who, today, have completed their education.

Our teacher had a class of 50 and took all subjects, his only resources being a profound knowledge of his own language and limited numbers of well thumbed books. In the absence of suitable literature in our homes we were recommended to the newspapers, in which typographical errors were rare, and whose English was impeccable.

Surely there is a lesson to be learned here.

Yours faithfully,
J. G. BILES,
Tresorn,
Crafthole,
Torpoint,
Cornwall.
March 22.

Proper use of loans

From Lord Airlie

Sir, The international banking community have been obliged to reschedule the immense debts of several Latin American countries in order to prevent default.

It is necessary and indeed reasonable to do this, provided that the funds made available are used to help resolve the underlying economic problems of those countries.

It seems neither necessary nor reasonable that these funds should be used to purchase armaments. The Nato governments should make every effort to ensure that the funds provided by their banking communities are accompanied by assurances that not one penny (or franc) will be spent on the purchase of arms which could be used for aggressive purposes.

Perhaps this is a matter which could usefully be discussed at the economic summit meeting at Williamsburg in May.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
AIRLIE,
5 Swan Walk, SW3.
March 21.

Male midwives

From Dr R. Graham-Brown

Sir, Unfortunately for Major Proctor (March 24) the term "accoucheur" is indeed in use, and it is applied to doctors, especially GPs, who undertake deliveries. Many such doctors call themselves "physician, surgeon and accoucheur". It would, I think, be inappropriate and confusing to transfer the term to non-medically qualified personnel.

I agree with Miss Morris (March 24) that the name midwife is perfectly adequate. It is clearly understood by all concerned and has the major advantage of being English.

Yours faithfully,
ROBIN GRAHAM-BROWN,
The Leicester Royal Infirmary,
Leicester.
March 24.

Where charities begin

From the Reverend Dr Kenneth Slack

Sir, Probably rightly, you judge that it is best for the High Court to decide whether the Charity Commissioners are right or wrong about the Moonies (leader, March 21). The cost of this procedure presents no problem to the Attorney General.

But what of a charity which is as convinced as the Attorney General that the commissioners are wrong in a particular judgment? Few could reasonably face the cost of such a procedure. Indeed I understand that there is some doubt whether use of charitable funds for an appeal to the court from a decision of the commissioners is legal.

Perhaps the salutary experience of the Attorney General will move him to bring forward legislation to implement the recommendation of the Goodman committee that a simple, cheaper procedure of appeal be established. He may even be moved drastically to reexamine the role of a body which combines administrative and judicial elements in a way more reminiscent of the Star Chamber than of today's concept of natural justice.

Yours faithfully,
KENNETH SLACK,
The Manse,
Allen Street,
Kensington, W8.

No stitch in time

From Mr T. P. Goodman

Sir, I am an ungrateful recipient of the Chancellor's largesse. My small company exports knitwear and sales this year are well ahead of last.

We could have financed the expansion "in house" by using the whole of last year's profits to lay in the stock. However, corporation tax has taken 40 per cent of this. I must now borrow to fund this expansion, and the interest payable on this will slow our rate of growth and keep me awake at nights.

Why cannot the Chancellor exempt from corporation tax liability, upon application, small companies with pretax profits of, say, £50,000 or less, provided they can evidence the reinvestment of these moneys into funding sales growth?

Tyros are told by tycoons that the first £50,000 was the worst. I believe them.

Yours faithfully,
T.P. GOODMAN, Chairman,
Inverallan Knitters Ltd,
Shavelhaugh Loan,
Alva,
Clackmannanshire.
March 16.

Collectors' items

From Mr R. F. Williams

Sir, I looked in vain for the missing "e" in your article on March 16 ("The Inland Revenue is planning to include some swinging new legislation in the Finance Bill . . .") but I need not have worried, as it turned up in Saturday's edition (March 19), where you reported a proposal "to impose nature conservation orders on a Somerset bird refugee".

It seems an awful lot of trouble for just one bird, especially as he is presumably fleeing from his homeland. My copy of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 does not seem to cover the problem, but perhaps your readers can shed some light on the matter.

Yours in flight,
RAY WILLIAMS,
Cherry Lodge,
Greenmore,
Woodcote,
Near Reading,
Berkshire.
March 20.

COURT AND SOCIAL

COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE

March 28: By command of The Queen, the Lord Skelmersdale (Lord in Waiting) called upon the Governor-General of Fiji and Adi Davila Penaia at the John Howard Hotel this morning and, on behalf of Her Majesty, welcomed Their Excellencies on their arrival in this country.

The Duke of Edinburgh will attend the Windsor stage start of the Sealink International Cycle Race at Windsor on April 21.

Princess Alexandra will lay the foundation stone on May 5 for new junior classrooms to mark the centenary of the move of Emanuel School to its present buildings at Battersea Rise, London.

The Duchess of Gloucester has become patron of the London Suzuki Group and the Helen Arkell Dyslexia Centre, and chief patron of the Women's Caring Trust.

Forthcoming marriages

Mr T G Burridge and Miss J A Saner
The engagement is announced between Terence, only son of Mr and Mrs R C Burridge, of New Denham, Buckinghamshire, and Jenifer, youngest daughter of Mr and Mrs J E D Saner, of Prenton, Birkenhead.

Mr S L Butler and Miss V Brownfield Pope
The engagement is announced between Simon, younger son of Mr Patrick Butler, of Chenton Bishop, Devon, and the late Mrs Eileen Butler, and Victoria, elder daughter of Mr Peter Brownfield Pope, of Chagford, Devon, and the late Mrs Joan Brownfield Pope.

Mr A C W King and Miss C J Maunder
The engagement is announced between Andrew, son of Mr and Mrs D H King, of Topsham, Devon, and Caroline, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs J L Maunder, of Halberton, Devon.

Mr J S Myerson and Miss C N Polemis
The engagement is announced between Jonathan, son of Mr A S Myerson, QC, and Mrs Myerson, of Chelsea, London, and Cynthia, daughter of Mr and Mrs A S Polemis, of Athens, Greece.

Mr N P Parry and Miss P M Trehearne
The engagement is announced between Nicholas, elder son of Mr and Mrs Peter Parry, of White Barns, Furneaux Pelham, Hertfordshire, and Priscilla, younger daughter of the late Mr Peter Trehearne, and Mrs Peter Trehearne, of 9 Astell House, Astell Street, London.

Captain C J G Thwaites and Miss M J C Smith
The engagement is announced between Charles John Gladwyn Thwaites, 4th/7th Royal Dragoon Guards, youngest son of Mr and Mrs J A G Thwaites, of Winter Combe, Eastnor, Herefordshire, and Miranda June, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs S B Smith, of Luggershill, Broadway, Worcestershire.

Marriages

Mr M J J Faber and Miss A Griffith
The marriage took place on March 26 in Michaelhouse Chapel, Balgowan, Natal, between Mr Mark Faber, son of Mr and Mrs Julian Faber, and Miss Ann Griffith, daughter of Mr Christopher Griffith and Mrs Gordon Rennie.

Mr E D Phillips and Miss A C Todd
The marriage took place in Chelsea on March 28 between Mr David Phillips and Miss Araminta Todd.

Memorial service

Mr R J Cann
A memorial service for Mr Robert John Cann was held in Guy's Hospital Chapel yesterday. The Rev Edward Martin officiated. Lord Robens of Woldingham (Chairman of Governors of Guy's Hospital Medical School) read the lesson and Mr L F W Salmon gave an address. Among those present were:
Mrs Cann (widow), Mr and Mrs John Cann (son and daughter-in-law), Dr Neil and Dr Gillian Glendinning (son-in-law and daughter), Mrs Joan Rogers (daughter), Mr Timothy Cann, Miss Sarah Cann, Miss Rebecca Cann, Miss Victoria Glendinning, Miss Lucy Glendinning and Miss Athena Rogers (grandchildren), Mr and Mrs Leslie Cann (brother and sister-in-law), Mrs A Colbourne (sister), Dr Lesley Will, Miss L B Smith.
Sir Peter Baldwin, Sir John Thompson, Sir Richard Hayward, Dr Max Rendall (Guy's Hospital Clinical Superintendent) with Professor Timothy Clark (representing the Dean of the Medical School), Mr and Mrs Donald Bumpus, Mr A H Burfoot, Dr G A K Mason (Department of Clinical Microscopy) and Mrs Mason, Mr Omar Shaheen (ENT Department) and Mrs Shaheen, Mr and Mrs Ellis Dowie, Mr and Mrs John Hibbert, Miss J C M Simmons and Mrs J Jones (Department of Physiotherapy) and Miss Nicola Hart (representing student physiotherapists).
Professor Keith Simpson, Mr Guy Blackburn (Society of Apothecaries), Mr Aubrey Gerhard Lyle, Mr and Mrs Philip Reading, Mrs L F K Salmon, Miss K Camp, Mrs Rosemary James (Lord Sutton's Health Almoners), Mr and Mrs A Franks, Dr and Mrs Stuart Scott, Mrs A Lukian, Dr and Mrs Pratt Lane, Professor M N Kaye, Dr D Stafford Clark, Dr and Mrs H Trafford, Dr R E Smith, Professor J R Trounce, Professor Sir Alfred Ajer, Professor the Rev Richard Lovelace, Professor S Cohen, Dr C Hardwick, Professor A H Rowe, Miss Philippa Sharp, Mr J Angell James, Miss Molly Harter, Mrs B Baker, Dr O M Carnegie and Mr and Mrs John Horne.

University news

Wales
Dr David Wulstan, professor of music at University College, Cork, has been appointed to the Gregynog chair of music at the University College of Wales, Aberystwyth.

Dr David Quentin Bowen, reader in geography, University College of Wales, Aberystwyth, has been appointed to the chair of physical geography at Aberystwyth.

Move to close Swedish royal park criticized

A plan to give the Swedish Royal Family greater privacy has caused protests (Christopher Mosey writes from Stockholm).

The Swedish security police have applied for permission to bar the public from a popular park at Drottningholm, the summer palace near Stockholm where King Carl Gustaf and Queen Silvia live.

So far, 1,000 Swedes have signed a protest petition. Mr Cilla Ericson, who is organizing the protest, said: "The park and the Palace are a work of art, of interest to the nation as a whole".

The Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh are due to make a state visit to Sweden in May.ends

Top points for Scotland

By a Bridge Correspondent

A total of 496 pairs competed during the weekend in the Portland Club Cup, British mixed pairs bridge championship. There were three heats in England (London, Leeds and Birmingham), two in Scotland (Falkirk and Perth) and one in Wales at Chepstow.

Results: 1 O J Frew and Mrs M Veitch (Scotland) 83,042 match points; 2 Mrs M Armstrong and G S Moffat (Warks) 22,840; 3 A R Forrester and Mrs S Horton (Notts) 21,707; 4 A Brentnell and Mrs S Bosler (Notts) 21,447; 5 Mr and Mrs J P Fenwick (Warks) 21,265; 6 A H Yzer and Mrs O Saunders (Scotland) 21,204; 7 Mrs W J Angwenting and P Shields (Gloucs) 21,127; 8 Mrs J Fopp and R J Rowlands (Surrey) 21,065; 9 C R S McCallum and Mrs R Martyn (Scotland) 21,076; 10 L W Steel and Mrs L McGowan (Scotland) 21,042.

Phillips

SALES SUCCESS

An enamel miniature by Henry Bone of Mary, Queen of Scots, signed and dated 1823.
Recently sold by Phillips in London for £1,250.

Phillips can still accept miniatures for their sale on 11 May at 2 pm.

Enquiries: Nana Prevelt Ext 229.

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Birthdays today

Mr Richard Rodney Bennett, 47; the Earl of Bessborough, 70; Sir Christopher Chancellor, 79; Mr Stephen Cheveley, 83; Mr Jack Jones, CH, 70; Sir Arthur Knight, 66; Miss Sylvia Law, 52; Sir Ieuan Maddock, 66; the Hon Ewen Montagu, QC, 82; Mr Arthur Negus, 80; Sir John Paul, 67; Sir Horace Petty, 79; Mr Chapman Pincher, 69; Sir John Read, 65; Mr Norman Tebbit, MP, 52.

Latest wills

Mr Cecil Matthew Rodocanachi, of Bayswater, London, left estate valued at £753,723 net. He left £6,300 and effects to personal legatees, £25,000 to the Guide Dogs for the Blind Association, £500 to the British Heart Foundation and to Bowden House Clinic, Harrow on the Hill, and the residue to the RNIB.

Other estates include (net, before tax paid):
Buckmaster, Eulalie Agnes Selby, of Moreton Morrell, Warwickshire £479,815
Donelan, Mr Denis Ambler of Limpsfield, Surrey £243,326
Parkinson, Mr Albert Edward of Virginia Water, Surrey £290,703
Pettit-Mills, of Brimpton, Berkshire £324,611
Ripley, Mrs Patricia Norma Phyllis, of Privett, Alton, Hampshire £700,339
Robson, Mrs Juliet Louise, of Highgate, London, Madame Juliet Alvin, founder of the British Society for Music Therapy £314,129

Keith Castle, who received a heart transplant at Papworth Hospital, Cambridgeshire, more than three years ago, in Trafalgar Square, London, yesterday after being presented with a car in which to tour Britain raising funds for the hospital. Sister Lynne Clapperton-Roberts, of Papworth, handed over the vehicle, which had been provided by a life insurance company.

Luncheons

HM Government
Lord Belstead, Minister of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, was host at a luncheon at 1 Carlton Gardens yesterday given in honour of the ASEAN Heads of Mission.

HM Government
Mr Jerry Wiggin, Parliamentary Under Secretary of State for the Armed Forces, was host at a luncheon given at Admiralty House yesterday in honour of the Crown Prince of Bahrain, Commander in Chief of the Bahrain Defence Force. Other guests were:
Shaikh Mohammed Bin Mubarak Al-Khalifa, the Ambassador of Bahrain, Shaikh Khalid Bin Ahmad, Colonel Shaikh Abdullah Bin Sulman, Colonel Shaikh Ali Bin Abdulla, Sir Victor Goodhew, MP, Admiral Sir William Pillar, Mr D Watkins, MP, Mr J Biggs, Mr K P Jeffs, Mr S L Egerton, Mr H D A C Miers, Mr C N Davies, Major-General K Perkins and Mr R C Orford.

Royal Over-seas League
Sir David Scott, Chairman of the Royal Over-seas League, and members of the central council entertained at luncheon at Over-seas House yesterday the High Commissioner of Sierra Leone.

Dinners

Prime Minister
The Prime Minister held a dinner at 10 Downing Street yesterday evening in honour of Sir Douglas and Lady Wass. The other guests were:
Miss Sasha Wass, Mr Andrew Wass, Lord and Lady Lever of Manchester, Lord and Lady Barber, Lord and Lady Cockfield, Lord and Lady Richardson of Duntisbourne, Mr William Whitelaw, CH, MP, and Mrs Whitelaw, Sir Geoffrey Howe, QC, MP, and Lady Howe, Mr Denis Healey, CH, MP, and Mrs Healey, Mr Joel Barnett, MP, and Mrs Barnett, Mr Terence Higgins, MP, Sir Anthony and Lady Rawlinson, Sir William and Lady Forte, Sir Robert and Lady Armstrong, Sir Peter and Lady Carey, Sir Frank and Lady Cooper, Sir Kenneth and Lady Couzens, Mr Michael Scholar, Mr and Mrs Peter Middleton, Mr and Mrs J O Littler, Mr and Mrs Gordon Downey, Mr and Mrs Christopher McMahon, Mr and Mrs Robin Butler, Mr and Mrs T Burns and Mr John Williams.

British Institute of Management
Mr Brian Quinn, Chairman of the City of London Branch of the BIM, was host at the Branch's annual dinner held at the HQ of the Honourable Artillery Company on Friday, March 25. Mr Roger Young, vice-chairman, proposed the toast to the guests who included Mr Roy Close, Director General of BIM, Mr Larry Tindale, Chairman of the BIM Council, and the guest of honour, Vice-Admiral Sir James Kennon, who responded on behalf of the guests.

Ross McWhirter Foundation
The Ross McWhirter Foundation memorial dinner was held at Goldsmiths' Hall yesterday. Lord Beloff, chairman, presided and Lord Rawlinson of Ewell, QC, was the principal speaker. Awards were presented by Mrs McWhirter to Mr Johnny Johnson, Mr Trajan Dors, the Marchioness of Salisbury, Miss Janet Gill, Mr Hanif Chedury, Mr George Kelly, Mr Nicholas Oatway, PC Donald Johnston and WPC Christine Richardson. Others present included:
Baroness Airey of Abingdon, Rear-Admiral and Mrs J C Bartosik, Lady Beloff, Mr John Buchanan, Lord and Lady Carr of Hadley, Lord Charles Cecil, Lord and Lady Harris of High Cross, Sir Robert and Lady Hobart, Dr Michael Hooker, Sir Basil and Lady Lindsay-Fynn, Mr Norris McWhirter, Lady (John) Mellows, Lady (Charles) Norton, Lady Rawlinson of Ewell, Canon and Mrs N G Routledge, Sir Percy and Lady Rugg, the Marquess of Salisbury, Sir Walter and Lady Salomon, Sir William and Lady Shapland, Lord Shawcross, QC, Sir Roy Sisson, Lady Trumpington, the Rev Basil Watson, Sir Reginald Wilson and the Bishop of Norwich and Mrs Maurice Wood.

Meetings

Manchester Literary and Philosophical Society
Dr Jonathan Miller delivered the Ciba-Geigy lecture to members of the Manchester Literary and Philosophical Society at the Royal Northern College of Music in Manchester last night. Mr David Wilson, president, was in the chair. Among the guests present were the Lord Lieutenant of Greater Manchester and Lady Downward and the Vice-Chancellor of Manchester University and Mrs Richmond.

Royal Over-Seas League
Sir Frank Hartley was guest speaker at a meeting of the Discussion Circle of the Royal Over-Seas League, held at Over-Seas House, St James's, last night. Mrs E. Cresswell presided.

Service reception

The Royal Scots (The Royal Regiment)
To mark the 350th anniversary of the raising of the regiment The Royal Scots (The Royal Regiment) held a reception at Armoury House yesterday by permission of The Honourable Artillery Company. Lieutenant-General Sir Robert Richardson, Colonel of the Regiment, presided. The guests included:
The Canadian High Commissioner and Mrs Jamieson, the French Ambassador and Mme de Margerie, the Swedish Ambassador and Mrs Leifland, the Secretary of State for Defence and Mrs Heseltine, the Secretary of State for Scotland and Mrs Younger, Field Marshal Sir Edwin and Lady Bramall, General Sir John and Lady Stanier, General Sir George and Lady Cooper, General Sir Victor and Lady Fitzgeorge Balfour, Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas and Lady Morony, Lieutenant-General Sir Paul and Lady Travers, Mr Peter Blaker, MP and Mrs Blaker, Mr Jerry Wiggin, MP, Mr and Mrs Brian Robson, Major-General and Mrs P F A Sibbald, Major-General and Mrs R W L McAlister, Major-General and Mrs J M Palmer, Rear-Admiral R S Sam Rhebergh, Brigadier and Mrs D J Ramsbotham, Brigadier and Mrs R K Hudson, Colonel R A Burford, Colonel and Mrs R N R P James, Colonel and Mrs Claude de Blanches, Lieutenant-Colonel G A Lees, Mr and Mrs Alexander Hart, Mr and Mrs Chris Mullinger, Mr Christopher Wain and Miss Joan Wankhyn.

Service dinner

5th Regiment Royal Artillery
Officers of the 5th Regiment RHA and 5th Regiment RA held a reunion dinner at the RA Mess Larkhill last night. Major-General Sir Peter Gillett was the guest of honour and Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. P. Stone presided.

Fellowship of Engineering

The President, Viscount Caldecote, was in the chair at the annual meeting of the Fellowship of Engineering, held in Westminster yesterday. The main business undertaken was the consideration of the annual report, the annual accounts and the election of new fellows. After the conclusion of the formal business, Sir Alistair Frame introduced a paper on: "Should there be a national strategy for technology and if so what should be the contribution of the fellowship?".

The sky at night in April

By Our Astronomy Correspondent

Mercury is an evening star reaching its greatest elongation of 20° on the 21st, when it will not set for over two hours after the Sun. It will, however, be brighter before that date and should be looked for about a week earlier, magnitude -0.3 on the 16th but +0.3 on the 21st.

Venus will be very prominent in the evening sky and lasts long enough to appear on our map, where its motion during the month is shown. Moon not far from it on the 15th and 16th.

Mars will be above the horizon for about an hour after sunset, but with a magnitude of only 1.6 it is unlikely to be noticed. Close to Mercury on the 9th: approximate position at 8-15BST, true bearing 285°, altitude 7°.

Jupiter in Ophiuchus will rise at about midnight but is not quite on our map. Moon not far from it on the 2nd and 29th.

Saturn will come into opposition on the 21st and will be at its brightest this year for most of the month. Magnitude 0.4, retrograding in Virgo. Moon near it on the night 26-27.

Uranus will be rising shortly before midnight, and Neptune about an hour and a half later.

Pluto is not normally mentioned in these notes as it is a faint object out of reach of most readers. This month however it will come into opposition on the 18th, magnitude 13.7, in the constellation Virgo.

Because of the high eccentricity of its orbit its present distance from the Sun is less than that of Neptune, although its mean distance is considerably greater.

The Moon: last quarter, 5d09h; new, 13d08h; first quarter, 20d09h; full, 27d07h.

Algol will have an evening minimum about 24d22h but it will be difficult to observe. Predictions for this star will now be discontinued until August.

With the turn of the year the Spring Triangle is once more coming into prominence. It is composed of the second magnitude star Denebola, the tail of Leo, and the first magnitude stars Arcturus and Spica. This last belongs to the constellation Virgo and was known to the Arabs of long ago as "the solitary one", standing out in a not particularly bright region of the sky.

Virgo, as the name suggests, is depicted in old star maps as a female figure usually, but not always, with wings. The stars form a rough Y opening towards Leo. The end of the branch near the equator is the tip of the left wing; the end of the other branch is an outstretched hand in some cases and the middle of the right wing in others; Spica is the left knee with a hand resting on it. Another of Spica's many interpretations is "the ear of corn", and the figure holds a sheaf of corn in this hand – not always, for Flamsteed shows it in the right hand.

Legends or interpretations are many, particularly Egyptian. It is an ancient zodiacal constellation and one Egyptian identification is Isis, the Mother of Nature, who scattered corn to make the Milky Way.

A Greek one is that of Astraea, the Goddess of Justice, who traditionally holds a sword in one hand and scales in the other. Some authorities, consequently, associate this constellation with the next one, Libra, the Scales.

Spica, close to magnitude 1, is a hot "blue" star at about 20,000 degrees C. Its diameter is estimated to be rather more than three times that of the Sun, and its distance about 220 light years. Gamma Virginis, at the fork of the Y, is an interesting binary star. The period of revolution of one about the other is only 180 years, so a change can be seen within a normal lifetime. The two components, both magnitude 3½ and "yellow-white" at 7000 degrees, can still be separated with a three-inch telescope, but year by year they are closing in and becoming more difficult to divide. An old name for this star is Porrima, the Goddess of Prophesy.

The diagram shows the brighter stars that will be above the horizon at the latitude of London at 23h (11 pm) at the beginning, 22h (10 pm) in the middle and 21h (9 pm) at the end of the month. local mean time. At places away from the Greenwich meridian the Greenwich times at which the diagram applies are later than the above by one hour for each 15 deg. west of Greenwich and earlier by a like amount if the place be east. The map should be turned so that the horizon the observer is facing (shown by the words around the circle) is at the bottom, the zenith being at the centre. Greenwich Mean Time, known to astronomers as Universal Time and expressed in 24-hour notation, is used in the accompanying notes unless otherwise stated.)

OBITUARY

LIEUT-GEN SIR TERENCE AIREY

Administration of postwar Trieste

Lieutenant-General Sir Terence Sydney Airey, KCMG, CB, CBE, who was Military Governor of the Anglo-American Zone, Trieste, from 1947 to 1951, died on March 26 at the age of 82. In this post he won a high reputation for his work of reconstruction and administration and for his firm and wise handling of a complex political situation.

Airey had a long record of distinguished service in the army, mainly on the staff. He was a modest unassuming man, but those who worked with him soon learned to appreciate his essential friendliness, his sharp judgment and his keen intelligence. He was a fluent linguist and spoke four European languages, besides being a first class interpreter in Arabic.

Terence Sydney Airey was born on July 9, 1900, the son of Sydney Airey. He was educated at Gresham's School, and was commissioned from Sandhurst in the Durham Light Infantry in 1919. Having passed the Staff College, he served as a staff officer in the Sudan and then with the British Military Mission to the Egyptian Army, thus gaining experience which was to stand him in good stead when the war came.

In 1941 he held an administrative post under General Sir William Platt in Abyssinia, after which he returned to GHQ Cairo to be Director of Special Operations and, later, Director of Military Intelligence. He joined the headquarters of the 18th Army Group in 1943 as Brigadier, General Staff, and served in that capacity throughout the latter part of the Tunisian campaign and the operations in Sicily and Italy.

In June 1944 he was promoted Major General and appointed Assistant Chief of Staff to General Alexander. It was in this capacity that he flew with an American colleague to Switzerland, to discuss with SS General Karl Wolff, arrangements for a meeting at Alexander's Headquarters to negotiate the surrender of the German forces in Italy.

Switzerland being neutral, he had to travel in civilian clothes, and, taking the name of Mr Macneilly, he gave out that he was only making the trip to buy a fine German dachshund called Fritzel, whose name became the cover word for the operation. He brought the dog back with him.

The talks with Wolff on this occasion came to nothing, but, when Stalin heard of them a few days later, he accused the British and Americans of "going behind the backs of the Soviet Union" because no Russian representative had been present. An acrimonious correspondence ensued with President Roosevelt and Mr Churchill, but Stalin stuck to his point of view, and would not apologise for sending a message which Churchill described as "insulting to the honour of the United States and also of Great Britain."

After the war, Airey served for a year as Chief of Staff to the Commander in Chief Central Mediterranean Forces, and was for a time Acting Deputy Supreme Allied Commander in the Mediterranean Theatre.

In 1947 he was appointed Commander and Military Governor of the Anglo-American Zone, Trieste. The original intention was that the Allied Military Government should administer the free territory temporarily, pending the appointment of a civil Governor. But the years passed without such an appointment being made, and Airey found himself in effect in charge of the whole administration of the Trieste territory, dealing with such widely different matters as the supervision of its foreign trade, refugee problems, internal factions, and the administration of Marshall aid.

When Airey took over the zone it was a completely demoralised area where law and order had ceased to exist. When he left three years later, prosperity had been restored and big works of reconstruction had been completed, including the re-equipment of the harbour and freeing it from wrecked ships, and the replacement of the marshalling yards ceded to Yugoslavia under the peace treaty. Trade with the hinterland had been restored to a great extent, and by 1949 the port was handling a tonnage of goods which was a record in its whole history.

Throughout his governorship Airey picked his way with considerable skill and firmness amid the whirlpools of the complex local politics, and, when he left in 1951, all sections of the population felt they were losing a friend who had served them faithfully and well.

On the completion of his tour of duty at Trieste, Airey was appointed Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, to General Eisenhower at Supreme Allied Headquarters, Europe. His last appointment was as Commander, British Forces, Hongkong, from 1952 till 1954 in which year he retired from the Army. He was Colonel of his Regiment from 1952 to 1956. He was made a CBE in 1943, a CB in 1944, and created KCMG in 1951 for his services in Trieste. He was an Officer of the US Legion of Merit, a Commander of the Legion of Honour, and had the French Croix de Guerre.

He married in 1933 Constance Hedley by whom he had one son. This marriage was dissolved in 1947. He married in the same year Bridget, daughter of Colonel the Hon Thomas Vesey.

MISS ROWENA CADE

Miss Rowena Cade, who founded the world famous Minack Theatre, at Porthcurno, in Cornwall, died on March 26 at the age of 89. From a local production of *A Midsummer Night's Dream* in 1929 which led to *The Tempest* first being produced in the natural amphitheatre of the Minack in 1932 on land owned by Miss Cade, her vision of the theatre took shape to provide a unique venue where amateur companies have played to audiences in all weathers.

Dorothy Mary Rowena Cade's death also robs the West Cornish cliffs of one of their most distinctive and colourful personalities. Over a span of nearly fifty years she conceived, created and directed the Minack Theatre, an open-air theatre which has given pleasure, entertainment and inspiration to the thousands who have watched its annual summer season of plays or visited this lovely amphitheatre fashioned out of a cliff of granite and gorse and heather a few miles from Land's End.

Few realized that most of the work that had gone into designing and building the now massive structure had been done by Miss Cade herself. She made the permanent features of concrete to blend with the stone outcrop, which she finished with Cornish crosses and Celtic designs carved in the setting concrete. In the celebrated gully section of the auditorium, she carved the back of each seat with details of past productions. In more recent years when the coffee shop was built and the dressing rooms extended, she remained the chief inspiration and dominating influence.

The theatre, now happily established in perpetuity as a Trust, will continue and be her lasting memorial but it is not only for this, her life-work, that she will be remembered. She was a character who adorned almost everything she touched. Her talents lay especially in her creative hands but it was her compulsive personality, her old-fashioned charm and her sometimes ruthless single-mindedness of purpose which impressed those who encountered her.

Miss Cade began making the theatre in 1932 as a private venture in the grounds of her cliff-top house at Porthcurno. She was still to be seen at work there in her eighties in all seasons adding touches of grace and amenity for spectators and players. The daily presence in the theatre of her spare figure, calloused hands and halo of wind-swept white hair was sadly missed when she was incapacitated in 1979 and became dependent on a wheel-chair.

But she still made some appearances in the theatre, and it was a memorable occasion when at the age of 89 she appeared at the jubilee production of *The Tempest* in 1982, fifty years to the day after it was the first play performed in the theatre.

PROFESSOR DENNIS FRY

Professor A. C. Gimson writes:

Professor Dennis Fry, who died on March 21 at the age of 75, spent all his university life in the Department of Phonetics at University College London.

Appointed as an assistant lecturer in 1934, he became a Reader in 1948 and Professor of Experimental Phonetics in 1958. His main interest always lay in the rapidly expanding field of experimental phonetics, and it was due to his early initiatives in speech analysis and synthesis by means of the new electronic techniques that the department (of which he was head from 1949 to 1971) is now recognized as one of the most successful in the world.

During the war he spent four years in charge of the acoustics laboratory of the RAF Central Medical Establishment where he was occupied with the problems concerned with aviation and hearing; and since then much of his time was devoted to the education of the deaf. His own research gained for him an international reputation as one of the leaders in the field.

From 1971 he was president of the Permanent Council for the Organisation of International Congresses of Phonetic Sciences; he was a Fellow of the Acoustical Society of America and an honorary Fellow of the College of Speech Therapists. It was in 1958 that he launched a new journal, *Language and Speech*, which he edited for twenty years and which provided most successfully a much-needed forum for all those in different disciplines concerned with the various aspects of human communication.

Throughout his academic life he was an outstandingly lucid teacher who was able to set the study of language in a wider setting of human behaviour. Suspicious of what he considered the cant and mysticism of much of contemporary linguistic theory, he preferred to apply to his study of speech and language a rigorous examination of data obtained by observation and experiment.

It was only after his retirement in 1975 that he was able to find time to write his books *Homo Loquens* (1977) and *The Physics of Speech* (1979), which were to sum up for the general reader his approach to the study of speech.

His scientific preoccupations were however matched by a most sensitive appreciation of the arts. He was a devotee of Proust and Anthony Powell, but it was in music that he found the most enriching experience.

A splendid singer, he delighted many audiences in the baritone roles of Mozart and Donizetti. His love of opera was recognized when in 1966 he was appointed a governor of the Sadler's Wells Foundation. The many diverse interests which filled his life revealed a man of exceptionally wide knowledge, of generous vision, of open-mindedness, and of good humour.

ARTHUR KOESTLER

H. C. writes:

The story of Arthur's imprisonment in Spain is widely known. Not so well-known (since that was his own wish) is the generous Award founded by him some twenty years ago in order to express his gratitude to those in this country who helped to secure his release and indeed to save his life. The Award, administered in partnership with the Home Office, consists of a number of cash prizes given annually for original works of art and handicraft, literature and music (and including achievements in the field of vocational and industrial training) which have been executed in prisons, Borstals, or special hospitals.

Although Arthur always remained resolutely in the background of the Award it was a cause very close to his heart.

That his personal interest was known to and appreciated by many of the prisoners themselves is shown by the fact that the day after his death a large bunch of flowers was sent to the Trustees with the sympathy of the prisoners of Maidstone Prison in memory of a true friend.

DR KEVIN FENELON

Dr Kevin Fenelon who died on March 12 at the age of 84 made a major contribution to economic planning in the Middle East through his assiduous efforts and care in collecting and publishing primary statistics. These data formed the basis for Government housing, health and educational plans in Iraq, Kuwait, Bahrein and the United Arab Emirates.

He took an MA and doctorate in economics at Edinburgh and as a lecturer there he gained a considerable reputation as one of the earliest writers on transport economics. He was a founder member and Secretary of the Scottish branch of the Institute of Transport.

He moved to Manchester in 1931 to become Director of the Department of Industrial Administration (a forerunner of our present day business schools) and was also a founder member of the British Institute of Management. At both universities he was an active WEA lecturer and also served for many years on the Council of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, as well as being the Recorder of its Economics Section.

In 1947 he became Director of Statistics at the Ministry of Food, and in 1951, with the end of food shortages, left to begin his long and successful career in the Middle East. He was responsible for setting up and running government statistical offices in Iraq (for which he was appointed CBE in 1959), Kuwait, Bahrein and Abu Dhabi, from where he retired in 1976 at the age of 77.

He was a keen author and wrote a variety of books on subjects that included road and railway economics, blind workers in industry, and the Middle East, his last book on the United Arab Emirates being published in 1973 and revised in 1976.

Ivan Vinogradov, the Soviet mathematician and author of the influential textbook *Basis of the Theory of Numbers*, died on March 24 at the age of 92. For his contribution to the development of the analytical theory of numbers, he was honoured by awards from over 20 countries.

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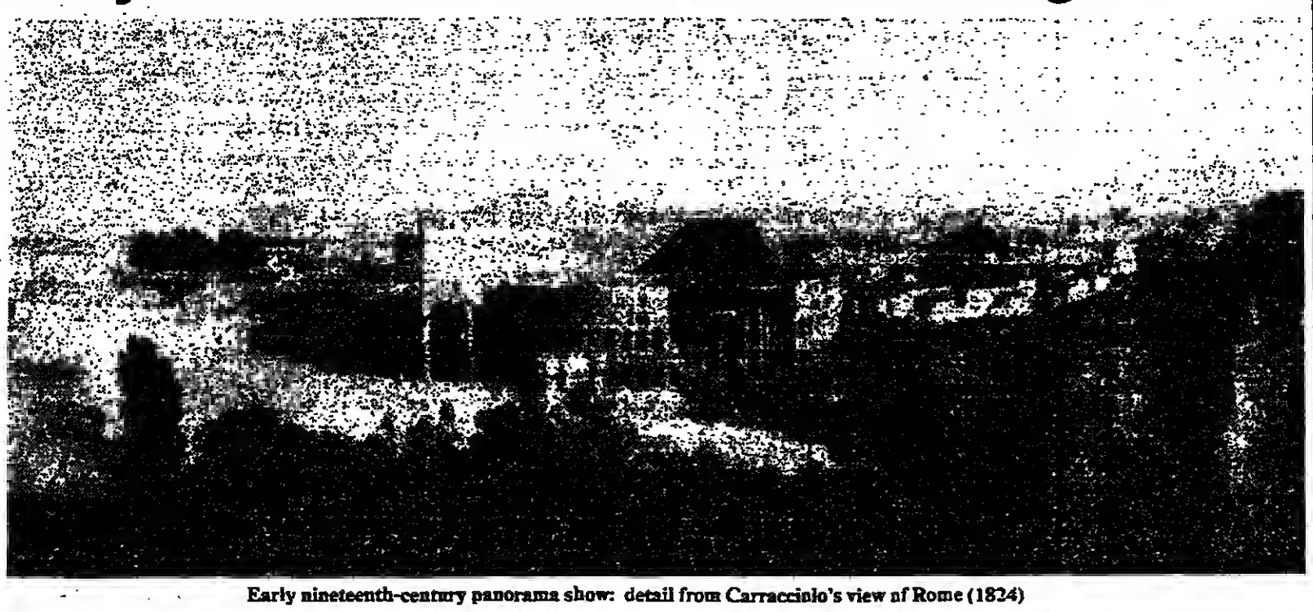
THE ARTS

Galleries

A journey from education to sheer delight

Pattern and Design/ Personal Choice

Henry Cole Wing, Victoria and Albert Museum



Early nineteenth-century panorama show: detail from Carracciolo's view of Rome (1824)

There is a section of the new Henry Cole Wing at the Victoria and Albert Museum called "The Tip of the Iceberg". Actually it is at the base of the iceberg, being located neatly under the central stack of bulk storage spaces, but we know what they mean. And, anyway, the opening of these six floors of new exhibition areas and facilities on Exhibition Road serves as a whole to remind us of what we are often in danger of forgetting or taking for granted: that what we can see on show at any given time in the Victoria and Albert is bound to be only a generous sampling of the untold riches at the museum's disposal. Of course the major masterpieces are likely always to be visible, unless they are occupying the attention of the conservation department or, exceptionally, on loan elsewhere. But a museum is not just about masterpieces, and this one in particular is about the whole history of design, illuminating its subject for us not by isolated spotlights on the hundred best but by allowing an even, conservation-approved lighting to play over a representative selection from an infinitude of possibilities.

So, naturally, the more space the better. The prime purpose of the new wing is to give a proper showcase to the museum's prints, drawings, photographs and paintings. Not that they are meant to be seen in isolation from everything else: presumably, even if for the moment we are very conscious of the wing as a separate entity on the other side of the Exhibition Road entrance from the main body of the collections, we shall soon get used to it as just another section, part of the same general concept. To help us keep this in mind, the biggest and most imposing of the temporary exhibitions which will be a regular feature of the second and third levels is Pattern and Design (until July 3). This deliberately emphasizes the connexions between the Department of Prints, Drawings and Photographs and the rest of the primary collections, by bringing together examples of the decorative arts from 1480 to 1980 with examples of the draughtsman's art which have somehow contributed to or reflected them.

Sometimes the relationship is the most obvious one: here is a silver candlestick by or after George Michael Moser and there, next to it, is the original drawn design, embodying the suitably rococo concept of Daphne beginning to change into a bush. Sometimes the relationship is more general: next to these two pieces is a seventeenth-century anonymous Italian painting of the legend, and next to that a print based on Bernini's sculpture, which was no doubt somewhere not so far towards the back of Moser's mind when he did the design. And beyond them a collection of designs for candlesticks or columns which use the idea of the caryatid, also clearly contributory to the design we started out with. In this way variations on a theme are allowed to echo and re-echo, reminding us that no designer is an island and no single masterwork is without its antecedents and its context.

Six centuries is a very long time to cover in one show, even quite a large one, and the devisers of *Pattern and Design* do not attempt to make it exhaustive. But as we dart from Limoges enamels to Ravilious Wedgwood, and from Chippendale chinoiserie (now reattributed to John Linnell) to Voysey Art Nouveau, we cannot but wonder, as of course we are meant to, at the astonishing variety of what the museum has to offer. Also, be it said, the singular beauty of many of the least regarded examples. Where a collection like the V & A's constantly takes one by surprise is in its invitation to break down in our minds the artificial barriers between the fine and the applied arts.

Art, after all, is not produced only from the conscious intention to make art. Frequently a drawing which was in origin purely functional – an instruction to someone else on how to make something or do something – turns out to have for later observers the most extraordinary aesthetic qualities which have little or nothing to do with its first purpose. We can learn a lot from the exhibition, by following through in detail the processes by which, say, William Morris came to design his famous *Willow* wallpaper, but beyond that we must rapidly pass beyond education to delight.

The sort of delight, no doubt, that is witnessed in another exhibit in the show, Burne-Jones's sketchbook of c.1862, open at the page on which he has drawn, and in the process made his own, a couple of details from the Renaissance terracotta group of a boy and girl with a goose, shown right beside it and seen by him in the South Kensington Museum (as it then was) more than a century ago. Upstairs on the fourth level we can then follow out the influence this study, and others like it, had on his work as a painter: the extra space assigned to the Ionides Collection has permitted the exhibition of several works which have hardly been on show within living memory, such as the strange monochrome *Cupid's Hunting Fields*, while hard by are the large watercolour design of *The Tree of Life* and the painted model for the apse of St Paul's American church in Rome. And again it is apparently just the tip of the iceberg: the museum has also some very large works by Burne-Jones which have never been properly shown for lack of space – a situation which the Henry Cole Wing should soon be able, at least temporarily, to correct.

It may seem perverse that I pick out Burne-Jones from the painting collection, when there are much more "important" works in extol. And indeed I would be failing in my duty if I did not recommend to you in their new home the Constable collection, the portrait miniatures and the rest of the already famous paintings in the V & A. (Though I must in fairness add that those in the outer galleries are not always easy to see: reflection problems from the windows are still to be solved.) But the most exciting thing about the museum in general, intensified by this new addition, is the way that it sends you off in all sorts of unexpected directions, following up this lead over on the other side of the building or checking your responses to works and artists you thought you had completely taped. Rembrandt, Botticelli and Degas (to mention only three in the Ionides Collection) probably do not need this; but anything which makes us look at the Burne-Joneses of this world with new eyes is surely to be encouraged.

The new building has one absolute novelty: for the first time there is proper space for a permanent display of key works from the museum's photographic collection, arranged as an informal guide to early photographic processes – though the selection is made with an eye as much to inherent beauty and interest as to the purely informational side of things. There is also room for a succession of temporary shows drawn from the collection, and the first of these, Personal Choice (until May 22), develops the idea of having 30 persons of note – painters, writers and, most significantly, photographers – select two photographs each and tell us, if they can, exactly what the fascination is for them.

There are some likely and some very unlikely choices: Burne-Jones turns up even here, since one of David Hockney's choices is a Frederick Hollyer photograph of *Perseus and Medusa* while still in Burne-Jones's studio. It is intriguing to see Kitaj, for instance, responding to Bellocq's nude portrait of a masked prostitute and Doisneau's picture of a Parisian pug, though not unexpected: the images might well be from his own recent paintings. And many of the other artists involved run true to form: it seems right that David Bailey should select Witkin's *Women Breastfeeding* on *Eel*, or Bill Brandt pick Koudelka's *Prague 1968*, with the watch on the wrist held out in front of a blanched, empty avenue. But how interesting that Mark Holborn couples one of Robert Frank's glorified snapshots of America with one of Eikoh Hosoe's sinister, symbolic pieces, about as far away on the spectrum of photographic effect as one could imagine.

As well as standard classics, there are unfamiliar works aplenty, and I do not imagine anyone could come out of the show without a few new ideas and a burning desire to answer questions that had never even crossed the mind before. And possibly, after meditating on the evidences of pre-cinema in the historical section, go back upstairs to take another look at the Carracciolo panorama of Rome (1824) and the accompanying explanation of the early nineteenth-century *panorama* shows and their workings. And so, start all over again . . .

John Russell Taylor

Television

Without a doubt

If common sense were a virtue Bobby Robson would be a saint: "You can't get blood out of a stone because there is no blood in a stone." Such hard-headed attitudes have taken him all the way to the top of his profession and Bobby Robson at Ipswich (Channel 4) is already a thing of the past: now he is manager of the English team. This was an account of a football club from the inside, and was a conventional enough exercise in *television vérité*: in fact there are more "behind the scenes" accounts on television these days than there are scenes themselves. For those of us who have grown tired of the muscular clichés of the commentators, however, that may come as a relief.

Mr Robson – "Bite! Bite!" were almost his first words – combines the manic exuberance of a Butlin's tour guide with the inspired wrath of a fundamentalist preacher; there is something almost admirable about a man who seems to suffer from no doubts about anything, least of all about himself. It is a relief he went into football, otherwise he would probably have become a trade union leader.

I have to admit that football managers as a species do not interest me very much: having suffered as a schoolboy from the attentions of hysterical sports masters, screaming insults from the edge of the pitch, I find cries like "You're going in too early!" and "Think about it, Arnold!" somewhat lacking in charm. The fascination which they exert upon the "media" is understandable, however: they are the only executives in England who still take their jobs seriously and, what is more, they are the only people left who still wear wide-striped ties. Think about it, Bobby!

I am doubtful about the continuing appeal of such programmes, though, except of course to those unhappy people who like to see naked footballers clambering into the showers. Last night's programme followed the usual pattern of such "inside" documentaries – the private interview with an aspiring player, the pep talk to the team, the agony on the bench, the little piece of reflective commentary with background music (no doubt from *Chariots of Fire*). At this late date, it is somewhat lacking in drama. In any case, half of the programme consisted of confused shouting and foul language – not from the terraces, but from the changing room.

Peter Ackroyd

Rock

Mari Wilson

Palladium

No one really knows how to interpret Mari Wilson, she of the high-rise beehive hair-do, the equally extravagant gowns and the publicity which declares her to be Neasden's Queen of Soul. Existing somewhere between the straight repro of Showaddywaddy and the twisted ironies of the early Roxy Music, she purveys a richly ambiguous mixture of warm nostalgia, camp humour and the most straightforward kind of pop music.

No longer fashionable with the avant garde, she has yet to make a clear explanation of herself to the broader pop audience; which is probably why the Palladium was by no means full on Sunday evening. This was less than she deserved, since she and her many accomplices produced a show infectious enough to banish the reticence of those who had turned up not knowing quite what to expect or how to respond.

It was a show in which something was happening all the time, in which every detail counted. Each gesture mimed by the backing singers, each pose struck by the variously costumed Miss Wilson, each nuance of instrumental timbre and each flicker of the spotlights added to a knowing but thoroughly good-natured montage of post-war pop culture.

For at least one listener, however, it is what is in the grooves that counts, and Miss Wilson's Motown-rooted Sound of Young Neasden proves itself on musical values alone. The dry "This Is It", the downbeat "One Day in a Lifetime" (performed as a Marvin-and-Tammi duet with Paul Young, late of the Q-Tips) and the swooning "Baby It's True" were craftily arranged, immaculately played and sung with flair and real authority. Miss Wilson and Bruce Springsteen are the only people who would be allowed near the Dansette at my party.

Richard Williams

Concerts

RPO/Foster

Festival Hall

Any concert billing tends to look up when the name of Dmitri Alexeev appears; and so it was on Sunday when the young Russian pianist proved yet again his unique and high standing among his contemporaries as he joined the Royal Philharmonic in a memorable performance of Rachmaninov's Rhapsody on a theme by Paganini.

Rarely has a performance made so consistently and irresistibly gripping the split-second whirligig of tension and release between keyboard and orchestra in the opening variations. And rarely have I heard the spring and pulse of each note, controlled by rigorous yet delightfully loose-limbed strength, at the service of such a freshly individual response to the work as a whole.

Not just in the minutely sensitive nurturing of his big showpieces, but at every turn, Alexeev's playing seemed to reinvigorate that of the orchestra under their one-time chief guest conductor Lawrence Foster. The savage power of his "Dies Irae" octaves would turn for colouring to the laconic bassoon; and, when it was the piano's turn to accompany solo oboe and violin, Mr Alexeev found a supple, swaying beauty of rapport, a vitality of timbre even at pianissimo, which augurs well for his Wigmore Hall recital with Barbara Hendricks in a week's time.

In Mr Alexeev's performances there is always that sense of the music being contained and poised in the head and hand, then realized on contact with the keyboard, not merely worked out through it. The equivalent approach was not, alas, in be found in the evening's flanking performances, a brisk Schubert Symphony No 3 of fresh but only generalized joie-de-vivre and a Fauré Requiem of equally generalized tranquility.

In both works the Royal Philharmonic played well, particularly in the Fauré, where the lower strings, in eloquent partnership with Thomas Allen, brought a density of expressive focus to the performance which was lacking in the well-blended but flaccid singing of the London Choral Society. Too often the admirably clear tone of this choir is dissipated in lazy vowels which slacken both pitch and line. *Jennifer Smith*'s "Pie Jesu" brought that vital dimension of ardour and personal response to sharpen and particularize the work's all too deceptive facility.

Hilary Finch

LSO Brass

Barbican

Music for brass instruments alone can be outdoor or indoor and just occasionally either, as seems possible with *November Journeys*, a "symphony for brass" by George Lloyd. Commissioned by the BBC, it was played for the first time in London on Sunday in a diverting programme by the LSO Brass Ensemble conducted by Edward Downes which is to be repeated here tomorrow.

A choir of brass in this hall sounds warm rather than resplendent, lively in projection instead of incisive. It suited the character of the new work, which is scored for 14 instruments including a flugelhorn and a euphonium. This seems more a series of impressionistic tone poems, derived by the composer from visits to cathedrals in this country, which happened to lend themselves to a symphonic mould of four movements.

They make agreeable listening even if the course of the music is often only too predictable in Mr Lloyd's preferred use of traditional harmonic methods. His felicities of scoring, however, include some chiming figures in the second movement; a blend of muted trumpet and euphonium in the third; and a majestic peroration reminiscent of Mussorgsky to end the finale, where stopped horns at one point added a kind of built-in reverberation.

Overlapping echoes were not to be heard in adaptations for modern instruments of Giovanni Gabrieli's antiphonal Venetian splendour.

Purists no doubt believe that trumpets in such music are an anachronism, since they had on part in Gabrieli's Renaissance textures, but to have his majestic cathedral sonorities transposed into a modern concert hall is something different again and not to be despised on that account. Indeed, the sense of grandeur and the skill of crossover writing in multi-directional effect achieved a certain splendour in the technique of these players.

One of them, the trombonist Eric Crees, had made special arrangements for the ensemble of the Variations on "America" by Charles Ives, treated with some tongue-in-cheek innovations of instrumental effect, and of Peter Warlock's *Capriol Suite*. The latter's medieval dance tunes in a modern guise actually sound more lively and boisterous than in Warlock's own string orchestra version, and they were played here with infectious rhythmic spirit.

Noël Goodwin

Murray/Johnson

Wigmore Hall

We have waited a long time for Ann Murray's London recital debut; and, to those who have followed her career through concerts, operas and recordings, Saturday evening may have come as something of a surprise.

She made no attempt to prove to us all she is capable of: the warm, darker region of her mezzo-soprano was barely touched; her sustaining power and dramatic resources were scarcely drawn upon. Instead, Miss Murray offered us an intelligently wrought programme of rarities and miniatures, all characterized by a musical and emotional restraint that bordered on minimalism.

As if taking a leaf out of the Songmakers' Almanac, of which she has long been a member, she and her accompanist Graham Johnson adopted a distinct stylistic pose throughout: the evening seemed in many ways what a dumb-show is to a drama, or a volume of *belles-lettres* to a novel. Within this scale, and despite their admirably clear, almost instrumental articulation, the Bach and Schubert, "Bist du bei mir", "Litanei" and "Ave Maria", inevitably sounded under-nourished. But four of Schumann's Op 40 songs, to poems of Hans Andersen, each one a miniature fairytale of sharp, often sinister detail, were perceptively re-created.

"Herzeleid", a tiny, poignant epitaph for Ophelia, most affectingly sung, led nicely to the pivot of Miss Murray's recital: Richard Strauss's Three Ophelia Songs. Here were the warm nuances of vocal timbre and the mordant expressionism which seemed to look back to the dark shadows behind the Schumann and forward to the Poulenc after the interval. The whiteness of the piano's tone, and its shock juxtapositions, were as arrestingly projected as were Miss Murray's arid vowels, shaping a cold, even line of distracted isolation.

This cultivation of a sense of the *ingenue*, with all the blank expressiveness of a mime artist, was used to different yet equally compelling effect in the Poulenc/Cocteau *Cocardes*. Here Miss Murray's ability to enunciate word as sound and sound as vivid, live brilliance whirled their surreal kaleidoscope of words into the air from her brightly expressive top register.

After Poulenc's own little set of fairytales, *La Courte saille*, Miss Murray and Mr Johnson turned to Cole Porter. Between them, they managed a nice line in coy poignancy.

Hilary Finch

In its ten years' existence the Academy of Ancient Music has risen to success greater than anyone dared foresee. **Nicholas Kenyon** talks to its director, Christopher Hogwood, who this weekend presents his Mostly Mozart festival at the Barbican

Authentic big business

John Manning

Christopher Hogwood rehearsing, from the harpsichord, the Academy of Ancient Music

"At the beginning it was very different. The reaction from most musicians was 'well, it won't teach us much' or 'it won't last long'. Now I find there's a remarkable interest and sympathy for our approach from all sorts of unlikely quarters. I am asked to the Hollywood Bowl and the New York Mostly Mozart festival to do Handel or Mozart with conventional chamber orchestras – they want to learn what this business of historical awareness is about."

Christopher Hogwood's Academy of Ancient Music is ten years old, and its success has been greater than anyone could have foreseen in the early days, when it appeared as an esoteric corner of what was then the "early music" world. Now its Mozart symphony cycle for Decca is complete (the last release is in April) and selling well, and Hogwood is directing his own Mostly Mozart festival at the Barbican this weekend.

Ten years ago they were playing trio sonatas in a way that attempted to recapture contemporary performance styles. Hogwood himself was a member of David Munrow's famous Early Music Consort, and had become somewhat disenchanted with it. "There simply wasn't enough evidence for all the things we were doing with medieval music, and I wanted to work in a period when I could relate far more closely the surviving instruments and written sources to the sound we produced. In the Consort I played the crumhorn before, oh, I think four crowned heads of Europe all on the strength of a thirty-minute lesson I once had in a Scottish canteen in the middle of some tour. It was one invention on top of another, all the time."

So Hogwood gathered together a few colleagues who were interested in the performance of baroque music; but it was a recording company, Decca, which provided the real initial stimulus. "We were playing small-scale works, because I wanted to explore what happens when you put three or four different sounds together, the textures and the problems of articulations and so on. But what provoked the larger Academy was that after a Carlton House concert one night we went out for a drink with Peter Wadland, who had just inherited the problem of what to do with the Oiseau-Lyre label, and came up with the idea that if we combined enough of these small groups – and we knew one or two oboists, horn players and so on – we might just manage to make an orchestra. So we did it."

Had he been worried about rushing straight on to disc with such a speculative venture? "Oh yes; and I still am. But that was the only way to do it then, and I think that if you are going to rush into a recording studio the best people to do it with are English players, who have this splendidly adaptable sense of what will work. So what we set up was this very, almost over-democratic, system, where everything was discussed and tried out, and we proceeded on the sum total of all the players' knowledge and research.

"I think there was a sense in the air that this thing had to happen. Even the Academy of St Martin's, with whom I'd been doing some work after Bob Dart died, had been experimenting: I'd been telling them to try playing without vibrato in the Vivaldi Op 3, and they almost did! I think a changeover to historically-aware styles of playing was already happening; we were a catalyst, if you like. But one interesting thing about our players, at least at the beginning, was that many of the strings had moved forward from being viol players rather than back from being modern violinists; that gave us a very different style from the Amsterdam and Vienna baroque orchestras, and also it made our sound really very different from what people were used to.

"I think there was a great deal of openness among the public, and especially in the first years, when we were doing repertory which was rarely touched by ordinary orchestras, there was this feeling of giving validity to music which usually sounded just rather weedy, straining against the medium. We could make it sound convincing." But has that not been altered now, when the pressure seems to be on for authentic bands to re-record familiar music? "Oh yes, and that is one of the big changes. Now that the record companies see that there are big opportunities in all this, it becomes far more difficult to persuade them to do unusual repertory and unheard-of composers, which is a great pity."

And had the record companies not oversold the whole business of authenticity? I reminded Hogwood that one of his recent records is marketed in the United States with the sticker "Authentic Edition: the famous Kanon *as Pachelbel heard it*". "Hmm, that's just a piece of patent commercialism; now we've made it into the big time, they have to extract their world killings. But I'm rather ambivalent about that approach, because of course in the eighteenth century there was masses of hype and self-advertisement. And with a record like that you do make so many converts and persuade people to listen in a way that they might not have thought of."

The Academy's cycle of the complete Mozart symphonies has been another enormous marketing success; what next? "My original idea, which may yet happen, was the Schubert symphonies. People thought the obvious thing would be Beethoven, but I think I'd prefer to skirt that for a while, because there are such problems. I think every group such as ours needs a basic repertoire where you can feel that, if you're using the right instruments and playing in a certain style, the music gives you back the answer whether you're doing it right or wrong. You can feel that certainly with Handel, and also with Mozart. And I think, from doing the Schubert sonatinas with Jaap Schröder, that you could feel it with him too. But Beethoven is always asking you to break a string or bust a lung, and that's just not safe territory to begin exploring these problems."

I wondered about the arrogance that seems to have affected the early-music scene, with its implication that their way is the only way. "I'm sick of early music as a concept, as a ghetto. I'm against centres and associations and so on – perhaps people just ought to have 'historical awareness' diplomas, or something. I think there's an assumption that if you exert yourself in this area then all other approaches are invalid. Of course not, you can listen to the music in whatever way you like. But I think it is reasonable to say that, if there are 47 or however many *Messiahs* in the record catalogue, it's a good idea if just a couple of those actually reflect what Handel wrote or how he might have expected to hear it."

Such a peaceful co-existence seems to lie at the heart of this weekend's Mostly Mozart festival at the Barbican, where Hogwood's authentic Mozart – a new completion of the *Requiem* removing all spurious elements, and a "Haffner" Symphony with an interpolated soprano aria – plus a stab at early Beethoven will rub shoulders with absolutely conventional concerts and a myriad of foyer happenings, 200-horn farragos and children's events. "The nice thing about all the T-shirts and cafes and entertainment, which is wonderful, is that it doesn't detract in any way from the really serious music-making. I hate festivals which aren't at *all* festive, and this one will have lots going on the whole time and will hopefully create an atmosphere in which the concerts can flourish. I learnt quite a bit from the New York Mostly Mozart festival, but one thing there is that the same orchestra plays all the time: its word is Mozart. I'd like to have as much variety of style as possible, and maybe in a future year have a couple of resident bands like the English Chamber Orchestra and a group from abroad, and include the really great Mozartians, like Serkin."

With Tanglewood beckoning in the summer, and an increasing number of outside commitments, does this mean that the Academy will suffer? "Actually, it helps to pay the bills. I have to find thousands each year to keep the Academy going, so to that extent all the Hollywood-type events are a guarantee that the Academy can continue."

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People/John Coyne, The MicroComputer Business

How to win at the sharp end

"Last Monday", says John Coyne, displaying a grazed knuckle. "We started Alaskan knife fighting. We also do something called spirit combat, which includes Japanese sword fighting. It's like kendo, but you use open blades instead of sticks."

Coyne is explaining how he and his partner Helmut Freericks, a Dutchman, relieve the tension of running their computer company. "We were both working about 18 hours a day, and our nerves were jangling. We decided we'd better take up a pretty active sport. I joined a ju-jitsu club, and Helmut came along."

The conflicts of the martial arts do not extend to business hours. The two men met when they worked together in Holland, and developed a respect for each other's abilities. Coyne returned to Britain in 1980 to found The MicroComputer Business, a software company. Freericks joined him three months later.

"I take Helmut's word on anything", says Coyne. "He knows more about microcomputers than anyone else. He not only writes the system software, he builds microcomputers. He built probably the first micro in Europe, nine years ago."

Freericks is now 28. John Coyne, who is just 30, says that things started happening for him when he was 26. "That's when I decided I would start pushing myself up."

Before that he had worked on computers with a British company, switched to a large software house, then became manager of computer services for a Swiss firm, and finally moved to Holland.

The MicroComputer Business came about because Coyne felt that a good idea was being wasted. While with the Dutch company he took it on himself to survey the microcomputer market, and decided there were opportunities in packaged software. Unhappy that his ideas were not received more enthusiastically, he returned to Britain and started his own company.

"I wanted to put together a suite of business applications programs that covered everybody's needs, and that were fail-safe", he explains. "I borrowed some money from a chap I met in a pub and started research."

Programs, he believes, should be written to get the most out of a particular machine. "Everyone else was designing to the lowest common denominator."

Another element in his approach concerns presentation. "The documentation is intended for everybody – it meets the needs of the systems analyst, but also includes operator instructions for people who just about know how to read."

Although The MicroComputer Business made a slower start than Coyne had hoped, he expects it to turn over about £2.5m this year. A lot of this will come from abroad, with big contracts already in the United States, Australia, the Middle East, and South-East Asia.

Coyne refers to *The Book of Five Rings*, which he says is required reading in Japan, and was written by that country's most renowned swordsman. Is it about swordsmanship? "It's about the strategy of winning."

Roger Woolnough

A first in London festivals

The first London Computer Festival opens on April 3, for two weeks. One of the main attractions will be the three-day Computer Fair at the Central Hall, Westminster (14 to 16 April), writes Geoffrey Ellis.

This is the old North London Poly fair, which has now outgrown its accommodation. Three years ago it started with only 20 exhibitors and drew 5,000 visitors; this year there will be more than 70 exhibitors with the organizers hoping for more than 20,000 visitors.

There is encouragement for young programmers by the provision of three-foot tables at very low rates, enabling several enthusiasts to club together and market their goods. There will be at least two 14 year olds demonstrating their games packages, plus a pharmacist and a taxi driver who have developed commercial programs. To date, at least five small software houses have sprung from the North London Computer Club.

On Saturday April 16, there will be a vast bring and buy sale, with customers trading in their outgrown machines and selling software they have become bored with.

Tents and new tech, a hit with the young

"We learned so much – from psychobionics to psychology, robotics to riding, music synthesizers to electronic construction kits – so much to do and just not enough time to do it in. A week is not long enough, and with the time you want to spend on the computers, it would be even better if Dolphin were residential, and during other school holidays, too, not just in the summer . . . It was all good structured serious fun. I made jewelry and pottery, but my most interesting subject was pyschobionics – learning about your emotions physically and mentally, and discovering more about yourself by using computers. I'd never done the subject before and I enjoyed learning new things and meeting new people."

These are comments from Kirsti Sturgeon and her brother Andrew, who spent a week last year at the first of the Dolphin Computer Day camps to be initiated in Britain. Dolphin is an organization developing new ways of introducing children to the electronic Disneyland of computer programming, offering a wealth of micro magic and enabling youngsters to combine the learning of new skills with a combination of other sporting, creative of technically-based interests.

This year, as if in response to 15-year-old Andrew's comments, Dolphin has extended its programmes, particularly in the computing interests, to include both resideotial and day centre options. And it offers "techno" camps in all the school holidays, starting with Easter.

Computing and multi-activity holidays start on Saturday and there is a variety to choose from, depending on whether a day camp, or residential camp, is preferred, and on the age of the youngster. Dolphin caters for five to 17 year olds.

Youngsters are provided with an enormous variety of electronic and sports equipment – hundreds of microcomputers, video sets, interfacing devices, robotic, film animation, and audiotronic hardware. Much of this equipment is supplied by Texas Instruments, Corn, Apple Computers and other companies.

The generosity of such companies such as these has encouraged the popularity of the technology-based interests, with 70 per cent of the youngsters who book for Dolphin opting for the computer camp activities.

With a computer for everyone, and a specialist for every five children, enthusiasm and ability develop fast. In a week, youngsters can be writing their own programs, video games, exploring higher level languages, experimenting with random access file handling and getting to grips with machine codes, assembly languages and the building of their own robots.

Add to this a choice of some 30 other activities – including painting, the performing arts, go-karting, gymnastics, rifle shooting, riding, windsurfing, sailing, judo and fashion – the camp offers a compelling variety of fun and instruction.

Though the youngsters are encouraged to take part in these recreations, experience at the Beaumont Summer Camps in America, run in close association with Dolphin, has indicated that many become addicted to the technology. Children have much less fear of the science than adults, and quickly become proficient.

It is unlikely, however, that children like 13-year-old Kirsti and her brother will become computer junkies, for it is improbable that their own schools could match the resources of Dolphin computer camps. Enthusiasm wilts when queueing for your daily fix at the school's solitary computer; hence the demand for home computers.

There are two problems, of which Dolphin is only too aware. One is that, fun though computers are, they do not offer opportunities for youngsters to socialize. Dolphin insists, therefore, that the whetting of the micro appetite must be combined with a sporting activity.

The other problem concerns "the keyboard gap", with children like Kirsti and Andrew returning as programmed offspring to non-computerized parents. Dolphin is therefore introducing weekend courses for parents, who can share the thrill of discovering new interests with their children, and specialist courses for businessmen.

Unlike the Sturgeon children many businessmen find computer learning courses more of a chore than a challenge. Perhaps more institutions should take note of Dolphin.

Day camps start at £59 a week, with transport facilities arranged at £12 a week. The residential camps at Eastbourne and Edinburgh start at £114 a week with escorted travel from £5 a week. Further details available from Dolphin Activities Ltd, 68 Churchway, London NW1 1 LT. Telephone: 01-387-5602.

Lynda King Taylor

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Control Data is a worldwide computer and financial services company, with annual sales exceeding $4.3 billion.

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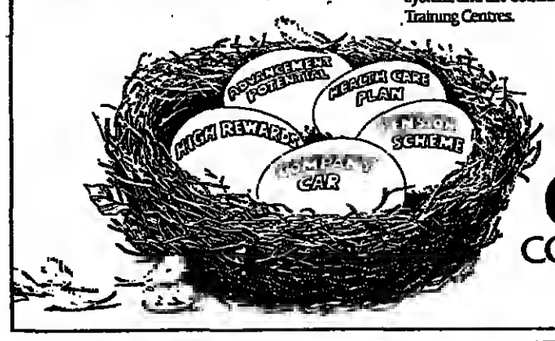

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Opportunities exist in the London area and at sales regions throughout the country. Relocation expenses will be paid.

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Municipal Mutual Insurance Ltd established 1903 and the leading Insurance Company in the United Kingdom for Local Government and Public Bodies is at present setting up a nationwide on-line network to service Branch Offices from its recently installed IBM 4341 in the centre of Guildford. Current and future development necessitates an increase in key staff within the organisation providing unique career opportunities for the right candidates.

Senior Systems Programmer — up to £14,200.

To take responsibility for co-ordinating the activities of our Systems Programming team and play an important role in the selection of future software and hardware. Practical skills in VM/SP, DOS/VSE, CICS/DL1 and SNA are essential and previous supervisory experience is considered important.

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Municipal Mutual Insurance Ltd., Bury Fields, Guildford, Surrey GU2 5AQ

MANAGER
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CENTRE
£12,174 to £14,058

The Kent County Council and Marconi Avionics are jointly sponsoring an Information Technology Centre to be established in the Medway area. The aim of the Centre is to help unemployed young people gain work experience and training in the area of new technology. Forty young people and eight adult staff will be involved in such fields as electronic component assembly, control systems, computer maintenance, digital techniques, word processing and teletex editing. We are seeking a person, male or female, with proven managerial experience, a capability in both hardware and software, and a knowledge of production and marketing techniques to supervise and manage the Centre.

Job description and application form, returnable by 5 April 1983 to the County Education Officer (F4), Springfield, Maidstone, Kent ME14 2LJ.

Tel: Maidstone (0622) 671411, ext. 2567. (Please enclose SAE).

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WANTED
A PROGRAMMER
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. . . to join a small Systems Development Team in our Computer Division. Applicants should have at least 18 months programming experience preferably using DOS/VSE, COBOL or CICS.

The County Council operates twin IBM 4341 processors and is actively engaged in expanding a countywide data-processing network. DL1, UFO, CICS, STAIRS, Electronic mail and word processing are integral parts of the software used in this development.
Disturbance grants are payable in appropriate cases and temporary housing may be available.

Further details and an application form can be obtained from:
Miss A Sherman,
Directorate of Finance and Administration,
Shire Hall, Castle Hill,
Cambridge, CB3 0AP.
Tel: (0223) 317283.

Closing date for applications: Friday 8th April.

هكذا من الأصل

The week/Clive Cookson, Technology Correspondent

A marriage made in Britain

Office Technology (OTL) and Data Recall are merging to create a significant new British-owned force in the international office automation market.

The combined business will trade under the OTL name, within the Information Technology (ITL) group. The latter's turnover will be carried comfortably above £20m a year with the addition of £5m from Data Recall.

The merger is being accomplished through a share exchange, and Kleinwort Benson, the current owner of Data Recall, will become a minority shareholder in ITL. Other shareholders include the ICFC and Pergamon Press. The intention is to go public within three years.

Mr "Spud" Taylor, managing director of OTL, will remain in charge of the enlarged company. He said: "Here is a merger of two high technology companies which retains control in the United Kingdom. One thing that concerns me is the number of high technology companies where control is passing out of the UK."

Data Recall developed and manufactures the Diamond word processors at Bookham, Surrey. OTL's product is the IMP office system (made in Winchester, Hampshire) whose work stations integrate voice communications with graphics, text and data.

Tony Sumner, left, of Data Recall, and R J (Spud) Taylor, of OTL, discuss details of their merger

The new OTL has 200 employees. Mr Taylor expects staffing to remain at about that level during 1983 as the merger is consolidated, but recruitment should resume toward the end of the year.

● The British Technology Group continues valiantly to invest public funds in fledgling microcomputer companies, as it waits for the government to announce its new mission in life. The two latest recipients of £100,000 each are Integrated Micro Products of Consett, County Durham, and Shelton Instruments of London. Both make multi-user office systems.

The foundation of Integrated Micro Products 15 months ago was an example of an old declining industry acting as midwife at the birth of a company of the future. British Steel gave Integrated Micro Products a start-up loan, as part of its policy of creating new jobs in Consett after closing the town's steelworks.

The new company has sold 10 of its IMF-68 systems so far. Shelton Instruments is a more mature company, having shipped 1,000 of its SIG/NET range of products, which communicate by an innovative local area network.

● The American arm of Logica, the British-based computer systems company, has won a very visible $2.5m contract to help design an integrated control system (ICS) for the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit – the notorious BART whose terrible technical troubles during the 1970s made it a classic case of incompetent engineering.

BART has in fact been running fairly reliably since about 1980 but it is still constrained by the deficiencies of its 13-year-old computer system. The new ICS should immediately allow the network to run 75 trains at one time on its 72-miles of track instead of the present 49.

● Anyone with far-sighted ideas about the office of the future may be interested in the Tomorrow's Office competition being organised by *Office* magazine and Cartwright Brice. Entrants must predict in 500 to 1,000 scintillating words the changes in the office over the next 10 to 15 years. The first prize is £1,000. Entry forms from *Office*, 1 Grover Walk, Corringham Town Centre, Stanford-le-Hope, Essex SS17 7LU.

Medicine becomes computerized

Plug in your doctor

Are you tired of not being able to see your GP when you want to? Are you irritated by waiting room queues and the apology of an appointment system?

If the answer to these questions is "yes", then there is a breakthrough in "home" medicine just available.

When the children have finished playing their games on your Sinclair or Commodore VIC 20 computer, you can turn it to more practical purposes. For what is probably Britain's first home doctor programme for computer is now available. A sort of hypochondriac's heaven!

Dr Vernon Coleman, one of the country's leading medical authors has prepared the text for this remarkable set of six cassettes called "The Home Doctor Series".

The cassettes cover the following subjects: Basic Medicine, Mainly for Women, Mainly for Men; All About Children; How Healthy Are You? and 101 Home Nursing Tips.

Dr Coleman, author of the new book *Bodypower* which is a new self-help approach to medicine, has turned his attention to computers. He says: "The idea of using the computer as a diagnostic aid is not a new one. Over the years dozens of doctors have toyed with the idea of programming a computer to ask scores of questions and answers to come up with a diagnosis.

"In theory there is absolutely no reason why a computer should not match any diagnostician in the world. After all, an electronic machine is not likely to have its mind on other matters such as mortgages or overdrafts . ."

But so far most doctors interested in computers seem to have confined themselves to using them as expensive filing cabinets. "It is like using a space rocket to launch a kite", says Dr Coleman. "Slowly I became convinced that the most important task for a diagnostic computer is not to tell users what is wrong with them, but to tell them whether or not they need to seek medical advice."

Dr Coleman says that if diagnostic computers are to flourish they must be designed to complement the medical services available and not take over from them.

Now the production of The Home Doctor Series represents the culmination of many months' development. The programmes have been specially developed by Mr Russell Smith, technical director of Eastmead Computer Systems. Mr Smith is a neurophysiologist and a specialist in the use of microcomputers in medicine.

He said: "We specifically picked the Sinclair ZX81 and Commodore VIC20 home computers because of the large number of sales these two machines have achieved both to the home purchaser and into educational establishments.

"Apart from our obvious commercial interest, we deliberately wanted to make the medical information available to as wide an audience as possible.

"While the series is designed to complement our own National Health Service, we hope that the medical information will achieve success abroad, particularly in those countries where health care is poor, such as the Third World.

"The screening approach that we have adopted will allow paramedics to decide if a doctor should be called in or not. This role could be crucial where trained doctors have to cover many hundreds of square miles in low density populated countries."

The series covers a vast range of topics. In the Mainly for Men cassette, there are items about:

● Heart and blood pressure quiz – Are you a potential victim? Find out with a special quiz.

● Sporting problems – what injuries you may have to cope with.

● Gardening Corner – backache, tetanus and allergies are just three problems affecting gardeners.

In the Mainly for Women cassette, there are items about:

● Breast abnormalities – how to examine your breast correctly.

● Anorexia – a disease which frightens many mothers. See early warning signs.

In the All about Children cassette there are items on:

● How to tell if you need a doctor.

● Basic problems – how to deal with a child who won't eat or sleep, or keeps crying.

● Vaccines – which and when.

Dr Coleman said: "Although the series is aimed to show people how to deal with minor problems themselves, at the same time the cassettes are carefully designed to ensure that people who need help see their doctors sooner rather than later."

Alan Lewis

US firm cuts the cost of a telex

Telex services and Telecom Gold's Dialcom public electronic mail system may face stiff competition from an international rival to be launched on May 1. MDS Computer Systems (UK), part of Mohawk Data Sciences in New Jersey, claims that its electronic mail service will undercut international telex rates by up to 70 per cent and out-perform Dialcom, writes **Maggie McLening**.

The service, Worldwide Integrated Communications (WINC), collects mail from subscribers and delivers it to addresses anywhere in the world, rather than merely holding it in a mailbox to await collection. Recipients need not be subscribers: anyone with a telex number can receive a message. This is a feature not currently offered by Telecom Gold, although the company plans to introduce it shortly.

WINC was designed to link users of MDS microprocessor-based Series 21 computers, but it can be accessed by any terminal which supports dial-up operation and can be connected to the host machines. Four DEC PDP 11 minicomputers are to be installed at MDS Computer Systems (UK) headquarters in Putney, where two of them will be used for back up.

Subscribers buy a port (or share of one) in the host, paying a network administration fee and a polling charge, plus usage. The rate of polling is chosen by the user and could be, typically, anything between 15 minutes and two hours in frequency. Usage is charged in multiples of 600 characters.

British tariffs are not yet finalized but it is estimated that an organization with 60 terminals connected into WINC would pay about £50 per terminal per month in fixed costs, with usage rates on top. The price would decrease with the addition of extra terminals.

"We don't consider WINC to be a serious rival," said a spokesman for Telecom Gold.

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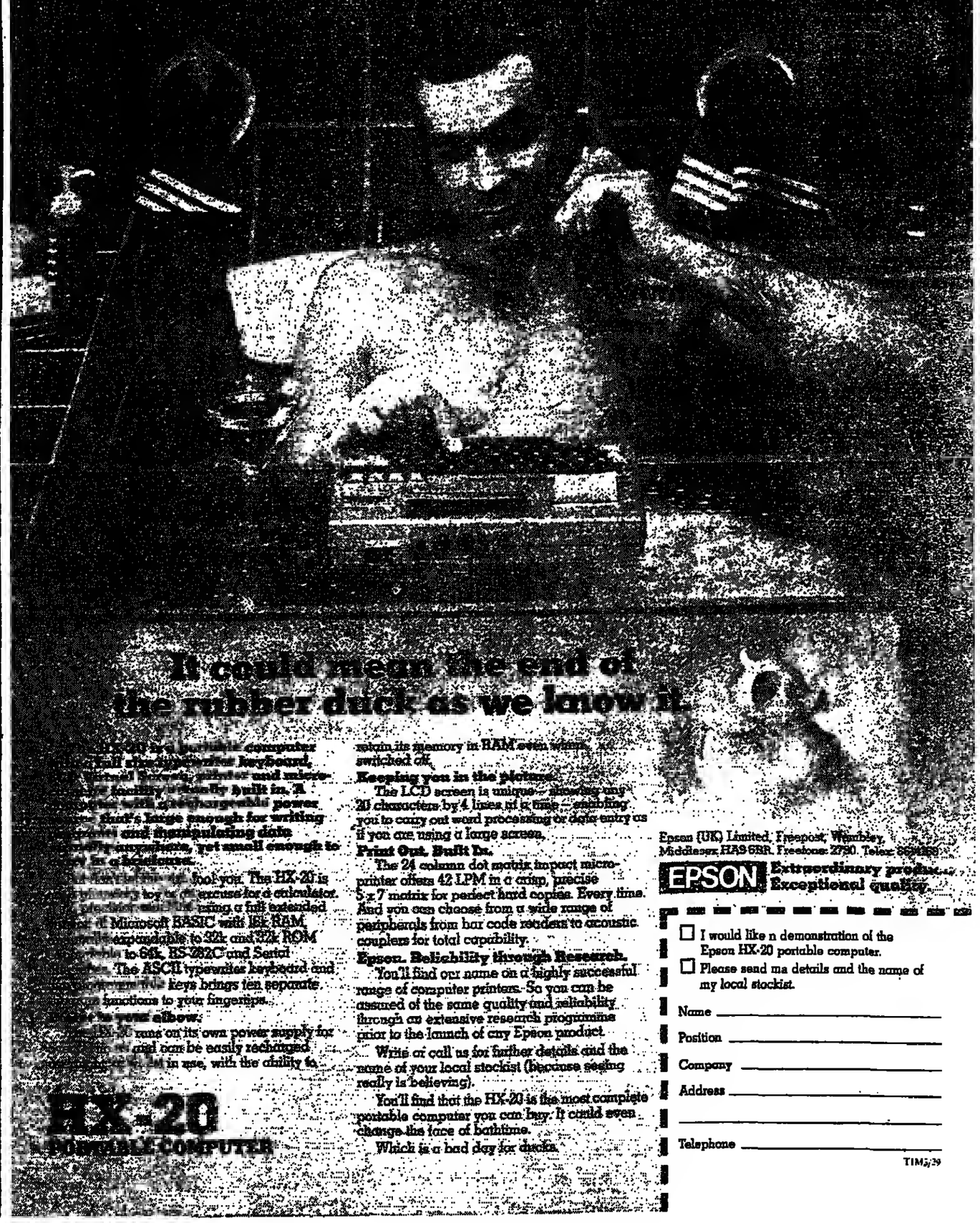

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Ref. FM1 Finance Manager Responsible for accounting/management information. Qualified Accountant or Finalist. Minimum three years' experience computerised systems in commercial/industrial environment. Salary £10,000, BUPA, Pension.

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	Closing Price
Airship Industries 25p Ord (140a)	134
Do New Fully Paid	134-1
Associated British Ports 25p Ord (112)	163+8
Baltic Leasing 5p Ord (108a)	264+2
Booth C. 5p Ord (a)	18
Cansvermoor 25p Ord (74a)	138
Grainger Trust 25p Ord (a)	200
H B Electronics 10p Ord (58a)	100+2
Microgen Holdings 10p Ord (190a)	348+20
Resource Technology 10p Ord (93a)	152-7
Sinclair W. 25p Ord (100a)	74
Superdrug 10p Ord (175)	270
Swindon Private Hospital £1 Ord (120a)	94
Television Services Int 10p Ord (10 a)	25
Tops Estates 10p Ord (10 a)	60
United Packaging 10p Ord (72a)	112
Wight Collins R Senit 10p Prd (150a)	28

Issue price in parentheses a Unlisted Securities

MARKET REPORT ● by Michael Clark

Low sterling hits gilts

ACCOUNT DAY: Dealings began, March 21. Dealings end, April 8. Contango Day, April 11. Settlement Day, April 18.

The pound's continued weakness on the foreign exchanges continued to cast a shadow over the stock market yesterday as share prices opened the second leg of the three-week Easter account on a dull note.

After hitting an all-time low of $1.4510, at one stage, sterling eventually closed at $1.4540 – a loss on the day of 0.7 cents. This was the signal for renewed nervous selling in gilts, where prices were almost £1 down before rallying at the close to end £½ down on the day, with no sign of the expected increase in the US Fed rate.

In London, dealers have ruled out any hopes of an imminent cut in bank base rates from the previous level of 10.5 per cent.

Equities took their cue from gilts and drifted after a firm start on lack of interest with investors unwilling to open new positions ahead of the extended weekend break. The latest CBI economic forecast giving further evidence of an end to the recession appears to have been discounted.

The FT Index reversed an earlier gain of 2.0 to end the day 1.4 down at 655.5 and is now 5.50 down on the account so far.

Blue chips were generally marked lower with only a couple of interesting spots to relieve the tedium.

Lucas Industries rose 3p to 166p after the decision to merge its components division with **Smiths Industries**, 10p lower at 423p. The new company is to be called Lucas Electrical Electronic & Systems and will have an annual turnover of £120m.

Lucas will own about 80 per cent of the new company, with Smith accounting for the remaining 20 per cent.

Shares of **Fisons** rose 7p to 553p after announcing the launch of the latest drug to its range of anti-hayfever drugs. Rynacrom Compound has been developed from existing compounds and is expected to complement the group's existing treatments.

Meanwhile, Glaxo, Britain's other big drug producer, was again in demand rising 35p to 850p ahead of interim figures next month. The market is looking for an increase in pretax profits from £53m to about £75m. The group has been a prime beneficiary of the falling pound which makes the shares cheap for US investors.

Tomorrow is the last day for investors to subscribe for shares in Harrogate International Hotels. The capital raising which is organised by brokers Laurence Prust and Albert E Sharp is of particular interest to high tax payers as the investment is tax deductible under the Government's business start-up scheme.

On the bid front, **Leisure Industries**, which came to the Unlisted Securities Market at 120p last year, leapt 37p to a new high of 305p before ending the day at 300p on news of a possible bid approach. At this level, the group, which manufactures miniature snooker tables, is valued at £2.35m Mr Alan Deal's Riley Leisure has often been tipped as the most likely candidate to make a bid.

Also on the acquisition trail is **Good Relations**, the public relations group and one of the earliest members of the USM market, which is in talks with another public relations outfit. Yesterday the shares jumped 19p to 195p after reporting doubled pretax profits of £500,000 last year and a free share handout of one share for every two held.

Fine art dealer **Sotheby Parke Bernet** continued to respond to speculation about an imminent bid from the US with a 15p rise to 515p. Allied Felt Industries owns 15 per cent of the shares.

Royal Bank of Scotland closed unchanged at 132p after news that the Kuwait Investment Office has sold 2.67 million shares. It now holds 13.073 million or 5.78 per cent of the equity. The shares were sold in the market to various institutions.

Rediffusion added 18p to 348p still awaiting details of the minority bid from the parent group **BET**, 10p lower at 243p. Details are still being thrashed out between the two group's merchant banks Fleming and Baring. Mr Hugh Dundas, chairman of both companies again denied over the weekend that BET's move was defensive in the light of recent speculation over the company's own future.

London & Liverpool Trust reacted badly to the news that the Office of Fair Trading may decide to look into the subject of televized football. Only last week the group bid £8m for the television rights to screen football on its Telejector outlets. The bid was £3m above the final offers made by both the BBC and Independent television companies. Shares of London and Liverpool ended the day 37p down at 443p.

In oils, profit-taking clipped 1p from **Britoil** after last week's better-than expected figures.

BELL'S SCOTCH WHISKY BELL'S

BRITISH FUNDS

1982/83 High	Low	Stock	Price	Ch'ge	Int. only Yield	Gross Red. Yield
SHORTS						
100¾	92¾	Treas 9½% 1983	99¾	-1/16	8.291	10.682
104¾	96¾	Exch 13¼% 1983	101½	-1/16	13.292	10.890
101½	91½	Exch 10% 1983	99¾	-1/16	10.043	10.615
98	87¾	Fund 5½% 1982-84	97	..	5.671	9.446
105¾	91½	Exch 11½% 1984	100½	-3/32	11.104	10.626
107¾	96½	Exch 14% 1984	103¾	-1/16	13.575	11.011
94½	81¾	Exch 3% 1984	93½	-1/16	3.206	8.686
105¾	91½	Treas 12% 1984	101⁹⁄₁₆	-3/32	11.800	10.001
111½	96¾	Treas 15% 1985	106½	-3/32	14.067	11.013
112½	89½	Exch Ce 12% 1985	103½	-1/16	11.636	10.196
91¾	73¾	Treas 3% 1985	89½	-1/16	3.351	8.454
105½	87¾	Treas 11½% 1985	100¾	-3/32	11.428	11.171
302	95½	Treas C 8¾% 1985	90	-1/8	9.115	38.607
107¾	88¾	Exch 12½% 1985	101¾	-1/16	12.053	11.497
106¾	88¾	Exch 11¾% 1986	100¾	-1/16	11.661	11.424
89¾	69¾	Treas 3% 1986	86¾	-1/16	3.484	8.092
107½	89¾	Treas 12% 1986	101¾	-1/16	11.836	11.450
99¾	80¾	Treas 8¼% 1984-86	94½	-1/16	8.985	10.520
116¾	96¾	Treas C 12¾% 1986	108¾	-1/16	11.314	9.277
114	92	Exch 14% 1986	106⁹⁄₁₆	-1/16	12.094	11.578
111½	90¾	Exch 13¾% 1987	105	-1/8	12.615	11.572
84¾	63½	Exch 2½% 1987	83¾	-1/16	2.984	7.350
103¾	95¾	Exch 10½% 1987	97½	●-1/16	10.784	11.323
94¾	73¾	Fund 6½% 1985-87	89¾	●-1/16	7.242	9.586
85¾	64½	Treas 3% 1987	81¾	-1/8	3.671	8.120
109	85½	Treas 12% 1987	101¾	● ..	11.807	11.538
97¾	73½	Treas 7¾% 1985-88	89¾	-1/16	8.047	10.536
MEDIUMS						
101¾	85	Exch 10½% 1988	100¾	-1/16	10.920	11.515
106	95	Treas IL 2% 1988	104¾	● ..	..	2.191
81¾	60	Trans 3% 1978-88	79¾	..	3.790	7.930
99	91	Treas 9½% 1988	92¾	●-1/16	10.224	11.244
107¾	79¾	Treas 11½% 1989	99¾	-1/16	11.657	11.631
85¾	62½	Treas 5% 1986-89	77¾	●-1/16	8.412	9.611
117½	85½	Treas 13% 1990	108¾	-1/16	12.306	11.773
111¾	85½	Exch 12½% 1990	103½	-1/16	12.106	11.001
98	70¾	Treas 8¼% 1987-90	89	-1/16	9.325	10.880
110¾	78	Treas 11¾% 1991	102¾	-1/16	11.780	11.600
84¾	59¾	Fund 5¾% 1987-91	76¾	●-1/16	7.543	10.159
104¾	76½	Exch 11% 1991	96¾	●-1/8	11.349	11.581
116¾	82	Treas 12¾% 1992	107¾	-1/16	12.094	11.746
102¾	70¾	Treas 10% 1992	93½	-1/16	10.809	11.366
112¾	80½	Exch 12¼% 1992	103¾	-1/16	11.932	11.783
118¾	88¾	Exch 13½% 1992	109½	-1/16	12.362	11.843
116½	80¾	Treas 12½% 1993	107¾	-1/16	11.926	11.684
81¾	56½	Fund 6% 1993	73¾	-1/8	8.177	10.191
124¾	88	Treas 13¾% 1993	116¾	-1/16	12.283	11.757
128	91¾	Treas 14½% 1994	118	-1/16	12.415	11.713
119¾	86¾	Exch 13½% 1994	109½	●-1/16	12.215	11.772
115½	84¾	Exch 12½% 1994	106¾	-1/16	11.902	11.790
96¾	66½	Treas 9% 1994	91¾	-1/16	10.171	10.757
113½	76½	Treas 12% 1995	104½	-1/16	11.718	11.625
66¾	42¾	Gas 3% 1990-95	61¾	●-1/16	4.838	7.948
103¾	68½	Exch 10¼% 1995	94¾	-1/16	11.021	11.325
116½	83¾	Treas 12¾% 1995	113	-1/16	11.778	11.493
127¾	86¾	Treas 14% 1996	117¾	-1/16	13.213	11.760
97½	66¾	Treas 9% 1992-96	88¾	-1/16	10.225	10.731
133	96½	Treas 15½% 1996	123	e -1/16	12.255	11.583
120	99¾	Exch 13¼% 1996	116¾	-1	11.838	11.460
111¾	93	Treas IL 2% 1996	110	..	..	2.535
63	42¾	Redmptn 3% 1986-96	59¾	●-1	5.143	8.157
124¾	83½	Treas 13¼% 1997	114¾	-1/8	11.603	11.466
105¾	80¾	Exch 10½% 1997	96¾	-1/16	10.972	11.118
94¾	64	Treas 8¾% 1997	86	-1/16	10.252	10.777
132¾	94¾	Exch 15% 1997	122¾	●-1/16	12.166	11.664
LONGS						
79¾	54½	Treas 6¾% 1995-98	72¾	●-1/16	9.283	10.361
138¾	99¾	Treas 15½% 1998	128	●-1/16	12.111	11.564
116¾	79¾	Exch 12% 1998	109¾	-1/16	11.434	11.312
100¾	66	Treas 9½% 1999	92¾	-1/16	10.473	10.736
118	84¾	Exch 12¼% 1999	107¾	-1/16	11.455	11.269
106½	71¾	Treas 10½% 1999	100	-1/16	10.911	11.812
124¾	82¾	Treas 13% 2000	115¾	-1/16	11.542	11.320
130½	89	Treas 14% 1998-01	122¾	-1/16	11.677	11.495
104	93½	Treas IL 2% 2001	102	..	..	2.459
118½	79¾	Exch 12% 1999-02	109¾	-1/8	11.333	11.192
129¾	89½	Treas 13¾% 2000-03	119¾	-1/16	11.703	11.412
102½	93½	Treas IL 2½% 2003	102	..	..	2.494
113¾	79¾	Treas 11½% 2001-04	104¾	-1/16	11.019	10.960
50¾	33¾	Fund 3½% 1999-04	45¾	-1/16	7.775	9.610
123	82	Treas 12½% 2003-05	115½	-1/16	11.248	11.120
106¾	88	Treas IL 2% 2006	106	..	..	..
87¾	59½	Treas 8% 2002-06	79½	●-1/16	10.049	10.312
116¾	75¾	Treas 11¾% 2003-07	107¾	-1	11.106	11.027
129¾	90¾	Treas 13½% 2004-08	118¾	-1	11.372	11.170
107¾	95	Treas IL 2½% 2009	103	..	..	2.448
107½	95	Treas IL 2½% 2011	108	..	..	2.441
64	44¾	Treas 5½% 2008-12	58¾	-1/16	9.490	9.924
84½	55½	Treas 7¾% 2012-15	78¾	-1/16	10.069	10.191
123½	91¾	Exch 12% 2013-17	115	-1½	10.767	10.715
99¾	93	Treas IL 2½% 2016	99¾	..	..	2.418
42¾	27¾	Consols 4%	38¾	-1/16	10.696	..
37¾	23¾	War Ln 3½%	35¾	●-1/16	10.329	..
42¾	31¾	Conv 3½%	38¾	●-1/16	9.024	..
32½	21	Treas 3%	29¾	●-1/16	10.325	..
27¾	17¾	Consols 2½%	24	●-1/16	10.504	..
26¾	17¾	Treas 2½% Aft 75	23¾	●-1/16	10.627	..

COMMONWEALTH AND FOREIGN

High	Low	Stock	Price	Ch'ge	Int. only Yield	Gross Red. Yield
98¾	82¾	Aust 6% 81-83	98¾	+¼	6.213	11.564
117¾	102¾	Aust 13½% 2010	111¾	+½	12.346	12.245
100	85½	E Africa 5½% 77-83	100	..	5.837	11.207
37	23	Hungary 4½% 1924	34	..	..	..
100¾	88	Ireland 7½% 81-83	100¾	+1/16	..	..
312	250	Japan Ass 4% 1910	302	..	..	..
92	64	Japan 6% 83-88	83	..	..	..
112½	90½	N Z 14¼% 1987	107¾	+¼	13.203	11.865
83½	55	N Z 7½% 88-92	75¾	+⅛	9.773	11.960
93½	74¾	N Z 7¾% 83-86	90½	+⅛	8.470	11.827
160	150	Peru 6% Ass	160	..	..	..
167	156	S Rhd 2½% 65-70	160	..	..	..
109	85	S Rhd 4½% 87-92	102	..	..	..
40	40	Spanish 4%	40	..	..	..
95	91	Uruguay 3½%	93	..	..	..
402	315	Zimbabwe Ann 81-88	327	n ..	..	19.295

LOCAL AUTHORITIES

High	Low	Stock	Price	Ch'ge	Int. only Yield	Gross Red. Yield
29¾	19½	L C C 3% 1920	23¾	..	12.889	..
97	79	L C C 5½% 82-84	93½	..	5.879	10.937
85	64¾	L C C 5½% 85-87	81¾	..	6.729	11.020
86	56¾	L C C 6¾% 88-90	78½	..	8.740	11.457
81	51	G L C 6½% 90-92	76¾	..	8.858	11.034
102¾	85	G L C 12½% 1983	100¾	..	12.407	10.748
94¾	79½	Ag Mt 7½% 81-84	93	..	8.308	13.095
77	57¾	Ag Mt 7% 91-93	73	..	10.623	12.493
72¾	57¾	Ag Mt 6½% 85-90	70½	..	9.414	12.955
37½	24¾	Met Water B 34-03	31½	-1/16	9.478	12.069
95¾	81¾	N I 7% 82-84	93¾	..	7.342	11.552
88¾	69¾	Swark 6½% 83-86	86¾	..	7.826	11.465

DOLLAR STOCKS

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
15¾	9¾	Brascan	115¾	+½	82.8	5.2	30.7
21¾	11½	Can Pac Ord	124¾	e +¾	70.2	2.9	7.2
12½	7¾	El Paso	110½	+¾	41.7	3.9	21.6
20¾	13¾	Exxon Corp	120½	-¼	..	..	..
17½	10½	Fluor	110¾	● +1/16	49.6	3.6	10.9
19¾	10½	Hollinger	110¾	+¾	..	..	..
505	229	Husky Oil	445	+5	..	..	..
8⁵⁄₁₆	4¾	INCO	187¾	+½	3.0	0.4	..
13½	6¾	IU Int	112½	..	73.8	8.0	7.7
13¾	6⅞	Kaiser Alum	113	+¼	39.3	3.0	7.5
2⅝	85	Massey-Ferg	340	..	..	..	..
17¾	9¾	Norton Simon	116	-1/16	62.7	3.9	11.1
20	23¾	Pan Canadian	149½	+½	..	..	..
634	200	Steep Rock	541	-7	..	..	..
15¾	7¾	Trans Can P	113¾	-¾	..	..	..
15¾	9¾	US Steel	115¾	-¾	..	..	..
15¾	6¾	Zapata Corp	110⁹⁄₁₆	..	52.2	5.1	..

BANKS AND DISCOUNTS

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
118	76	Allied Irish	118	..	10.8	9.2	4.1
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ansbacher H	35	-1	..	..	19.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	ANZ Grp	206	..	17.1	8.3	4.8
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bank America	114¾	-1/16	95.5	6.5	8.6
297	201	Bk of Ireland	258	..	13.8	4.5	3.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bk Leumi Israel	22½	..	..	..	14.7
217	150	Bk Leumi UK	165	..	14.5	8.8	10.5
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bk of Scotland	472	..	30.0b	6.6	3.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Barclays Bank	461	● -2	31.4b	6.7	4.6
[illegible]	[illegible]	Brown Shipley	290	..	10.0	3.8	16.1
[illegible]	[illegible]	Cater Allen Hldgs	364	-5	31.0	9.1	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	Charterhse Grp	93	..	7.0	7.5	13.4
[illegible]	[illegible]	Chase Man	138¾	+¾	227	9.2	5.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	Citicorp	126¾	● -1/16	128	4.5	7.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	Clive Discount	38	..	2.3	6.0	7.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Commerzbank	145¾	-1	..	..	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	First Nat Fin	67	-1	..	..	3.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Gerrard & Nat	361	-1	23.9	6.5	12.9
[illegible]	[illegible]	Grindlays Hldgs	179	+2	6.3	3.5	10.8
[illegible]	[illegible]	Guinness Peat	45	e	..e	..	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hambros	132	..	73.4	6.3	10.6
[illegible]	[illegible]	Do Ord	119	-2	7.5	6.4	10.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hill Samuel	206	-2	11.9	5.8	8.8
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hong K & Shang	90	-2	5.6b	6.2	6.9
[illegible]	[illegible]	Jessel Toynbee	67	..	7.5b	11.2	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	Joseph L	198	..	14.9	7.5	9.5
[illegible]	[illegible]	King & Shaxson	109	-1	9.3	8.5	9.4
[illegible]	[illegible]	Kleinwort Ben	300	+2	14.3	4.8	7.5
[illegible]	[illegible]	Lloyds Bank	491	..	32.4	6.6	3.3
[illegible]	[illegible]	Mercury Secs	268	..	11.8	4.1	3.1
[illegible]	[illegible]	Midland	373	● -3	36.4	9.8	5.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	Minster Assets	79½	..	6.4	8.2	7.8
[illegible]	[illegible]	Nat Aus Bk	146	..	14.5	9.0	3.4
[illegible]	[illegible]	Nat Wminster	573	● -5	37.4	6.5	3.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ottoman	£17¾r	..	400	5.4	14.4
[illegible]	[illegible]	Rea Bros	61	..	1.8	2.1	22.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Royal of Can	£17¾	..	54.3	3.1	10.5
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ryl Bk Scot Grp	132	..	9.0	7.3	4.8
[illegible]	[illegible]	Schroders	490	● ..	21.4	4.4	8.9
[illegible]	[illegible]	Seccombe Mar	220	..	23.6	10.7	8.6
[illegible]	[illegible]	Smith St Aubyn	44	-1	2.1	4.9	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	Standard Chart	489	-8	38.0	7.9	5.6
[illegible]	[illegible]	Union Discount	563	..	44.3	7.9	5.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Wintrust	193	..	5.2	2.7	10.4

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
154	[illegible]	Allied-Lyons	133	..	8.1	6.1	10.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bass	306	-2	14.4	4.7	11.9
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bell A	254	-3	8.3	3.1	11.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Boddingtons	241	● -1	5.7	2.4	22.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bulmer H P.	235	s -8	4.7	2.0	21.5
[illegible]	[illegible]	Devenish	517	..	13.0	2.6	15.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Distillers	237	-1	16.8	7.4	0.5
[illegible]	[illegible]	Greenall	122	-1	5.3	4.3	10.8
[illegible]	[illegible]	Greene King	291	..	5.2	2.4	20.9
[illegible]	[illegible]	Guinness	101	-1	7.5	7.2	19.4
474	353	Hardys & H sons	474	..	15.9	3.9	18.3
[illegible]	[illegible]	Highland	106	-1	4.1	3.9	13.1
[illegible]	[illegible]	Invergordon	195	..	5.7	2.9	12.4
[illegible]	[illegible]	Irish Distillers	105	+2	0.0	5.7	7.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	Marston	118	..	3.1	2.6	17.9
[illegible]	50	Scot & Newcastle	78	-½	6.3	8.0	11.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	Seagram	£19¾	..	..	..	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	SA Breweries	424	+4	17.8	3.6	11.3
[illegible]	[illegible]	Tomatin	38	-1	..	..	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	Vaux	275	..	11.8	3.2	11.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Whitbread 'A'	138	-1	7.2	5.2	9.8
[illegible]	[illegible]	Do B	140	..	7.2	5.3	10.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Whitbread Inv	154	..	7.1	4.5	31.6
[illegible]	[illegible]	Wolverhampton	284	..	5.9	3.0	14.5

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
A—B							
108	75	AAH	91	● ..	7.4	8.2	8.6
663	150½	AB Electronics	663	..	10.7	1.6	22.5
25	19½	AE PLC	72	-1	2.0	8.3	4.5
232	215	AGB Research	227	..	10.0b	3.1	33.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	AMEC Grp	249	-2	12.9	5.2	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	APV Hldgs	338	..	13.7	4.1	9.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Aaronson Bros	42	..	1.7	4.1	24.1
[illegible]	[illegible]	Acrow 'A'	19	..	0.5e	2.9	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	Advance Serv	75	..	4.7	9.3	31.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Adwest Group	226	+2	11.8	5.2	11.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Aeron't & Gen	213	..	5.0	2.3	23.7
[illegible]	[illegible]	Air Call	247	+3	8.0	2.3	13.0
[illegible]	[illegible]	Akzo	£14¾	..	25.0	1.7	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	Amersham Int	252	..	5.4	2.1	20.3
[illegible]	[illegible]	Anderson Strath	198	eb ..	11.4n	5.8	7.3
[illegible]	104	Anglia TV 'A'	141	..	9.3	0.0	6.4
[illegible]	[illegible]	Anglo Amer Ind	£14	..	110	5.8	7.5
36	25	Aquascutum 'A'	31	+1	2.8	9.5	8.6
124	73	Argyll Foods	113	..	5.4b	4.5	15.4
423	273	Ash & Lacy	420	..	22.9	5.4	10.5
214	100	Ass Book	216	+5	7.2	3.3	14.5
182	126	Ass Brit Food	168	..	6.3	3.7	7.2
76	59	Ass Fisheries	62	..	3.3	5.2	6.7
146	76	Ass Leisure	139	-1	8.1	5.9	14.9
216	136	Ass News	219	+1	14.9	6.9	18.2
86	43	Ass Paper	94	-2	5.4	0.5	0.4
75	54	Atkins Bros	68	..	7.1	10.5	7.1
160	77	Allwoods PLC	144	..	2.9	2.8	25.8
18	4	Audiotronic	13½	-1	..	..	..
40	28	Ault & Wiborg	30	● ..	1.6	6.0	16.8
24	8	Aurora PLC	8	..	..e	..	..
59	20	Automotive Pd	32	..	2.1	6.7	..
123	67	Avon Rubber	102	..	..	..	..
739	343	B.A.T. Ind	650	-10	32.8b	5.1	6.4
48	22	BBA Grp	35	..	2.5	7.1	16.4
262	138	BET Dfd	243	-18	11.4	4.7	12.3
360	230	BICC	233	-2	15.1	6.5	18.1
35	13	BL PLC	30	-1	..	..	..
216	148	BOC	202	..	8.2	4.1	8.1
595	318	BPB Ind	570	..	15.8	2.8	15.3
111	29½	BPCC	100	-4	..e	..	..
93	66	BPM Hldgs 'A'	77	..	15.7	20.4	..
17	9½	BSG Int	15	..	0.1	0.9	..
101	42	BSR PLC	101	+1	..	..	..
458	312	BTR PLC	448	..	13.3	2.9	18.3
142	87	Babcock Int	138	-4	10.0	7.2	18.6
91	50	Baggeridge Brk	89	..	6.3	7.0	11.2
16	5¾	Bailey C.H. Ord	13½	+2	..	..	54.0
260	176	Baird W.	254	..	18.5	7.3	9.8
151	48	Bairstow Eves	151	+5	2.3	1.5	24.4
118	78	Baker Perkins	100	+2	7.3	7.3	..
60	52	Banro Ind	58	..	4.7	8.1	14.9
11¾	5½	Barker & Dobson	11¾	..	..e	..	..
760	210	Barlow Rand	736	+4	36.8	5.8	7.7
552	226½	Barratt Dev	514	-6	18.9	3.9	13.1
34	21	Barrow Hepbn	26	..	3.1	12.1	7.3
33	23½	Barton Grp PLC	31	-2	3.4b	11.1	0.4
33	7	Bastian Int	8	..	..	..	..
157	62	Bath & P'land	155	..	8.6	5.5	12.2
39¾	24	Bayer	£39¾	..	186	4.3	16.5
230	172	Beatson Clark	208	e ..	12.9	6.2	8.2
70	24	Beaufort Grp	67	..	4.0	8.8	7.4
84	70	Beckman A.	83	..	8.2	8.9	9.7
403	214	Beecham Grp	388	+7	15.0	3.1	21.8
124	109	Bejam Grp	131	e ..	3.8	3.0	22.1
180	76½	Bellway PLC	136	..	18.0b	7.4	9.9
190	44	Bemrose Corp	179	-2	14.3b	8.0	9.1
45	12	Benlox Hldgs	34	..	0.7	2.1	30.1
122	85	Benn Bros	122	+4	8.0	4.9	15.9
208	119	Berisf'ds S. & W.	171	+2	15.0	7.5	6.6
106	62	Berisfords	100	e +4	9.3	5.9	5.8
443	336	Bestobell	385	..	19.3	5.0	15.5
436	206¾	Bibby J.	395	-5	10.0	2.5	13.0
64	35	Black & Edg'tn	64	..	..	..	19.1
23¾	15¾	Blackw'd Hodge	23¾	+½	1.8	7.7	..
120	76	Blagden Ind	100	..	8.6	8.1	14.7
550	383	Blue Circle Ind	441	-2	25.4	5.8	5.2
155	86¾	Blundell Perm	141	..	8.8	6.1	8.2
62	35	Bodycote	42	-1	4.3b	10.2	4.6
73	58	Booker McCon	73	..	5.2	8.9	7.7
296	191	Boots	235	-5	12.0	5.5	18.7
20	7	Borthwick T.	16	..	..	..	..
9	4½	Boulton W.	6¾	..	0.1	2.1	..
260	151	Bowater Corp	181	-1	16.4	9.1	6.8
298	185	Bowthrpe Hldgs	273	-5	5.9	2.1	19.9
160	100	Braithwaite	160	..	13.0	9.1	5.5
47	27	Bremner	27	..	2.7	9.9	13.4
138	85	Brent Chem Int	108	..	3.9	3.3	24.0
264	170	Brit Aerospace	238	+3	11.5	4.6	7.6
191	87½	Brit Car Auctn	191	r +5	7.1b	3.7	18.6
236	119	Brit Home Strs	208	-2	6.8	3.3	15.9
49	22	Brit Syphon	45	..	1.4	3.3	..
173	125	Brit Vita	168	n ..	7.7	4.6	10.3
620	350	Broken Hill	378	+8	22.1	5.9	6.0
31	16	Brook St Bur	24	..	0.1	0.6	..
76	48	Brooke Bond	65	+½	5.6	8.6	14.2
32	8	Brooke Tool	10	..	..	..	3.3
146	26	Brotherhood P.	28	..	..	..	..
92	64½	Brown & Tawse	89	-1	5.0	5.6	8.9
63	18	BSK (H)	59½	..	..	..	..
66	17	Brown J.	20	-½	..e	..	..
75	37	Bryant Hldgs	68	..	2.9	4.2	8.1
281	154	Bunzl	281	..	11.4	4.1	12.1
58	48	Burgess Prod	51	..	5.0	9.8	4.5
9¾	4	Burnett H'shire	£6¾	..	22.1b	3.3	7.2
330	130	Burton Grp	326	-1	11.1	3.4	14.3
24	12	Butterfld-Harvy	19	..	0.1e	0.8	..
C—E							
435	214	Cable & Wireless	413	-3	10.3	2.5	21.4
131	85	Cadbury Sch	117	-2	6.7	5.7	10.8
138	78	Caffyns	138	..	9.4	4.9	..
143	100	C'bread R'by Ord	130	..	3.9	3.0	17.4
214	50	Cambridge Elec	211	● +1	7.1	3.4	16.2
310	180	Can O'seas Pack	310	..	9.4	3.0	6.9
64½	17	Capper Neill	24	+1½	..e	..	..
24	5	Caravans Int	4	..	..e	..	..
74	42	Carelo Eng	74	..	5.0	7.5	5.3
283	205	Carlton Com	218	..	5.7	2.8	32.9
51	10	Carpets Int	51	+4	..	..	..
194	59	Carr J. (Dont)	170	..	2.7	1.8	21.7
42	28	Causton Sir J.	41	..	2.3	5.6	6.0
72	39	Cement Rdstone	43	+1	7.4	17.3	5.3
16	8	Cen & Sheer	10	..	..	..	20.0
175	88	Centreway Ind	160	-10	14.3b	8.9	..
56	37	Ch'mbn & Hill	39	..	4.1	10.6	3.2
39	18	Chloride Grp	19	..	..e	..	..
154	81	Do 7½% Cnv Pf	88	..	..	..	..
239	118	Christies Int	226	-2	10.0	4.4	22.6
159	99	Chubb & Sons	153	-1	7.8	5.1	12.8
285	170	Church & Co	283	..	15.6	4.8	12.6
205	173	Cliffords Ord	175	..	7.7	4.4	9.8
133	108	Do A NV	110	..	7.7	7.0	5.8
159	108	Coalite Grp	136	..	6.0	4.9	7.5
70½	54½	Coats Patons	64	..	5.7	8.9	4.8
273	213	Collins W.	273	..	12.1	4.4	9.4
221	165	Do A	221	-3	12.1	5.5	7.0
63	35	Comben Grp	35	● ..	3.8b	6.6	11.2
39	27	Comb Eng Strs	31	..	4.5	14.5	..
79	11	Comb Tech	56	+½	..	..	..
290	102	Comet Grp	258	..	6.5	2.4	19.1
188	121	Cookson Grp	151	..	11.8	9.1	10.9
62½	35	Cope Allman	61	b ..	2.9	4.7	..
27	19	Copson F.	25	..	2.1b	8.0	0.6
261	118	Cornell Dresses	150	-6	..	..	..
290	176	Costain Grp	206	..	19.4	8.0	5.0
96	67	Courtaulds	92	..	4.3	4.7	13.9
37	18	C'wan de Groot	31	..	2.9	9.2	..
44	29½	Cowie T	41½	-½	2.9	6.9	9.2
126	82	Crest Nicholson	125	+1	4.5	3.0	12.9
113	72	Croda Int	113	..	10.0b	0.0	13.1
77	39	Do Dfd	77	..	..e	..	8.9
152	100	Cropper J.	115	+5	4.3	3.7	6.5
153	71	Crouch D.	76	..	..	..	19.0
130	62	Crouch Grp	128	..	6.9	5.4	10.5
83½	64	Crown House	67	..	7.5	11.2	18.5
186	77	Crystalate Hldgs	181	-3	3.5	1.9	22.2
124¾	63½	Cum'ns En Cv	£121¾	+2	375	3.1	..
90	56	Dale Electric	79	..	5.0	6.3	10.4
342	262	Dalgety	336	..	31.4	9.4	9.3
23¾	13	Dana	£23¾	-¼	104	4.5	12.6
145	58	Davies & New	145	+22	4.3	3.0	..
112	67	Davis G. (Hldgs)	109	..	4.3	3.9	..
172	48	Davy Corp	56	..	5.3n	9.4	11.5
119	87	Debenhams	111	..	9.1	8.2	19.8
735	445	De La Rue	590	-10	31.5	5.2	18.9
56	39	Delta Grp	51	-2	5.2	10.2	..
126	59½	Dewhirst I J	113	..	1.0	1.4	21.0
260	158	Dixons Grp PLC	236	-4	5.5	2.4	11.6
93½	71½	Dobson Park	72½	+1	7.4	10.3	10.7
90	57	Dom Hldgs	86	..	6.1	7.1	19.8
104	59½	Dom Int Grp	89	..	5.7b	6.4	7.8
86	56	Douglas R M.	71	..	2.5	3.5	..
49½	29½	Dow'd & Mills	49	..	2.7	5.4	14.3
172	112	Dowty Grp	153	..	5.4	3.5	11.4
100	41	Drake & Scull	93	-2	4.6	5.0	10.2
77	40	Dunlop Hldgs	45	..	5.7	12.7	..
57	15	Duple Int	27	..	0.1	0.4	..
27½	14½	ERES	£27½	..	335	12.2	..
56	41	E Lancs Paper	49	● ..	5.0	10.2	0.3
133	77	E Mid A Press 'A'	133	+8	5.6	4.2	13.1
118	88	Ecobric Ord	113	..	15.0	13.3	14.5
105	69	Eleco Hldgs	91	● -1	5.0	5.5	18.0
159	111	EIS	150	+2	6.4	4.3	9.5
240	140	Electrocomps	233	..	3.4	1.4	26.5
19	7¾	Electrolux 'B'	£17¾	-¼	76.2	4.4	15.3
99	57	Electr'nic Rent	62	..	6.2	9.9	11.0
116	22	Elliott B	32	..	..e	..	..
177¾	107¾	Ellis & Everard	174	..	8.8	5.0	17.5
30½	21½	Ellis & Gold	27	..	3.10	11.4	5.8
37	18	Elsen & Robbins	29	-1	0.1	0.5	..
110	62	Empire Stores	85	..	..	..	..
39½	19½	Energy Serv	37	..	1.3	3.0	13.0
208	137	Eng China Clay	195	-1	11.7	8.0	9.0
35¾	12⅝	Ericsson	£35¾	-¼	60.9	1.7	65.6
136	69	Erith & Co	122	..	5.3	4.3	17.5
86½	52½	Euro Ferries	71½	-2	4.4	6.2	18.4
358	124½	Eurotherm Int	310	-5	4.6	1.5	28.1
118	75	Evode Group	110	..	2.9	2.0	10.9
363	235	Extel Grp	303	-3	12.0	4.2	15.3
F—H							
60	31	FMC	52	..	..	..	..
179	94	Fairview Est	119	..	5.7	4.7	3.9
164	128	Farmer S.W.	138	..	11.0	10.1	6.3
178	99	Fenner J. H	106	-2	12.0	12.1	8.9
120	76	Ferguson Ind	107	e -5	8.1b	7.0	9.8
504	310	Ferranti	499	+3	6.5	1.3	19.5
52	25	Fine Art Dev	34	-2	4.3b	12.8	..
112	92	Finlay J	100	..	9.4	6.4	11.2
3	1	Finsider	3	..	..	..	..
96	45	First Castle	85	..	2.5	2.9	0.3
553	182½	Fisons	553	r +7	17.9b	3.2	15.0
129	72	Fitch Lovell	124	..	9.9b	7.0	11.4
89	15	Fleet Hldgs	69	e -5	1.4	2.1	11.7
255	133½	Flight Refuel	275	..	4.3	1.9	26.8
90	50	Fogarty E.	58	+1	5.7	9.9	..
141	44	Ford Mtr BDR	136	-3	..	..	..
174	107	Forminster	172	..	7.1	4.1	10.1
217	106	Foseco Min	147	+2	10.0	6.8	8.8
92	50	Foster Bros	60	..	4.9	6.0	18.5
140	112	Fothergill & H	125	..	11.1	8.9	13.6
82	25	Francis Ind	25	..	3.6	14.3	..
142	66	Freemans PLC	76	..	5.5	7.8	12.8
140	90	French T.	130	-5	8.6	6.6	15.6
140½	93	French Kier	129½	-½	6.3	5.0	8.1
155	85	Friedland Doggt	155	-2	7.5	4.8	9.1
68	54	Galliford	65	-1	3.9	5.9	9.0
84	60	Garnar Booth	67	..	9.1	13.9	7.4
196	116	Geers Gross	168	..	5.7	2.4	21.4
253¾	156¾	GEC	204	..	3.9	1.9	10.2
101½	99½	Do F Rate	£100	..	1100	11.0	..
80	53	Gel Int	74	..	6.6	8.9	18.2
211	92	Gen Mtr BDR	204	-3	5.1	2.5	..
70	29	Gestetner 'A'	34	+1	1.9	5.6	..
62	28	Gieves Grp	53	..	2.1b	4.0	..
184	110	Gill & Duffus	165	+¼	12.0	7.3	14.7
9½	2⅞	Glaxo Hldgs	£9½	..	10.0	1.2	36.6
81	58	Glossop PLC	60	-1	7.3	18.5	8.3
123	79	Glynwed	114	+½	10.5	9.3	6.4
190	65	Good Relations	195	+19	3.6b	1.5	80.6
181	91	Gordon & Gotch	113	+7	10.7	9.5	5.9
82	48	Grampian Hldgs	52	..	8.4	12.4	..
292	144	Granada 'A'	158	+2	7.5	4.0	14.0
386	175	Grand Met PLC	327	-6	13.0	3.7	12.6
122	62	Grattan PLC	66	-2	5.2	4.8	4.0
641	433	Gt Univ Stores	538	-2	18.9	3.5	12.7
636	428	Do A	533	-3	18.9	5.6	12.5
142	86	Gripperrods	117	..	5.8	4.3	7.4
159	83¾	Grosvenor Grp	154	..	7.3b	4.7	20.8
187	107	GKN	168	● +1	11.4	6.8	46.8
142	71	H.A.T. Grp	135	-2	4.1	3.0	20.1
172	105	HTV	155	● ..	15.7	10.1	6.9
266	105	Habitat	260	..	5.7s	2.2	28.3
270	173	Haden	240	+2	11.1	4.6	10.5
168	119	Hall Eng	144	a ..	10.8	7.5	5.7
242	178	Hall M.	238	..	7.9	3.1	12.7
132	83	Halma PLC	117	..	2.3	1.0	22.7
11	0¾	Rampson Ind	11	..	1.18	8.7	11.2
61	21	Hanimex Corp	25	..	..e	..	3.5
183	37	Hanover Inv	145	e ..	2.8	1.8	53.8
201	81½	Hanson Trust	165	-4	5.7	3.1	14.5
64	44	Hargreaves Grp	94	..	5.4	9.4	9.4
329½	143½	Harris Q'nsway	322	e +7	8.1	2.5	19.0
787	437	Harrison Cros	612	..	40.8	8.5	17.4
100	52	Hartwells Grp	90	+1	5.9	8.0	10.8
406	290	Hawker Sidd	380	..	13.3	3.5	9.5
35	18	Hawkins & T'son	30	..	1.4	4.8	..
210	126	Haynes	203	● ..	11.9	5.9	29.0
55	38	Headlam Sims	41	..	4.3	10.5	5.9
28	12	Helene of Ldn	20	+1½	2.1	10.8	14.5
36	15	Helical Bar	36	..	..e	..	..
119	72	Henly's	99	..	8.1	8.1	..
151	93	Hepworth Cer	143	-2	0.0	5.0	14.5
48	15	Herman Smith	40	+2	0.7	1.8	15.5
57	31	Hestair	21	-1	3.2	8.3	6.3
39	25	Hewden-Stuart	33	..	1.8	5.5	..
80	45	Hewitt J.	86	● +2	3.4	4.0	8.1
82	40	Hicking P'cost	40	..	5.7	14.3	..
318	131	Higgs & Hill	318	..	10.4	3.3	16.8
135	80	Hill C Bristol	88	..	..	..	..
220	142	Hillards	196	..	4.9	3.5	15.9
353	238	Hinton A	273	..	11.4	4.2	6.7
425	230	Hoechst	415	-18	23.7	5.7	14.9
45	23	Hollas Grp	30	-1	4.3	10.7	5.0
137	82	Hopkinsons	118	..	8.1	9.8	9.4
235	139	Horizon Travel	170	e -2	5.1	2.9	7.7
182	148	Hse of Fraser	154	-2	10.8	8.5	15.3
27	15	Howard Mach	19	-1	..	..	3.4
178	133	Howden Group	161	-1	8.3	3.8	9.1
12¾	6⅝	Hudsons Bay	£12¾	..	30.1	2.4	..
157	92	Huntleigh Grp	140	-1	2.4	1.7	15.9
175	73	Hutch Whamp	141½	..	..	..	..
I—L							
82	42	ICL	77	-3	0.10	0.2	16.6
127	83	IDC Grp	113	-2	6.8	7.7	9.1
65½	36½	IMI	56½	+2	4.8	8.5	5.9
136	51	Ibstock Johnsen	123	..	6.4	5.2	..
407	272	Imp Chem Ind	398	..	27.1	6.9	13.4
131	69	Imperial Grp	110	..	18.40	9.4	7.6
74	38½	Ingall Ind	66	..	..	..	18.8
25	11	Ingram H.	21	..	..	..	..
396	236	Initial PLC	394	-1	16.1	4.1	14.2
243	189	Int Paint	188	..	7.1	3.8	8.6
295	196	ISC	280	..	..	..	..
506	285	Int Thomson	488	..	20.6	4.2	15.8
818¾	690	Itoh Bdr	700	..	8.6	1.2	..
50	12	Jacks W.	50	..	..	..	10.3
31	20	James M. Ind	29	..	1.8	6.3	18.8
180	108	Jardine M'son	138	-2	..	..	..
350	211	Jarvis J.	336	e -2	22.1	6.6	6.5
75	22	Jessups Hldgs	49	..	2.9	5.8	7.2
6	6	Johnson & F B	6½	..	..	..	..
348	185	Johnson Grp	348	+3	11.0	3.4	29.2
340	230	Johnson Matt	326	+3	14.3	4.4	12.1
298	98	Johnston Grp	288	..	5.7	2.0	11.7
96	70	Jones (Ernest)	78	..	5.8	7.1	26.3
102	64	Jourdan T.	98	e ..	8.0	8.2	12.9
64	35	Kalamazoo	46	..	3.6	7.8	15.9
205	135	Kelsey Ind	205	..	11.4b	5.8	14.2
114	56	Kenning Mtr	99	+2	7.8	7.9	7.7
345	220	Kode Int	345	e +5	10.0	2.9	84.5
60	37	Kwik Fit Hldgs	45	-1	2.1	4.6	20.0
331	211	Kwik Save Disc	308	-5	8.6	2.8	17.3
64½	44½	LCP Hldgs	62	..	5.1b	8.3	50.0
123	39½	LRC Int	121	..	4.4	3.7	20.6
183	113	LWT Hldgs 'A'	168	..	15.8	9.4	11.6
197	127	Ladbroke	193	..	10.8	3.6	18.7
101	46	Laing J. Ord	94	..	4.1	4.4	9.9
100	47	Do 'A'	93	..	4.1	4.4	9.6
139	89	Laird Grp	116	..	5.9	5.1	5.8
60	20	Lake & Elliot	29	..	..	..	..
155	48	Lambert H'wth	150	..	7.3	4.9	10.5
275	122	Laporte Ind	260	..	10.0	3.8	33.8
270	130	Lawrence W.	263	..	12.1	4.6	9.6
46	24	Lawtex	30	+1	..	..	..
16	10½	Lee A.	14	..	0.9	6.1	4.3
140	73	Lee Cooper	111	..	4.4	4.0	46.4
65	35	Leigh Int	62	..	2.3	3.5	..
305	117	Leisure Ind	305	+42	8.60	2.8	14.4
440	280	Lep Grp	405	..	25.0	8.3	15.0
229	04	Lex Services	229	+8	11.6	5.1	9.5
244	143¾	Lilley F. J. C.	235	..	0.0	3.7	11.8
53	27	Lincroft Kilg	53	..	2.9	5.4	17.7
280	165	Linfood Hldgs	264	..	18.60	7.0	12.9
431	256	Link House	416	● ..	18.6	4.5	17.9
117	76	Ldn & M'land	113	..	11.1	9.8	17.0
66	37	Ldn & N'thern	61	..	5.5	9.0	6.0
166	69¾	Ldn Brick Co	153½	-1	7.9n	5.1	13.7
60	30	Longton Inds	53	+3	1.4b	2.7	..
100	66	Lonrho	84	..	12.8	15.5	..
72	42	Lookers	68	..	5.5	9.1	5.4
196	118	Lovell Hldgs	184	● ..	6.4	3.5	9.3
196	58	Low & Bonar	90	+16	4.0	4.4	..
236	122	Lucas Ind	163	-3	12.3	7.5	8.8
107	70	Lyles S.	96	..	8.9	9.3	8.7
M—N							
160	57	MFI Furn	149	-1	4.4	3.0	22.7
370	134	MK Electric	328	..	11.40	3.5	19.8
325	230	ML Hldgs	305	-5	10.0	3.3	18.3
30⅞	14½	MY Dart	17½	+1	0.1	0.8	..
266	130	McCorquodale	280	+2	12.9	4.9	10.6
145	56	Macfarlane	145	..	4.0	3.3	18.7
38	23	McInerney Prop	34	..	3.1	8.2	5.7
55	39	Mackay H.	55	● +1	5.7	10.4	12.0
131	93	McKechnie Bros	125	-1	10.4	8.3	9.8
66	41	Macpherson D.	56	..	9.8	18.7	33.0
197	92	Magnet & S'thns	184	..	5.4b	3.0	20.1
150	79	Man Agey Music	109	..	12.5	31.5	10.0
220	108	Marchwiel	214	-1	10.7	5.0	18.6
236	125	Marks & Spencer	194	..	0.7	3.5	21.2
73	35½	Marley PLC	69	-1	3.6	5.2	..
51	29	Morling Ind	36½	..	1.5	4.2	4.7
50	34	Marshall T Lox	34	..	4.0	11.6	..
48	23	Do A	24	..	4.0	16.7	..
148	78	Marshalls Hfx	146	+1	7.1	4.9	11.8
266	125	Martin News	180	+2	8.3	4.0	0.8
285	213	Martonair	283	-2	11.4	4.3	15.7
184	90	Matthews B.	182	-2	7.5	4.8	0.4
68	55	Medminster	57	● ..	5.9	10.3	10.3
368	215	Menzies J.	316	..	8.8	2.1	11.9
196	140	Metal Box	188	..	16.5	8.8	11.8
147	100	Metal Bulletin	123	-2	8.8	7.8	11.8
50	36½	Metalrax	47	● -1	3.3	7.0	10.1
49¾	14	Mettoy	30	+1	..e	..	..
148	56	Meyer Int	130	-4	5.0b	2.7	..
68	28	Midland Ind	48	..	3.7	7.7	9.3
213	—	Miles 33	198	..	2.9	1.4	41.3
148	82	Milletts Leis	126	..	9.8	7.8	33.1
137	44	Mining Supplies	47	-1	..e	..	..
55	33	Mitchell Cotts	33	..	5.3	15.7	9.1
56	17	Moben Grp	47	● -3	8.3	8.9	13.4
28	17	Modern Eng	24	..	..e	..	..
183	119¾	Molins	161	..	11.3	7.0	14.3
132	54	Monk A.	128	..	5.7	4.5	5.2
7	4	Montecatini	6½	..	..	..	..
30	18	Monifort Knit	24	+1	..	..	..
110¾	66	More O'Ferrall	73	+2	4.2	5.0	9.1
129	76	Morgan Cruc	95	..	10.7	11.3	8.2
264	175	Mowlem J.	254	+4	15.08	5.9	9.3
195	110	Muirhead	144	-3	5.7	4.8	12.8
145½	97	NSS News	166	..	4.3b	4.8	9.5
25¾	17¾	Nabisco	£24	-¼	148	6.2	..
37	17	Neill J.	30	..	..	..	..
315	180	Newmark L.	165	..	17.18	18.4	6.4
142	91	News Int	141	..	9.4	6.7	..
144	86	Norcros	141	-3	9.0	6.1	9.4
36	20	Norfolk C Grp	28	..	8.3	1.0	..
97½	77	NEI	84½	+½	0.1	7.2	6.6
204	136	Nthn Foods	198	-2	8.3	4.1	12.7
250	124	Notts Mfg	226	+2	7.3	3.2	10.9
188	132	Nurdin & P'cock	156	+2	4.1	2.8	14.8
71	29½	Nu-Swift Ind	71	+1	3.1	4.3	32.9
O—S							
46	34	Ocean Wilsons	42	..	4.2	10.0	7.3
32¾	15½	Ogilvy & M	£32¾	..	106	3.3	15.1
226	131	Owen Owen	191	+1	4.3	2.2	..
29	11	Owners Abroad	27½	+¼	0.7	2.8	..
443	165	Pactrol Elect	378	-10	4.0	1.1	..
231	115	Parker Knoll 'A'	228	..	10.7	4.7	12.9
190	123	Paterson Zoch	133	-3	9.4	4.8	4.4
180	123	Do A NV	136	..	9.4	4.8	4.4
305	166	Pauls & Whites	288	..	10.7	4.0	9.5
287	205	Pearson & Son	285	-1	16.0	5.0	7.0
296	176	Pegler-Hatt	282	-2	15.4	5.4	8.3
64	51	Pentland Ind	60	..	2.4	4.0	7.0
17	8	Pentos	10	..	..e	..	..
104	78	Perry H. Mtrs	98	..	5.40	5.4	9.1
34	16	Phicom	31	..	0.7	2.3	14.2
81	43½	Philips Fin 5¾	£79½	-1½	575	7.2	..
11¼	4⅞	Philips Lamps	£10⅝	-⅛	44.9	4.1	23.7
235	145	Pifco Hldgs	196	-5	7.5	5.9	8.8
233	145	Do A	195	-5	7.5	3.0	6.0
301	148	Pilkington Bros	215	..	15.0	7.0	7.9
570	151½	Pleasurama	550	+5	10.7	1.9	16.3
662	345	Plessey	544	..	13.1	2.4	26.3
65	33¼	Do ADR	£54⅝	-⅛	..	..	..
203	94½	Plysu	202	-1	3.3	1.6	19.4
35¾	3¼	Polly Peck	£16	..	21.9	1.2	15.0
590	495	Portals Hldgs	585	-3	20.7	3.7	11.4
146	96	Portsmth News	130	..	5.0	3.8	8.1
280	219	Powell Duffryn	231	+1	20.4	8.8	7.6
73	53	Preedy A.	57	..	5.0	8.8	8.3
196	124	Prestige Grp	154	+1	9.8	5.3	10.3
690	250	Pretoria P Cem	690	+10	26.2	3.8	6.4
164½	78	Pritchard Serv	163½	-1	4.5	2.8	21.4
32¾	17¾	Quaker Oats	£32¾	+¼	117	3.6	12.2
43	26	Queens Moat	41	-½	1.7b	4.2	14.5
77½	39½	R.F.D. Grp	77½	+½	4.2b	5.4	12.8
614	348	Racal Elect	434	..	7.3	1.7	16.6
231	104	Rank Org Ord	147	-2	11.40	7.9	11.7
69½	48	RRM	56½	-½	5.5	9.8	6.7
56	34	Rainers	34	-1	3.3	9.7	..
46	26	Raybeck	38	..	..e	..	..
410	198	RMC	387	-3	13.6	3.5	16.5
441	248	Reckitt & Colmn	413	+5	14.5	3.5	12.3
153	102	Redfearn Nat	119	..	11.8	9.9	5.1
348	170	Rediffusion	348	h +18	8.8	2.5	24.9
283	151	Redland	255	-1	11.5	4.5	16.0
54	20	Redman Heenan	26	..	..	..	..
153	63	Reed A.	128	..	4.9	3.9	19.6
150	57	Do A NV	128	..	4.9	3.9	19.6
40	19	Reed Exec	32	..	0.1	0.4	..
326	230	Reed Int	294	..	20.9	6.8	4.7
555	140	Rennies Cons	555	+15	..	..	..
48	21	Renold	31	..	2.9e	9.2	..
240	145	Rentokil Grp	240	● ..	4.6	1.9	27.0
66	63	Renwick Grp	85	..	..	..	..
127	78	Restmor Grp	127	..	0.6	6.7	11.3
615	425	Ricardo Eng	592	+2	12.4	2.3	18.3
175	83	Riley Leisure	175	+3	5.8	3.3	27.9
80	40	Rockware Grp	41½	+1½	3.0	7.2	..
57	38	Rotaflex	46	..	2.9	6.2	8.6
16	5	Rotaprint	8½	..	..	..	..
200	98	Do 11½% Conv	160	..	16.4	10.3	..
133	73	Rothmns Int 'B'	110	-1	9.5	5.8	3.8
75	43	Rotork PLC	75	+4	5.9n	5.1	10.4
290	135	Routledge & K	165	..	..e	..	..
44	25	Rowlinson Sec	30	-1	0.9	2.9	5.5
252	154	Rowntree Mac	250	-2	11.7	4.7	12.1
177	130	Rowton Hotels	177	..	10.0	5.6	23.0
195	125	Royal Worcs	155	-3	15.3	7.9	..
123½	79	Rugby Cement	100	..	7.9	7.9	12.7
256	132	SGB Grp	176	+2	8.0	4.5	11.7
16½	8½	SKF 'B'	£14½	-¼	62.4	4.2	9.3
750	350	Saatchi	695	-5	12.4	1.8	25.9
450	250	Sainsbury J.	370	-1	7.4	2.0	18.4
235	153	Sale Tilney	178	● ..	12.5	7.0	5.1
128	89	Samuel H. 'A'	103	-1	8.8	6.7	15.9
55	29	Sangers	43	+1	..e	..	..
208	131	Scapa Grp	208	..	10.1	4.9	10.1
495	153½	Scholes G. H.	465	● -3	20.5	4.4	18.3
79	54	S.E.E.T.	70	..	4.7	6.7	3.0
107	77	Scottish TV 'A'	100	..	10.5	10.5	3.7
20⅞	9⅞	Seaco Inc	£20⅞	+¼	27.6	1.5	8.5
104½	53½	Sears Hldgs	86½	-1	3.0	4.1	14.1
321	122	Securicor Grp	289	..	1.9	0.0	48.6
317	113	Do NV	287	..	1.9	0.6	46.7
312	139½	Security Serv	297	-2	5.5	1.3	27.9
297	137¾	Do A	294	..	3.3	1.1	27.3
13¾	8¾	Selincourt	10¼	..	0.0	0.1	..
57	57	Serck	57	..	4.9	6.5	10.4
29½	15	Shaw Carpets	26	..	0.1e	0.5	..
304	160	Siebe Gorman	283	-2	12.1b	4.3	11.0
78	40	Silentnight	74	..	3.6	4.8	7.5
415	325	Simon Eng	406	..	18.0	4.4	8.8
193	112	Sirdar	184	+1	9.2	3.4	11.2
76	41	600 Group	61½	..	7.5	12.2	10.4
423	240	Sketchley	422	..	15.8	3.7	19.7
176	85¾	Smith & Neph	160	-2	5.3	3.3	18.7
294	148	Smith W. H. 'A'	232	..	7.9	3.4	18.8
57	31	Do 'B'	46	..	1.8	3.4	17.9
433	318	Smiths Ind	433	+10	15.7	3.6	12.2
77	44	Smurfit	72	..	5.3	7.3	8.4
49	24½	Snia Viscosa	49	..	..	..	..
31	14	Solicitors Law	23	..	..	..	..
530	268	Sotheby P.B.	515	+10	8.1	..	..
212	132	Spirax-Sarco	204	+2	8.7	3.3	17.8
49	14	Staffs Potts	34	..	8.0	..	..
118	88	Stag Furniture	110	..	7.1	6.0	15.3
76	49	Stakis PLC	70	+½	2.5b	3.3	14.1
250	143½	Standard Tel	241	● -1	8.0	3.8	18.0
74	46	Stanley A. G.	53	..	3.8	6.7	9.8
370	206	Steel Bros	370	..	13.7	3.7	14.1
192	127	Steetley Co	156	e +2	10.0	6.4	21.1
114	25	Steinberg	100	-1	0.0e	..	..
40	20	Streeters	32	+1	..	..	11.7
59	21	Strong & Fisher	32	-1	2.4	7.5	..
161	91	Sunlight Serv	149	+1	6.0b	4.0	14.3
45	17	Sutcliffe S'man	24	..	..	..	..
71	23	Suter Elec	48	..	2.1	4.7	..
129½	62	Swire Pacific 'A'	122½	+½	..	..	..
T—Z							
174	90	TI Group	156	● +2	10.7	6.9	..
29	14	TACE	29	..	..	..	0.1
108	48	TSL Therm Synd	51	..	..	..	9.4
251⅞	163⅞	Takeda BDR	£251⅞	..	17.9	0.7	28.0
7¾	2⅞	Talbex Grp	6¼	-¼	..	..	69.4
462	199	Tarmac PLC	416	..	13.6b	3.2	14.2
304	160	Tate & Lyle	294	..	19.3	6.8	6.2
586	480	Taylor Woodrow	530	..	23.3	4.4	18.7
85	43	Telefusion	84	+1	2.6	3.1	12.9
84	41¾	Do 'A'	83	+1	2.6	3.1	12.7
184	129	Telephone Rent	184	..	8.8	4.0	15.8
136	51	Tesco	123	+1	4.5	3.7	13.4
64	44	Textured Jersey	60	..	0.7	8.5	4.4
505	380	Thorn EMI PLC	491	+6	20.9	4.3	14.5
139	48	Tilbury Grp	138	-1	6.7	4.8	13.8
189	110	Tilling T.	126	-3	11.4	9.1	21.9
39½	12	Time Products	18¼	..	..	..	..
22	16½	Tomkins F. H.	21	..	1.0	8.8	8.5
42½	29	Tootal	31	..	3.4	10.8	7.0
82	18	Tozer Kemsley	26	..	..e	..	..
180	96	Trafalgar Hse	175	..	10.3	5.9	8.9
238	173	Transport Serv	206	-2	9.9	4.8	..
35	18	Trans Paper	30	..	..e	..	..
93½	43	Transport Dev	86	● +½	6.4	7.4	10.6
322	162	Travis & Arnold	314	..	9.5	2.0	17.0
154	26	Trent Hldgs	140	..	2.7	1.9	15.2
102	56	Trident TV 'A'	102	+1	8.1	6.0	28.0
62	38	Triefus & Co	50	..	8.9e	1.9	..
50	12	Triplex Found	18	..	1.4e	7.9	..
182	109	Trust Hse Forte	179	+3	18.0	5.6	2.0
109	20	Turner Newall	30	..	0.4	1.2	..
303	118	Turriff	303	..	7.1	2.4	9.1
91	44	USM	85	-1	2.9	3.4	92.4
132	54	UDS Grp	131	b -1	6.6b	9.0	23.8
343	240	UEI PLC	343	+3	6.8	1.9	30.8
69	28	UKO Int	69	+5	..	..	..
115	80	Unigate	93	+2	9.3	10.0	6.4
868	559	Unilever	855	-5	41.3	4.8	8.9
33¼	18⅞	Do NV	£32¾	-¼	159	4.9	9.3
163	100	Unitech	153	-2	5.7	3.7	32.1
146	106	Utd Biscuits	135	-2	8.3	6.1	9.1
221	145	Utd News	218	..	17.1	7.9	15.0
404	264	Utd Scientific	365	-5	6.7	1.9	23.3
114	51	Valor	99	-1	4.4	4.5	6.9
445	175	Vereeniging Ref	445	..	28.3	6.4	4.4
172	77	Vickers	135	-1	17.1	12.7	7.8
49¼	29¼	Volkswagen	£48¼	+¼	..	..	..
248	133	Vosper	211	-9	5.7	2.7	7.7
83	33	Wadkin	78	..	..e	..	..
102	63	Wagon Ind	99	..	8.9	8.7	10.6
80	40	Walker J. Gold	40	-2	0.7	1.5	..
62	30	Do NV	35	..	0.7	2.0	..
121	35	Ward & Gold	81	+8	2.9	3.5	..
94	66	Ward White	93	-1	5.5	8.0	15.4
98	78	Warrington T.	85	+2	9.0	9.4	6.9
22½	14	Waterford Glass	19	+5	1.7	9.0	6.2
343	150	Watmoughs	241	-2	0.0	3.7	8.3
188	158	Watts Blake	182	..	5.2	3.9	14.5
86	40	Wearwell	65	..	3.9	6.0	9.7
50	37	Websters Grp	46	..	3.9	7.8	8.0
84	38	Weir Grp	48	-1	3.8	7.4	3.7
65	37½	Do 10% Conv	50	..	2.5	..	..
50	19	Wellman Eng	21	+2	0.1b	0.7	..
158	02	Westland PLC	124	-2	10.7	6.6	4.7
130	70	Wests Grp Int	82	+5	..e	..	18.9
65½	25½	Wh'lock Mar	35½	..	..	..	..
8½	5	Whessoe Watson	6¼	+2	0.1e	0.6	..
121	57	Whitecroft	115	..	6.8	5.9	10.3
345	188	Wholesale Fit	310	..	6.7	2.1	22.8
205	98	Wigfall H.	178	+5	..e	..	..
113	73	Wiggins Grp	81	-1	4.4	5.5	9.7
457	45	Wilkes J.	270	+18	5.9	2.2	..
185	80	Wills G. & Sons	160	+1	9.3a	5.2	16.1
162	83	Wimpey G	142	-1	4.0	2.8	0.4
620	358	W'sley Hughes	585	..	21.6	3.7	12.2
29	7	Wood S. W.	13	..	..	..	..
260	159	Woolworth Hldgs	243	+1	8.8	3.5	41.3
390	280	Yarrow & Co	320	..	12.9	3.5	23.0
92	69	Zetters	80	..	3.9	4.9	18.4

FINANCIAL TRUSTS

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
333	160	Akroyd & Sm	325	-1	21.4	9.6	4.1
48	27	Argyle Trust	41	..	..	..	..
114	38	Boustead	54	-1	1.8	3.3	..
57	36½	Brit Arrow	56	-½	2.3	4.1	13.7
541	336	Daily Mail Tst	538	-3	44.3	8.2	11.2
541	353	Do A	538	-3	44.3	8.2	11.2
79	52	Electra Inv	78½	..	4.7b	9.0	24.4
117¾	109¾	Eng Assoc Grp	111	..	4.3b	3.8	9.4
753	173	Exco Int	753	+20	8.4	0.9	59.5
61	32	Exploration	61	..	1.8	2.9	12.8
14	9	First Charlotte	12	-½	0.1b	0.0	66.7
54	35	Goode D & M Grp	46	..	1.4	3.1	9.1
348	238	Inchcape	321	..	25.9	8.1	12.1
298	124	Independent Inv	280	..	0.7	0.3	..
430	266	M & G Grp PLC	418	..	21.4	5.1	16.0
80	29	Manson Fin	38	-1	1.8	5.2	5.4
455	280	Martin R.P.	335	● +5	15.6	4.4	9.8
855	370	Mercantile Hse	855	-5	22.1	2.0	21.1
465	214	Mills & Allen	465	+15	15.7	3.4	15.8
48	35	Smith Bros	44	..	2.1	4.9	..
23⅞	20	Tyndall O'seas	£23	..	240	1.0	..
56	38	Wagon Fin	56	..	5.8	11.1	26.6
123	70	Yule Catto	123	..	3.0	2.9	10.3

INSURANCE

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
17	11¾	Alex & Alex	£15	+½	64.8	4.5	..
62	42¾	Do 11% Cnv	£62	..	..	..	..
396	250	Britannic	396	+6	26.5	6.7	..
151	123	Com Union	133	● -1	16.9	12.7	..
392	300	Eagle Star	370	-5	24.3	6.6	..
605	374	Equity & Law	605	+2	22.1	3.7	..
440	272	Gen Accident	390	-2	24.3	6.2	..
446	282	GRE	410	-2	35.4	8.1	..
350	233	Hambro Life	320	..	17.2	5.4	..
370	250	Heath C. E	336	..	20.7	5.8	10.6
118	79	Hogg Robinson	105	-5	8.9	8.2	11.9
424	201	Legal & Gen	424	-2	10.3	4.5	..
29¼	8	Lib Life SA Rl	£29½	● ..	104g	3.5	..
350	216	London & Man	320	+4	15.6	4.5	..
223	173	Ldn Utd Inv	218	+3	14.3	6.6	10.0
29⅝	17¾	Marsh & McLen	£27¾	● -¼	135	4.5	13.3
153	88	Minet Hldgs	133	..	6.1	4.0	..
593	356	Pearl	591	-2	34.3	5.8	..
340	210	Phoenix	314	+6	24.0	7.6	..
402	221	Prudential	400	..	21.4	5.4	..
366	220	Refuge	382	● -2	10.5	3.0	..
530	323	Royal	498	-7	37.9	7.0	..
232	146	Sedgwick	232	● -2	10.0	4.3	13.3
117	89	Stenhouse	109	..	7.9	7.2	10.0
281	100	Stewart W'son	258	-3	18.6	7.2	11.1
10⅞	7⅞	Sun Alliance	£9⅞	..	61.4	6.3	..
466	309	Sun Life	466	+2	17.0	3.0	..
177	160	Trade Indem'ty	162	..	10.2	9.3	..
566	363	Willis Faber	563	+7	25.0	4.4	..

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
128	85	Alliance Inv	129	..	17.9	13.9	..
450	268	Alliance Trust	438	● +4	16.8	5.8	..
95	57	Amer Trust Ord	95	..	3.9	3.8	..
190	128	Ang-Amer Secs	186	+1	7.3	3.9	..
54	42	Anglo Int Inv	49	..	8.4	17.3	..
318	201	Do Ass	313	..	..	..	..
101	59½	Anglo Scot	101	..	3.6	3.5	..
282	178	Ashdown Inv	282	+4	9.0	3.5	..
117	65	Atlanta Balt	116	..	1.6	1.4	..
95	59½	Atlantic Assets	95	+1	8.4	8.4	..
119	71	Bankers Inv	119	+1½	5.7b	4.8	..
110	76	Border & Sthrn	107½	+1	4.3	4.0	..
71	51	Bremar Trst	63	t ..	5.8	9.1	..
76	47	Brit Am & Gen	76	+1	3.7	4.8	..
144	91	Brit Assets Tst	144	+1	6.9b	4.6	..
19½	14	Brit Emp Sec	19½	..	1.3	0.5	..
246	180	Brit Invest	246	..	14.0	5.7	..
354	192	Broadstone	354	..	11.2	3.2	..
113	75	Brunner	113	..	4.8	4.3	..
115	78	Cardinal 'Dfd'	115	..	5.2	4.5	..
108½	70	Charter Trust	107	+2½	5.3	4.9	..
386	248	Cont & Ind	386	+4	15.8	4.5	..
497	225	Crescent Japan	497	+7	2.1	0.4	..
330	145	Delta Inv	330	..	..	..	..
348	238	Derby Tst 'Inc'	348	+3	31.6	9.1	..
400	310	Do Cap	400	..	..	..	..
428	250	Dom & Gen	418	..	17.1b	4.1	..
197	151	Drayton Cons	194	..	11.9	6.1	..
280	190	Do Premier	246	..	15.7	6.4	..
288	140	Drayton Japan	288	+4	7.90	2.7	..
188	91	Edin Amer Ass	188	..	1.3	0.8	..
93	58¾	Edinburgh Inv	88	+1	3.0b	3.4	..
83	65¾	Edith	72	+1	3.2	4.4	..
168	104	Elec & Gen	168	..	3.9	2.3	..
158	103	Eng & Int	158	..	8.3	5.2	..
144½	83½	Eng & N York	139	..	6.2	4.5	..
230	63	First Union Gen	230	+2	8.5	3.7	..
386	198	Fleming Amer	384	..	6.10	1.5	..
199	99½	Fleming Far East	199	+2	3.10	1.9	..
333	151	Fleming Japan	333	+2	9.8b	3.0	..
332	144	Do B	332	+2	..	..	..
84½	53½	Fleming Merc	83½	+1	3.9	4.7	..
241	148	Fleming O'seas	235	..	10.0	4.3	..
203	138	Fleming Univ	200	..	8.9	4.3	..
83	57	Foreign & Colnl	85½	..	3.2	3.9	..
528	268	Gt Japan Inv	528	+10	7.1b	1.4	..
380	268	Gen Funds 'Ord'	378	..	11.3	3.1	..
377	245	Do Conv	358	..	..	..	..
160	81	Gen Inv & Tsts	107	..	5.0b	4.7	..
97	56	Gen Scottish	97	..	4.4b	4.8	..
172½	125½	Globe Trust	172½	..	31.3	6.5	..
305	168	Greenfriar	305	..	2.3	1.1	..
270	111	Gresham Hse	235	..	5.7	2.4	..
112	80	Hambros	185	+2	4.7b	4.5	..
179	120	Hill P. Inv	179	+½	8.9	5.6	..
362	240	Invest in Suc	352	..	7.4	2.1	..
173	99	Inv Cap Trst	173	+1	4.8b	2.8	..
33	18	Japan Assets	31	+½	0.1	0.4	..
164	128	Lake View Inv	184	..	6.0	3.3	..
112	71	Law Deb Corp	112	..	8.4b	5.7	..
69	42	Ldn Merch Sec	47	-1	2.0	4.2	..
58	29	Do Dfd	32	..	..	..	..
178	102	Ldn Pru Invest	176	+2	7.6	4.3	..
81	65	Ldn Trust Ord	75	..	5.4	7.1	..
139	89½	Merchants Trust	139	+½	6.5	4.7	..
79	59	Moorside Trust	70	..	5.0	6.4	..
108	89½	Murray Cal	107	+1	7.9b	7.3	..
104	65	Do 'B'	103	..	..	..	..
102	60	Murray Clyde	100	● ..	2.9b	2.9	..
98	56	Do 'B'	95	..	..	..	..
218	129	Murray Glend	216	e +1	4.3b	2.0	..
117	68	Murray N'thn	117	..	2.6	2.4	..
109	65	Do 'B'	109	+1	..	..	..
132	76	Murray West	132	..	4.18	3.1	..
125	73	Do 'B'	125	..	..	..	..
80	42	New Darien Oil	42	..	0.4	0.9	..
32½	18	New Throg Inc	32½r	..	2.1b	6.7	..
278	192	Do Cap	244	..	..	..	..
159	91	New Tokyo	159	+1	..	..	..
214	126	North Atlantic	214	..	3.0	1.8	..
140	113	Nth Sea Assets	115	..	4.0	3.5	..
91	71	Oil & Associated	81	..	5.8	7.1	..
276	151	Pentland	276	..	0.6	3.5	..
224	143	Raeburn	210	+1	11.3	5.3	..
700	410	Robeco (US)	697	● -3	32.8	4.7	..
631	400	Rolinco Subs (US)	646	-5	16.7	2.9	..
47½	35¼	Rorento 'NV'	£47½	+¼	..	..	..
200	123	R I.T.& Northern	196	+1	9.4	4.8	..
179	126	Scot Amer	174	..	8.6	3.0	..
113	77	Scot Eastern	110½	a ..	4.8	4.3	..
186	124	Scot Invest	185	..	6.7	3.6	..
241	149	Scot Mortgage	241	..	7.6	3.1	..
148	94	Scot National	145	..	5.2	3.6	..
120	66	Scot Northern	118	+1	5.1	4.3	..
77	46	Scot United	75	..	2.4	3.2	..
385	226	Sec Alliance	381	+1	14.4	3.8	..
35	25	Stewart Ent	34	..	2.4	6.9	..
202	126	Stockholders	200	-2	5.5	2.8	..
150	90	TR Australia	137	..	5.0	3.6	..
110	73	TR C of Ldn Dfd	102	..	7.1b	6.9	..
84½	70½	TR Ind & Gen	82	+1	4.3	4.7	..
196	143	TR Natural Res	192	..	9.8b	5.0	..
143	71½	TR Nth America	143	..	7.5b	5.2	..
166	92	TR Pacific Basin	165	● +1	3.9b	2.4	..
105	71	TR Property	102	-1	3.1b	3.1	..
130½	85½	TR Technology	129½	+1	4.7b	3.8	..
88½	63	TR Trustees	85	-½	4.3	5.0	..
199	120	Throg Sec 'Cap'	190	-2	0.0b	4.5	..
159	107	Throgmtn Trust	147	..	9.3	6.3	..
131	73	Trans Oceanic	131	..	3.0	2.8	..
149	91	Tribune Inv	148	..	4.9	3.3	..
77½	60½	Triplevest 'Inc'	75½	..	18.3b	13.6	..
438	310	Do Cap	415	+2	..	..	..
163	102	Utd States Deb	163	● ..	9.3	5.7	..
92	59	Viking Res	67	..	1.1	1.7	..
66	38	Westpool Inv	42	..	1.7	3.9	..
99½	64	Witan Inv	95½	..	3.1b	3.2	..
182	135	Young Co Inv	182	..	0.1	5.0	..

SHIPPING

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
900	296½	Brit & Com	860	..	19.7	2.3	21.4
790	284½	Caledonia Inv	785	+5	18.8	2.4	7.6
166	104	Fisher J	114	● ..	4.0	3.5	7.5
56	33	Jacobs J. I.	49½	-½	3.3	6.6	46.7
130	61	Ocean Trans	87	+3	9.5	10.9	61.3
160	100	P & O 'Dfd'	142	-2	14.3b	10.1	9.9

MINES

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
18½	10	Anglo Am Coal	£15¼	+¼	76.0	5.0	..
13¾	3⁹⁄₃₂	Anglo Am Corp	£12⅝	+⅛	61.5	4.8	..
85¾	24¾	Ang Am Gold	£74¾	● +1⅛	526	7.0	..
61¹⁵⁄₁₆	20⅞	Anglo Am Inv	£56¾	+⅛	205	3.0	..
47	18	Anglovaal	£47	..	175	3.7	..
47	16	Do 'A'	£47	..	175	3.7	..
12	3½	Blyvoors	£9¾	+⅛	118	12.4	..
292	52	Bracken Mines	209	a +4	32.7	15.9	..
44⅛	11⅞	Buffelsfontein	£31⅝	+⅛	301	8.5	..
273	141	CRA	260	-3	..	..	..
250	168	Charter Cons	220	-1	13.7	7.1	..
569	314	Cons Gold Fields	489	● -3	35.0	7.2	..
533	165	De Beers 'Dfd'	507	+4	11.5	2.5	..
23	5¾	Doornfontein	£15⁵⁄₁₂	+¼	113	7.3	..
24½	7⅞	Driefontein	£19¾	+¼	136	6.9	..
31½	5¼	Durban Rood	£18¾	+¼	..	..	..
285	37	East Dagga	271	-3	..	..	..
17¹⁵⁄₁₂	2⅝	E. Rand Prop	£11	-¼	..	..	..
115	60	El Oro M & Ex	110	..	3.5e	3.2	..
364	58	Elsburg Gold	243	-½	3.7	1.5	..
38⅞	8⅞	F S Geduld	£29¼	..	158	6.5	..
150	55	Geevor Tin	138	..	..	..	..
20¾	5¼	Gencor	£16¼	e -¼	88.3	5.5	..
89⅞	19	Goldfields S.A.	£84	-1⅛	306	3.6	..
11¾	2½	Grootvlei	£9⅞	-⅛	84.7	7.0	..
242	135	Hampton Gold	186	..	5.40	2.9	..
17¾	3⅝	Harmony	£13	● +¼	144	11.0	..
57½	16	Hartebeest	£45⅞	+½	290	6.3	..
77⅞	21⅛	Jo'burg Cons	£76½	+¼	344	4.5	..
18¾	3⅝	Kinross	£12¾	a +⅛	86.5	6.8	..
34⅞	10	Kloof	£29⅞	+⅛	158	5.3	..
347	52	Leslie	251	e +1	31.5	12.5	..
29⅞	5¼	Libanon	£19⅝	+⅛	141	7.2	..
367	90	Lydenburg Plat	363	+1	15.7	4.3	..
281	142	MIM Hldgs	244	-2	3.2	1.3	..
31	13	MTD (Mangula)	21	-2	..e	..	..
98	43	Malaysia	91	-2	2.5	2.7	..
452	60	Marievale Con	254	-9	22.9	9.0	..
44	15	Metals Explor	32	..	..	..	..
12	3⅝	Middle Wits	£10	..	36.5	3.9	..
811	238	Minorco	746	-15	13.1	1.7	..
515	160	Nthgate Explor	380	..	..	..	..
453	213	Peko Wallsend	338	..	..	..	..
38	10½	Pres Brand	£27⅞	+¼	222	6.2	..
41	9⅝	Pres Steyn	£28⅞	-⅛	194	6.8	..
650	155	Rand Mine Prop	600	+10	17.8	3.0	..
101¾	19	Randfontein	£86⅝	+½	631	7.3	..
285	114	Renison	230	-5	..	..	..
552	349	Rio Tinto Zinc	514	-5	22.9	4.4	..
480	114	Rustenburg	432	+2	21.9	5.1	..
34⅞	9⅝	St Helena	£24⅞	-⅛	237	9.7	..
10¾	2⅝	Sentrust	£8⅝	..	56.7	6.5	..
623	95	SA Land	423	-11	45.1	10.7	..
44½	10¾	Southvaal	£36¼	+¼	198	5.5	..
220	123	Sungei Besi	220	..	7.5	3.4	..
115	100	Tanjong Tin	100	..	..	..	..
39	14½	Transvaal Cons	£37	-½	135	3.0	..
14¾	3⅝	UC Invest	£11⁹⁄₁₂	-¼	75.3	6.4	..
84⅝	29¾	Vaal Reefs	£64½	-½	571	8.8	..
15¾	1⅞	Venterspost	£10⅝	+⅛	65.0	9.1	..
35	17	Wankie Colliery	20	..	4.6	22.8	..
10⅞	2⅞	Welkom	£8⅞	-¼	44.5	5.3	..
735	60	W Rand Cons	472	-6	11.2	2.4	..
533	104	Western Areas	349	..	5.7	1.6	..
43¾	23¾	Western Deep	£33⅛	..	237	7.2	..
41¼	12	Western Hldgs	£31	-½	245	7.9	..
280	150	Western Mining	239	● -4	1.0	0.4	..
31⅞	8⅞	Winkelhaak	£21¼	● -½	206	0.7	..
28	12	Zambia Copper	19	-1	..e	..	..

OIL

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
100	65	Ampol Pet	90	..	3.4	4.3	19.5
140	41	Anvil	43	..	..	..	..
205	110	Atlantic Res	110	..	..	..	..
250½	75	Berkeley Exp	75	-3	..e	..	..
290	210	Brit Borneo	253	..	18.3	7.2	13.4
342	258	B.P.	320	e ..	28.9	9.0	8.1
64	42	Britoil	57	-1	14.1b	24.8	3.2
160	106	Burmah Oil	148	..	12.1	8.2	7.1
182	112	Carless Capel	160	+2	3.9	2.5	36.5
97	60	Century Oils	71	+1	4.9	6.8	7.7
56	30	Charterhall	31	+1	0.4	1.4	..
88	65	Charterhse Pet	83	..	1.1	1.3	25.7
10⅜	7⅞	CF Petroles	£15¼	..	292	19.1	0.8
120	14	Collins K.	17	..	..	..	..
8⅛	4⅞	Global Nat Res	£5⅞	+⅛	..	..	..
107	44	Goal Petroleum	64	-2	..	..	35.7
225	148	Imp Cont Gas	183	+5	11.1	7.2	9.4
135	45	KCA Int	49	-6	7.9	16.0	..
424	224	Lasmo	229	● ..	202	88.4	5.0
960	570	Do Ops	570	..	178	31.2	..
42	26	New Court Nat	32	+2	1.4	4.5	12.9
142	65	Petrocon Grp	142	..	4.3	3.0	12.9
50¼	25	Premier Cons	27	+1	..	..	34.0
475	244	Ranger Oil	385	-10	..	..	..
28⅞	15⅞	Royal Dutch	£26⅞	-¼	123	4.7	4.0
452	332	Shell Trans	444	● ..	31.1	7.0	0.4
219½	146	Tricentrol	160	+2	12.00	7.5	8.3
70	41	TR Energy	44	-1	..	..	33.0
544	344	Ultramar	532	+8	21.40	4.0	5.8

PROPERTY

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
102	80	Allied Ldn	102	..	2.3	2.2	13.1
204	152	Allnatt Ldn	182	..	7.4	4.1	16.7
132	03	Apex	103	..	2.9	2.0	36.3
35	25½	Aquis	34	..	1.9	5.5	23.0
100	87	Atlantic Met Cp	87	-13	..	..	..
266	174	Bradford Prop	268	-6	7.6	2.0	17.6
94	71½	British Land	87	-½	0.7b	0.8	15.4
112	01	Brixton Estate	106	..	5.2	4.9	20.1
154	100	Cap & Counties	152	..	5.4	3.8	20.1
370	285	Chesterfield	355	..	11.1	3.1	34.0
48	37	Control Secs	38½	..	4.5	11.7	18.3
67	39½	Country & New T	65	..	1.4	2.1	60.5
218	128	Daejan Hldgs	156	..	6.9	4.3	8.4
100	61	Espley-Tyas	78	+6	6.0	7.7	0.0
73	51	Estates & Gen	73	..	3.0	3.0	..
71	35	Evans of Leeds	56	..	3.0	6.2	11.0
161¾	129	Gt Portland	148	..	7.1b	4.0	27.7
158	60	Greycoat City	122	..	1.4	1.2	88.5
160	108	Guildhall	112	..	7.9b	7.1	13.0
730	520	Hammerson 'A'	685	..	18.60	2.7	38.3
426	338	Haslemere Ests	426	+2	10.3	2.4	29.1
75	37	Kent M. P.	47	..	1.0	5.8	4.9
216	155	Laing Props	212	..	7.1	5.4	16.4
320	248	Land Securities	316	+1	12.4	3.9	28.0
323¾	256	Ldn & Prov Sh	298	..	3.4	1.2	71.1
141	112	Ldn Shop	131	e ..	0.2b	6.3	17.9
240	160	Lynton Hldgs	230	..	5.4b	2.4	28.4
235½	163	MEPC	214	-2	10.4	4.8	21.0
147	98	McKay Secs	121	..	4.5	3.7	24.4
213	114	Markheath	213	+15	19.5	9.2	..
45	27½	Marlborough	40½	..	0.6	1.4	23.8
84	56	Marler Estates	69	..	2.9	4.1	0.6
151	72½	Mountleigh	148	● ..	7.0b	5.3	9.8
880	835	Municipal	875	..	13.0	1.5	32.1
153	97	North British	117	+1	4.4	3.8	22.2
162	119	Peachey Prop	156	..	7.3s	4.8	13.9
170	130	Prop & Rever	160	..	4.7	2.0	35.0
164	118	Prop Hldgs	162	..	5.5	3.4	29.2
144	93	Prop Sec	127	..	3.2b	2.5	35.9
11¾	7½	Raglan Prop	7¾	..	..	..	8.4
186	130½	Regional	176	-1	3.5	2.0	41.0
285	160	Rosehaugh	252	+3	3.5	1.4	10.3
238	154	Rush & Tomkins	206	..	6.3	3.1	16.3
86¾	70	Scot Met Props	63	..	5.00	6.0	22.1
115¾	82	Slough Ests	104	+1	4.0b	4.0	14.0
151	103	Standard Secs	130	-5	2.0	1.4	28.5
343	251	Stock Conv	268	-3	8.4	2.2	22.4
33	26¾	Town & City	30¼	+¼	1.0b	3.3	..
110	66	Trust Secs	82	-5	2.8	3.4	4.7
108	62	Do Dfd	80	-4	..	..	..
28½	15	Webb J.	16	..	0.7	4.0	9.6

RUBBER

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
85	48	Barlow Hldgs	51	-4	5.7	7.9	..
530	340	Castlefield	530	..	20.0	5.8	..
70½	35	Cons Plant	69½	● -½	3.0	4.3	..
129	100	Doranakande	113	-3	4.3	3.6	..
89	42	Highlds & Low	80	..	3.9	4.0	..
650	475	Hongkong	650	..	35.7	5.5	..
90	58	Maledie	83	..	4.3	5.2	..

TEA

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
470	413	Camellia Inv	470	● ..	10.0	2.1	..
380	210	McLeod Russel	287	..	10.7	3.8	..
153	99	Do 8.4% Cnv Pf	118	..	15.0	10.3	..
295	276	Moran	285	..	1.41	0.5	..
150	95	Surmah Valley	150	..	5.7	3.8	..

MISCELLANEOUS

High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Div pence	Yld %	P/E
40½	31	Essex Wtr 3.5%	£37½	..	500	13.3	..
46	17½	Gt Nthn Tele	£40	..	84.0	2.1	15.8
155	76	Milford Docks	118	..	0.7	0.9	..
125	78	Nesco Inv	80	..	10.9	12.5	..
40½	31	Sunderlnd Wtr	£36½	..	500	15.7	..

● Ex dividend. a Ex all. b Forecast dividend. e Corrected price. e Interim payment passed. f Price at suspension. g Dividend and yield exclude a special payment. h Bid for company. k Pre-merger figures. n Forecast earnings. p Ex capital distribution. r Ex rights. s Ex scrip or share split. t Tax free. y Price adjusted for late dealings. .. No significant data.

Sterling: Spot and Forward

	Market rates (day's range) March 28	Market rates (close) March 28	1 month	3 months
New York	$1.4505-1.4600	$1.4535-1.4545	0.17-0.12c prem	0.38-0.33c prem
Montreal	$1.7835-1.7900	$1.7885-1.7895	0.25-0.15c prem	0.50-0.40c prem
Amsterdam	3.96-3.99fl	3.97½-3.98½fl	2½-2¼c prem	6¾-6¼c prem
Brussels	69.90-70.30f	70.05-70.15f	12-22c disc	35-45c disc
Copenhagen	12.53-12.59k	12.56-12.57k	325-505ore disc	605-795ore disc
Dublin	1.1180-1.1230p	1.1195-1.1205p	65-90p disc	155-195p disc
Frankfurt	3.53½-3.55½m	3.53¾-3.54¾m	2-1½pf prem	5¼-4¾pf prem
Lisbon	140.75-142.00e	141.75-142.75e	345-1225c disc	670-2075c disc
Madrid	198.75-199.75p	199.10-199.30p	150-215c disc	435-520c disc
Milan	2098-2112lr	2106-2108lr	12-18lr disc	37-44lr disc
Oslo	10.47-10.64k	10.51-10.52k	260-410ore disc	835-990ore disc
Paris	10.56½-10.62½f	10.60¼-10.61¼f	½-2c disc	2½-4½c disc
Stockholm	10.95-11.02k	10.98-10.99k	90prem-10ore disc	25-135ore disc
Tokyo	346-351y	349-350y	126-100y prem	355-325y prem
Vienna	24.75-24.95sch	24.87-24.92sch	12-10gro prem	35-30gro prem
Zurich	3.02-3.05f	3.03-3.04f	1½-1¼c prem	5¼-4¾c prem

Effective exchange rate compared to 1975, was 78.1 unchanged

Money Market Rates

Clearing Banks Base Rate 10½%

Discount Mkt Loans %
Overnight: High 10¾ Low 10

Week Fixed: 10¾

Treasury Bills (Dis%)

Buying		Selling	
2 months	10¹¹⁄₃₂	2 months	10⁵⁄₃₂
3 months	10⁵⁄₃₂	3 months	10⁵⁄₃₂

Prime Bank Bills (Dis%) Trades (Dis%)

1 month	10⁹⁄₁₆-10¹⁵⁄₃₂	1 month	11⅛₂
2 months	10¹³⁄₃₂-10¹³⁄₃₂	2 months	11⅛₂
3 months	10⁹⁄₁₆-10¼	3 months	10¹⁵⁄₁₆
6 months	10⅛-10¼	6 months	10¾

Local Authority Bonds

1 month	11⅛-11¼	7 months	10¾-10¹¹⁄₃₂
2 months	11¼-11	8 months	10¾-10¹¹⁄₁₆
3 months	11¼-10⅞	9 months	10½-10¼
4 months	10⅞-10¾	10 months	10½-10¼
5 months	10⅞-10⅝	11 months	10½-10¼
6 months	10⅞-10	12 months	10½-10¼

Secondary Mkt. ECD Rates (%)

1 month	11-10⅞	5 months	10¹⁄₃₂-10⁷⁄₁₂
3 months	10¹⁵⁄₁₆-10¹³⁄₁₆	12 months	10¹³⁄₁₆-10⁷⁄₁₆

Local Authority Market (%)

2 days	10⅞	3 months	10⅞
7 days	10⅞	6 months	10⅞
1 month	10⅞	1 year	10¾

Interbank Market (%)

Overnight: Open 11 Close 10¾

1 week	11-10⅞	5 months	10¹⁵⁄₁₆-10¹³⁄₁₆
1 month	11-10⅞	9 months	10⅞-10¾
3 months	11-10⅞	12 months	10⅞-10¾

First Class Finance Houses (Mkt. Rate%)

3 months 11¼-10¹⁵⁄₁₆ 6 months 11-10⅞

Finance House Base Rate 11½%

Other Markets

Australia	1.6730-1.6880
Bahrain	0.5480-0.5510
Finland	7.9575-7.9975
Greece	121.00-123.00
Hongkong	9.7750-9.8150
Iraq	n.a.
Kuwait	0.4250-0.4280
Malaysia	3.3450-3.3750
Mexico	215.00-240.00
New Zealand	2.2340-2.2540
Saudi Arabia	5.0180-5.0490
Singapore	3.0415-3.0715
South Africa	1.5830-1.5980

Dollar Spot Rates

* Ireland	1.2955-1.2965
+ Canada	1.2305-1.2308
Netherlands	2.7360-2.7375
Belgium	48.02-48.25
Denmark	8.6300-8.6400
West Germany	2.4337-2.4347
Portugal	96.50-97.50
Spain	137.05-137.15
Italy	1448.75-1449.75
Norway	7.2275-7.2375
France	7.2950-7.3000
Sweden	7.5520-7.5570
Japan	240.00-240.15
Austria	17.1075-17.1175
Switzerland	2.0835-2.0855

* Ireland quoted in US currency.
+ Canada $1 : US $0.8126-0.8129

Euro-$ Deposits

(%) calls, 8-9; seven days, 7⅞-7¾; one month, 9⅛-9; three months, 9¼-9⅛; six months, 9⅝-9½.

Gold

Gold fixed: am, $412.00 (an ounce); pm, $408.75 close, $409.50.
Krugerrand* (per coin): $421.00-422.00 (£289.75-290.50).
Sovereigns* (new): $96.00-97.00 (£66.00-66.75).
* Excludes VAT

هكذا من الأصل

Investment and Finance

City Editor
Anthony Hilton

THE TIMES
City Office
200 Gray's Inn Road
London WC1X 8EZ
Telephone 01-837 1234

STOCK EXCHANGES

FT Index: 655.5 down 1.4
FT Gilts: 79.91 down 0.71
FT All Share: 413.15 down 0.56
Bargains: 25,127
Tring Hall USM Index: 170.5 up 1.4
Tokyo: Nikkei Dow Jones 8,387.91 up 68.82
Hongkong: Hang Seng Index: 975.90 down 7.43
New York: Dow Jones Average (Latest) 1,140.48 up 0.39

CURRENCIES

LONDON CLOSE
Sterling $1.4540 down 65pts
Index 78.1
DM 3.5425
FrF 10.6075
Yen 349.50
Dollar
Index 123.0
DM 2.4342 up 195 pts
Gold
$409.50 down 4.50
NEW YORK LATEST
Gold $408.75
Sterling $1.4535

INTEREST RATES

Domestic rates:
Base rates 10½
3 month interbank 11=10⅞
Euro-currency rates:
3 month dollar 9⅝ 9¾.
3 month DM 5=4⅞
3 month 12⅜ =12⅛
ECGD Fixed Rate Sterling Export Finance Scheme IV Average reference rate for interest period February 2 to March 1, 1983 inclusive: 11.391 per cent.

PRICE CHANGES

Davies & Newman145p up 22p
Good Relations195p up 19p
Leisure Ind305p up 42p
Low & Bonar90p up 16p
Rediffusion348p up 18p
Wheway Watson8½p up 2p
Atlantic Met Cp87p down 13p
BET Dfd235p down 10p
Bulmer H.P.235p down 8p
De La Rue590p down 10p
KCA Int49p down 10p
Vosper211p down 9p

TODAY

Interims: Botswana, RST, LWT (Hldgs)
Finals: American Tst, Booker McConnell, Bowater, Brit Aerospace, Bunzl, Cape Inds, Dufay, Bitumastic, Estates & Gen, Exco Intl, IMI, Kleinwort, Benson, Lonsdale, Macfarlane Grp (Clansman), Moling (Amended), Reckitt & Coleman, Rohan, Superdrug Stores, Vosper, WW Grp.

Midland hints at profits rise

A strong hint that profits will be up again this year comes from Sir Donald Barron, Midland Bank's chairman. He says in the annual report that laying the foundations of the group strategy created a profit plateau in 1980 and 1981. Although world economic conditions will have an effect, Midland is now confident that, in the absence of unforeseen factors, the trend will continue to be favourable.

● **CAMPAIGN:** Bassishaw, the privately controlled investment group, is launching a £90,000 advertising campaign to convince UDS shareholders that they should accept its 130p cash offer even though it is lower than a rival bid from Hanson Trust.

● **ID DEFENCE:** Cope Allman International's defence document against the bid from the Donvable consortium is expected today and will probably forecast profits of about £2m for the year. But it is not expected to give details of the mystery buyer which recently approached the board for part of the business.

● **NAME CHANGES:** M. J. H. Nightingale, the investment and financing group which runs the Over-the-Counter Market in company shares, is changing its name to Granville & Co. This comes after the departure of Mr Michael Nightingale, its founder, and changes in shareholdings which leave City institutions with 44 per cent and employees owning the rest.

● **JOBS FOR SALE:** The entire workforce at Linotype Paul in Cheltenham is being advertised in an attempt to save the jobs of 500 skilled staff. The company announced this year that it was closing its British operation and moving production of high technology equipment to West Germany. Inbucon, business consultants, is trying to find a company to employ the workforce.

Wall Street shares slightly lower

New York (Reuter) – Interest rate concerns that began on Friday were carried over into early trading yesterday and pushed stock prices slightly lower in light trading.

The Dow Jones industrial average was down 2.03 to 1138.45 and losing issues were ahead of gainers about two to one.

Volume was only about 8 million shares in early trading.

Paradyne, which on Friday was charged with fraud by the Securities and Exchange Commission, was the biggest loser on the day, falling 8⅝ to 26⅛ on the second highest turnover.

Stock prices weakened late on Friday after Dr Henry Kaufman, of Salomon Brothers, predicted higher interest rates. Analysts expected those concerns to influence trading.

Mr John Smith, partner in Fahnestock & Co, said that the relatively low volume in the early morning seemed to be causing the market some trouble.

Mr Smith said that stocks normally tended to sag in times of light activity "but this market just does not want to go down".

Johnson & Johnson was up ⅝ at 47⅝. Federal Express up ¼ at 81½. Dow Chemical up ½ to ⅝. CSX Corporation unchanged at 60, AMR Corporation up ⅛ at 27⅝. NCR off ⅝ at 113¾ and Teledyne off ½ at 153½.

Digital Equipment was 126⅞ up ⅛. General Electric 104¾ off ¼. International Business Machines 102⅝ up ½. Sperry 37½ off ⅛. Data General 58⅞ off ½. Honeywell 94⅛ off ⅛ and Associated Dry Goods 56⅞ up 1⅝.

Green quits Hogg to avoid clash

By Our Financial Staff

Sir Peter Green, chairman of Lloyd's insurance market, is resigning from the board of Hogg Robinson, the insurance broking group.

The decision effective from Thursday, is aimed at avoiding any conflict on interests which might emerge when Hogg Robinson divests its underwriting interests to meet the requirements of the 1982 Lloyd's Act.

Under the terms of the Act which came into effect nine months ago, broking firms must divest their underwriting activities within five years. Sir Peter

Green: First Council member to disclose interests

is presently chairman of Janson Green, the underwriting agency, a wholly owned underwriting agency of Hogg Robinson.

It was being argued at Lloyd's yesterday that unless Sir Peter resigned from either the board of Hogg Robinson, or that of Jason Green, there would be clear conflict of interest when Hogg Robinson decided to sell Janson Green.

Sir Peter is on holiday in the US and was unavailable for comment on the move.

His position on the Hogg Robinson board will be taken by Mr James Vaughan, from New York.

Sir Peter volunteered last month to become the first member of the Lloyd's Council to disclose details of his business interests in anticipation of a new by-law to be passed later this year

Pound at $1.45 despite late rally

Sterling slumps to another record low and worse is expected

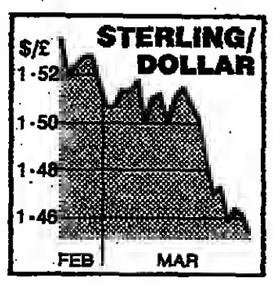
By Michael Prest

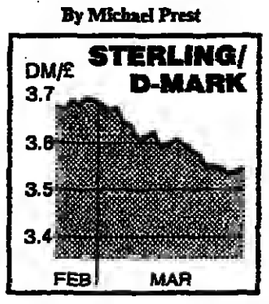
Amid continuing apprehension about oil prices and the course of American interest rates after the present monthly meeting of the United States Federal Reserve Board the pound briefly slipped in early afternoon trading to another record low point of $1.4508.

Although it rallied in light trading the closing rate of $1.4540, a fall of 65 points on the weekend, is the lowest recorded. Against other currencies sterling did better, however, and trade weighted index held steady at 78.1.

Nevertheless, the belief that sterling may weaken further against the dollar is widespread in the City, despite the remarks last week by Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Chancellor, that the fall is temporary.

Indeed, the failure of the Government to commit itself to support of the pound, while





even hinting that it preferred interest rates to come down again, is cited as one of the forces working against sterling. Mr David Morrison, currency analyst with stockbrokers Simoo & Coates, said: "No one is prepared to take an aggressive, long-term sterling position".

But the strongest depressing forces are still interest rates and oil. United States Federal Funds rates have drifted np from 8 11/4 -8 1/2 per cent at the end of last year to 8 1/2 - 8 7/8 per cent. There is the feeling that they could stay at around 9 per cent until Jnne or July.

At the same time the British National Oil Corporation and the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries are trying to outstare each other. BNOC is under pressure to cut prices, but Nigeria has threatened to match the cuts cent for cent.

In the longer term, however, analysts argue that sterling could recover late in the year. At an Institute of Directors seminar yesterday Mr Brendan Brown, currency analyst at stockbrokers Phillips & Drew, said that confidence would return after a Conservative election victory. The threat of inflation induced by the weakness of sterling could lead to a monetary squeeze when sterling would rise to $1.60.

This approach is partly based on the pound's performance against other currencies. It closed 125 points up against the Deutsche mark at DM3.5425, 275 points better against the franc at F10.6075, and three yen stronger at Y349.50.

● The possibility that interest rates could rise, or at least should not fall much, may not be as serious for heavily indebted countries as was once thought, bowever. In its latest review, Amex Bank argues that the oil prices increase of 1979 hurt oil importing Third World countries more than interest rates.

Brazil, for example, has paid $13,290m extra for oil over and above what it would have paid had oil prices been indexed to inflation and US interest rates. Real interest rates have cost $2.895m extra.

The review says: "Special compensatory finance to replace 'excess' oil debts would alleviate much of the oil importers' debt difficulties."

Lucas and Smiths forge partnership

By Andrew Cornelius

Two of Britain's leading motor component groups – Lucas Industries and Smiths Industries – are joining forces to set up the largest automotive electronics company in Europe.

Lucas Electrical Electronics & Systems, the new company, will start trading by the end of April employing more than 7,000 people and with an annual turnover of £120m. An announcement on the rationalization of the five Lucas and five Smiths plants involved is expected shortly. Under the terms of the deal announced in a joint statement yesterday Lucas will inject £30m of assets and £75m of turnover into the new company in return for an 80.1 per cent stake while Smiths will inject £13m of assets, £45m of turnover and take a 19.9 per cent stake.

The aim of the deal is to combine Lucas's expertise in electronic ignition and engine management systems with the experience Smiths has built up in the use of sensors for instrumentation and panel displays.

Mr Jeffrey Wilkinson, joint group managing director of Lucas, yesterday said that the two operations were almost entirely complementary. "No other company in Europe has this range of technology", he said.

The new company will compete with rivals including Bosch in West Germany, Ford and the Japanese automative industry for a share of the European market for automotive electronics components which is worth about £600m a year and will grow at the rate of 30 per cent annually until 1990.

Mr Wilkinson said that although the new company has more than 75 per cent of the UK market for automative electronic components he does not expect the deal to be blocked by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. He said that the company would be operating in the European marketplace and that its share of the European market would be only 20 per cent.

The new company will spend £35m on research and development over five years, part of which will be met by Department of Industry grants.

Neither company would discuss whether the existing businessis included in the deal wer making profits,

TKM sells Smedley for £1

By Jeremy Warner

The heavily loss-making Smedley canned food husiness has been sold for what was described as a "nominal consideration" believed to a £1.

The sale to Hillsdown Holdings, a private company with sales of more than £400m a year was announced yesterday by the troubled international trading group Tozer Kemsley & Millbourn.

Hillsdown gets a business with net assets of £6.6m, but with ehalked-up losses for last year of £7.4m. However, Mr Harry Soloman, Hillsdown's managing director, said yesterday he believed that Smedley, which has been hit by the trend from canned to fresh or frozen fruit and vegtables, would be turned round within a year.

The process of restoring the company to profits will clearly require substantial rationalization, including the possible elosure of one or more of its three plants at Spalding, Maldon and Wisbech.

The sale will result in a write-off for TKM of £12m in its accounts for last year. However it will also free the group from one of the main drains

The present Smedley business results from a disastrous merger two years ago between the old Smedley, belonging to Imperial Group, and TKM's own canning business, Lockwoods. The new company was a joint venture owned on a 50-50 basis.

But, under the deal, Imperial Group was given the right to sell its 50 per cent interest to TKM for £3m. It excercised this optioo a few weeks ago, leaving TKM free to sell the business to Hillsdown.

TKM is struggling to free itself from a mountain of debt by selling assets. Sir Montague Pritchard, who took over as ehairman of TKM in a shake-up of the group's top management earlier this year, said yesterday that the group would make several large sales. It would then develop into the core business of automotive and North American property interests which, he thought, would have a successful future.

UK and Nigeria in deadlock over oil

By Our Financial Staff

Britain and Nigeria remained locked in a war of nerves yesterday as Nigeria said that it would match cent for cent any British cut below $30 a barrel and Mr Nigel Lawson, the energy secretary, said North Sea prices would be determined by the market.

The *Middle East Economic Survey*, a newsletter based in Cyprus with good Opec connexions, reported that President Sbehu Shagari of Nigeria had told Opec that his country would not respond to a 50 cent cut in British North Sea prices to $30 a barrel, the same price as Nigeria charges.

But he is said to have threatened that any reduction below that would be matched. The British National Oil Corporation is under pressure from customers to make more cuts, but is expected to delay a decision until next week.

Mr Lawson stressed that Britain would do what it could, withio the confines of market forces, to introduce a degree of stability into the oil market. He said that North Sea production this year would be about the same as last year's 100 million tonnes.

Anderson directors seek autonomy pledge

By Our Financial Staff

The directors of Anderson Strathclyde yesterday issued a warning to Charter Consolidated, which last week won control of the Scottish mining equipment manufacturer, they would be prepared to resign if Charter did not promise autonomy for the management in strategic and operational decisions.

The warning followed a board meeting at which it was decided to "reluctantly recommend remaining shareholders in the group to accept Charter's £95m bid".

But true to the independent stance he has adopted since the beginning of the takeover battle, Mr Ian Little, Anderson's chief executive, said after the meeting: "Charter has made some general statements on autonomy and we would want to see those spelt out before we can take a decision on the future running of the company.

"If these assurances are not given, and I have no reason to believe they will not be, then we will have to stand on principle".

Anderson is also understood to have asked the Takeover Panel to look at the way Charter acquired control of the group last Friday by purchasing 16 per cent of the shares through the stock market. However, the Panel said there was no reason to believe a breach of City rules had taken place.

Doubly Good Relations

By Michael Clark

Doubled profits and n share hand out mark Good Relations' first full year on the Unlisted Securities Market.

Figures announced yesterday by the public relations group exceeded the best market expectations by at least £50,000 showing pretax profits up 90 per cent from £263,000 to £500,000.

Turnover increased by a modest 31 per cent to £3.4m. The company does not give a breakdown of its five major divisions, although the corporate side has been singled out for special mention.

The Anthony Good, chairman and founder, is confident strong growth will continue, but emphasises that growth will depend on the acquisition of talent to boost the group's expertise which now ranges from financial advertising and specialists printing to consumer advertising and industrial and technical public relations.

Meanwhile, talks are underway with another public relations company which may lead to a bid, but Mr Good dismisses the move as insignificant.

West Midlands 'in structural decline'

Call for industry-based aid

By Edward Townsend, Industrial Correspondent

Fundamental and far-reaching changes in the approach to industrial problems were advocated yesterday by the struggling West Midlands. They included abolition of the Government's regional aid programme and the redirection of public money into selected industries.

In a major report on what is regarded as the heartland of Britain's manufacturing industries, the Birmingham Chamber of Industry and commerce said that "all the evidence indicates that the region is in structural decline and that a major investment in new industries will need to be made if the unemployment problems of the future are to be resolved".

The report described the West Midlands as "the most extreme example of the UK's national problem". Unemployment has been rising in the West Midlands at one of the highest rates in the country and the number of unemployed per vacancy is the highest. Even when the recovery finally arrives, the region's jobless will remain at an unacceptably high level.

The report coincided with the launch in London by Mr John MacGregor, Under Secretary of State at the Department of Industry and the minister charged with helping small businesses, of the renewed £100m Small Engineering Firms Investment Scheme (SEFIS2), which is aimed at easing the chronic lack of capital investment in the West Midlands.

The new scheme, which lasts for six months, offers cash grants of up to a third towards the purchase of machine tools, operating with numerical or computer controls, and other advanced equipment, including machines with laser or plasma technology.

SEFIS 2 forms the main part of the Department of Industry's innovation package announced in the Budget. It follows the success of the original scheme, which had a total allocation of £30m and had to be closed after just over eight weeks because of the demand.

Mr MacGregor said yesterday that SEFIS 1 had attracted 1,757 applicants, of which 1,403 have been offered assistance. So far, 621 companies have bought machines and received a total of £10.3m in state grants.

The scheme was welcomed yesterday by the Birmingham Chamber, which said it gave further credence to its view that government aid should be directed on an industrial basis irrespective of location.

But it stressed that solutions to the West Midlands' problems could not be resolved by the isolated packages contained in the Budget. Action was needed now if an unemployment crisis of major proportions was to be averted.

City Comment

When the middle man is squeezed

The day Mr Ian MacGregor was appointed as head of the National Coal Board at a salary of £60,000-a-year and a further transfer fee of £1.5m to Lazard Frères, the New York investment bank where he used to be a partner, is not the day you would expect a trade union leader to protest that the chairmen of nationalized industries are not paid enough.

Indeed you might well think that no day has yet dawned when a union leader would make such a statement.

But that is what has happened. Mr John Lyons, general secretary of the Electrical Power Engineers Association, which represents 30,000 middle managers in power stations, wants the pay for those at the top of the electricity boards – at present £56,000 a year – to be increased substantially.

The point made by Mr Lyons, however, is that these relatively modest pay awards are not in the interests of the rest of the employees of the industry. And those who feel the squeeze particularily are his members in middle and senior management – for it is they who suffer most from the erosion of differentials. Employees below them in the hierarchy remorselessly encroach from below, while the public pressure to keep the chairmen's salaries down puts a lid on the scale of increase the managers underneath can expect.

It is one thing for the chairmen to agree to take a relatively low paid job for a specific term – it is quite another to expect the rest of the management to agree that it, too, should be underpriced relative to the private sector. And yet as the Prime Minister is surely aware, that is the inforeseen consequence of tampering with the market mechanism.

European Banking Group

European Banking Company SA Brussels
European Banking Company Limited

Combined Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 1982

	$000
ASSETS	
Cash in hand, balances with bankers and money at call and short notice	207,344
Bank certificates of deposit and promissory notes	169,889
Other deposits with banks	175,893
Investments	30,771
Loans and advances maturing within one year	1,019,654
Loans and advances maturing after one year	2,351,103
Long-term investments	67,245
Other assets	130,665
Taxation recoverable	1,387
Net investment in finance leases	17,042
Fixed assets	2,571
	4,173,564
LIABILITIES	
Current and deposit accounts	3,763,387
Other liabilities	229,223
Dividends payable	2,980
Current taxation	2,372
SUBORDINATED LOAN NOTES	15,000
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	160,602
	4,173,564
SUMMARY OF TOTAL RESOURCES	
Shareholders' Funds	160,602
Subordinated loan notes	15,000
Undrawn subordinated standby lines of credit from shareholders	88,528
	264,130

BOARDS OF DIRECTORS

P-E Janssen *Chairman* *Société Général de Banque SA*
M. Viénot *Vice Chairman* *Société Générale (France)*
S. M. Yassukovich *Managing*
W. R. Slee *Deputy Managing*
E. Barbier *Banca Commerciale Italiana SpA*
E. Braggiotti *Banca Commerciale Italiana SpA*
M. von Brentano *Deutsche Bank AG*
O. K. Finsterwalder *Creditanstalt-Bankverein*
G. A. Freestone *Midland Bank plc*
J. G. Harris *Midland Bank plc*
P. Jeanty
B. Lorain *Société Générale (France)*
G. E. Loudon *Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank NV*
R. Nelissen *Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank NV*
G. N. Schmidt-Chiari *Creditanstalt-Bankverein*
G. Ugeux *Société Général de Banque SA*
U. Weiss *Deutsche Bank AG*
W. A. Blackwell *Executive*
J. Goldstein *Executive*
R. C. Kahrmann *Executive*
D. R. Mitchem *Executive*

On 21st December, 1982 Banque Européenne de Crédit (BEC) changed its name to European Banking Company SA Brussels. On 1st January, 1983, European Banking Company SA Brussels and European Banking Company Limited, integrated their business and management.

Copies of the Combined Report and Accounts of the Banks, containing the combined balance sheet shown above and the consolidated accounts of each Bank, can be obtained from:

European Banking Company SA Brussels
Boulevard du Souverain 100
B-1170 Brussels
Telephone: (02) 660 49 00 Telex: 23846

European Banking Company Limited
150 Leadenhall Street
London EC3V 4PP
Telephone: 01-638 3654 Telex: 881 1001

Member Banks:
Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank NV Banca Commerciale Italiana SpA Creditanstalt-Bankverein
Deutsche Bank AG Midland Bank plc Société Générale de Banque SA Société Générale (France)

Mail Order

freemans

Preliminary announcement of consolidated profits for the 52 weeks ended 29th January 1983

£000's	52 weeks ended 29 January '83		52 weeks ended 30 January '82	
Turnover including VAT		315,020		291,362
VAT		36,429		33,938
		278,591		257,424
Trading profit		9173		15138
Interest payable		(2816)		(2057)
Profit before taxation		6,357		13,081
Taxation		(1,518)		(4,615)
Profit after taxation		4,839		8,466
Earnings per share	6.9p		12.1p	
Interim dividend paid	1.9p	1,340	1.9p	1,333
Proposed final dividend	2.25p	1,589	2.25p	1,580
	4.15p	2,929	4.15p	2,913

At the interim stage we said that we had suffered a shortfall in planned sales. This situation continued and indeed worsened somewhat in the second-half. By the end of the year sales had increased by 8% but this was insufficient to offset the rise in costs, which still tended to reflect the national inflation rate. The rise in prices within the mix of goods we sell averaged between 3½-4% throughout the year. Stock mark-downs were well above the level of the previous year due to the disappointing sales. Additionally, bad debt has increased sharply for the second successive year.

By the end of the year, total borrowings had risen £7m and represented 38% of capital and reserves.

Much has been done during the past six months to improve profitability, not least in the area of credit control and it is hoped that bad debt will show a significant reduction this year as a result. A large number of uneconomic agencies have been closed and new agent recruitment has been cut. By the end of the year active agency strength was 600,000, equal to the previous year but below the levels at which we had been operating during the year. All these measures are making sales more difficult to achieve and after 7 weeks we are slightly below last year.

After a very poor start demand has shown some improvement in recent weeks but it is impossible to predict whether, and to what extent, that improvement may continue. What must be apparent is that the first-half of the current year looks particularly difficult.

However when we look at the full year there are a number of factors that are favourable. The general rate of inflation has now dropped to a level that will relieve the extra cost pressures we have been bearing; consumer spending is rising gradually; the measures we have taken internally should reduce costs and bad debt; the rise in our borrowings has slowed and interest rates are significantly lower. It would be presumptuous of us to pretend that we could forecast the outcome of these varying factors, the biggest unknown being the level of sales likely to be achieved.

Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts, when published, will be available from the Company Secretary (01-735 7644)

Freemans PLC 139 Clapham Road London SW9 OHR

INVESTORS' NOTEBOOK ● edited by Sally White

Charterhouse climbs back from half time

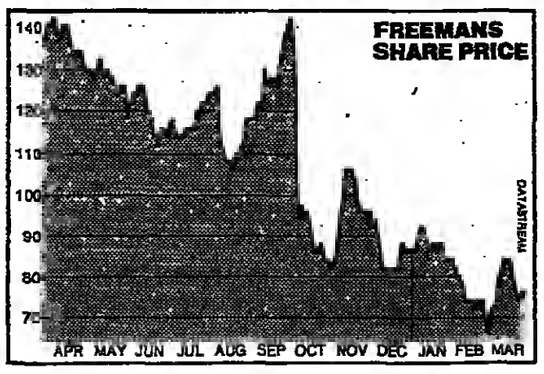
A solid performance from the merchant bank and higher profits from the investments in manufacturing and service industries allowed Charterhouse Group to claw back the half-time slippage and end the year with profits marginally ahead from £22.6m to £22.9m pretax.

Earnings per share have moved up from 7.12p to 9.19p helped by the much lower tax charge. this leaves the dividend, increased by 5 per cent, covered 1.8 times.

But for a large bad debt provision n the development capital side, profits would have been considerably higher. Profits from development capital fell from £13.3m to £9.7m and would have been roughly unchanged but for the provision.

The corporate finance division at Charterhouse Japhet had a very active year in 1982 and banking and investment management also contributed to a rise in disclosed profits from £6m to £7.5m.

The reduction in the holding in Charterhouse Petroleum from 48.4 to 19.5 per cent means that t can no longer be equity accounted and only dividends will be included in the future. In 1982, Charterhouse Petroleum contributed £3.7m to group profits but Charterhouse is confident at this stage of more than making good the shortfall. the share yield is 8 per cent



Freemans

Freemans
Year to 29.1.83
Pretax profit £6.4m (£13.1m)
Stated earnings 8.9p (12.1p)
Turnover £315m (£291m)
Net final dividend 2.25p (2.25p)
Share price 76p, no change Yield 7.8%
Dividend payable

Any lingering hopes of a substantial recovery in profits at Freemans, the mail order house, in 1983-84, have been dashed by the poor start to the year.

City estimates of £10m to £14m for the year, made six months ago, now look wildly over-optimistic. Indeed, Freemans will do well to turn in profits similar to those reported yesterday.

First half results for this year will be a real shocker – anything from break even to perhaps £1.25m against £3.2m.

Last year suffered from bad debts – up by 30 per cent – though no figure is given. The bad agents are being weeded out but it takes time for the benefits to come through. Costs are high because of the expansion to meet levels of sales which have not been achieved. In cash terms, sales are up by 8 per cent and probably half that in volume terms. But they have been achieved against a background of a 13 per cent expansion in the size of the agency network.

The mail order houses have not benefited from the boost to consumer spending from lower mortgate rates and last year's removal of hire-purchase restrictions.

The average value of orders, has dropped alarmingly even though the number of parcels sent out has remained the same. Worse, more goods are being returned – partly because of Freemans emphasis on higher margin fashion goods where customers have turned out to be more particular about what they buy.

This concentration on fashion – and a southern bias – has previously allowed Freemans to buck the trend. This is no longer the case. And the financial position is no longer as strong as it was with gearing creeping up and the time when a rights issue could be made long since passed.

Tullett and Riley International

Tullett and Riley International, the private money broker, is forming close links with Japan's leading money broker Tokyo Forex, before the expected internationalization of the Japanese markets this year.

Tokyo Forex is buying London Trust's 25 per cent stake in Tullett for more than £4m – London Trust bought the stake for £3.07m last June – and through a share exchange and market purchases will eventually own up to 47 per cent of Tullett.

Tullett and Riley, for its part, will receive a 15 per cent stake in Tokyo Forex. The Japanese markets have traditionally operated as largely domestic markets and the expected liberalization has attracted considerable interest. Last year Exco International formed a new joint company in Japan with Nippon Discount and Call Money Co to expand its presence there.

Tullett and Riley is controlled by its directors and after the Tokyo Forex deal they will hold about 53 per cent of the shares.

At present there are no plans for the company, which made pretax profits of £1.6m in 1981, to go public although a quotation is not ruled out at a later stage.

Delta Group

Delta Group
Year to 1.1.83
Pretax profit £14.53m (£12.66m)
Stated earnings 3.4p (0.9p)
Turnover £508m (£481.9m)
Net final dividend 1.58p, mgk 3.4p (3.64p)
Share price 51p. Yield 9.5%
Dividend payable –

Delta, the engineering and electrical group, has cut its dividend to match earnings in order to avoid dipping heavily into reserves. it had to fall back to reserves for extraordinary items, but the dividend is covered on an historic basis. This seems a sensible enough move, but had not been predicted, and so depressed the share price.

But there is good news from the diversification of the last few years.

At the pre-interest and tax level the electrical equipment side showed a rise from £10m to £18.9m, largely as a result of the reorganization to the switchgear operations and the recovery in volume. Cables also sold well.

Hopes in the market are for a good recovery. At this stage of the current financial year forecasts are quite widely spread, with pretax ranging from £18m to £20m. Some increase in the dividend is expected if earnings per share rise to over 5p.

Glynwed Int

Glynwed International
Year to 25.12.82
Pretax profit £13.7m (£19.2m)
Stated earnings 14.58p (18.53p)
Turnover £444m (£368m)
Nat final dividend 4.9p mkg 7.35p (same)
Share price 114p Yield 9.2%
Dividend payable 7.7.83

Continuing recession in South Africa and the United States severely depressed Glynwed's overseas trading profit, although the British companies put in a better performance than expected.

At home the building and consumer product side increased trading profits from £7.9m to £8.4m. Steel and engineering, helped by the inclusion of the acquisition of Ductile, rose from £5.4m to £8m at the trading level.

Overseas, steel and engineering fell back heavily because of the slump in the United States. with trading profit down to £300,000 from £2.9m.

The company continues to be a yield stock, backed by hopes of recovery, and the rating is not demanding.

Midland Bank has met the challenges of 1982: our business plan is to move forward from the firm base we have now established.

Sir Donald Barron, Chairman of Midland Bank plc, comments in his statement to shareholders:

The 1982 profits of the Midland Bank Group, both at the trading and pre-tax levels, show an increase compared with the previous two years, achieved despite the difficulties which banks everywhere faced – in common with industry and commerce generally – as a result of the worldwide recession.

The staff of the Midland Bank Group around the world have met the problems and challenges of 1982 with resilience, skill and loyalty.

The Results

Profit before taxation amounted to £251.4m against £232.2m last year; an increase of 8% achieved despite higher charges for provisions against possible bad debts of £196m compared with £113m in 1981.

There was a significant improvement in the trend of costs following the savings and productivity reviews carried out during 1981 and 1982; we expect this trend to continue.

International Risk

As a major international banking group it is inevitable that we should be faced with a number of situations where the restructuring of payments of both interest and principal indicates the need to make some prudent provision against possible loss, although that loss may be by no means certain.

It is not possible to be in the international banking business – as your Bank has been, profitably and successfully, for many years – without risk, however careful the assessment.

Commercial Risk

The recession continues to claim victims both among our business and our personal customers. Our policy in dealing with customers who face problems is to assist in every way we can to help to overcome these, by patience and consistency, so long as there appears to us to be a probability of a viable business outcome.

Investments

Our policy of keeping investments under review to ensure that they continue to be used in the most profitable way to support and develop the Group's strategy led to the sale of 40% of our 100% shareholding in Samuel Montagu and our equity interest in Midland and International Banks P.L.C. (MAIBL).

These transactions yielded £66m and £22.5m respectively.

To complement our growing and profitable operations in Europe we have purchased 69% of Handelsfinanz Bank in Switzerland. We have also taken up, at a cost of £10.2m, a 20% share in the International Commodities Clearing House in London.

Crocker–Longer Term Benefits

Our largest single investment outside the U.K. is our holding in Crocker National Corporation in California.

The Crocker investment is part of a long term plan for the international expansion of Midland Bank Group. After working together for just over a year we are clear that the medium and long term benefits of the Crocker alliance will be substantial.

The Objective

Our objective is to ensure that our assets are properly and profitably rewarded, that our costs are firmly controlled and that with our wide geographic spread, we give the best possible service to our many millions of customers – personal and corporate around the world.

The laying of the foundation for our strategy had the effect of creating a profits and earnings plateau during 1980 and 1981; our business plan is to move forward from the firm base we have now established. We are confident that, in the absence of unforeseen factors, the trend will continue to be favourable.

Donald Barron

Summary of Group Results

	1982 £m	1981 £m
Profit before taxation	251.4	232.2
Taxation	81.5	39.3
Attributable profit (after minority interests and extraordinary items)	144.6	123.9
Dividends	43.6	39.6
Retained profit	101.0	84.3
Total assets	47,999	41,014

Midland Bank Group

Sir Donald Barron's full statement and the report for 1982 are available from: *The Secretary, Midland Bank plc, Head Office, Poultry, London EC2P 2BX*

New Tyzack chief

APPOINTMENTS

Mr Nigel Humphreys has been appointed managing director of Tyzack & Partners from April 1. Mr Humphreys, who joined the company in 1977, is also a director of Tyzack & Partners (Far East)).

Mr Michael Jackaman has been made chairman and chief executive of Showerings, Vine Products & Whiteways, the wines, spirits and soft drinks company of Allied-Lyons, of which he is a director.

Mr John Packer, managing director of Reid & Taylor, Langholm, has been elected president of the National Association of Scottish Woollen Manufacturers. He succeeds Mr John Harrison of Johnstons of Elgin, who is to be chairman of the National Wool Textile Export Corporation.

Mr G. John Forrest has been appointed finance director of Consolidated Safeguards.

Mr David Hart has been appointed managing director of Burgess Power Tools.

Dr Marcello Costi has been named chairman and managing director of Miles Laboratories.

Mr Mark T. S. Edwards and Mr Charles H. Perrin have become partners of Edward Rushton Son and Kenyon.

Mr L. von Hoffman has been made a director of Minorco.

Mr Alick Rankin is to become group managing director of Scottish and Newcastle Breweries on May 1. Mr David Nickson will become chairman on October 1, both of them replacing Mr Peter Balfour, who is retiring.

BANK OF BEIRUT & THE ARAB COUNTRIES S.A.L.

REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE

18B Charles Street, London W1X 7HD

Tel: 01-408 2444

London Representative:
Mr. David R. Hobby

BBA Group

1982 Preliminary Results

	1982 £'000	1981 £'000
Turnover		
United Kingdom companies	61,558	55,143
Overseas companies	89,346	75,464
Total turnover	150,904	130,607
Operating profit	3,348	2,553
Share of profit of associated company	1,199	1,006
Profit before taxation	4,547	3,559
Taxation	3,315	2,652
	1,232	907
Minority interests	(12)	10
Profit attributable to shareholders	1,244	897
Extraordinary items	663	1,239
	581	(342)
Earnings per ordinary share	2.14p	1.54p

For 1982
Turnover increases by 15.5% to £150,904,000.
Profit before taxation increases by 27.8% to £4,547,000.
Earnings before extraordinary items increase by 39% and dividends remain unchanged at 1.74p per share.
Borrowings, at £20,525,000, and gearing, at 43.9%, show a small increase.

For 1983
Profits are expected to show an improvement.

BBA GROUP PLC

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Discount rate talk boosts Tokyo prices

Tokyo (AP Dow Jones) – Prices firmed smartly on the Tokyo stock market yesterday in active trading shaking off the ill-effects of several issues going ex-divided.

Buying grew on reports that the Government hopes to introduce a six-point package of measures to stimulate the economy, centering on persuading the Bank of Japan to lower the discount rate by 0.75 percentage points from 5.5 per cent and various steps to promote public housing.

The 0.75-point figure was larger than the 0.5-point cut which had been discussed previously. The Bank of Japan, however has yet to show that it is willing to lower the key rate.

The Nikkei Dow Jones Index rose 60.82 points to close at 8,387.91, another record. It was the fifth time in seven trading sessions that the index has finished at a record.

The rise came despite a number of index-component shares going ex-divided, which took 38.10 points from the index.

With attention focused on a possible cut in the discount rate, buying centred on interest-sensitive shares and issues backed by substantial fixed assets, such as real estate concerns, railroads, major trading houses and paper pulps.

WALL STREET

	Mar 28	Mar 24
AMF Inc	16¾	17
AMR	27½	28¼
Allied Chem	42¾	43
Allied Stores	43¾	45½
Allis Chalmers	21	20¾
Alcoa	33¾	34¼
Amax Inc	24¾	25¼
Amerada Hess	32¼	32½
Am Brands	49¾	50¼
Am Broadcast	63	63¾
Am Can	34¾	34¾
Am Cyanamid	43¾	43
Am Elec Power	18¾	18¾
Am Home	51	49¾
Am Motors	8	8¾
Am Nat Res	35¾	35¾
Am Standard	32¼	32
Am Telephone	58	58¾
Armco Steel	18¾	19¾
Asarco	34¾	32¾
Ashland Oil	30¾	30¾
Atlntic Richfield	38	38¾
Avco	21	21¾
Avon Products	24¾	24¾
Bankers Tst NY	41	41
Bank of America	21¾	21¾
Bank of NY	50¾	50¾
Beatrice Foods	26¾	26¾
Bethlehem Steel	22¾	22¾
Boeing	40¾	38¾
Boise Cascade	36¾	36¾
Borden	56¾	55¾
Borg Warner	43¾	44¾
Bristol Myers	73¾	73¾
BP	19¾	19¾
Burlington Ind	34¾	35¾
Burlington Nthn	79¾	79¾
Burroughs	47	47¾
Campbell Soup	43¾	43¾
Canadian Pacific	34¾	34¾
Caterpillar	44¾	44¾
Celanese	58¾	58¾
Central Soya	16¾	16¾
Chase Manhat	53¾	53
Chem Bank NY	48¾	47¾
Chrysler	21	21¾
Citicorp	41¾	41¾
Clark Equip	32	31
Coca Cola	51¾	51¾
Colgate	22¾	22¾
CBS	61¾	61¾
Columbia Gas	30¾	30¾
Combustion Eng	35	35¾
Comwlth Edison	27¾	27½
Cons Edison	23¾	23¾
Cons Foods	44¾	44¾
Cons Power	21¾	21¾
Continental Grp	40	39¾
Control Data	48¾	48
Corning Glass	70	69
CPC Intnl	34¾	35
Crane	34¾	34¾
Crocker Int	28¾	28¾
Crown Zeller	26¾	26¾
Dart & Kraft	74¾	73¾
Deere	37	36¾
Delta Air	40¾	40¾
Detroit Edison	14	14
Disney	76¾	78
Dow Chemical	35¾	36¾
Dresser Ind	16¾	16¾
Duke Power	23¾	23¾
Du Pont	49	49¾
Eastern Air	10	10¾
Eastman Kodak	80¾	80¾
Eaton Corp	34¾	34¾
El Paso Nat Gas	16¾	16¾
Esmark	63¾	66¾
Evans P. D.	15	15¾
Exxon Corp	30	30¾
Fed Dept Stores	56¾	58
Firestone	18¾	18¾
Fst Chicago	23¾	23¾
Fst Intrst Bncp	37¾	37½
Fst Nat Boston	48¾	47¾
Fst Penn Corp	5¾	5
Ford	39¾	39¾
GAF Corp	18¾	18¾
GTE Corp	40	40¾
Gen Dynamics	48¾	49¾
Gen Electric	105	105¾
Gen Foods	53¾	53¾
Gen Mills	56¾	56¾
Gen Motors	65¾	65¾
Gen Pub Util NY	7¾	7¾
Gen Tire	34	34
Genesco	5¾	5¾
Georgia Pacific	27¾	27¾
Getty Oil	65¾	65¾
Gillette	46	46¾
Goodrich	37¾	37¾
Goodyear	26¾	26¾
Gould Inc	28¾	28¾
Grace	40¾	41¾
Gt Atlntc & Pacific	3¾	3¾
Greyhound	23¾	23¾
Grumman Corp	32¾	32¾
Gulf Oil	31¾	32¾
Gulf & West	24¾	24¾
Heinz H. J.	44	44
Hercules	32	32¾
Honeywell	84¾	85¾
IC Inds	32¾	32¾
Ingersoll	48¾	48¾
Inland Steel	25¾	25¾
IBM	109¾	109¾
Int Harvester	8¾	8¾
INCO	13¾	13¾
Int Paper	52¾	54¾
Int Tel Tel	37¾	37¾
Irving Bank	48	48¾
Jewel Co	45	44¾
Jim Walter	44¾	44
Johnson & John	37	37¾
Kaiser Alumin	19	19¾
Kerr McGee	29¾	29¾
Kimberly Clark	81¾	81¾
K Mart	33¾	33¾
Kroger	43¾	43¾
L.T.V. Corp	14¾	14¾
Litton	57¾	58
Lockheed	100¾	101
Lucky Stores	21¾	22¾
Manuf Hanover	42	42¾
Manville Cp	17	17¾
Mapco	28¾	28¾
Marine Midland	23¾	23¾
Martin Marietta	48	48
McDonnell	53¾	53¾
Mead	28¾	28¾
Merck	85¾	86¾
Minnesota Mng	78¾	79¾
Mobil Oil	28¾	28¾
Monsanto	96¾	96¾
Morgan J. P.	73¾	74
Motorola	116	116¾
NCR Corp	114¾	113¾
NL Industries	14¾	14¾
Nabisco	35	35¾
Nat Distillers	27	27¾
Nat Med Ent	36¾	36¾
Nat Steel	28¾	28
Norfolk South	56	56
NW Bancorp	28¾	28¾
Norton Simon	35¾	35
Occidental Pet	18	18¾
Ogden	27¾	27¾
Olin Corp	28¾	28¾
Owens-Illinois	30¾	30¾
Pacific Gas Elec	30¾	30¾
Pan Am	3¾	3¾
Penney J. C	55	55
Pennzoil	36¾	36¾
Pepsico	35¾	35¾
Pfizer	75	75¾
Phelps Dodge	28¾	28¾
Philip Morris	65¾	65¾
Phillips Petrol	35¾	35¾
Polaroid	31¾	31
PPG Ind	61	60¾
Procter Gamble	65¾	65¾
Pub Ser El & Gas	23¾	23¾
Raytheon	35¾	35¾
RCA Corp	24	24
Republic Steel	21	21¾
Reynolds Ind	52¾	51¾
Reynolds Metal	33¾	33¾
Rockwell Int	32¾	32¾
Royal Dutch	39¾	39¾
Safeways	32¾	32¾
St Regis Paper	30¾	30¾
Santa Fe Ind	23¾	24¾
SCM	30¾	31
Schlumberger	48	48¾
Scott Paper	20	20¾
Seagram	32¾	32¾
Sears Roebuck	40¾	40¾
Shell Oil	38¾	38
Shell Trans	31	31
Signal Co	21	21
Singer	27¾	27¾
Sony	15	15¾
SO Cal Edison	28¾	28¾
Southern Pacific	50¾	50¾
Sperry Corp	38¾	38¾
Std Oil California	37¾	37¾
Std Oil Indiana	46¾	46¾
Std Oil Ohio	48	48
Sterling Drug	25¾	25
Stevens J. P.	21¾	21¾
Sun Comp	37¾	37¾
Teledyne	154	156¾
Tenneco	34¾	34¾
Texaco	35¾	35¾
Texas East Corp	47¾	47¾
Texas Inst	108	108¾
Texas Utilities	25¾	25¾
Textron	32¾	32¾
TWA	35¾	34¾
Travelers Corp	31	31¾
TRW Inc	60¾	60¾
UAL Inc	32¾	32¾
Union Carbide	61	60¾
Union Oil Calif	29¾	29¾
Un Pacific Corp	49¾	49¾
Uniroyal	12	12¾
United Brands	10¾	9¾
US Industries	14¾	14¾
US Steel	22¾	23¾
Utd Technol	69¾	69¾
Wachovia	32¾	32¾
Warner Comms	26¾	26¾
Warner Lambert	31¾	32¾
Wells Fargo	32¾	31¾
Westinghse Elec	47¾	48¾
Weyerhauser	30¾	30¾
Whirlpool	35¾	35
Woolworth	33¾	33¾
Xerox Corp	43	43¾
Zenith	14¾	15¾

Canadian Prices

	Mar 28	Mar 24
Abitibi	23¾	21¾
Alcan Alumin	37¾	37¾
Algoma Steel	31¾	32¾
Bell Telephone	29¾	29¾
Cominco	49¾	47¾
Cons Bathurst	19¾	20
Gulf Oil	12	12
Hawker/Sid Can	17¾	17¾
Hudson Bay Min	18	17¾
Imasco	35¾	35¾
Imperial Oil	35¾	35¾
Int Pipe	27¾	27
Mass-Fergsn	4¾	4¾
Royal Trust	24¾	24¾
Seagram	32¾	32¾
Steel Co	29¾	29¾
Thomson N 'A'	31¾	31
Walker Hiram	23¾	22
WCT	13¾	13¾

e Ex div. a Asked. c Ex distribution. h Bid. k Market closed. n New issue. p Stock split. t Traded. y Unquoted.

An important announcement to our stockholders:

Copies of the 1982 Annual Report of Citicorp can now be obtained from:

Citibank, N.A., 336 Strand, London WC2R 1HB, telephone 438 1599 between the hours of 9.30am and 4pm Monday to Friday.

Postal applications should be addressed for the attention of the Librarian.

CITIBANK CITICORP

COMMODITIES

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE
Prices in pounds per metric ton. Silver in pence per troy ounce

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
High grade copper		
Cash	1100-1100.50	1094.50-94.50
Three months	1133.50-34.00	1126.50-27.50
Standard cath (copper)	–	–
Cash	1077-79.00	1071-72.00
Three months	1109.50-10.50	1102.50-3.00
Tin: cash	9210-17	9180-85
Three months	9230-40	9205-07
Lead: cash	308.50-7.50	301.50-2.50
Three months	315-15.50	313-13.50
Zinc: cash	477-77.75	467.50-68.50
Three months	493.75-94.00	483-83.50
Silver: cash	710.5-11.5	714.5-15.5
Three months	728.5-29.5	732-33.0
Aluminium: cash	922-23.00	900.50-1.50
Three months	951.50-52.00	928.50-29.00
Nickel: cash	3430-40	3380-85
Three months	3520-25	3460-64

L.M.E. TURNOVER
Copper (higher grade): 8,425 tonnes. Standard cathodes: 375 tonnes. Tin (standard): 1,090 tonnes. Lead: 3,450 tonnes. Zinc: 6,275 tonnes. Silver: 67 lots of 10,000 ozs. each. Aluminium: 9,600 tonnes. Nickel: 642 tonnes.

LONDON COMMODITY PRICES
Rubber in pence per tonne; Coffee, cocoa, sugar and soyabean meal in pounds per metric ton; Wool in N.Z. cents per kilo; LPE in U.S. per metric ton; Gold in U.S. per oz.

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
RUBBER		
May	785-790	740-742
June	792-798	752-753
Jly/Sep	802-805	747-749
Oct/Dec	826-831	778-779
Jan/Mch	855-858	800-803
Apl/Jne	878-879	825-827
Jly/Sep	900-904	852-854
Oct/Dec	927-930	875-880
Jan/Mch	952-955	899-903

Sales: 15 lots at five tonnes each and 356 lots at 15 tonnes each, including five kerbs.

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
COFFEE		
Mch	1915-1918	1930-1939
May	1902-1905	1892-1897
Jly	1735-1737	1734-1735
Sep	1675-1678	1672-1675
Nov	1621-1622	1626-1628
Jan	1595-1597	1591-1595
Mch	1569-1570	1560-1575

Sales: 1,734 lots, including 12 options.

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
COCOA		
Mch	1244-1245	1266-1268
May	1261-1262	1278-1279
Jly	1271-1272	1299-1300
Sep	1291-1292	1316-1317
Dec	1311-1314	1336-1337
Mch	1325-1327	1355-1357
May	1358-1359	1372-1377

Sales: 3,287 lots including six options. I.C.C.O. prices: daily (March 28), 82.45c, indicator price (March 28). 5-day average, 81.16c (U.S. cents per lb).

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
SUGAR		
May	125.00-125.05	123.00-123.10
Aug	129.85-129.95	130.30-130.50
Oct	136.85-136.95	138.90-137.00
Dec	143.10-143.40	142.00-142.50
March	152.95-156.00	152.25-152.50
May	158.85-158.50	158.00-156.00

Sales: 2,943 lots. The London daily "raws" price was £1.00 higher p'day, at £112.00 per tonne, while the "whites" price was unchanged at £145.00 per tonne. I.S.A. prices (March 28), daily, 16.34c, 15-day average, 8.16c. (U.S. cents per lb).

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
WOOL		
March	Unquoted	380-387
May	392-398	395-400
Jly	411-412	412-415
Oct	418-419	420-421
Dec	423-000	423-000
Jan	424-425	425-420
March	434-436	433-438
May	438-445	438-442
Aug	448-455	449-452

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
SOYABEAN MEAL		
April	150.10-153.00	–
June	153.50-153.00	–
Aug	154.50-155.20	–
Oct	161.00-162.00	–
Dec	168.50-169.00	–
Feb	170.00-172.50	–
April	172.00-173.50	–

Sales: 29 lots.

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM EXCHANGE		
March	253.00-54.00	253.00-35.00
April	252.00-52.25	251.50-32.00
May	251.75-52.00	251.25-31.75
June	251.00-51.25	250.00-30.25
July	251.00-51.25	249.75-50.00
Aug	252.50-53.00	251.25-52.00
Sep	253.00-53.25	253.50-54.00
Oct	254.50-57.00	254.50-55.00
Nov	255.00-45.00	256.00-57.00

Sales: 1,692 lots of 100 tonnes each.

	Y'day's Close	Previous Close
LONDON GOLD FUTURES		
April	409.50-410.00	413.50-414.40
May	411.50-412.00	412.00-410.00
June	416.00-416.50	420.10-420.00
July	418.20-419.50	422.10-423.30
Aug	422.00-422.70	426.20-427.20
Sep	424.50-425.00	429.50-430.00
Oct	427.50-429.50	433.00-434.00

Sales: 918 lots.

	Barley	Wheat
GRAIN		
May	£122.25	£136.65
July	–	£139.10
Sep	£111.00	£117.25
Nov	£114.25	£119.75
Jan	£117.25	£122.90

Sales: 38 lots. Sales: 313 lots.

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK COMMISSION: Average fatstock prices at representative markets on March 28:
GB: Cattle, 94.61p per kg lw (+0.56).
GB: Sheep, 205.13p per kg est d c w (+17.00).
GB: Pigs, 65.96p per kg lw (–0.62).
England and Wales:
Cattle nos. down 2.1 per cent, ave. price, 96.02p (+0.60).
Sheep nos. up 9.0 per cent, ave. price, 211.18p (+17.99).
Pig nos. down 1.1 per cent, ave. price, 65.96p (–0.62).
Scotland:
Cattle nos. down 17.7 per cent, ave. price, 92.36p (+0.41).
Sheep nos. down 17.0 per cent, ave. price, 189.10p (+10.40).
Pig nos. up 8.5 per cent, ave. price, 67.04p (–1.02).

LONDON INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL FUTURES:

Sterling Month	Last	High	Low	Pr Set
June	14510	14565	14490	14558
Sep	14490	14490	14490	14540
Dec	–	–	–	–

Standing deposit Month	Last	High	Low	Pr Set
June	8961	8967	8952	8962
Sep	8967	8973	8960	8973
Dec	8970	8978	8966	8974
Mch	8978	8980	8975	9000
June	–	–	–	–

Long-gilts Month	Last	High	Low	Pr Set
March	–	–	–	10325
June	10227	10308	10220	10323
Sep	10215	10215	10218	10312
Dec	10301	10301	10301	10413
March	–	–	–	–

Yen Month	Last	High	Low	Pr Set
June	4190	4210	4183	4239
Sep	4260	4260	4255	4278
Dec	–	–	–	–

D-mark Month	Last	High	Low	Pr Set
June	4146	4160	4142	4172
Sep	4195	4195	4195	4221
Dec	–	–	–	4158

Eurodollar Month	Last	High	Low	Pr Set
June	9022	9024	9014	9041
Sep	9002	9004	8993	9019
Dec	8990	8990	8982	9007
March	8983	8983	8983	9000
June	–	–	–	–

Swiss franc Month	Last	High	Low	Pr Set
June	4849	4866	4839	4891
Sep	4930	4930	4930	4970
Dec	–	–	–	–

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

● Markheath Securities' board has decided to obtain new equity funds and arrangements are in hand for a placing by Sheppards and Chase of 1.65m new ordinary shares at 121p each to raise about £1.9m, after expenses. To facilitate this, steps are being taken to simplify Markheath's capital structure and improve the marketability of the shares by a capital reorganization, which will include a scrip issue. In 1982, Markheath's pre-tax profits rose from £1.33m to £1.82m, on turnover up from £5.12m to £9.21m.

● H.A.T group has completed the purchase from group property services of 90 per cent of the issued capital of Programmed Maintenance Painting, a maintenance painting firm based in Glasgow. Consideration paid on completion was £650,000, satisfied by the issue of 487,502 of HAT which have been placed through the market.

Additional consideration will become payable following agreement of N.A.V. at 31.3.83

Early's of Witney
Year to 28.1.83.
Pretax profit, £128,000 (£223,000).
Stated earnings, 1.63p (2.97p).
Turnover, £7.82m (£7.63m).
Net dividend, 1.31p (1.8p).

Molynx Holdings
Year to 31.12.82.
Pretax profit, £16,000 (£65,000).
Stated earnings, 0.83p (2.42p).
Turnover, £973,000 (£821,000).
Net dividend, nil (nil).

Southampton, IOW Steam Packet
Year to 31.12.82.
Pretax profit, £1.6m (£1.05m).
Stated earnings, 23.04p (15.11p).
Turnover, £8.27m (£7.18m).
Net dividend, 9.0p (7.5p).

Newman-Tonks Group
Half-year to 31.1.83
Pretax profit, £1.03m (£955,000).
Stated earnings, 4.52p (4.16p).
Turnover, £21.28m (£19.85m).
Net dividend, 1.85p (1.65p).

Associated British Industries
Half-year to 31.12.82
Pretax profit, £206,000 (£483,000).
Stated earnings, 4.63p (7.89p).
Turnover, £10.66m (£9.31m).
Net interim dividend 2.2p (2.2p).

Business Computer Systems
Year to 31.12.82
Pretax profit, £510,000 (£427,000).
Stated earnings, 8.1p (6.8p).
Turnover, £7.5m (£6.23m).
Net dividend, 1.0p (1.0p).

Amalgamated Estates
Half-year to 30.9.82
Pretax loss, £824,000 (£411,000 loss).
Turnover, £347,000 (£296,000).
Net interim dividend, nil (nil).

LAGMO

Results for the year ended 31 December 1982

INCREASED PROFITS MAJOR ACQUISITIONS

	1982 £MILLION	1981 £MILLION
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	123	113
PROFIT AFTER TAX	36	33
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	44	43
ACQUISITIONS	199	6

Acquisitions include production and exploration interests in North Sea, USA, Indonesia, Australia and other areas.

1 FOR 3 RIGHTS ISSUE TO RAISE £44 MILLION WAS ANNOUNCED ON 10 MARCH 1983

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* 7 day deposits on sums at under £10,000, 7%; £10,000 up to £50,000, 8%; £50,000 and over, 9%.

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The Over-the-Counter Market

1982-83 High	Low	Company	Price	Ch'ge	Gross Divid	Yld %	P/E Actual	P/E Fully Taxed
142	120	Ass Brit Ind Ord	136xd	-1	6.4	4.7	8.0	10.4
158	117	Ass Brit Ind CULS	152	-1	10.0	6.6	–	–
74	57	Airsprung Group	63	–	6.1	9.7	18.0	18.0
46	32	Armitage & Rhodes	32	–	4.3	13.4	3.6	6.3
312	197	Bardon Hill	312	+2	11.4	3.7	13.1	16.5
135	100	CCL 11.0% Conv Pref	135	+2	15.7	11.6	–	–
270	210	Cindico Group	210	–	17.6	8.4	–	–
86	52	Deborah Services	52	–	6.0	11.5	3.4	9.3
91	77	Frank Horsell	91	+2	–	–	7.6	8.1
89½	75½	Frank Horsell Pr Ord 87	89½	+2	8.7	9.7	9.9	10.7
83	61	Frederick Parker	63xd	–	7.1	11.3	3.9	6.3
55	34	George Blair	34	–	–	–	5.9	12.3
100	74	Ind Prec Castings	77xd	-1	7.3	9.5	9.9	12.4
158	100	Isis Conv Pref	157	–	15.7	10.0	–	–
143	94	Jackson Group	143	–	7.5	5.2	4.4	9.1
200	111	James Burrough	200	+2	9.6	4.8	14.6	16.3
260	150	Robert Jenkins	150	–	20.0	13.3	1.6	23.8
83	54	Scruttons "A"	71	–	5.7	8.0	9.2	11.1
167	112	Torday & Carlisle	112	-1	11.4	10.2	5.0	8.6
29	21	Unilock Holdings	26	–	0.46	1.8	–	–
85	66	Walter Alexander	66	–	6.4	9.7	4.7	6.8
269	214	W. S. Yeates	269	+2	17.1	6.4	4.2	8.6

Prices now available on Prestel, page 48146

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Perstorp
(Incorporated in the Kingdom of Sweden with limited liability)

The Council of The Stock Exchange in London has admitted all the free B-series shares of Perstorp AB to the Official List.

Following a rights issue of 570,240 new B-series shares approved at the annual general meeting of Perstorp AB held on 29th January, 1983, its share capital will be as follows:

		Issued, or reserved for issue No. of shares of SEK 50 nominal value each.
A-series shares	restricted	397,440
	free	34,560
B-series shares	restricted	2,350,080
	free	269,120
		3,051,200

In accordance with a resolution passed at the annual general meeting referred to above, it is expected that in June 1983 each existing share of nominal value SEK 50 will be subdivided into two new shares of nominal value SEK 25 each.

Particulars relating to Perstorp AB are available in the statistical service of Extel Statistical Services Limited and may be obtained during normal business hours (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including 15th April, 1983 from:

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29th March, 1983.

Schroders

The Earl of Airlie,
Chairman of Schroders plc, reports on 1982

The disclosed consolidated profit of the Group was £15,385,000 compared with £15,568,000 in 1981. *This result includes capital* profits of £6,770,000 compared with £6,684,000 in 1981.
The Directors are recommending the payment of a final dividend of 12p per share which, together with the payment made last October, makes a total of 15p per share, representing an increase of 11 per cent. over 1981.

In the United Kingdom, consolidated profits of J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited and its subsidiaries were materially higher than those for the previous year. Banking division earnings were maintained at a high level, despite a material increase in provisions made against both sovereign and commercial risks. In the corporate finance division, net profits were substantially higher, with a greater contribution from the eurobond market compensating for a lower level of capital raising in the United Kingdom. The investment division had an excellent year and funds under management showed a substantial advance. Schroder Leasing Limited again made a significant contribution to Group profits although at a lower level than 1981.
Schroder Assurance and Investment Holdings Limited continued to expand its business both in the United Kingdom and overseas. Schroder Investment Company Limited had another successful year and realised substantial capital profits. We have continued to pursue the policy of devoting a substantial proportion of our capital resources to portfolio investment.

Profits of our United States companies declined from the previous year's record level, being, in part, adversely affected by loss of interest on certain non-performing loans and by additional provisions for loan losses.
While banking activity continued along traditional lines, more emphasis was placed on the provision of lease financing facilities and specialized funding for clients. Trust and fiduciary activities continued at a high level. The investment management and venture capital activities were further expanded.

In Europe, J. Henry Schroder Bank A.G., Zurich, had a satisfactory year, but Banque Privée de Gestion Financière S.A., in which we have a 14.7 per cent. interest, experienced difficult conditions. We now carry our investment at cost.

In Australia, net profits of the Schroder Darling group for the financial year ended 30th June, 1982 were materially lower than in the previous year as a result of losses on underwriting and leasing. It is expected that net profits for the year to 30th June, 1983 will improve on the previous year.

For Hong Kong, 1982 was a year of uncertainty with sharp reverses in the stock market and property sector, and as a result the earnings of Schroders & Chartered Limited were substantially lower. However, Singapore International Merchant Bankers Limited achieved strong growth in all its operating divisions and produced record earnings.
In Japan, the Group's business showed encouraging growth.

Events in Latin America over the past year have had some adverse effects on Group earnings as a result of provisions which we have considered prudent to make; however, our Brasilian associate again produced successful results. The growth in the investment and advisory services provided by the Schroder Group to Middle East clients has continued.

The difficult world situation has inevitably affected a number of countries and corporations with which the Schroder Group has been doing banking business for many years and the strains upon them have been reflected in the results of several of our subsidiaries. Nevertheless overall Group profits have been maintained after material provisions were made against both sovereign and commercial loans; in addition the Group continues to maintain substantial inner reserves against unforeseen contingencies.

The last year has underlined once again the outstanding quality of our staff at all levels worldwide and I thank them for their efforts. With their skill and dedication it is with confidence that we face the challenges and opportunities of the future.

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MOTOR RACING

Watson's charge makes it a great day for the Irish

By John Blunsden

John Watson seems to be engaged on a one-man crusade to revive American interest in Grand Prix racing. Last year he started 17th in the Detroit Grand Prix and drove through the field to score a spectacular victory against the odds. Two weeks ago, to prove that he hadn't lost his touch, he moved from 16th to second in the Brazilian Grand Prix, before being stopped with engine trouble.

But he reserved his *piece de resistance* for the Long Beach circuit in California on Sunday, when he started in 22nd place on the 26-car grid then took the lead on the 45th of the race's 75 laps, and eventually won by 28 seconds over his Marlboro McLaren team colleague Niki Lauda after the longest drive through the field in the history of Formula One racing. The Ferrari driver René Arnoux was the only other finisher to complete the full race distance, but he was more than three-quarters of a minute behind Lauda at the end of a race which for the fourth year running had seen victory go to a car powered by the Ford Cosworth engine.

Patrick Tambay, the early leader, whose Ferrari had been in pole position on the grid, found his main challenge *coming from* Keke Rosberg and his Williams-Ford, but on the 26th lap the pressure became too intense, the two cars collided and both were eliminated in an unsuccessful overtaking manoeuvre at the Queen's Hairpin, the Ferrari reared up on two wheels before coming to rest across the track, and in trying to avoid it Rosberg swerved into the path of Jean-Pierre Jarier's Ligier and has hit up the rear.

This incident put Rosberg's team partner, Jacques Laffite, into first place, but by this time the two McLarens were already past the middle-of-the-field runners and were closing in for the attack. Lauda had been ahead of Watson earlier on, but on lap 27 they changed places, and lateron Lauda had to drop back with leg cramp. But by this time they wer well clear.

Nelson Piquet, winner of the Braziliao Grand Prix, was never in contention this time and had retired his Brabham-BMW after 24 laps leaving Riccardo Patrese to continue the team's main challenge. But two laps from the end of a gruelling race Patrese, who had been running strongly in second place earlier on, eased right up, leaving Laffite, Marc Surer (Arrows-Ford) and Johnny Cecotto (Theodore-Ford), to pick up the remaining points for fourth, fifth and sixth places, respectively, one lap behind the winner.

Alan Jones's much-publicised return to the Grand Prix scene in the other Arrows brought a typically gritty performance from the Australian. Starting in 13th place, he had moved up to tenth at one point, but a brush with one of the concrete walls lining this temporary circuit bent a steering arm, and after two pit stops failed to completely rectify the trouble. Jones, in some discomfort from his pinned leg, called it a day.

Sixth place by the Venezuelan, Johnny Cecotto, in only his second Grand Prix, was an excellent performance for the young motorcycle champion turned driver, who had looked competitive from the start of practice. At this early stage in the season, at least, it would appear that the new Formula One regulations have enabled one or two of the smaller teams to close the gap on the more heavily financed traditional front-runners.

But undoubtedly, the race belonged to the Marlboro McLaren team who, despite miserable days of practice in a vain search for some grip from the track surface, once again found that everything had come right for them once the start's light turned green. Watson's performance, in particular, was an example of a driver, a chassis, an engine and a set of tyres working in perfect harmony. "After that dismal practice, Michelin were as perplexed as we were," said a jubilant Watson at the end of the race, "so I decided to take a gamble and try the tyre compound we had used in Detroit . . . and it worked."

The Ulstermao's next outing will be in the Race of Champions at Brands Hatch, on *April 10*, where he will face former title holders Piquet, Rosberg and Jones in a 40-lap race.

McLaren crusaders: Watson (right) and Lauda celebrate

RESULTS: 1, J Watson (Marlboro McLaren-Ford), 75 laps, 1 hr 53 min 34.869 sec, 80.67 mph; 2, N Lauda (Marlboro McLaren-Ford), 1:54:02.882; 3, R Arnoux (Ferrari), 1:54:49.527; 4, J Laffite (Williams-Ford), 74 laps; 5, M Surer (Arrows-Ford), 74; 6, J Cecotto (Theodore-Ford), 74; 7, R Boesel (Ligier-Ford), 73; 8, D Sullivan (Tyrrell-Ford), 73; 9, M Alboreto (Tyrrell-Ford), 73; 10, R Patrese (Brabham-BMW), 72; 11, A Prost (Renault), 72; 12, N Mansell (JPS Lotus-Ford), 72; 13, E Cheever (Renault), 67.

WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP: Drivers: 1, Lauda, 10 pts; 2 (equal), Watson and Piquet, 9; 4, Laffite, 6; 5, Arnoux, 4; 6, Surer, 3; 7, Tambay, 2; 8, Cecotto, 1. Constructors: 1, McLaren-Ford, 19 pts; 2, Brabham-BMW, 9; 3 (equal), Williams-Ford and Ferrari, 6; 5, Arrows-Ford, 3; 6, Theodore-Ford, 1. (Rosberg and Williams-Ford, 6 points for second place in Brazilian Grand Prix suspended pending appeal against disqualification).

ATHLETICS

Sponsors' duel benefits athletes

By Pat Butcher

Anything yoo can do, we can do better, was the double-pronged message from a press conference in Londoo yesterday to announce a new spoosor for athletics. Three months ago, the British Amateur Athletic Board secured the backing of U-Bix Copiers for the European Cup final at Crystal Palace in August.

Yesterday, the Amateur Athletic Association and the photocopying company, Rank Xerox, revealed the most comprehensive deal, worth £250,000, to be signed io the sport. Whatever drawbacks there remain for elite athletes due to the continuing friction between these two governiog bodies in athletics, in this case the athletes stand to benefit financially.

Half of the dozen fixtures covered by the sponsorship will comprise a series of 10-kilometre road races, offering a first prize of £500 each, with the final race being an inaugural AAA championship at that distance, with £1,000 to the winoer. The prize mooey in each race will cover the first 10 individuals and first three teams.

The choice of the 10-kilometre distance, just over six miles, is the most sensible idea to come out of the road running boom, in which the marathon has become the focus. The six-race series is spread between September, 1983, and April, 1984, and any road or cross-couotry runner can accommodate that, whereas no serious marathon runner should consider doing more than two races io that period.

The Rank Xerox deal also involves four local marathons, an unallocated international cross-country race, which may well turo out to be the beleaguered IAC event, and the track and field meeting in Gateshead on July 31 this year, which is the last one io the country before the British team leaves for *the IAAF world championships*

One notable, yet all too expected, omission in the programme was the absence of any provision for elite women athletes. Britain's leading woman road runoer, Joyce Smith, was a somewhat embrassed guest at the press conference. The reason, of course, is the continuing split betweeo *men's* and women's administrations, despite a groundswell of opinion among club and international athletes that the sport would be better served by an amalgamation, oot only of the sexes but also of the four home couotries' governing bodies.

● Steve Ovett is due to make his return to international athletics at a 10 kilometre champion has recently returned from a month's training in Portugal and the 10km distance will be a good test of his *general fitness* before he embarks on his specialist programme leading up to the first world championships in Helsinki

BOXING

Tate talks telephone numbers so Bugner rings Adinolfi

By Srikumar Sen, Boxing Correspondent

It is proving more difficult than expected for Joe Bugner to get his foot in the door of boxing's top twenty club, let alone the exclusive top 10. "All top 10 are involved in fights", Bugner's manager, Frank Warren, said yesterday. And all the way down the line no-one wants to come here to have his block knocked off by Bugner. Even the young whippersnappers are passing up the chance to whip Bugner and make a name for themselves.

Bugner was prepared even to look at John Tate, but the former World Boxing Association champion has priced himself out of it by asking for $120,000 (£82,000). "I was prepared to go to $100,000", Mr Warren said. So rather than call off the *Alexandra Pavilion show on April* 20 and let Bugner "sit around and get fat", Mr Warren decided to bring in Domenico Adinolfi, of Italy.

If the British Boxing Board of Control could persuade the European Boxing Union to regard this as an eliminator for the European *championship, Bugner could get in* line for a shot at the title held by Lucien Rodriguez of France.

Nobody is quite certain about anything concerning Adinolfi except that he is 36 years old, which makes the combined ages of the two boxers 69. The Italian is thought to be the European number one, two or three, or thereabouts, and according to his record he has had 66 contests which *include nine defeats* and three draws. He is said to be "a very hard and experienced man".

Keith Wallace, who was to appear on the same bill, is now to have a rest because of an injury received in the bout with Henry Brent, of Brooklyn. Mr Warren said that Wallace hurt his right hand to the second round of the contest with Brent, which downgrades the US champion and world number eight even further than the seven rounds to one defeat on Friday night. Wallace will now box some time in May. The Bugner-Adinolfi tournament on April 20 will have a strong undercard with Tony Willis, Jimmy Price, Devon Bailey and *Martin* Patrick appearing on it.

Holmes's sweet home

Scranton, New Jersey (Reuter) – The World Boxing Council heavyweight champion, Larry Holmes, who easily outpointed French challenger Lucieo Rodriguez here oo Sunday, gave firm indiestion *that he does not intend* to retire in the forseeable future.

Holmes, said he will make his next defeoce – the 15th of his career – against unbeaten Tim Witherspooo on May 20 and then plans to meet the oumber ooe candidate, Greg Page.

Returning to the city where he began his professional career 10 years ago the 33-year-old Holmes completely outclassed the European champion.

Rodrignez fought courageously until *the last* few rounds, wheo he appeared content to try to survive the full distance. He was knocked down once by a Holmes right uppercut in the sixth round but he bounced up quickly at the count of three before taking a mandatory couot of eight. Holmes did not lose a round on the scorecards of any of the three Mexican judges, two of whom scored it 120-109 for the champion and the other 120-108.

However, the Morocco-born Rodriguez, aged 31, seemed content with his performance, and afterwards was toasted in cham*pagne by friends and handlers who* seemed to regard his ability to last the full 12 rounds against Holmes as a moral victory. "I would like to have done better but Holmes is a great champion and I could not do the things I wanted to do," he said. After his 42nd consecutive victory, Holmes called it a "great fight". Rodriquez is ranked ninth by the WBC, but, awkward and lacking both ring skills and a telling punch, he was an easy target for Holmes throughout.

Rodriguez, who had woo his last 12 bouts, was the second successive challenger to lose on points to Holmes without winning a round. Io November, Holmes defeated Randy "Tex" Cobb in an equally one-sided affair. Sunday's bout was the first heavyweight champinnship held over 12 rounds, in accordance with a recent WBC edict.

Holmes: one-way win

TENNIS

Purcell a draughtsman on clay

Moote Carlo, Monaco (AP) – Mel Purcell, the unseeded American beat *the eighth seeded Jimmy Arias* 6-4, 6-1 in the curtain raiser of the rain-delayed $300,000 Monte Carlo Open tournament.

Airia, aged 18, the only seeded American in the tournament, committed 14 noforced errors and appeared to have trouble conceotrating on his game. Purcell's play was consistant, and be was able to score on several fine passing shots.

The chilly conditions oo the Monte Carlo Country Club's only covered clay court caused the postponement of the build of the day's scheduled matches. Organizers said the players refused to play unless skies cleared sufficiently to play on the outdoor courts. *Although the covered court* is shielded by a large canvas tent, the wind is able to penetrate the unenclosed areas around the stands. Among the delayed matches is Bjorn Borg's last professional match but his swan song may be brief because his first round draw pits him against Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentiot, the No 3 seed. They have been scheduled to play today but the rain has pushed that back to tomorrow at least.

● NEW YORK, (Reuter) – Martina Navratilova cootinued to dominate the women's game by crushing Chris Lloyd 6-2, 6-0 in the final of the $350,000 New York Championship.

Miss Navratilova, demonstrating tremendous athletic ability and a variety of shots, needed ooly 65 minutes to defeat Mrs Lloyd, who is ranked immediately behind her.

She has won all her five tournameots this year and reeled off 27 consecutive match victories. Her prize was $80,000. Mrs Lloyd received $45,000.

Time and agaio Miss Navratilova thrilled the Madisoo Square Garden crowd by getting to seemingly unreachable shots, combining a devastating serve-and-volley attack with impressive coverage of the court.

OLYMPIC GAMES

Shooting to go ahead at Games

New Delhi (Agencies) – The organizers of next year's Olympic Games in Los Angeles have told the International Olympic Committee (IOC) that they will find a suitable site for the shooting events. Juan Antonio Samaranch the IOC president, said yeaterday: "They promised me they would show me a site for a shooting range in the area of Los Angeles when I visit the city at the end of April."

Two months ago the IOC vetoed a proposal by the Los Angeles Olympic Organizing Committee (LAOOC) to stage the shooting at the Nevada gambling capital of Las Vegas because *they had been unable* to locate a suitable site in the Los Angeles area. The LAOOC were told to keep looking but came to New Delhi still insisting that, having inspected 55 sites in California, Las Vegas remained the only practical venue.

The committee hinted that shooting might have to *be dropped* from the Games for the first time since their inception in 1896 unless the IOC dropped their objection to Las Vegas. "It had been very difficult for the IOC to understand why you can't have a shooting range in California," Samaranch said, at the end of the IOC session, adding that *there was no question* of shooting being dropped from the Games.

Samaranch also gave his assurance that the question of elegibility in the Olympic football tournament would be resolved. He said he had disagreed with Joao Harelange, the president of the international football federatioo (FIFA) over the definitioo of the word professional, but that they would meet next month.

FIFA are keen to allow certain categories of profesionals to play in the finals next year as well as in the qualifying tournameot already under way. Their proposals were rejected at a joint meeting with the IOC earlier this month but Havelange said the IOC had not thrown out the whole package.

Players under 23 are taking part in the qualifying rounds regardless of whether they are professionals or amateurs. These games are being played under FIFA rules, which make no distinction between the two categories.

CCPR summit

The Central Council for Physical Recreation have arranged a meeting which will be attended by about 120 top sports admioistrators from Britain. They will discuss the decline of British influence in international sporting matters. The *meeting will probably call for a fresh* injectioo of £1.5m from government to help the work of British sports officials abroad.

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OLYMPIC GAMES
Shooting to go ahead at Games

Football's bright new dawn already threatened by dark clouds of dissent

Fractional differences the test for Chester

By Stuart Jones, Football Correspondent

Sir Norman Chester and his five colleagues spent five months examining the ailing patient, football, and recognised that "at some stage drastic surgery may be needed". Like doctors disagreeing over the diagnosis, though, the Chester committee are not convinced about which scalpels should be used.

Of the 18 recommendations included in the report on the structure and future viability of the League, the most important concerned the size of the divisions. The committee agreed that, as from the end of next season, the first division should eb reduced to 20 clubs and the second division increased to 24. All, that is, except Jack Dunnett, the League president.

All agreed that the 48 clubs in the third and fourth divisions should be divided ioto four regional groups, split between north and south. The season would also be divided into two halves with the top and bottom two clubs qualifying for promotion and relegation play-offs. All, that is, except Sir Norman himself.

"In the interests of a strong League", he would prefer to reduce the first division to 20 clubs and to form two other divisions of 22. The remaining 28 clubs would join selected representatives from the Alliance Premier League to form an "Intermediate League", with two divisions each of 18 clubs, and the champions would be entitled to automatic promotion to the League.

Sir Norman insisted that "the area of agreement within the committee was tremendous", but the lack of one sharp knife merely strengthens the fear that his main suggestions will be blunted now as they were 15 years ago. It is significant, therefore, that he recommends a change in the voting system.

The 44 clubs in the first and second divisions each have one vote, the other 48 eight between them. At present a three-quarters majority is needed for a motion to be carried. Sir Norman, "an academic who feels that good argument and facts should persuade anyone anyway", puts forward three-fifths as a more reasonable figure.

But there was dissent there as well. Graham Kelly, the League secretary, who was speaking on behalf of the management committee, thought it too radical and suggested two-thirds. Fractions they may be, but when the management committee meets in three weeks to discuss the report, the outcome of that particular debate, the first on the agenda, may be the most crucial.

Dunnett admitted that the constitution was "put together to prevent change and is a blocking instrument of great power". Even if the ideas of Sir Norman's committee survive in April, they must still be accepted at the League's annual general meeting to be held in the second week in June.

The omens are not bright. As well as Sir Norman's first report in 1968, Alan Hardaker's "Pattern of Football" in 1964, the League's executive staff's "Fight for survival" in 1980 and the management committee's own proposals in 1981 were all rejected by a body blinded by self-interest and seemingly unaware of the dangers that lay ahead.

Initial reaction – yesterday confirmed the strength of future resistence. Dr Clifford Grossmark, Gillingham's chairman who represents the bottom two divisions, said: "They are trying to impose things on us against our will, trying to take away some of out hard-won power and trying to drive us into oblivion. But we will not let them get away with it.

"We told the Chester committee that we didn't want regionalised leagues, but they are trying to push them through anyway. It would cut travelling costs, but wages are the real problem. Playing the same club four times is bad business. Look what has happened in the Scottish Premier League."

Dr Grossmark also rejected the plan to lift the drudgery towards the end of the season (as is taking place this year) by introducing play-offs. "You could win your league twice but then not win the play-offs and not get promoted, be commented. "That is rubbish."

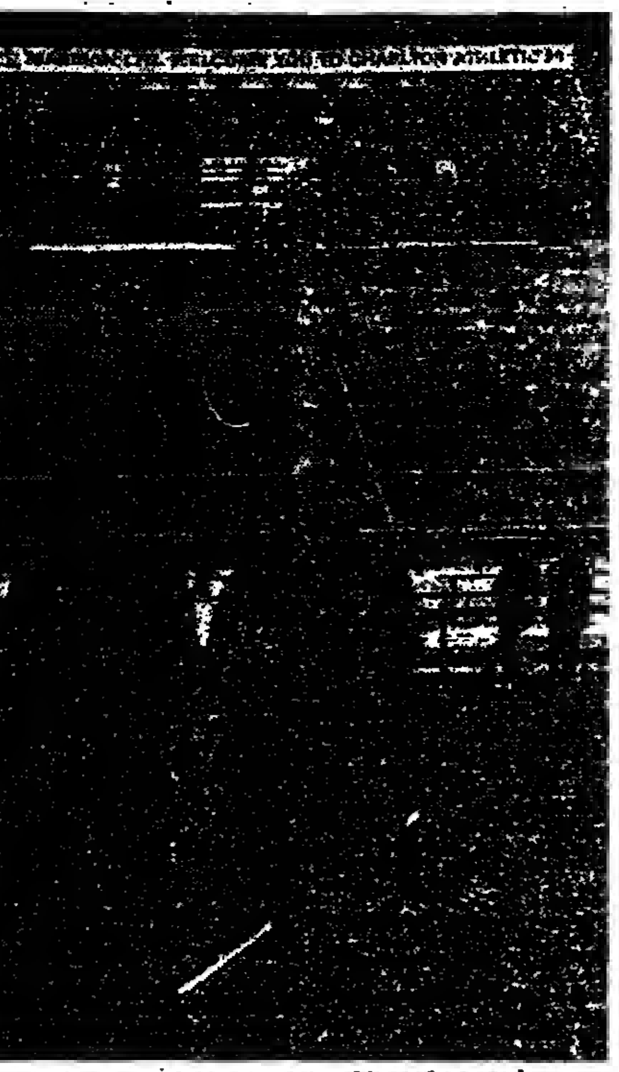
Ernie Clay, Fulham's chairman, accused the authorities of making Sir Norman "a scapegoat", adding that the report could have been compiled in five minutes "but we aren't brave enough". Predictably, he suggested a controversial idea of appointing Ian McGregor, the new chairman of the Coal Board, to solve the game's problems.

No-one should be in any doubt that they exist. The report points out that gates will fall by another eight per cent this season to below 20 million for the first time since the war, that hooliganism is driving spectators away and that television coverage is a direct competitor with attendances. Television sets have increased from 334,000 to 1950 to 18.5 million now, "the most remarkable social change of the century."

Nor is that all. Players' wages rose by 45 per cent in 1981 when the cost of living went up by only 20 per cent. Although sponsors have donated £8m this season, the total debt of the 92 League clubs currently stands at £37.7m and the first division clubs are paying more than £2m in interest alone.

Among the more notable pieces in the complex jigsaw is a recommendation that the home clubs should keep all of the gate receipts. Under the present system (30p for adults and 15p for children and old-aged pensioners), Manchester United, for example, would expect to pay out some £250,000 each season to their 21 visitors.

The best supported clubs would clearly be to favour of such a move. If it is rejected, the rich and powerful could break away and form a so-called "super league", although John Smith, Liverpool's chairman, said it would be "very premature" to consider the prospect.



Football's problem: spectators thin on the ground

Proposed changes

● No increase or decrease in League membership, but no replacement of clubs who resign or leave the League. Natural wastage to be allowed.

● Reduciton of the first division from 22 clubs to 20 from the end of the 1983-84 season. Second division to be increased to 24 clubs.

● *Third and fourth division clubs to combine in new 48-strong third division, which would itself be split into four regional sections of 12.* These sections to play in a 22-match mini-league series during the first day of the season. Fixtures to be repeated in another mini-series during the second day of the season. Top two in each section at end of each series to qualify for promotion play-offs. Any team finishing first of second in both series would obtain bye to second round of play-offs. Top four in play-offs to go into second division. Similar "relegation" play-off system for bottom club in each section, with automatic exchange to Alliance Premier League for team finishing last in play-offs. Alliance champions to take their place.

● Home club to keep all League match gate receipts.

● Greater share of any new television cash deal to go to home club.

● League (Milk) Cup seeding of first and second division clubs at second round stage to ensure they each meet first round winner from lower section.

Classic case of miskicking in front of goal

By David Miller

If politics is the art of the possible, then Sir Norman Chester has allowed himself, as chairman of the Committee of Inquiry into the state of the Football League, to be temporarily converted from academic to polirician. His affection for the professional game is unbounded but, hamstrung by the League members of his committee, he has oroduced a curate's egg of a report.

In his opening remarks at yesterday's press conference to release his detailed and accurate analysis – in so far it goes – of the League's ills, Sir Norman stressed: "The important thing is what takes place on the field." Yet the very first sentence of the report is, in my opinion, a false premise: "The problems facing clubs are primarily financial."

Many would contend that this *is* not so. The most fundamental problem facing football is that a rapidly decreasing number of people are watching it, and the consequence of *that* is the financial crisis which has precipitated the Report. It is, I believie, quite certain that if the Football League could wipe their creditors' slate clean overnight, they would still have a crisis tomorrow.

The reasons why people are staying away from football fall primarily into five categories: the state of the game (boring, defensive and often illegal but unchecked tactics); hooliganism; excessive television coverage; alternative leisure activities; the current financial depression. Yet the Report contains little or no reference to the first three and certainly no firm recommendations oo these critical issues.

To be sure, the Report is headed "Inquiry into structure and finance" but structure is inseparable from the game on the field to which Sir Norman refered. If we are discussing too much football, we are equally discussing too much bad or merely indifferent football. There is no reason whatever to suppose that simply reducing the first division from 22 to 20 clubs will persuade people to return, never mind all the cosmetic suggestions lower down.

The players may, as a consequence, be less tired if there is a reduction in what the Yugoslav coach Mujanic calls our industrial football, and therefore marginally brighter, but if the managers persist with fear-based tactics and players are allowed flagrantly to break the laws, the product remains basically the same – jaded, expeidient, cynical.

The problem is that the deterioration which has taken twenty years to reach its present situation of emergency would take a minimum of ten to correct.

Paragraphs 63 and 64 discuss the element of hooliganism and the possible pointers which might be gained by engaging in serious market research – for instance into opinions on the element of off-side in the game. Yet if the Report acknowledges that laws of the game could be instrumental, why oo recommendation in the summary?

Graham Kelly, that most reasonable and reasoning of League secretaries, suggests that the thrust of the Report is to rationalise the present finances, to maximise potential to an exercise in "learning to live with only twenty million spectators per season". But all the indications are that the decline from 40m in 1950 to a projected 18.5m in 1982/83 is unlikely to flatten out. Last Saturday's attandances demonstrate that, with only one gate over 20,000 in the first division.

The Report discuss the question of advertising, but this seems to me to be putting the cart before the horse. Anybody in advertising will tell you that it is throwing good money after had to advertize a product which is not in a sufficiently healthy state to absorb the interest created by such advertising. Wembley spends considerable time advertising internationals, with little pronounced effect. The public already knows what it does and does not want.

There is, I should add, a second false premise within the ranks of the Football League. It is not to be found in the Report, but came at yesterday's conference, when Jack Dunnett, the League president, somewhat pompously asserted: "Informed comment *(i.e. from the press)* comes from what we tell you."

This attitude, that those inside football are the only people competent to judge what is going on or what is wrong is also reflected in the comment in paragraph 57 – "When asked questions in the street many people are inclined to give one of the current conventional answers rather than the real one."

Although the real reason may be that they are too lazy or uninterested to make the effort, they may reply that the play is not as interesting as it used to be, having heard this point made in the press or on the BBC.

But this condescending inference that the public is too stupid to make up its own mind about things is unworthy of Sir Norman's report. It is demonstrated, in paragraph 75, that while in 1959 gross attendances of 33.6 million produced £4.5m, in 1982 attendances of 20m produced £35.2m. An awful lot of money is going in wages, and the ambition of League chairmen is another factor which escapes the Report's attention.

The question of a Super League is discussed in paragraphs 156-159 and comes to the dismissive decision: "It would not be a division but a League in itself." Precisely. While the authorities continue to believe that promotion and relegation is the lifeblood of the game, I suspect this, in fact, is an illusion; that it is the death of the game and is responsible for the fear which is at the root of so many other ills. Abolish relegation, as there would be with the Super League, and teams might get back to playing the game as we used to know it. Then we might have crowds to match.

Nicholas: tomorrow's man

Scotland pick fox and cub

By Hugh Taylor

A Scotland team described by the manager, Jock Stein, as "fashioned for goals" was selected yesterday for the European championship international against Switzerland at Hampden tomorrow. This is a game Scotland must win to have even a slim chance of reaching the finals of the tournament, and so the manager has delighted the legions of supporters unhappy because of recent failure to take advantage of splendid chances made by artistic enough play by fielding a partnership which captures the imagination: that of Dalglish, the scoring hero of today, and Nicholas, certainly tomorrow's man and considered by his club Celtic the best finisher seen at Parkhead since Dalglish departed for Anfield.

This pairing of the old fox and the new prodigy will be supplemented by the lurking presence of Wark of Ipswich, another noted marksman who continues to baffle goalkeepers with shots from his midfield position. "It is imperative that we get goals", Stein said. "That is why we have redesigned the team.

"We know we will be spending most of the game in the Swiss penalty box, and because we have failed in the past under similar circumstances to cash in on the opportunities created we need the venom of Nicholas and Dalglish. I cannot see a partnership anywhere in Europe more likely to get goals."

Both players are delighted to be playing in the same team. "It is really my dream come true," Nicholas said. "As a boy supporting celtic, Kenny Dalglish was always my hero."

Not only is the Scotland team designed to find the goals which have proved so elusive recently – and its significant that Brazil, the recent expensive signing of Tottenham Hotspur, is dropped – but it is based on the ideal of many Continental experts: use only the best players from miniumm clubs. A total of seven players have been taken from Liverpool and Aberdeen. The latter club supply the only British team remaining in European competition, supply Leighton, Miller, Strachan and Weir while Anfield's contribution is Souness, the captain, Hansen and Dalglish.

There are only two new caps in the team, Nicholas and a 20-year-old, Gough, yet another cosmopolitan who was born in Stockholm of a Scottish father and Swedish mother, and reared in South Africa. The sturdy defender has been a force in Scotland's under 21 team and takes over from his injured United colleague, Narey.

The team: J Leighton (Aberdeen), R Gough (Dundee United), F Gray (Leeds), G Souness (Liverpool), A Hansen (Liverpool), W Miller (Aberdeen), J Strachan (Aberdeen), K Dalglish (Liverpool), C Nicholas (Celtic), J Wark (Ipswich), P Weir (Aberdeen). Subs: W Thomson (St Mirren), R Aitken (Celtic), J Bett (Rangers).

● John Hewitt, of Aberdeen, and Paul McStay (Celtic) replace promoted players Charlie Nicholas and Richard Gough in the Scotland team to meet Switzerland in the UEFA under-21 championship at Dens Park, Dundee tomorrow.

SCOTLAND: McAlpine (Dundee United); Nichol (Liverpool), Malpas (Dundee United), McStay (Celtic), McLaughlin (Morton), Cooper (Aberdeen), Black (Aberdeen), Simpson (Aberdeen), McGarvey (Manchester United), Walsh (Nottingham Forest), Hewitt (Aberdeen).

Men behind the report

Sir Norman Chester

Sir Norman Chester: age 75. Warden of Nuffield College, Oxford, 1954-78, prepared 1968 report into State of Soccer. Highly respected academic with vast knowledge of public administration and work on official bodies covering passenger transport, police, nationalized industries, lifelong football follower.

Jack Dunnett MP: age 60. Labour MP for Nottingham constituencies since 1964, political start as Enfield Borough councillor in 1958, also GLC member, solicitor: chairman Notts County since 1968, member FA Council, Football League president since 1981.

Cliff Lloyd: age 66. Former professional player with Fulham, Wrexham, Liverpool and Bristol Rovers. Undistinguished playing career, but much-respected administrator. Secretary and manager of Wrexham: Secretary of Professional Footballers Association in 1953, retired 1981.

John Smith: age 61, former director of national brewery firm now on board of major electronics company, chairman of Liverpool FC since 1973, member of Sports Council and football grounds improvement trust, chaired committee into state of his other sporting love – British lawn tennis – in 1978-9. MBE for services to sport in 1982.

Tony Boyce: age 52. Chairman of Torquay for 17 years, solicitor. Representative of third and fourth divisioo clubs on management committee.

Cyril Townsend: age 60. Committee of Londoo clearing banks representative. Representative. Retired last November as general manager of NatWest Bank Management Services Division.

Whiteside's blues

Norman Whiteside, the brilliant Irish youngster, has already cast aside his Wembley heartache as be prepares for Northern Ireland's European Championship game against Turkey in Belfast tomorrow. The only concession the cold-eyed Manchester United striker made to his Milk Cup final exertions was to trot through today's Irish practice session – as referee.

"Manager Billy Bingham gave me a bit of a rest, because I still feel tired after the 120-minutes against Liverpool, said the 17-year-old Wembley goalscorer. "But I am not brooking about the defeat. I was too drained on Saturday to feel much emotion, but the rest of the lads lifted me. They told me to forget it, because they said I'll be back there many times in the future."

Displaying a maturity far beyond his age, Whiteside has clearly taken their advice and set *himself* a three-pronged target to crown his first year in top class football. "I want to help United get back to Wembley in May, by beating Arsenal in the FA Cup semi-final," be said. "I also want another four goals at least to finish the season with 15. I haven't scored as often as I would have liked and 15 is a figure that I would be happy with."

"I would love to score my first international goal – maybe against Turkey this week."

Whiteside is set to link up again with World Cup hero, Gerry Armstrong, back after a broken leg, as the Irish defend a three-year unbeaten home record.

Bingham said: "I took a look at Gerry during our recent squad training session at Coventry and, to be honest, he did not look very sharp. But since then be has had a couple of outings in the Watford first team and in training today his old appetite was back."

As well as Armstrong, the captain, Martin O'Neill has just returned to action after a broken arm and Newcastle United's midfield player, McCreery arrived at the squad's Belfast headquarters sporting a 12-inch scar, where his leg was gashed open this season.

"They have all been out for some time recently but at this stage of the season that can be a plus," Bingham said. "Their appetite has been whetted, they want to go out and prove something."

Thijssen's farewell

Ipswich's Town's Dutch international, Frans Thijssen, will join Vancouver Whitecaps after the Easter Monday derby match at Norwich. Ipswich have agreed to release the 31-year-old midfield player before his contract officially expires in June.

Francis brings England relief

The late arrival of Trevor Francis from Italy at the Hertfordshire hotel where England are preparing for their European Championship tie with Greece tomorrow brought relief for Bobby Robson. England's worried manager tried until after midnight on Sunday to contact Francis to confirm his fitness, but had been unable to do so.

Francis is certain to play in the team Robson has delayed naming until lunchtime today, following the withdrawal through injuries of Mariner, Bennett and Hill. He has played only six full games for Sampdoria this season through injury but Robson clearly intends using him for the first time since he scored twice in Denmark six months ago.

"With Paul pulling out I was depending on Trevor to be here" Robson said. "At his best he is a world class player with pace, courage, shooting ability and the desire to do all those things. Trevor has always been a potential match-winner but his spells with Nottingham Forrest, Manchester City and in Italy have made him more mature."

Robson's praise for Francis barely disguised his disappointment about the latest crop of injuries. When told of the Chester committee recommendation to slice two clubs from the first division he said: "A reduction of four matches would make things a bit less frantic and give me a little more chance to prepare like the clubs.

"Until we get all important matches to international tournaments built into the league programme we will have problems. I don't want to be a bore about this but we must give England a chance of winning major competions by making sure the players are available. We lost three from Saturday's programme when the Greeks were relaxing to their London hotel."

The Stoke winger, Chamberlain, will almost certainly be ruled out with hamstring trouble which will cost him a place at least among the substitutes. Coppell (sore thigh and groin), Clemence (ankle) and the uncapped Duxbury (groin) all missed training.

ENGLAND under-21: A Knight (Portsmouth), D Thomas (Coventry), I Gernon (Ipswich), P Bracewell (Stoke), H Wright (Southampton), T Caton (Manchester City), S McMahon (Everton), P Walsh (Luton), C Regis (West Bromwich) or M Hateley (Coventry), M Pickering (Sunderland), D Wallace (Southampton).

Today's football and other fixtures

Kick-off 7.30 unless stated

UEFA U-21 championship
England v Greece (at Portsmouth). Scotland v Switzerland (at Dens Park, Dundee).

Third division
Bristol Rovers v Sheffield (7.45). Huddersfield v Wrexham. Preston v Walsall.

Scottish first division
Raith v Hearts.

Scottish second division
Queen of the South v Forfar.

ALLIANCE PREMIER LEAGUE: Barrow v Telford; Frickley v Maidstone; Wealdstone v Runcorn.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE: Premier Division: Alvechurch v Fareham; Dartford v AP Leamington; Gloucester v Hastings; Witney v Dorchester. Midland Division: Banbury v Cheltenham; Bridgwater v Merthyr Tydfil; Dudley v Bridgend. Southern Division: Erith and Belvedere v Tonbridge; Thanet v Hounslow.

NORTHERN PREMIER LEAGUE: Burton v Goole; Netherfield v Chorley. League Cup: semi final, second leg: Grantham v Burton; Macclesfield v Witton.

CENTRAL LEAGUE: First division: Coventry v Newcastle (7.0); Everton v Huddersfield (7.0); Leeds v Stoke; Sheffield Wed v Manchester United (7.0). Second division: Bradford City v Burnley (7.15); Chesterfield v Middlesbro'; Derby v Barnsley (7.0); Manchester City v Preston (6.30); Notts Co. v Bolton; Oldham v Port Vale (7.0); Wigan v Notm. Forest (7.0).

FOOTBALL COMBINATION: Arsenal v Tottenham (2.0); Charlton v Brighton (7.0); QP Rangers v Norwich (2.0); Swindon v Fulham (2.0); Swansea v Reading.

REPRESENTATIVE MATCH: Wycombe Wanderers XI v RAF.

OTHER MATCH: Barnet v Vaard (Norway).

Teutonic trembles

Bonn, (Reuter) – Jupp Derwall, West Germany's manager, flew to Albania yesterday knowing that anything less than a decisive victory in tomorrow's European Championship qualifying game could spell his downfall.

His team's chances of retaining the crown they won in Italy in 1980 have been impaired by a series of injuries and rumours of a revolt against his managership by players from Hamburg.

Defeats in their last two away matches have led to widespread demands for Derwall to be replaced. Many supporters believe that the manager has run out of ideas after 50 international matches and claim his team selections are increasingly illogical, particularly the recall Mueller of Internazionale Milan.

AUSTRIAN: Admira Wacker 1, Austria Salzburg 0; Voeest Linz 2, SWW Innsbruck 0; SC Eisenstadt 0, Vienna 0; Sturm Graz 1, SC Simmering 0; Austria Wien 0, Rapid Wien 1; Austria Klagenfurt 3, Lask 1; Union Wels 1, GAK 1; Wiener Sportclub 0, SC Neusiedl 0.

DUTCH: Willem II Tilburg 4, Helmond Sport 0; A.Z '67 Alkmaar 0, Fortuna Sittard 0; P.E.C. Zwolle 1, Ajax 2; Twente Enschede 2, Haarlem 4; N.E.C. Nijmegen 1, N.A.C. Breda 1; P.S.V. Eindhoven 4, Excelsior Rotterdam 3; Utrecht 1, Feyenoord 1; Roda JC Kerkrade 2, Go Ahead Eagles Deventer 0; Sparta Rotterdam 3, Groningen 3.

GREEK: No first division matches played.

ITALIAN: Ascoli 2, Napoli 1; Avellino 0, Sampdoria 0; Cagliari 2, Verona 1; Catanzaro 0, Pisa 2; Fiorentina 2, Roma 2; Genoa 2, Inter 3; Torino 3, Juventus 2; Udinese 3, Cesena 1.

POLISH: Zaglebie Sosnowiec 0, Ruch Chorzow 2; Stal Mielec 1, Gwardia Warsaw 1; Baltyk Gdynia 0, Cracovia Krakow 0; Lks Lodz 3, Pogon Szczecin 2; Legia Warsaw 6, Gornik Zabrze 0; Lech Poznan 3, Widzew Lodz 1; Wisla Krakow 3, Slask Wroclaw 1; GKS Katowice 1, Szombierki Bytom 1.

PORTUGUESE: Porto 0, Benfica 0; Sporting 1, Espinho 0; Portimonense 1, Boavista 0; Maritimo 0, Guimaraes 0; Amora 0, Salgueiros 1; Braga 3, Varzim 1; Rio Ave 1, Estoril 0.

ROMANIAN: Chimia Rimnicu Vilcea 0, Universitatea Craiova 1; Politehnica Timisoara 0, Sportul Studentesc 1; Steaua Bucharest 1, CS Tirgoviste 1, AFC Brasov 0, SC Bacau 0; Petrolul Ploiesti 1, ASA Tirgu Mures 0; Corvinul Hunedoara 2, Jiul Petrosani 0; Arges Pitesti 1, Politehnica Iasi 0; Dinamo Bucharest 3, Olt 0; Constanta 4, Bihor 1.

SPANISH: Barcelona 2, Real Madrid 1; Athletic Bilbao 4, Celta Vigo 0; Osasuna 1, Salamanca 0; Valencia 2, Racing 1, Real Valladolid 1, Sporting 0; Sevilla 2, Malaga 2; Real Zaragoza 3, Espanol 1; Atletico Madrid 2, Real Sociedad 0; Las Palmas 1, Real Betis 0.

RUSSIAN: Zenit Leningrad 3, Dinamo Minsk 1; Dinamo Moscow 1, Dnepr Dnepropetrovsk 0; Pakhtator 0, Zhalgiris 0; Dinamo Tbilisi 0, Torpedo Moscow 0; Torpedo Kutaisi 1, Metallist Kharkov 2; Neftchi Baku 0, Central Army Club 0; Chernomorets 1; Nistru Kishinev 1.

WEST GERMAN: Kaiserslautern 7, Karlsruhe 0; Schalke 0, Werder Bremen 2; Hamburg 1, Bayern Munich 1; Borussia Moenchengladbach 3, Bochum 1; Stuttgart 4, Frankfurt 1; Nuremberg 0, Eintracht Brunswick 0; Borussia Dortmund 1, Fortuna Dusseldorf 2; Hertha Berlin 2, Arminia Bielefeld 8.

YUGOSLAV: Velez Mostar 1, Sarajevo 1; Partizan Belgrade 4, Vardar Skopje 0; Osijek 2, Sloboda Tuzla 2; Red Star Belgrade 3, Vojvodina Novi Sad 2; Buducnost Titograd 1, Galenika Zemun 1; Dinamo Zagreb 3, OFK Beograd 1; Olimpija Ljubljana 1, Radnicki Nis 0; Zeljeznicar 2, Dinamo Vinkovci 0; Hajduk Split 1, Rijeka 0.

Cunningham's first

Laurie Cunningham, the former England and West Bromwich Albion winger, signed by Manchester United from Real Madrid on a two-month loan, makes his first appearance for the reserves against Sheffield Wednesday at Hillsborough tonight. Robson, United's captain, who has been out for seven games with damaged ankle ligaments, may also play.

SKIING CONDITIONS

	Depth (cm) L	Depth (cm) U	Piste	Conditions Off Piste	Runs to Resort	Weather (5 pm)	°C
Andermatt	55	270	Good	Varied	Good	Fair	5
Good skiing on all slopes							
Anzère	35	100	Good	Varied	Fair	Cloud	5
Excellent conditions							
Avoriaz	35	250	Good	Varied	Good	Cloud	8
Snow conditions very good							
Crans-Montana	25	95	Good	Varied	Fair	Cloud	3
Lower slopes worn in places							
Grindelwald	5	100	Good	Heavy	Poor	Cloud	8
Snow is melting fast							
Isolo 2000	160	210	Good	Powder	Good	Snow	2
New snow on good base							
La Plagne	180	330	Good	Powder	Good	Snow	2
New snow on good base							
Suaze d'Oulx	2	115	Good	Varied	Poor	Snow	1
Conditions improving							
St Anton	30	280	Fair	Varied	Poor	Cloud	5
Worn patches on lower slopes							
Val d'Isère	110	220	Good	Varied	Fair	Cloud	5
Good skiing everywhere							
Verbier	30	190	Good	Varied	Good	Fine	8
Good skiing on all runs							
Wengen	15	100	Good	Heavy	Fair	Cloud	3
Good piste skiing							

In the above reports, supplied by representatives of the Ski Club of Great Britain, L refers to lower slopes and U to upper slopes. The following report has been received from a tourist board:

AUSTRIA

	Depth (cm) L	Depth (cm) U	State of Piste	Weather	°C
Alpbach	0	60	–	–	–3
Badgastein	0	120	–	–	–2
Berwang	40	70	–	–	–4
Brand	20	160	–	–	8
Ischgl	30	120	–	–	–4
Lech-Zurs/Arlberg		100	200	–	–3
Lermoos	10	160	–	–	–2
Lienz/Osttirol	0	70	–	–	–4
Mayrhofen	0	510	–	–	–4
Mittersbach	8	120	–	–	–2
Obergurgl	50	70	–	–	–1
Obertauern	120	160	–	–	–6
Saalbach	15	210	–	–	–4
Schruns	0	150	–	–	–2
Seefeld	20	50	–	–	–1
Serfaus	25	155	–	–	–4
Soll	20	60	–	–	–3
Wildschonau	10	100	–	–	–2
Kaprun	–	285	–	–	–7

FRANCE

	Depth (cm) L	Depth (cm) U	State of Piste	Weather	°C
Alpe d'Huez	160	390	–	–	
Chamonix	12	280	–	–	
La Clusaz	40	210	–	–	
Les Contamines	39	150	–	–	
Les Deux Alpes	70	450	–	–	
Les Houches	40	395	–	–	
Megève	25	510	–	–	
Meribel	80	200	–	–	
Pra-Loup	15	100	–	–	
St-Gervais	50	190	–	–	
Superdévoluy	30	250	–	–	

SWITZERLAND

	Depth (cm) L	Depth (cm) U	State of Piste	Weather	°C
Adelboden	20	120	Good	–	–7
Arosa	100	150	Good	–	–7
Braunwald	100	150	Good	–	–3
Champery	10	80	Good	–	–3
Chateau d'Oex	–	40	Fair	–	–1
Davos	40	250	Good	–	–6
Disentis	30	150	Good	–	1
Engelberg	10	310	Good	–	–1
Gstaad	10	80	Good	–	–3
Kandersteg	10	140	Good	–	–5
Laax-Flims	10	180	Good	–	–5
Lenk	10	80	Good	–	–6
Lenzerheide	40	90	Good	–	–6
Les Diablerets	30	100	Good	–	–8
Leysin	40	150	Good	–	–4
Mürren	80	130	Good	–	–6
Pontresina	30	410	Good	–	–6
Saas-Fee	40	130	Good	–	–2
St Cergue	18	70	Good	–	0
St Moritz	30	70	Good	–	–4
Savognin	10	70	Good	–	0
Unterwasser	5	00	Fair	–	1
Villars	40	130	Good	–	–2
Zermatt	50	80	Good	–	5

ICE HOCKEY

Bombers hit and hope

By Robert Pryce

By most yardsticks, Cleveland Bombers would currently be considered among the best teams in the British League. They ended their season with a 23-0 win over Crowtree Chiefs in Sunderland, their twelfth league win in succeson. But their place in the British championship play-offs now depends on whether Whitley Warriors can take a point off Streatham in Whitley Bay next Sunday. The only yardstick that counts, the league table, shows Streatham one point beind Cleveland with one game to be played.

Streatham beat Blackpool Seagulls 11-1. They have looked more consistently convincing since they adopted a more pragmatic, Watfordian approach to moving the puck forward and shuffled their lines early this month, moving Bacon onto Stefan's left wing. Bacon accounted for four goals against Blackpool.

Dundee meet Murrayfield in the first leg of the Scottish championship final next Sunday. If Streatham win at Whitley they will play Altrincham Aces for a place in the English final against Durham Wasps. The English and Scottish winners will play the British Championship final at Streatham on the April 23 or 24.

BRITISH LEAGUE, First division: Blackpool 10 (Brian Sims, 4 Bruce Sims, 3), Southampton 6; Crowtree 0, Cleveland 23 (Phillips 6, Barnard, 6); Murrayfield 8 (Kelland, 3), Glasgow 2; Richmond 1, Durham 14 (P Smith, 4); Streatham 11 (Bacon, 4, Goldstone, 3), Blackpool 1; Whitley 8; Dundee 15 (R Wood, 9).

Second division: Deeside 10, Bournemouth 2; Grimsby 5, Streatham Bruins 1. Other Games: Peterborough 11, Avon 4; Bournemouth 8, Peterborough 8.

ROWING

Oxford pair go sick

By Jim Railton

By the end of Tideway training yesterday for Saturay's Boat Race the bow pair of the Oxford crew were out of action. On their return from the Isle of Wight over the weekend, the Oxford two-man, Hugh Clay, was confined to bed. "He is flu-ish", the Oxford coach, Daniel Topolski, said. Clay's place in the morning was taken by his counterpart in the Isis crew, Lynton Richmond.

Then, before Oxford's win in their traditional match against the Old Blues, the bowman, Bill Lang, had joined the sick list. The substitutes in the Oxford boat in the afternoon were the Isis oarsmen Peter Buchanan and Chris Long.

The last thing any crew want with six days to go to the Boat Race is an influenza epidemic. Yesterdav was the only blight so far in Oxford's meticulous preparations and it is hoped the gremlins can be grounded overnight. In 1979 the Cambridge crew were affected by a virus, and the death-knell sounded when their stroke man and president, John Woodhouse, resigned his seat on the morning of the race.

Cambridge's one remaining doubt, bowman Ewen Pearson has yet to be finally resolved. Pearson, who dislocated his shoulder playing football last week, sat at seven to the Goldie eight and came through "two hard five-minute rows in rough water". His real trial cane in the afternoon when he resumed his seat in the bows of the Cambridge eight. He looked efficient in some powerful efforts from standing starts and should be fit.

SQUASH RACKETS

Time for fresh look

By Richard Eaton

The Patrick International Festival at Chichester, scene of the disqualification of Hidayat Jahan, the world number two doubtless will be keen to restore *its reputation for* combining goodwill with professionalism when the tournament begins again after a rest day at the semi-final stage today.

The event has the highest prize money of 1983, a perspex court with four transparent walls, and the unique atmosphere of the Chichester Festival Theatre. It is said that such a graciously entrepreneurial setting should see the dismissal of one of the best-liked and most consistently watchable players of all time.

Contretemps between Jahan, always of a combustible temperament, and the referee, Graham Dixon, have been occurring *sporadically for* some time. With the increase of prize money incentives since the game went open and the inherent traffic problem with the limited room on a squash court, it was perhaps inevitable that such an incident would occur one day.

Jahan's absence means that the British national champion, Gawain Briars, has a semi-final with the *leading Egyptian, Gamal Awad,* whom he has beaten before, and a chance of reaching the final for the first time.

VOLLEYBALL

Promising start

By Paul Harrison

Scotland and Northern Ireland lost, but England won in the opening round of matches in the women's Spring Cup, sponsored by Café Hag, on Sunday. The Scots, drawn in a tough pool in Leeds, went down 3–0 (15–8, 15–7, 15–13) against Sweden, after seeing a 13–11 lead in the final set slip away.

Northern Ireland, in their first *international* tournament, were overwhelmed 3–0 by Spain (15–3, 15–4, 15–6) in a game lasting only 45 minutes at Colchester. England, in the same pool, made an encouraging start, beating Austria 3–0 (15–8, 15–13, 15–11).

The teams favoured to meet in the finals in Birmingham on April 3, France, the holders, and West Germany, the leasing western European nation in last year's world championships, both won easily. England, have high hopes of making the final eighth and beating their highest previous position, ninth, in 1979-80.

Last night England's experienced squad overwhelmed the Irish 3-1 (15-4, 15-5, 15-2). The visitor's lack of international experience was ruthlessly exposed in a match which last only 35 minutes.

On the Scottish domestic scene, MIM look certain to win their fifth men's title to a row after beating Bellshill 3-0. They are also in the semi-finals of the *Royal Bank Cup,* which they hold, Nairn Travel are relegated from the first division after one season, and Whitburn, from Edinburgh, are promoted. Glasgow or Falkirk will accompany Nairn, while Paisley are likely to be the second promoted side after one season to the second division.

FOR THE RECORD

HOCKEY

LONDON LEAGUE: Premier Division: Beckenham 1, Richmond 1; Blackheath 1, Teddington 1; Bromley 0, Guildford 3. League: Dulwich 0, Spencer 0; Hampstead 1, Mid-Surrey 2; Hawks 1, Tulse Hill 0; Maidenhead 0, Southgate 2; Purley 0, St Albans 2; Slough 14, Old Kingstonians 1; Surbiton 2, Hounslow 3.

LACROSSE

NORTH OF ENGLAND LEAGUE: Regional Trophy: Lancashire 12, Cheshire 13; Yorkshire 21, Southern Counties 5.

FOOTBALL

ARTHURIAN LEAGUE: Premier division: Bradfieldians 4, Carthusians 1; Cholmeleians 2, Lancing 1; Foresters 3, Brentwoods 4. First division: Ardinians 2, Wykehamists 2; Etonians 2, Reptonians 2; Malvernians 1, Salopians 3; Wellingburians 1, Harrovians 1.

FOOTBALL COMBINATION: Chelsea 3, Birmingham 0; Swindon 2, Fulham 1; West Ham 2, Brighton 1.

CLAY PIGEON SHOOTING

VILMOURA, Portugal: International Grand Prix (GB unless stated): Seniors: 1, M Ribouler (Fr) 184 out of 200; 2, A J Smith 181; 3, C Debbage 173. Women: 1, A Hillyer, 146; 2, R Simmons, 131; 3, E Foden, 129. Juniors: 1, P Dodd, 169; 2, P Foster, 158; 3, R Howe, 154. Veterans: 1, S Barlow 151; 2, J Hirst, 132.

ICE HOCKEY

NATIONAL LEAGUE: New York Islanders 4, Pittsburgh Penguins 1; New York Rangers 5, Washington Capitals 4; Philadelphia Flyers 4, New Jersey Devils 1; Hartford Whalers 5, Boston Bruins 1; Chicago Black Hawks 8, Detroit Red Wings 0; Quebec Nordiques 8, *Buffalo Sabres 8;* Calgary Flames 4, Winnipeg Jets 3; Vancouver Canucks 8, Los Angeles Kings 4.

Patrick Division

	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
P'phia Flyers	47	22	8	314	231	102
Washington Cap.	38	23	16	294	268	92
NY Islanders	40	25	12	287	218	92
NY Rangers	33	34	9	295	278	75
N Jersey Devils	15	48	13	217	234	45
P'burgh Penguins	17	51	9	248	351	43

Adams Division

	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Boston Bruins	49	19	9	318	218	107
M'treal C'diens	41	23	13	342	278	95
Buffalo Sabres	37	27	13	303	271	87
Quebec Nord.	32	33	12	329	323	76
Hartford Whalers	18	52	7	247	388	43

Norris Division

	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Ch'go Blk H'ks	45	22	18	324	252	100
M'sota N Stars	40	21	18	314	273	95
St Louis Blues	24	38	15	278	308	63
T'onto B H'ks	25	39	12	278	317	62
Detroit R W'gs	20	42	15	250	325	55

Smythe Division

	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Edmonton Oilers	45	21	11	407	308	101
Calgary Flames	31	34	12	309	307	74
Vancouver C'ks	30	34	13	293	296	73
Winnipeg Jets	31	38	8	291	318	70
Los Angeles Kings	[illegible]	[illegible]	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

MODERN PENTATHLON

PARIS: Fencing: 1, P Four (Fr) 1,056; 2, J Buzgo (Hun) 1,028; 0 Seyfried (Fr) 1,000; 4, L Dobi (Hun) 972; equal 5, M Donev (Bul) J Bouzou (Fr), Y Besanov (USSR) and M Kadlec (Cz) all 916. British placings: 10, M Mumford 860, 13, R Phelps 832, 36, S Sowerby 580. Team: 1, Hungary 2,860; 2, France A 2,692; 3, France B 2,608; 4, Bulgaria 2,524; equal 5, Czechoslovakia, Italy, Soviet Union 2,496; 8, Britain 2,272. Overall (after two events): 1, Four 2,128; 2, Buzgo 2,098; 3, Seyfried 2,084; 4, Dobi 2,040; equal 5, Donev and Bouzou 1,986. British: 7, Mumford 1,980; 10, Phelps 1,932; 30, Sowerby 1,880. Team: 1, Hungary 6,068; 2, France A 5,810; 3, France B 5,786; 4, Czechoslovakia 5,738; 5, Bulgaria 5,694; 6, Soviet Union 5,690; 7, Britain 5,572.

RACKETS

NEW YORK: United States open: Final: M Talbot bt N Edwards, 15-11, 18-15, 15-12, 15-10. Third place play-off: M Sanchez (Mex) bt C Caldwell (Can) 5-15, 15-11, 15-12.

BASKETBALL

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION: Philadelphia 76ers 94, Cleveland Cavaliers 80; Washington Bullets 120, Indiana Pacers 101; Kansas City Kings 110, Portland Trail Blazers 95; Seattle Supersonics 122, Utah Jazz 108; Los Angeles Lakers 114, Houston Rockets 93.

Eastern Conference

Atlantic Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Philadelphia 76ers	59	11	.843	–
Boston Celtics	48	22	.686	11
New Jersey Nets	45	26	.634	14½
New York Knicks	38	33	.535	21½
Washington Bullets	34	36	.486	25

Central Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Milwaukee Bucks	46	26	.639	–
Atlanta Hawks	37	35	.514	9
Detroit Pistons	32	39	.451	13½
Chicago Bulls	25	46	.352	20½
Cleveland Cavaliers	18	53	.254	27½
Indiana Pacers	18	53	.254	27½

Western Conference

Mid-west Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
San Antonio Spurs	44	27	.620	–
Denver Nuggets	39	33	.542	5½
Kansas City Kings	36	36	.507	8
Dallas Mavericks	36	36	.500	8½
Utah Jazz	25	47	.347	19½
Houston Rockets	13	58	.183	31

Pacific Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Los Angeles Lakers	51	18	.739	–
Phoenix Suns	43	28	.606	9
Seattle Supersonics	41	31	.569	11½
Portland Trail Blazers	40	31	.563	12
Golden State Warriors	25	46	.352	27
San Diego Clippers	24	47	.338	28

RACING

Pounds pour in for Diesis in the Guineas

By Michael Seely

Diesis was backed to win over £60,000 with William Hill yesterday. The London firm lifted their guard a trifle yesterday morning when they offered 9-2 for the 2,000 Guineas against Lord Howarde Walden's impressive winners of the Middle Park and Dewhurst Stakes. Two intrepid punters were through the gap like a flash as they booked individual wagers of £10,000 each-way and £5,000 each-way.

One of the few chinks in the bookmaker's otherwise impenetrable armour is that they have to bet according to figures and due to the support for Vincent O'Brien's Danzatore, who may make his reappearance at Pheonix Park on Saturday, and also for Gorytus, they have had to lengthen the odds against Diesis.

Historically, this price does not make sense. It is not just under even money against a horse who has won two group one races as a two-year-old being placed in the Guineas. That is what Hills were suggesting and it must also not be forgotten so easily Diesis beat Dunbeath, Salieri and The Fort in a gallop before the Dewhurst. The Tote still offer 4-1 against Henry Cecil's full brother to Kris and this price should be taken.

The value of the top two-year-old form was maintained at Leicester yesterday when Proclaim landed the odds of 13-8 laid on Stavros Niarchos's Mr Prospector colt in the Burton Overy Stakes. Greville Starkey made every yard of the running on the winner. Below the distance Able Albert joined Proclaim in the lead, but tired inside the last furlong. Proclaim galloped on strongly to win by one-and-half lengths from Drumalis, with Able Albert a head away third. Beldale Concorde finished fourth and will be all the better for the race.

Proclaim was allotted 8st 12lb in the Free Handicap, 9lbs less than Diesis and confirmed his rating with Drumalis who was given 8st 8lb. On paper at least Able Albert stole the honours of the race. After winning four minor races in the early part of last season for Peter Easterby the Abwah colt jarred himself and was not seen out again. "He will now go for the Ladbroke European Free Handicap at Newmarket on April 13 where he has 8st 3lb to carry," Easterby said.

Ian Balding was also delighted with the running of Dromalis. "He'll run in the the Italian 2,000 Guineas on April 10 if we can make reasonable travel arrangements" the Kingsclere trainer said. Balding is noted for adopting an attacking policy with his horses and in the past three seasons has already won the Italian Derby with Glint of Gold and their St Leger with Crusader Castle.

Proclaim will now be aimed at Salisbury's 2,000 Guineas trial followed by an assault on the Guineas itself. As always Guy Harwood had his horses in magnificent condition for the start of the season and has already saddled three winners from five runners. Proclaim won three of his five starts last year and also finished runner up to Gorytus in Doncaster's Champangne Stakes where he was beaten five lengths. A resolute galloper, who lacked the ability to quicken in the highest company, Proclaim is one of six horses that Mr Niarchos has in training at Pulborough.

Northern Adventure is Harwood's other possible runner in The Guineas. This unbeaten Far North colt first goes for the Free Handicap in which he has 8st 0lb to carry. Sackford runs in the Easter Stakes at Kempton on Saturday.

Reg Hollinshead's horses have also been running well and the Staffordshire trainer had his third winner this season when Tinoco resisted the late attack of Thoughtless in the Simon de Montfort Maiden Stakes. Tinoco cost 9,200 guineas when sold out of Dick Hern's stable last autumn, but Thoughtless was a $750,000 purchase at Keeneland.

At Leicester this afternoon it may pay to take a chance with Cornish Gem in the Holwell Handicap. The four-year-old was one of the early favourites for the Lincoln, but was balloted out at the overnight stage of declarations. Although Cornish Gem disappointed towards the end of last season he had earlier finished third behind Hays in Salisbury's 2,000 guineas trial. He is obviously reasonably treated.

Careless riding ban for Carson

Willie Carson, the royal jockey, was given a six-day suspension by the Ayr stewards for careless riding after finishing third on Mendick Adventure in the Kidsneuk Maiden Stakes. The stewards found that Carson's mount interferred with Rosinka, who finished second to Special Fruit, but the placings were unaltered.

This is the first time that the new rule for careless riding, which puts the full penalty on the jockey, and allows the owner to keep the prize money has been used. Carson's ban does not stop him from riding the 2,000 guineas hope, Gorytus, in the Clerical Medical Greenham Stakes at Newbury on April 16, as the ban starts on April 6.

Carson said afterwards: "This is the first time I have got a six-day suspension for keeping straight. The gap was there, but Alan Mercer on Rosinka took out his whip and his mount began to roll. I will not be appealing".

Denys Smith, who trains Mendick Adventure said: "I feel that Willie was not to blame, and I stand by my jockey. The runner-up should not have come up on the inside". It was surprising that the press were unable to view the race film. Immediately after the race the film was despatched by plane to London.

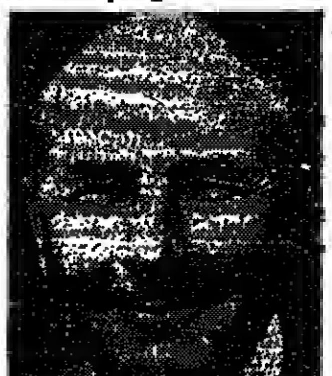
Rouse back with treble

Brian Rouse, in action for the first time since returning from Hongkong, where he rode four winners, celebrated his resumption by riding the first three winners at Folkestone yesterday. Tom Forrester, Lawers and Janus produced a 217-1 treble.

Rouse, 43 next week, took the lead 50 yards from the post on Tom Forrester to beat Johnny Frenchman by a length in the Headcorn Stakes. This gave the Epsom trainer, Arthur Pitt, success with his first runer of the new season, for which he has a team of 24 lined up. "They'll be racing in the third division, so to speak", said Pitt.

Scot Lane to follow an upward path

By Michael Phillips, Racing Correspondent



Martin Tate, trainer of Scot Lane (4.35)

With the Sun Grand National less than two weeks away the Alanbrooke Memorial steeplechase will be the one to set the pulse of the hardened racegoer pumping at Sandown Park today, when the programme also includes the 100th running of the Royal Artillery Gold Cup. The field for the Alanbrooke includes Scot Lane and Approaching, whose recent form is entwined with that of Corbiere and Keengaddy, two horses whose names are being mentioned increasingly as potential winners of this year's Aintree epic.

But for fluffing the last jump of all, Approaching would not have been beaten as far as three lengths by Keengaddy over today's course and distance on March 12. On the other hand, Scot Lane made no such error when he stormed home five lengths ahead of Corbiere to win the Ritz Club National Hunt steeplechase at Cheltenham recently.

The Cheltenham event is invariably one of the toughest races of the meeting and now that he has struck form I expect to see Scot Lane sustain the improvement that he has clearly made this spring. Today's race should be a stepping stone that will either bring him back to Sandown for a crack at the Whitbread Gold Cup or lead him to Ayr for the Scottish Grand National.

The coveted trophy for the Royal Artillery Gold Cup was first presented in 1863, but no meetings were held during the Boer War or during the two world wars and other meetings have had to be abandoned so the centenary falls now.

To those who maintain that meetings such as this are anachronisms and have no place in the modern racing calendar I can only counter by saying that their argument is certainly not borne out by figures. The attendance at Sandown on Military Gold Cup Day earlier this month was nearly double the usual figure.

The finish of the Royal Arillery should concern Fury Spirit, who was runner-up to the Drunken Duck in the Dick McCreery Cup here earlier this month; Swift Wood the winner of a hunter chase at Fakenham 11 days ago and De Pluvinel, who finished fourth in the Military Gold Cup, albeit 16 lengths behind the winner.

Fury Spirit is just preferred in this instance, even though she was beaten 12 lengths in her race. Tim Thomson Jones, who rode her on that occasion, confirmed that they would have given Broderick Munro-Wilson and the Drunken Duck a much harder race had not his mare "blown up" between the last two fences. Fury Spirit will be much the fitter for that race now.

With Dancing Brig, Mr Mellors, Shane Hill, Tiepolino and Kentigern all standing their ground, the Royal Artillery Ubique Challenge Cup for booters promises to be an even better race. This was one of the four that Mr Mellors won last season and he will be fitter than when he finished fifth behind Strombolus at Doncaster in February. Kentigern enters the fray, fit and fresh after three nicely-spaced victories at Hereford, Newton Abbot and Leicester where his young rider, Alison Dare was seen to great advantage on each occasion.

However I still prefer Dancing Brig who impressed me considerably when he won at Newbury earlier this month. Dancing Brig has been beaten in the meantime at Towester, but by all accounts he should not have been. It is always easy to criticise from the stands, but the general concensus of opinion was that his rider, the immensely experienced Dermot Browne, made one of his rare mistakes and overdid the waiting tactics.

BLINKERED FOR FIRST TIME Folkestone: 3.15 Parabems, 4.15 Seesal. Leicester: 2.45 Lambwath Hall, Oops-a-Daisy. Ayr: 4.30 Prince Laffie.

RUGBY UNION

Macklin is given Under-23 trial

By David Hands
Rugby Correspondent

Jeremy Macklin, the Cambridge University No 8 who has been involved in England's senior squad training this season, has been named as a flanker in the Rest side who play England Students at the Wasps ground on April 6. The game is regarded as a trial for the England under-23 party which will play three matches in Romania in May; the tour party will be selected the following day.

The teams were picked after last weekend's squad training at Bisham Abbey under the direction of Dick Greenwood, the under-23 coach whose appointment as senior coach in succession to Mike Davis is expected to be ratified next month; Don Rutherford, the Rugby Union's technical administrator; and David Shaw, the London division technical administrator. Three senior caps have been named for the trial game, in Trick, the Students' right wing, Stringer, the Rest full back, and Youngs, who will captain the Rest from scum half.

The Students, who had first call on players, have more immediate concerns than the Romania tour. On April 13 they are due to play Welsh Students at Swansea, a match they lost last year, and apart from Trick they have picked four "B" internationals, Martin, at full back, Perry (stand-off), Enevoldson, the captain and tight-head prop, and Emerowa (No 8). To Trick's speed on the right they have harnessed the equally fast Evans on the left, whose confident running was seen to good advantage in Leicester's John Player Cup win over London Scottish on Saturday.

The decision by the Rest to play Macklin on the flank, leaving the No. 8 position to Richards, of Leicester, is an interesting one and will test Macklin's pace over the ground and mauling ability at the breakdown. Indeed, the Rest back row look to have impressive mobility, with the Nottingham flanker, Rees, as front runner.

The Wakefield centre, Barley, is not available for Romania but his club colleague, Townend, wins a place with the promising Cambridge University left wing, Bailey, outside him. Bailey was unable to take a full part in training at Bisham because of a damaged shoulder; two other absentees – both sidelined by dislocated shoulders – were Gadd and Dun, flankers from Gloucester and Wasps respectively, but both will be in contention for Romania.

ENGLAND STUDENTS: C Martin (Bath University); D Trick (Bath University), F Clough (Durham University), S Hogg (Exeter University), B Evans (Derby Lonsdale College); M Perry (Warwick University), G Paige (London University); D Sole (Exeter University), B Moore (Nottingham University), P Enevoldson (London University, captain), P Buckton (Manchester Polytechnic), F Munday (West London Institute), B Kidner (University College, London), O Mumby (Exeter University), F Emeruwa (Manchester University).

THE REST: N Stringer (Wasps); S Smith (Cambridge University), S Halliday (Bath), S Townend (Wakefield), M Bailey (Cambridge University); R Andrew (Cambridge University), N Youngs (Leicester, captain); S Redfern (Leicester), M Dixon (Fylde), J Curry (Gosforth), J Macklin (Cambridge University), J Brain (Gloucester), N Wilkinson (Waterloo), O Rees (Nottingham), O Richards (Leicester). Travelling reserves: G Halsey (Harlequins), J Carr (Bristol), T Buttimore (Coventry), S Barnes (Bristol), N Ballard (Newport), M Higgs (Sale), C Tressler (Leicester), M Hobley (Coventry), M Thomas (Sale), P Thomas (Coventry), J Ellison (Headingley).

Referee: J Trigg (London).

VIDEO REVIEW

The All Black way of making the ball do the work

By Derek Wyatt

With almost uncanny timing, two new videograms produced by the New Zealand Rugby Football Union and entitled *Secrets of the All Blacks* have just become available. Volume one covers Passing and Running and The Leap (lineout play) and the second volume examines The Powerhouse (rucking and mauling) and Close Contact (scrummaging).

Rugby writers have lamented the poor running skills in the international series just ended. The Rugby Union's senior coaches have been trying to encourage the French pattern of back play over the last year. When we think of the All Blacks we usually give credit to their forwards, forgetting that three-quarters like Bill Osborne, Bruce Robertson, Bryan Williams and Stuart Wilson would have graced any world XV.

In the passing and running section Bob Scott, the former All Black full back, concentrates purely on basic technique. He does not recommend a particular method of passing but emphasizes that it should always put a player into space. He suggests that the stand-off half should take the ball with his outside hand which would find little favour in Australian or French coaching manuals. I would take issue with the recommendation that at lineouts it is safe for scrum halves to pass with their backs to the opposition flankers.

The lineout play of the All Blacks has generally been more disciplined than that of the home countries, even though the coaches in this film, Bob Stuart and Jim Stewart, berate the current sloppiness in New Zealand. To this end, and with the assistance of the senior New Zealand referee, Peter McDavitt, the laws are carefully explained.

There are two major differences in their concept of the lineout. The first is that they prefer to catch and drive the ball forward and to attack from either side of the ensuing maul or ruck. The driving wedge has been desregarded of late in Britain: we have tended to secure possession (albeit rather slowly) and then release the ball via the scrum half to the three-quarters. Both coaches stress that the same attitude to the lineout should be adopted, that is, it should be driven, irrespective of whose throw-in it is. It will be absorbing to see how the Lions cope with this approach.

The second difference is that they position their jumpers at two, three, five and seven in the lineout, whereas we rarely bother with positions two and three, opting usually for two and four, or three and five. The coaches conclude by recommendding that teams should dispense with two and four-man lineouts as they were negative and unproductive.

In explaining the concept of rucking and mauling the New Zealand coaches also provide a number of worthwhile practices essential, they say, for improving technique. Already clubs in Britain are using multi-gyms to improve their strength but weight training is not highlighted by the All Blacks as a method to improve their forwards's underlying potential.

Interestingly, both coaches prefer the maul to the ruck. However, they stress that the decision as to whether it is possible to maul has to be made in a split second and, that being the case, rucking tends to predominate, at least in New Zealand Rugby. The mechanics of scrummaging are dealt with but not in great detail. A scrummaging machine is regarded as "an absolut must" for a club, success being purely a matter of repetition: "scrum after scrum after scrum".

Secrets of the All Blacks (Vol. I and II) available in VHS and Betamax (each tape lasts sixty minutes).

RACKETS

No flurries for finalists

By Roy McKelvie

Eton and Tonbridge, both winning one sided matches yesterday, qualified for today's final of the schools championship at Queen's Club. Giddins and Brooks (Eton) overcame Van Onselen and Woolhouse (Malvern) 15-6, 15-9, 15-8, 15-2.

The latter match was disappointing, though it did show up Spurling as the best all-round player in the competition. Charterhouse, having given a neat performance against the Tonbridge second pair on Sunday, were completely outpaced, especially Klepper. Owen-Browne outplayed Thompson on the backhand side of the court and with two more years at school he has a promising future.

Eton's match with Malvern was a ragged affair. Giddins, with a two-handed backhand, was the dominating player, showing excellent ball control even if his style is stiff. He kept the ball low, used the walls to advantage and made few unforced errors.

PROFESSIONALS CUP: Second pairs semi-finals: Radley (M L Carr and C R Morris-Adams) bt Tonbridge (T Shaw and N Shaw), 18-13, 15-10, 15-3, 8-15, 8-15, 15-3. Haileybury (T W Symons and J E Dawes) bt Malvern (W D A Wilcox and A J Chester) 15-8, 15-12, 15-9, 15-9.

Colts championship: final round: Harrow (O G Dick and O J Nirmalalingam) bt Tonbridge (S Davies and J Coburn), 15-4, 15-5, 15-3, 15-3.

HOCKEY

Oxford are indebted to Pouncey

By Sydney Friskin

Against the backdrop of the snow-clad Pentland Hills, Oxford and Cambridge drew 1-1 in the British Universities Sports Federation tournament at Edinburgh yesterday. Both sides finished a hard day's work three points to the good and seem most likely to qualify for the semi-finals from group B.

The Cambridge attack was blunted slightly without Scott, who was unavailable, but the absence of Keohane from the Oxford front line took some of the edge out of their own assaults, so that the balance was redressed.

Oxford have come to rely a great deal on Pouncey, who once again showed his ability to seize chances. He rescued them from an awkward situation in the morning by neutralizing Scotland's 1-0 lead and did the same thing against Cambridge after Mitchell had given them the lead from a penalty stroke in the thirteenth minute. Pulling the ball back from the line Pouncy drove in a hard shot which left a Cambridge defender helpless.

Seven minutes from time Oxford failed to convert a penalty stroke, Barr having saved well from Stevenson, but towards the end Cambridge came dangerously close to scoring. They had earlier beaten Wales 6-1, Dickinson having scored twice, Mitchell, Gregory, Bauser and Walker one each. The only goal from Wales, who reduced the lead to 4-1, was scored by Hassal. Oxford's match-winner against Scotland came from Robinson and Scotland's goal, the result of a slip in the Oxford defence, was scored by Kell.

GROUP A: UAU 0, Trinity College Dublin 0; Northern Ireland 0, London 1; UAU 0, Northern Ireland 0; Trinity College Dublin 0, London 3. GROUP B: Cambridge 6, Wales 1; Oxford 2, Scotland 1; Cambridge 1, Oxford 1; Wales 1, Scotland 0.

CRICKET

Indian changes

Georgetown (Reuter) – The Indian cricketers, outplayed in the previous encounter in the series, make two changes for today's second one-day international against the West Indies in Berbice. The opening batsman, Anshuman Garkwad, and left-arm spinner, Maninder Singh, make room for the all-rounder, Ravi Shastri, and a medium-pace swing bowler, Balwinder Singh Sandhu. he West Indies are expected to return the team which won the first one-day match and the first two Test matches.

WEST INDIES (from): C H Lloyd (captain), C G Greenidge, D L Haynes, I V A Richards, A L Logie, H A Gomes, P J Dujon, B F A Bacchus, M D Marshall, A M E Roberts, M A Holding, J Garner, W W Davis.

INDIA: Kapil Dev (captain), S M Gavaskar, R J Shastri, M Amarnath, D B Vengsarkar, A Malhotra, Yashpal Sharma, S Madan Lal, S M H Kirmani, B S Sandhu, S Venkataraghavan.

Leicester

Draw: No advantage.

2.15 KEYTHORPE STAKES (3-y-o maidens: £1,427: 7f) (15 runners)

1 ATTRATZKY (M Hinchliffe) M Hinchliffe 9-0 ... Sarah Wilkinson 7 14
2 0- BLITHE BARD (Mrs A Hollberger) R Houghton 9-0 ... J Reid 13
3 30- BRIGHT SPIRIT (M Nelson) R Baker 9-0 ... T Ives 10
4 00020- CLANGERWINSTANLEY (C Langer) O Laing 9-0 ... W Newnes 3
5 00- CUTACROSS (P Locke) G Harwood 9-0 ... G Starkey 12
6 0- JOBROKE (E Moller) G Wragg 9-0 ... P Eddery 2
8 0- MATHEMAGICIAN (R Tikkoo) F Durr 9-0 ... P Madden 11
9 40- MEMORIA IN ETERNA (M Nelson) R Baker 9-0 ... B Taylor 8
11 0- NEVER SO BOLD (E Kessly) R Armstrong 9-0 ... P Tulk 4
12 050- ONESSILOS (S Elbasel) J Dunlop 9-0 ... B Rouse 7
15 22- THE MINISTER (B) (M Fustok) M Albina 9-0 ... A Murray 9
16 000000- WILLYPOUS (S Cooper) R Hollinshead 9-0 ... S Perks 1
19 0300- GOLDEN DECOY (W Ward) O Tucker 8-11 ... A Dicks 7 6
20 024033- BAYO BOY (R Boland) W Wharton 8-11 ... G Duffield 5
23 0- UNBRIDLED PLEASURE (E Kronfeld) I Balding 8-11 ... P Eddery 15

5-2 The Minister, 3 Cutacross, 9-2 Unbridled Pleasure, 11-2 Never So Bold, 8 Onessilos, 10 Blithe Bard, 12 Mathemagician, 14 others.

2.45 BESCABY STAKES (2-y-o maidens: £1,008: 5f) (7)

3 LEADENHALL BOY (P Mercdew) R Boss 9-0 ... P Robinson 5
4 MASTER PEPPER (O Scott) B Forsey 9-0 ... O Dineley 3
5 PUENTE ROMANO (Mrs F Lu) K Brassey 9-0 ... B Crossley 1
6 RUN RIOT (A Lansley) W Wharton 9-0 ... W Newnes 4
8 CLASSICAL VINTAGE (Maj T Jackson) R Hannon 8-11 ... A McGlone 5 6
11 RISE AT DAWN (Miss L Blum) G Blum 8-11 ... S Edwards 7 2
12 SHANTUNG LACE (R Green) G Blum 8-11 ... G Duffield 7

2 Leadenhall Boy, 7-2 Classical Vintage, 4 Shantung Lace, 11-2 Puente Romano, 7 Run Riot, 10 Rise At Dawn, 12 others.

3.15 KIBWORTH CLAIMING STAKES (3-y-o: £1,573: 1m 4f) (9)

1 234020- CUBIC ZIRCONIA (R Scott) R J Williams 8-11 ... R Sidebottom 5 9
2 003- EARLY SURPRISE (Mrs K Wrighton) O Moroley 8-11 ... G Duffield 3
3 000130- FIGURE DE DANSE (A Osborne) R Sheather 8-11 ... S Jewell 7 1
4 GRANDE MODALE (Col F Hue-Williams) P Cole 8-11 ... T Quinn 5 2
5 000004- HARLOWS BOY (B) (Harlow Bros) P Brookshaw 8-8 ... M Miller 4
6 030210- TRIPLE JUMP (Mrs A Lang) R Hannon 8-8 ... A McGlone 5 5
8 030- CHALET WALDEGG (A Clapperton) O Gandolfo 8-8 ... J Reid 7
11 0200- ECONOMY GIRL (H Samuels) Mrs C Reavey 8-2 ... T Rogers 5
12 0-0 BLOW YOUR MIND (W Musson) W Musson 9-0 ... P D'Arcy 6

9-4 Cubic Zirconia, 11-4 Triple Jump, 7-2 Figure De Danse, 5 Early Surprise, 13-2 Economy Girl, 10 others.

3.45 HOLWELL HANDICAP £1,934: 1m 2f) (18)

2 031?0- BOLD PRINT (Mrs G Houghton) R Houghton 4-9-8 ... J Reid 2
3 222220- CORNISH GEM (E Holding) G Lewis 4-9-3 ... P Waldron 6
4 420040- HADDOB (J Douglas-Home) J Douglas-Home 4-3-1 ... J Johnson 3
5 03210-0 SCARLET TOWN (CD) (S Reakes) R Hollinshead 5-9-0 ... S Perks 11
7 04343-0 STEADY THE BUFFS (V Marshall) J Old 4-8-11 ... P Cook 15
9 340104- COMMONTY (D) (J Beaumont) J Bothell 5-8-11 ... J Matthias 9
10 010203- NATHANIEL (D) (J Roy) M W Easterby 6-8-11 ... — 4
11 100300- HAVENWOOD (D) (Havenwood Cons Ltd) K Stone 4-8-10 ... M Wigham 12
13 104341- RECORD WING (D) (Mrs P Long) O H Jones 5-8-8 ... R Hills 5 14
14 232240/ COFFEE HOUSE (Mrs I Balding) I Balding 8-8-6 ... J Brown 7 13
15 130002- BOSSANOVA BOY (B) (R Henley) P Makin 4-8-6 ... P Eddery 10
16 022220- TROJAN SECRET (Capt M Lemos) C Brittain 5-8-5 ... P Robinson 17
17 0210-20 COMTEC PRINCESS (CD) (Comtec Cable Acc's) M Ryan 4-8-3 ... G Duffield 1
19 234440- FRIDAY STREET (G Bishop) R Smyth 4-8-2 ... P Young 16
22 100020- OUR BIRTHDAY (CD) (D) (D Turner) C Bonstead 7-8-1 ... B Rouse 7
24 002020- MISS SHAPE (Mrs E Jorgensen) G Fletcher 5-8-0 ... B Crossley 6
28 022100- RAPID LAD (S Bonbury) J Spearing 5-7-11 ... M Fozzard 7 5
29 ,00000- TUTHILL BOND (O Millar) Mrs N Macaulay 8-7-10 ... DOUBTFUL

7-2 Cornish Gem, 9-2 Record Wing, 5 Scarlet Town, 11-2 Our Birthday, 6 Coffee House, 8 Bossanova Boy, 10 Bold Print, 12 Commonty, 14 Steady The Buffs, 16 others.

4.15 HARBOROUGH STAKES (3-y-o maidens: £1,490: 1m) (13)

1 AGAVY EARLY (J Hartley) S Norton 8-11 ... — 6
2 24033- AMPERSAND (P Mellon) I Balding 8-11 ... J Matthias 2
4 04030- BOUTADE (Eva Lady Rosebery) B Hobbs 8-11 ... G Baxter 1
5 CIDELSIA (K Abdulla) R Smyth 8-11 ... P Young 8
8 0- DINGLE BELLE (J Rose) W Wharton 8-11 ... G Duffield 12
10 FAYETTE (F Salman) P Cole 8-11 ... J Reid 10
11 440- FLUID MECHANICS (M Fustok) M Albina 8-11 ... A Murry 3
13 00- MISS ZHIVAGO (J Swann) N Gallaghan 8-11 ... P Tulk 5
20 00003- PADDY'S BELLE (D Tucker) O Tucker 8-11 ... A Dicks 7 4
21 0- PEACEFUL RUN (E Moller) C Wragg 8-11 ... P Eddery 11
23 RELY ON GUY (I Botham) R Hollinshead 8-11 ... S Perks 7
24 000- SMART CAL (Mrs C Reavey) Mrs C Reavey 8-11 ... T Rogers 13
30 030203- VINDICATION (Mrs M Bros) S Norton 8-11 ... C Oliver 5 9

2 Ampersand, 5-2 Peaceful Run, 4 Fluid Mechanics, 6 Boutade, 8 Vindication, 12 Miss Zhivago, 14 others.

4.45 BUTLER HANDICAP (3-y-o: £1,679: 5f) (11)

1 414000- SHANLEYS STYLE (D) (Mrs C Ormo) Mrs C Reavey 9-7 ... T Rogers 2
2 F03- ZAHEER (Enal Commodities) O Lewis 9-4 ... P Waldron 1
3 3120- SEBAL (D) (M Suhail) G Hunter 9-2 ... G Starkey 8
5 023003- TROUSADOUR (D Clark) W Whightman 9-0 ... W Newnes 9
6 030121- CARACHI (D) (D) (Mrs B Baan) S Matthews 8-12 ... J Johnson 7
7 00400- PORTO IRENE (Mrs P Tucker) O Tucker 9-9 ... — 11
8 230104- BEST BIDDER (D) (K Fischer) R Hollinshead 8-9 ... S Perks 6
9 000030- SPACEMAKER BOY (D) (T Oinkel) G Fletcher 8-7 ... P Cook 5
11 0110- BLUESHOES (CD) (R Bagal) C Wildman 8-8 ... D Dineley 3
13 302033- SHANOUSKA (M Smith) C Benstead 7-13 ... — 4
15 000000- LIGHTLY POACHED (L Parker) K Stone 7-11 ... — 10

5-4 Zaheer, 11-4 Shanleys Style, 9-2 Sebal, 6 Best Bidder, 10 Blueshoes, 12 others.

Ayr

Draw advantage: 5f, 6f, high numbers best

2.0 CASTLEHILL HANDICAP (Apprentices: £1,301: 1m 2f) (14 runners)

1 0414- HILLSDOWN GOLD (D) I Vickers 6-10-0 ... G Hughes 10
2 04/20- LOUVIERS (D) G Richards 5-8-8 ... J Carroll 1
3 340-0 WIBIS RANGE (B) M Naughton 4-8-6 ... E Guest 12
4 110/0 STATE TROOPER (CD) R Stubbs 6-9-5 ... M Keogh 5 6
5 0/001- BOREHAM DOWN (D) M Lambert 4-9-1 ... A Charlton 5 11
6 0033- ROSSETT T Craig 4-9-1 ... P Howard 14
8 1400- JACINTO TIMES (CD) Mrs M Nesbitt 4-8-12 ... S Griffiths 9
9 4040- POINT NORTH W H Williams 5-8-11 ... — 6
11 0000- COLEY (B) Denys Smith 4-8-8 ... D Leadbitter 5 13
12 1000/ GIBBON N Bycroft 7-8-3 ... W Ryan 4
13 0000- HODAKA (B) I Walker 6-8-3 ... L Wilson 5 3
15 0400- WILLERSBY T Craig 6-8-0 ... S Horsfall 5 5
16 0004- GLORY BIRD (D) P Rohan 4-8-0 ... M Hindley 7
18 2200- MOUNT MAGIC (D) R Allan 7-7-13 ... R Brown 5 2

3 Boreham Down, 4 Glory Bird, 9-2 Wibis Range, 6 Hillsdown Gold, 8 Jacinto Times, 10 Point North, 12 Rossett, State Trooper, 20 others.

2.30 AUCHANS STAKES (maidens: £890: 1m) (13)

2 00/ IBOLYAN SOUND S Norton 4-9-8 ... J Lowe 12
4 3340- SENANG HATI Denys Smith 4-9-8 ... M Fry 5 9
5 4000- SOUTHERN DANCER J Parkes 4-9-5 ... S Webster 10
7 0- FLYING PALACE R J Williams 3-8-5 ... R Cochrane 11
8 000- GENNARO J Dunlop 3-8-5 ... W Carson 3
9 0- GUNGA DIN R Allan 3-8-5 ... C Dwyer 6
11 0433- HOOLIGAN P Rohan 3-8-5 ... D Letherby 7
12 00- PRINCE BARRINGTON B Hills 3-8-5 ... S Cauthen 2
13 00- SALIX J W Watts 3-8-5 ... E Hide 0
14 004- SILLY BOY N Bycroft 3-8-5 ... L Charnock 5
15 0000- TABASCO STAR D Chapman 3-8-5 ... O Nicholls 13
16 2233- TRAA-DY-LIOGAR W H Williams 3-8-5 ... C Dwyer 1
17 YOUNG LUNAR A Young 3-8-5 ... N Day 4

7-4 Prince Barrington, 9-4 Gennaro, 6 Hooligan, 7 Flying Palace, 10 Silly Boy, 12 Salix, 16 others.

3.0 COODHAM HANDICAP (£1,615: 1m 5f) (9)

2 0300- SANDIFOOT (CD) J Haldane 4-8-7 ... N Connorton 3 2
4 1300- AULD LANG SYNE Mrs M Nesbitt 4-9-8 ... A Crook 3
5 3012/ SCOTTISH DREAM O Richards 5-9-5 ... E Hide 9
6 013-0 CARO NOME A Bailey 4-9-4 ... — 6
7 0/0-4 MAJOR SETBACK (B) M Naughton 4-9-2 ... J Lowe 5
8 0410- CONNECTOR J B Wilson 4-8-1 ... K Darley 4
10 0000- THE SMALL MIRACLE (B) N Bycroft 5-6-6 ... S Cauthen 7
11 0000- SUNRULLAH W H Williams 4-8-7 ... C Dwyer 5
12 4000- HAZEL BANK (B) R Allan 4-8-5 ... S Webster 1

5-2 Major Setback, 7-2 Scottish Dream, 9-2 The Small Miracle, 6 Caro Nome, 8 Sandifoot, 10 Connector, 12 Auld Lang Syne, 20 others.

3.30 LAMLASH STAKES (selling: £883: 6f) (11)

1 00/30- JUMP JAR (D) O Chapman 4-8-9 ... O Nicholls 1
2 000-0 NIGHT CLOWN A Bailey 4-9-9 ... S Cauthen 7
3 000-0 THUNDERBRIDGE S Norton 4-8-9 ... J Lowe 10
4 0000- MY FANCY J Berry 4-8-6 ... K Darley 6
8 000- BLACKFEET J S Wilson 4-8-13 ... — 6
9 4020- MAJESTIC TOWER (B) C Gray 4-8-13 ... N Connorton 3 3
12 0304- NAUGHTY TWINKLE A Balding 4-8-10 ... J Balding 4
16 040- FLASHY VYNZ W H Williams 3-7-12 ... N Carlisle 3 5
20 00-0 DONNA GREY R Stubbs 3-7-9 ... M Fry 5 11
21 0000- LINANHOT A Young 3-7-9 ... N Day 2
22 MANDY ANN W H Williams 3-7-9 ... L Charnock 9

9-4 Jump Jar, 3 Flashy Vynz, 9-2 Night Clown, 0 Thunderbridge, 10 Majestic Tower, 12 Donna Grey, Mr Fancy, 20 others.

4.0 HILLHOUSE STAKES (2-y-o: £1,137: 5f) (6)

1 CLANTIME J Berry 8-11 ... S Morris 5 5
2 FORM MASTER Denys Smith 8-11 ... W Carson 3
3 MIKEY A Bailey 8-11 ... DOUBTFUL
4 NORTHERN HILLS B Richards 8-11 ... E Hide 4
5 RICHARDS BAY R Allan 8-11 ... C Dwyer 1
6 SADARAR R J Williams 8-11 ... R Cochrane 2

11-8 Form Master, 2 Sedarar, 9-2 Northern Hills, 8 Clantime.

4.30 SMITHSTONE HANDICAP (3-y-o: £1,550: 5f) (6)

1 0100- CAPTAIN TEMPEST T Barron 8-7 ... S Webster 4
4 2000- INDY A Bailey 9-5 ... S Cauthen 1
6 0200- PRINCESS NAVARRO (B) R Stubbs 8-6 ... M Fry 5 5
7 000-0 PEG'S PETAL (D) J Gilbert 8-3 ... N Carlisle 7 3
9 0000- RAPID LADY (D) Mrs M Nesbitt 7-11 ... S Griffiths 7 6
10 0402- SUPER WARRIOR (D) K Ivory 7-7 ... P Howard 5 2

2 Super Warrior, 7-2 Princess Navarro, 9-2 Indy, 6 Captain Tempest, 8 Peg's Petal, 10 Rapid Lady.

Ayr selections

By Michael Seely

2.00 Rosett. 2.30 Gennaro. 3.00 Jump Tas. 4.00 Sadarar. *4.30 Peg's Petal.*

Leicester selections

By Michael Seely

2.15 The Minster. 2.45 Puente Romano. 3.15 Cubic *Zirconia.* 3.45 *Cornish Gem.* 4.15 *Ampersand.* 4.45 Shanouska.

Sandown Park NH

Tote double 3.30, 4.35. Treble 3.0, 4.0, 5.05

2.30 DOWNS CONDITIONAL JOCKEY CHASE (Selling handicap: £1,301: 2m 18yd) (15 runners)

102 f230 TRUNCHEON M Madgwick 8-11-10 ... A Madgwick
103 404/p ROI DE FRONTIERE R Wills 11-11-5 ... —
105 2p00 DANCING-IN-IRISH J A Old 11-11-4 ... P Double
106 -4000 MONEY MAD (B) P Hayward 11-11-3 ... M Lynn 7
107 4000 FOREST LODGE (B) J Perrett 8-11-2 ... O Charles-Jones
109 0p- BAILADOR E Witts 11-11-0 ... P Eccles 7
110 004p GRAIGUEWELL O R Gandolfo 7-10-12 ... M Richards
112 pp3r GOLDEN TRIX B L Chinn 8-10-8 ... J Lovejoy 7
113 030f BROGUE A Moore 7-10-8 ... —
114 /oo-00 REALERT (B) M Stephens 7-10-7 ... P Nicholls
115 40fp WEAVERSLAKE A S Neaves 7-10-7 ... B Powell 7
117 -p300 LAPLEIGH RIDGE R F Keenor 6-10-7 ... P Croucher 7
118 1000 HUNSWALK (B) J Bradley 8-10-7 ... P Liddicoat 7
119 0029 LE JET Miss L Bower 11-10-7 ... M Carberry 7
120 4004 EWEN'S ROCK (B) J M Bradley 9-10-7 ... R Dennis

11-4 Truncheon, 4 Dancing-in-Irish, 11-2 Brogue, 8 Craiguewell, 13-2 Hunswalk, 10 Forest Lodge, Ewen's Rock, 14 others.

3.0 BRITISH AEROSPACE RAPIER CHASE (novices: £2,430: 2m 4f 68yd) (7)

201 2241 CARE (C) T A Forster 7-11-8 ... H Davies
203 -1f01 LEANDER BLUE (CD) O Nicholson 0-11-8 ... P Scudamore
206 2341 WINGETS A W Jones 7-11-8 ... K Whyte
209 2102 LUCYFAR F Walwyn 7-11-4 ... S Shilston
211 3223 HASTY STORM F Winter 0-11-0 ... Mr O Sherwood
212 10-11 MR FOODBROKER P HAynes 8-11-0 ... J O'Neill
213 0042 ON TRUST J Gifford 6-11-0 ... R Rowe

9-4 Leander Blue, 3 Care, 9-2 Lucyfar, 6 Hasty Storm, 8 Wingetts, 12 Mr Foodbroker, 16 On Trust.

3.30 CLERICAL, MEDICAL RIGHT OF THE LINE CHASE (handicap: £2,401: 2m 18yd) (5)

302 2204 CLASSIFIED N Henderson 7-11-7 ... S Smith Eccles
303 3420 SPINNING SAINT K Bailey 9-11-4 ... A Webber
304 14-02 FULL SUTTON P Haynes 10-10-11 ... H Davies
306 2340 RELDIS (CD) O Gandolfo 9-10-7 ... P Barton
307 111/3- LINE SHOOTER (DC) F Walwyn 11-10-7 ... K Mooney

2 Classified, 100-30 Reldis, 4 Spinning Saint, 5 Full Sutton, 13-2 Line Shooter.

4.0 ROYAL ARTILLERY GOLD CUP CHASE (£1,804: 3m 118yd) (7)

402 p0-pp COUNTY CLARE R Cooper 14-12-6 ... J Mead
403 240/2 FURY SPIRIT M Evans 10-12-5 ... T Thomson Jones
404 p/2-p1 SWIFT WOOD O Wales 9-12-6 ... W Wales 7
405 1240 DE PLUVINEL K Bailey 10-12-2 ... G Prest 7
406 fu/0p- MR NOBODY C Moore 12-11-9 ... C Moore 7
409 2/04-p QUICK CHOICE H Wills 11-11-6 ... H Browne 7
410 3p44 TEHRAN PRINCE & W Raddaway 7-11-6 ... C Lane 7

13-8 Swift Wood, 5-2 Fury Sprit, 4 De Pluvinel, 10 Tehran Prince, 14 Quick Choice, 16 County Clare, Mr Nobody.

4.35 ALANBROOKE CHASE (handicap: £3,882: 3m 118yd) (6)

501 0317 MANTON CASTLE J Gifford 9-11-10 ... R Rowe
503 p/01 SCOT LANE M Tate 10-11-9 (4 ex) ... C Smith
507 3202 APPROACHING J Gifford 12-11-0 ... T Thomson Jones
509 p431 SKEGBY O Brennan 9-10-10 (4 ex) ... M Brennan
510 1033 SOINTULLA BOY Mrs H Houlbrooke 8-10-8 ... Mr Houlbrooke 7
512 1-043 VERY LIGHT T Forster 0-10-2 ... H Davies

7-4 Scot Lane, 100-30 Very Light, 5 Manton Castle, 13-2 Approaching, 6 Skegby, 12 Sointulla Boy.

5.05 ROYAL ARTILLERY UBIQUE HUNTER CHASE (amateurs: £1,744: 2m 4l 68yd) (9)

601 f004 MY BUCK P Clarke 11-12-6 ... P Clarke 7
602 14-12 DANCING BRIG T Clay 12-12-2 ... R Fear 7
604 p00-4 INTEGRATION E Retter 0-12-2 ... G Cann
605 1u0-0 MR MELLORS (CD) Mrs A Villar 10-12-2 ... S Sherwood 4
606 0-401 SHANE HILL J Gifford 10-12-2 ... T Thomson Jones
607 -p104 TIEPOLINO (C) K Bishop 11-12-2 ... K Bishop 7
609 /f-111 KENTIGERN Mrs J Bainbridge 7-11-12 ... Miss A Dare 7
612 10-34 LEANAN N Vyner 7-11-12 ... D Camllon 7
613 PROUDWAY R Whittaker 0-11-12 ... C Moore 7

15-8 Dancing Brig, 11-4 Kentigern, 5 Tiepolino, 13-2 Mr Mellors, 10 Shane Hill, 14 Leanan, 20 others.

Sandown Park selections

By Michael Phillips

2.30 Truncheon. 3.0 Leander Blue. 3.30 Classified. 4.0 *Fury Spirit. 4.30 Scot Lane. 5.05 Dancing Brig.*

Leicester results

Going: Soft

2.15 (2.15) KNIGHTON AUCTION STAKES (2-y-o: £1,048: 5f)
RIVEAUX RAVER b f by Decoy Boy – Rosabelle (A Moore) 8-0 ... G Duffield (5-2 fav) 1
Deccan Queen ... A Mackay (100-30) 2
Astral Dancer ... O Dineley (6-1) 3
TOTE: Win £3.50. Places: £1.00, £1.10, £1.50. DF: £6.50. CSF: £11.18. W Wharton at Melton Mowbray. Nk, 4l. Singing Boy (12-1) 4th. 8 ran. NR: Cullen's Eagle.

2.45 (2.45) BILLESDON HANDICAP (Selling: £673: 1m)
MONCLARE TROPHY ch c by Sandford Lad – Blue Warren (Monclare Products Ltd) 4-9-1 ... G Starkey (6-1) 1
Knightsbridge Game ... P Cook (3-1) 2
Lady Knphelia ... S Keightley (25-1) 3
TOTE: Win £4.50. Places: £1.40, £1.40, £6.40. DF: £5.90. CSF: £24.19. TRICAST: £353.72. A Pitt at Epsom. 7l, 3l. Lambwath Flyer (2-1 fav). Debach River (16-1) 4th. 10 ran.

3.15 (3.17) KINGFISHER HANDICAP (£1,936: 1m 2f)
WET BOB ch g by Run The Gauntlet – River Craft (A Simpson) 5-7-10 ... S Dawson (11-2) 1
Altho Dickas ... N Carlisle (3-1 fav) 2
Corduroy ... P Cook (7-2) 3
TOTE: Win £6.00. Places: £2.30, £1.60, £1.50. DF: £16.60. CSF: £24.09. TRICAST: £64.22. R Holder at Bristol. 1½l, 6l. Greatest Hits (6-1) 4th. 13 ran. NR: Tudor Bob.

3.45 (3.47) BURTON OVERY STAKES (3-y-o: £3,052: 7f)
PROCLAIM b c by Mr Prospector – Maybellene (S Niarchos) 9-1 ... G. Starkey (8-13 fav) 1
Drumalis ... J. Matthias (7-1) 2
Able Albert ... M. Birch (13-2) 3
TOTE: Win: £1.60. Places: £1.00, £2.90. DF: £3.90. CSF: £5.32. G Harwood at Pulborough. 1½l, hd. Beldale Concorde (10-1) 4th. 6 ran.

4.15 (4.20) SIMON DE MONTFORT STAKES (3-y-o maidens: £1,543: 1m 2f)
TINOCO b c by Bustino – Consistent (Mrs J Biggs) 9-0 ... S. Perks (16-1) 1
Thoughtless ... P Eddery (7-2) 2
Mister Golden ... G Starkey (21-20 fav) 3
TOTE: Win: £7.60. Places: £3.50, £1.20, £1.10. DF: £24.00. CSF: £70.63. R Hollinshead at Upper Longdon. 1½l, 6l. Mister Arstar (25-1) 4th. 17 ran. NR: Dan Zaki.

4.45 (4.48) LODDINGTON STAKES (3-y-o: £1,379: 6f)
SOLIMILE b f by Solinus – Miss By Mile (L Norris) 9-1 ... E Hide (4-7 fav) 1
Manlight ... T Ives (7-1) 2
Bundaburg ... J Reid (12-1) 3
TOTE: Win: £1.50. Places: £1.00, £2.80, £1.70. DF: £1.90. CSF: £7.02. P Kelleway at Newmarket. ¾l, 7l. Nick Nick (16-1) 4th. 14 ran. PLACEPOT: £1.80.

Folkestone

Going: Heavy.

1.45 (1.48) HEADCORN STAKES (2-y-o: £1,251: 5f)
TOM FORRESTER gr c by Absalom – Stak-En-Bloo 8-11 ... B Rouse (7-2 Jt Fav) 1
Johnny Frenchman ... R Wernham (9-2) 2
House Hunter ... B Jago (5-1) 3
TOTE: Win: £3.90. Places: £1.70, £4.30, £2.10. DF: £74.20. CSF: £21.85. A Pitt at Epsom 1l, 2l. Music Festival (7-2 jt fav) Crocaox (20-1) 4th. 12 ran.

2.15 (2.18) ALKHAM HANDICAP (Selling: £803: 5f)
LAWERS ch c by Hot Spark – Aspara 4-8-12 ... B Rouse (12-1) 1
Binclea ves ... B Procter (6-4 Fav) 2
Palm The Ace ... W Newnes (13-2) 3
TOTE: Win: £57.10. Places: £14.40, £1.30, £1.90. DF: £22.80. CSF: £35.53. Tricast: £139.26. Mrs N Smith at Chichester 2l, 2l. Amanda Mary (7-1) 4th. 15 ran. No bid.

2.45 (2.46) KINGSWORTH HANDICAP (£1,278: 1m)
JANUS ro g by Ragstone – January 5-8-12 ... B Rouse (11-4 Fav) 1
Fitzroy ... P Young (5-1) 2
Mister Lucky ... I Jenkinson (4-1) 3
TOTE: Win: £3.80. Places: £1.10, £1.40, £2.30. DF: £8.80. CSF: £17.43. Tricast: £52.25. Mrs N Smith at Chichester. 6l, ½l. Widd (12-1) 4th. 9 ran. NR: Hampshire.

3.15 (3.21) ALDINGTON HANDICAP (£977: 5f)
PARABEMS, b, f by Swing Easy – Lunar Queen 4-8-6 ... B Crossley (9-2 fav) 1
Cerebral Carpets ... J H Brown (5-1) 2
Windy Lad ... I Johnson (5-1) 3
TOTE: Win £5.30. Places: £2.20, £3.80, £1.80. DF: £152.40. CSF: £28.54. Tricast: £112.45. K Brassey at Upper Lambourn. 2l, 3l. Shy Master (4-1) 4th. 10 ran. Charles Street (5-1) withdrawn, not under orders. Rule 4 applies to board prices prior to withdrawal not to SP bets. Deduction 10p in £.

3.45 (3.46) ROCHESTER STAKES (£1,308: 1¼m)
SWINGING MOON, ch, c by Swing Easy – Moon Gem 4-8-0 ... G Ramshaw (6-1) 1
Hattan ... W R Swinburn (13-2) 2
Statesmanship ... A Clark (11-8 fav) 3
TOTE: Win: £5.30. Places: £1.70, £1.50, £1.80. DF: £8.00. CSF: £42.73. A Ingham at Epsom. 1½l, 2l.

4.15 (4.18) SHORNCLIFFE STAKES (3-y-o: £859: 1m 2f)
FAWG, b, c by Hegley – One Spot 8-11 ... A Clark (Evens fav) 1
High Hawk ... B Rouse (4-1) 2
Present Value ... E Guest (33-1) 3
TOTE: Win: £1.90. Places: £1.50, £1.80, £9.90. DF: £3.80. CSF: £5.48. G Harwood at Pulborough. ¾l, 6l. Seesal (33-1) 4th. 14 ran. NR Valerio. PLACEPOT: £8.70.

Ayr

Going: Soft

2.0 (2.0) KIDSNEUK STAKES (2-y-o maidens: £895: 5f)
SPECIAL FRUIT b f by Monsanto – Fleure (K Bond) 8-11 ... N Day (15-2) 1
Rosinka ... A Mercer (7-1) 2
Mendick Adventure ... W Carson (7-2) 3
TOTE: Win: £12.70. Places: £7.40, £5.30. DF: £70.00. CSF: £52.22. A Young at Malton. 2½l, sh hd. Mikev (11-10 fav) Wee Frosty (5-1) 4th. 6 ran. 1m 11.17sec.

2.30 (2.24) LADYKIRK STAKES (3-y-o: £832: 6f)
LOCH PEARL b c by Lochnager – Dusky Pearl (E Robbins) ... K Hodgson (5-4 fav) 1
Booth's Town Boy ... S Horsfall (20-1) 2
Waljat ... P D'Arcy (9-4) 3
TOTE: Win: £2.10. Places: £1.30, £1.70, £1.10. DF: £9.00. CSF: £28.85. M H Easterby at Great Habton. 12l, 3l. Dana (11-2) 4th. 9 ran. 1m 20.65sec.

3.0 (3.03) SEAFIELD HANDICAP £1,654: 6f)
MASTER-BLOW ch g by Roi Soleil – Surfacing (A Massingberd-Mundy) 4-8-6 ... J Lowe (9-4 fav) 1
Blochairn Skolar ... W Ryan (8-1) 2
Prionsaa ... L Charnock (7-1) 3
TOTE: Win: £2.80. Places: £1.40, £1.30, £1.50. DF: £4.80. CSF: £17.83. Tricast: £88.79. W Elsey at Malton. 4l, 2l. Cudgel (8-1) 4th. 8 ran. 1m 21.00sec. NR: Karen's Star.

3.30 (3.33) RAVENSPARK HANDICAP (Selling: £909: 1m)
TARLETON br g by Workboy – Lady Jester (P Rohan) 6-8-11 ... M Hindley (10-1) 1
Handsome Blaze ... G Oldroyd (6-1) 2
Island Walk ... S Webster (13-2) 3
TOTE: Win: £17.80. Places: £6.10, £1.30, £1.60. DF: £58.20. CSF: £65.13. Tricast: £339.32. P Rohan at Malton. 2l, ½l. Marjoram (9-4 fav) 4th. 11 ran. 1m 59.56 sec. No bid.

4.00 (4.01) GARNOCK handicap (3-y-o: £1,554: 1m 2f)
OLYMPIC CHARM b c by Filiberto – Pink Goddess (Mrs I Ryles) 9-1 ... M Fry (7-1) 1
Inuvik ... S Cauthen (4-1) 2
Heldigvis ... S Webster (4-1) 3
TOTE: Win: £10.80. Places: £2.10, £3.20. DF: £13.30. CSF: £29.82. Denys Smith at Bishop Auckland. 2l, 1½l. L Luigi's Glory (15-8 fav) 4th. 5 ran. 2m 38.94 sec.

4.30 (4.37) GEENAN STAKES (3-y-o: maidens: £896: 1m 3f)
BANDELERO br c by Reliance – Slouan (G Reed) 9-0 ... J Bleasdale (6-1) 1
Chekiic ... N Connorton (5-1) 2
Rhythmic Pastimes ... R Cochrane (3-1) 3
TOTE: Win: £4.00. Places: £1.80, £1.00, £2.40. DF: £7.40. CSF: £32.01. G Thornton at Middleham. 1½l, 1l. Bellburn (12-1) 4th. China Peak (7-4 fav). 0 ran. 2m 49.26 sec. PLACEPOT: £281.20.

Wolverhampton NH

2.00: 1, Crowecopper (2-5 fav); 2, Tinker's Trip (2-1); 3, Golden Beach (33-1); 8 ran. Nr: Keratin, Mazelov, Pohjola.
2.30: 1, Hulda (7-2 fav); 2, Brave Lan (9-1); 3, Banador (6-1). 18 ran.
3.00: 1, Cruise Missile (5-2 fav); 2, Brave Jack (4-1); 3, Durham Lad (20-1). 7 ran. Nr: Royal Friend.
3.30: 1, Gallone Beach (8-11 fav); 2, Dargal (25-1); 3, Donegal Hope (7-1). 7 ran. nr Spartan Rambler.
4.00: 1, Joulouville (2-5 fav); 2, Gin Game (20-1); 3, Royal Norman (50-1). 10 ran. nr L O Broadway.
4.30: 1 Breck Hill (7-1); 2, Grinders (9-2 fav); 3, Lawnswood Miss (6-1); 15 ran. nr Another Seed, Burn Nooks, Kristerson, Run And Skip, Shoemender.

STATE OF GOING: Leicester: soft. Sandown: soft (heavy patches); Ayr: soft. Tomorrow: Huntingdon: good to soft; Ludlow: good to soft; Catterick: good to soft.

Appointments

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An international group of companies requires an aircraft commander for their long-haul aircraft operated from London.

The successful candidate will be a high calibre captain with exceptional handling skills, militarily trained with experience of worldwide operations. A natural enthusiast who has ability to be able to lead on sound judgment and own initiative. It is considered unlikely that command experience of less than 5,000 hours on significant aircraft will be sufficient for this demanding appointment. To allow natural progression the maximum age is 42 years.

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copy alteration and cancellation deadline will be:–

ISSUE OF	DEADLINE
Fri. April 1st	NO PAPERS
Sat. April 2nd	2 p.m. Wed. March 30th
Mon. April 4th	2 p.m. Thur. March 31st
Tues. April 5th	2 p.m. Thur. March 31st
Wed. April 6th	2 p.m. Thur. March 31st

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Legal Appointments

Assistant Solicitor

c.£11,000-£20,000 + 25%

The Legal Department of the Hong Kong Mass Transit Railway provides a full range of legal services to all departments of the Corporation. There is a vacancy for an Assistant Solicitor, preferably with at least two to three years post admission experience of commercial, property and industrial work gained within private practice or industry.

The successful candidate will be commercially oriented and keen to extend his experience and skills over a wide range of work.

Remuneration will be commensurate with qualifications and experience within the range HK$9,461-HK$16,812 per month. (The current rate of exchange is approximately HK$10 to the pound). Appointment will be on a 2-year renewable contract with 25 per cent gratuity. Benefits include furnished accommodation, 6 weeks annual home leave and passages, medical cover and overseas educational allowances.

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Hong Kong Mass Transit Railway

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(Ref 14)

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As part of Lambeth's Equal Opportunities Policy applications are welcome from people regardless of disability, marital status, race or sex.

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Ephesians 4. 23. 24 (J.B.)

BIRTHS

ASHTON – On March 23rd, at St Thomas's Hospital, to Fiona and Mark – a daughter.

BARTRAM – on 27th March at Queen Charlotte's, to Ann and Peter, a son, Robert Peter George.

BUTLER – On March 27, 1983 (Palm Sunday), at the British Hospital, Woolwich, to Philippa (nee Howell) and Max, a daughter (Laotilia) – Tom's little sister.

DALGLISH – On March 23rd, to Avril (Smith) and James – a daughter Tallulah Bronwen Clare, at the West London Hospital. Lived and much loved, two days. No letters please. Donations to the Friends of the West London Hospital.

ELDRIDGE – On March 27, at the Barratt Maternity Home, Northampton, to Alexandra and Mark, a daughter.

FERGUSON – Early on March 2nd 1983, to Julie and Alex, a son Peter, a brother for James.

GRAHAM – On March 20, 1983, at the John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford, to Grizelda (nee George) and Christopher, a daughter, Charlotte Elizabeth, a sister for Christopher.

GREER. – On 27th March at Westminster Hospital, a splendid daughter, Carolina Victoria Alice, to Isabel and Robin. A much wanted sister for Olivia.

KEWISH.–On March 25th, at Carlisle, to Celia (nee Bird) and Michael – a son (Guy Charles).

MOORE – on March 21, to Derry & Alexandra, a son.

MORTON – On 24th March at Aberdare Hospital to Rosalind (nee Matthews) and Reverend Andrew, a son, Alexander Philip, brother for Owain.

REED HERBERT – On March 27th 1983, to Vanessa (nee Watkins) and Nicholas, a son.

SIDNEY – On 26th March to Isobel and Philip, a daughter.

SULLY on March 23rd at Cuckfield Hospital to Helena (nee Womack) and John – A daughter Victoria, sister to Robert and Andrew.

SWORD – On March 25th 1983, to Gill (nee Morris) and David, a son.

TURNBULL – on March 24 to Susie (Young) & Roger, a daughter, Eleanor Rachel.

WILLIAMS.–On 24th March, at Queen Charlotte's Hospital, London, to Caroline (nee de Meric) and Ray – a daughter.

WILLIAMS. – On March 25th of the Welbeck Clinic to Julia and Jim – a daughter (Charlotte Louise).

BIRTHDAYS

PUSSY CAT "Still fresh in all her youthful pride when her beauties he descried, Joy in his heart was glowing Roslein Roslein Roslein" Happy birthday pussycat – I love you.

MARRIAGES

GOLDEN WEDDING

MASON : HEDLEY.–On March 28th, 1933, at St Paul's, Knightsbridge, George Marshall Mason to Elizabeth Hedley.

DEATHS

AIREY – On March 26th Lieutenant General Sir Terence Airey, aged 82 years. Funeral private, requiem mass to be arranged later. Family flowers only. No letters please, but donations if desired may be sent for St Edmunds Roman Catholic Church Bungay, c/o G W Louget & Sons, Funeral Directors, Sholesham, Norfolk. Tel Brooke 50242.

BATHER – Dr Sven, late of Wimbledon, on 25th March 1983, in hospital. Funeral service at St Barnabas, Bethnal Green at 11.45 Wednesday March 30th.

BOYD – At St Andrew's Hospital, Northampton, on March 26, 1983, Mrs Mary Elizabeth (Molly), widow of the late Right Reverend Robert McNeil Boyd, Bishop of Derry. Funeral on Thursday March 31 at 11.30 am at Milton Crematorium, Northampton.

BRANDER Peacefully on 25th March at Danbury Cottage, Bradninch, Mary Frances Alice, aged 88 years, wife of the late Major General M S Brander CB, OBE, mother of the late Michael Spicker Brander. Cremation private. No flowers by request. Donations if wished to cancer research.

BROOKES – On March 26 at The Royal Hampshire County Hospital, Winchester, Norman Stanley, of Orchards, Longparish, aged 73 years, beloved husband of Muriel and much loved father of Carol and Moya and all his large family. Service at St Nicholas Church, Longparish on Thursday, March 31 at 12.30 pm. Flowers and enquiries to Dunnings, Andover 3777.

CADE – On 26th March 1983, peacefully, Dorothy Mary Rowena, aged 89 years, of North Minack, Porthcurno, Penzance. Funeral service at St Levan Church, Porthcurno on Wednesday 30th March 1983 at 2.30 p.m. followed by cremation at Truro. Flowers to Alfred Smith & Son, Chapel of Rest, Penzance. A memorial service will be held at The Minack Theatre at a later date.

DEAN – On March 23, Isabel Grace, aged 72, peacefully at 28 Close Gardens, Tetbury, Gloucestershire, formerly of Glen Usk, Caerleon, Monmouthshire, wife of the late Lt-Col Frank Longueville Dean, mother of Robin Martin and Victoria. Funeral Wednesday March 30, 2.30, at Tetbury Parish Church.

DINGWALL On March 27th, peacefully at Cuckfield Hospital, Olive Mary, beloved wife of Walter. Service at Woodmancote Church on March 31st at 3 pm, followed by private cremation. Family flowers only.

DOWLEY – On 25th March at Mountbatten Nursing Home, Taunton, Somerset, Mary, widow of Francis Dowley, CIE. Dearly loved mother of Deirdre, Ursula, Monica, Larry and Hugh.

DUNROSSIL – Alison Dowager Viscountess, on March 26, 1983, peacefully at Cheltenham. Cremation private. The ashes will be taken to Australia. Instead of flowers donations to Gloucestershire Association for Mental Health. Funeral service at Withington on Saturday April 9 at 11.30 am. Enquiries to J. W. Slv and Sons, Northleach. Tel. 04516 268.

GEORGE.–On 26th March, 1983, peacefully, in Sunbury Nursing Homes, Lilian Kate George, widow of Charles Frederick and much loved mother of Brian and John. Enquiries and flowers to Weybridge Funeral Service, Weybridge 54751.

GRISEWOOD – On 23rd March, 1983, Ken, in Caortown, husband of Ursula, father of Fenella, Ann and Bruce.

HARRIES – Professor John, suddenly at his home on March 27th 1985. Devoted father of David and Thomas. Funeral to be arranged, family flowers only. Donations if desired to Institute of Child Health General Charitable Trust, Guildford Street, WC1.

HAYWARD, ELEANOR – On 27th March, peacefully in Salisbury, Wiltshire, widow of Sydney, dear mother of Anne (Woolley) and Granny of Tony. Funeral strictly private. Donations if desired to Salisbury Infirmary League of Friends.

HORNSEY On March 26th, 1983, peacefully at her home in Sudbury, Suffolk, Frances Irene aged 87, loved sister, aunt and great aunt, independent, thoughtful and generous to the end.

JENKINS – On 24th March, 1983 in Dunoon Hospital after a short illness, H G (Harry) Jenkins of Blairmore, near Dunoon, formerly research physicist of the GEC Laboratory, Wembley. Will be sadly missed by his wife, son, daughter, son in law and grandchildren.

KLEINWORT – Sir Alexander Santiago Kleinwort Bt., aged 90, much loved husband of Yvonne, peacefully in Hove on March 26, 1983. Funeral private.

MACNAMARA – On March 24th 1983, peacefully in hospital, Cecil James husband of the late Katharine. Funeral at Woking Crematorium on Thursday, March 31st at 12 noon. No flowers please, but donations to The Treasurer, Friendly Club for Stroke Victims, Copper Beech, Middle Hill, Englefield Green, Egham, Surrey.

MARSH – On March 26, peacefully in St Anthony's Hospital, Cheam, Joy, dearly beloved wife of Roy and mother of Tony and Christopher. Funeral service at Croydon Crematorium, Thornton Heath, Wednesday March 30 at 12.15 pm. Family flowers only. Contributions if desired to Cancer Research Campaign, Town Hall, Croydon.

MILLER-HALL – Peacefully at home Waterloo Lodge, 13 The Paddock, Penrecion, Irvine, on 27 March 1983, Jack Clement Miller Hall aged 60 years, beloved husband of Margaret Shelley Kerr and much loved father and grandfather of the family. Sadly missed. Friends desiring of attending, please meet tomorrow, Wednesday 30th inst at Waterloo Lodge at 11 am. Thereafter to Mason Hill crematorium for 12 noon.

PAGEL – on March 25 1983, at the Royal Free Hospital, after a short illness, Walter Pagel, MD, Hon FBA, aged 84, of 58 Millway, NW7, beloved father of Bernard and grandfather of Celia, David and Jonathan.

PARKINS – on March 26 1983, passed peacefully away at her home Greystones, Peakirk, Joanne Elizabeth. Funeral service on Wednesday, March 30 at St Pega's Church, Peakirk, at 12 noon followed by interment in churchyard.

PICKLES.–On March 23rd, 1983, suddenly, at home, Leo Pickles, O.B.E., of Cheam, Surrey, formerly H M Consul General, Tokyo. Private cremation. Memorial service Thursday March 31st, 2 p.m. at Christ Church, Spencer Street, Keighley, Yorks.

RICHARDSON – On March 25, 1983, peacefully at Brookslands, Wych Cross, Marjorie Blundell (nee Giradot) aged 82, wife of the late Major G P Richardson RGA, and mother of Stephen and Hugh. Funeral service at Nutley Parish Church on Wednesday March 30 at 10.00 am followed by cremation at the Downs Crematorium, Brighton, at 11.30 am.

SIMES – On March 25th, John Kenneth loving husband of the late Clemency (nee Dowding), much loved father of Peter, Felicity Bedsmord and Francesca Shelley and dear Grandpa of Juliet, Jocelyn and Paul. Service at Chichester Crematorium on Thursday, March 31st at 11.00. Family flowers only.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

ANGUS A memorial service for Col Edmund Graham Angus will be held in the Church of St John the Baptist, Grainger Street, Newcastle upon Tyne at 11 am, Thursday, 7th April, 1983.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

BRENTFORD – A service of thanksgiving for the life of Lancelot William Viscount Brentford of Newick Park, Sussex, will be held in the Church of St Lawrence Jewry next Guildhall, London, EC2 on Wednesday, 20th April at 12.30 pm.

GREGORY – HOOD. – A memorial service for Mrs Dorothy Gregory-Hood, will be held at 3.30 pm. on Friday 22 April at St James Church, Stivichale, South Coventry, Warwickshire.

IN MEMORIAM (WAR)

AGAZARIAN. – Jack Charles Stanmore, F/LT, Royal Air Force V.R., murdered 29th March, 1945, Flossenberg; and Noel le Chevalier F/O Royal Air Force V.R., killed in action 16th May, 1941, Cyrenaica. Detur Gloria Soli Deo.

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HIGHGATE VILLAGE. Lux flat, 2 bedrooms, gas C.H., col T.V. £95 p w. excl. Northwood (65) 21195.

AMERICAN BANK requires luxury house or flat. £300-£500 pw. Burgess Rentals. 748 1710/1878.

WC1 LUX FLAT, 1 r, 2b, d/k & b. Balcony. From July £500 pcm. 01-242 2068.

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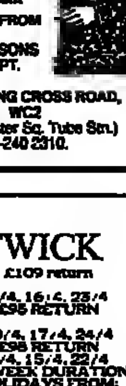

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BELGRAVIA. Beautiful family house with gdn. 2 receptions, 4 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, excellent kitchen. Entire property of extremely high standard. £390 pw. Cootes, 828 8251.

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W4. Prof person offered sunny room to lawyer's quiet, comfortable, CH house. £120 pcm. exc. – Tel 995 6813.

GARRATT LANE, SW17. Own room in house. £25 pw exclusive. Non-smoker pref. 870 6161 ext 32 (day). 946 9743 (eves).

ISLINGTON. – Large studio room, own bath and WC. Private roof patio, suit 2 girls. £38 pw each incl. Tel: 359 2754.

FACING BARNES COMMON, quiet non-smoker grad/prof. male, own attractive room. Share K & B. £25 pw. 01-876 4922.

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KENSINGTON GARDEN SQUARE – beautifully furnished room, constant hot water, linen. £35 p.w 01 229 4044.

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BOUNDS GREEN, N11. Nr tube and BR. M/F 26+ own room. £130 pcm incl. Avail 6 mths. 881 1187 eves.

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CLAPHAM SOUTH. – Prof. F 26+ o.r. Comfortable flat. £110 pcm. 01-673 6016.

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The London office of this Boston based management consultancy needs someone with good previous secretarial experience, preferably in a related field, to help a small team expand their business. You should be a good organiser, unflappable, well educated, numerate and willing to use a word processor. A European language would be helpful. Typing 60+. Age preferred 25-40.

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LEGAL NOTICES

In the matter of FIRBRIDGE ESTATES Limited and in the Matter of THE COMPANIES ACT 1948.

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, are required, on or before the 28th day of April, 1983, to send in their full Christian and surnames, their addresses and descriptions, full particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any), to the undersigned Robert Paul Welby, FCA, of 5th Floor, Egyptian House, 170 Piccadilly, London, W1V 9DD the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are, personally or by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Dated this 17th day of March 1983.
R. P. WELBY
Liquidator

HIGHLIGHT CO-ORDINATES LIMITED

Notice is hereby given pursuant of Section 293 of the Companies Act, 1948, that a Meeting of the creditors of the above named Company will be held at the offices of Leonard Curtis & Co. situated at 3/4 Bentinck Street, London W1A 3BA on Friday the 8th day of April 1983 at 12.00 o'clock midday, for the purposes provided for in Sections 294 and 295.

Dated the 18th day of March 1983.
A. LEWIS, FCCA
Director

HIGHLIGHT CHILDRENSWEAR LIMITED

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Section 293 of the Companies Act, 1948, that a Meeting of the creditors of the above named Company will be held at the offices of Leonard Curtis & Co., situated at 3/4 Bentinck Street, London W1A 3BA on Friday the 8th day of April 1983 at 11.45 o'clock in the fore noon, for the purpose provided for in Sections 294 and 295. Dated the 18th day of March 1983.
A. Lewis FCCA Director

HIGHLIGHT SPORTS (MANUFACTURING) Limited

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Section 293 of the Companies Act, 1948, that a Meeting of the creditors of the above named Company will be held at the offices of Leonard Curtis & Co., situated at 3/4 Bentinck Street, London W1A 3BA on Friday the 8th day of April 1983 at 11.30 o'clock in the fore noon, for the purpose provided for in Sections 294 and 295. Dated 18th day of March 1983.
A. Lewis FCCA Director

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COLISEUM S 836 3161 cc 240 5258
ENGLISH NATIONAL OPERA
Ton't 7.30 LA CENERENTOLA. Tomor. Sat 7.00 THE FORCE OF DESTINY. Thurs 7.30 RUSALKA. Some seats at all at door each day.

GLYNDEBOURNE FESTIVAL OPERA Postal Bkgs open April 6. Call (0273) 812411 for 24 hr. recorded information. Personal Bkgs open May 3. Tel Bkgs open May 4.

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Ton't at 8.00. La Bayadère/Prodigal Son/La Fin du Jour. Sat at 2.0. La Fille mal gardée. Sat at 7.30. Orpheus/Valley of Shadows/Requiem.
THE ROYAL OPERA
Tomor at 7.00. Die Zauberflöte. Thurs at 6.30. Don Carlos (perf. ends 11.15pm).
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Today's television and radio programmes

Edited by Peter Lee

BBC 1

Ceefax AM News headlines, weather and traffic details. Breakfast Time With Selina Scott and Frank Bough. Includes news at 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00 and 8.30; Regional news at 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15; Sport at 6.42, 7.18, 8.18. The Wombles (r) 9.25 Jackanory 9.40 Dinky Dog Cartoons 10.00 Why Don't You . . . ? School holiday ideas from Belfast 10.25 Play Chess 10.35 The Blue Danube.

Film: Wonderful Life (1964) Opening a short film season by the Peter Pan of pop, Cliff Richard, the Shadows and Una Stubbs are the young ones hired by a film crew in the Canary Islands.

News, weather with Richard Whitmore and Heather Payton 12.57 Financial Report and news headlines (subtitled).

Pebble Mill at One Further informality from the foyer 1.45 Fingerbobs.

Film: Bearheart of the Northwest (1964) He's a legendary dog that saves the daughter of a pioneer family in this folksy outdoors adventure.

5 Songs of Praise (r).

5 Play School (see BBC2, 11am) 4.20 The Top Hat Rabbits Czech cartoon 4.25 Think! This Way With Johnny Ball 4.40 Scooby Doo, Where Are You? (r).

John Craven's Newsround 5.10 The Baker Street Boys: The Case of The Captive Clairvoyant. Two-part mystery for Sherlock Holmes's little helpers begins with a murder at a music hall.

0 News, weather.

0 South East at Six.

5 Nationwide includes the final of the TSB Rock School Competition.

Ice Skating: Our indisputable World ice dance champions Jayne Torvill and Christopher Dean return in triumph to headline a gala with fellow Helsinki medallists at Richmond ice rink.

Great Little Railways: The Good and the Quick The last of these travelogues by narrow-guage train follows the 280 miles of switchbacks and loops on the notorious Guayaquil to Quito line in vertiginous Ecuador.

0 Tears Before Bedtime New comedy series by Richard Waring has Geraldine McEwan and Francis Matthews as a middle-aged couple who find a novel solution to family friction. THEY run away from home.

0 News, weather.

5 Play For Today: Atlantis Cautionary canalside comedy by Peter Terson looks suspiciously intended to launch a series. But first its two hamfisted heroes must launch the rusty old colander they've sinfully been sold by sly old fox, Frank Middlemass. Colin Jeavons and Bruce Purchase play the innocents who answer "the call of the cut" and emerge as the Black Country answer to Laurel and Hardy after a succession of disasters as they try to make their dream boat seaworthy. But despite their endearing playing, and some well-timed sight gags, the play slowly pales, and my fear is that an eventual series might merely end up as 'another fine mess'.

40 People and Power To end this first session Francis Pym, the foreign secretary, on the World's economic problems, Delwyn Williams, MP, on the perils of canvassing and reporter James Naughtie on why the political parties do like to be beside the seaside.

23 News headlines.

25 Ballroom Champions: Finalists of the UK Ballroom Championships compete.

10 Weather and closedown.

TV-am

6.00 Daybreak with Gavin Scott, followed at 6.30 by Good Morning Britain presented by Anna Ford and Angela Rippon. Includes News at 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00; Pop slot at 8.50; Guest celebrity at 8.20; Agony advice at 8.50; Keep fit at 9.05; Closedown at 9.15.

ITV/LONDON

9.30 Sesame Street. 10.30 Science International Michael Bentine's daily dose of scientific research. 10.35 The Greatest Race. Highlights from last year's record-breaking 27,000-mile Whitbread Round-the-World Yacht Race. 11.30 Film Fun.

12.00 Cockleshell Bay. For toddlers. 12.10 Once Upon a Time. 12.30 The Sullivans.

1.00 News 1.20 Thames News. 1.30 Crown Court. A new three-day trial involves a firm of solicitors accused of conspiracy to defraud a trust fund.

2.00 A Plus at Easter. Daily conversations on faith begin with Delia Smith, James Fox and Brian Greenaway.

2.30 Love in a Cold Climate. Jean-Pierre Cassel joins the cast.

3.30 One of the Boys. Grandad Mickey Rooney hits the jackpot on a bank's cash dispenser.

4.00 Cockleshell Bay. Same-day repeat of puppet programme. 4.15 The Moomins 4.20 Cartoon Comedy: The Incredible Detective. 4.45 CB TV – Channel 14. Magazine for teenagers.

5.15 The Grumbleweeds Radio Show. An intriguing crossover for the northern comedy group – not only from radio (where they have been enjoying a consistently funny series) but from BBC to ITV. This showcase is by way of a pilot.

5.45 News. 6.00 Thames News. 6.25 Help! Ann Shearer reports a Surrey comprehensive school's pioneering success in integrating handicapped children.

6.35 Crossroads. Sally Banks discovers a secret.

7.00 Reporting London. Home produced drugs and, in a lighter vein, personalised 'telegrams' delivered in fancy dress.

7.35 Film: Birds of Prey (1972) Chase movie with a difference. Most of the action takes place above the ground. David Janssen plays an airborne traffic reporter who spots an armoured car hold-up from his helicopter. As he pursues the bandits in their chopper, he flashes back to his wartime experiences as a fighter pilot.

9.00 Studio. Saga about an Elysian recording studio has as its central character Art Markham, a Dylanesque rock casualty supposedly the poet of a generation. Yet in this second episode by Bob Mason, the sum of Art's articulacy is "Sorry fellers, I can't cope with this. I'm going through some heavy changes". What this in fact means is that Art is trying to kick his addiction to heroin, apparently by becoming an alcoholic instead. Michael Feast, as Art, makes the most of a sad job in a (TV) studio-bound fantasy.

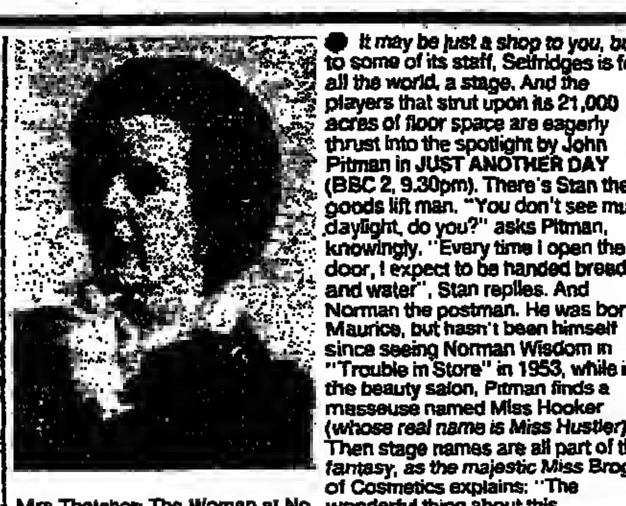
10.00 News at Ten, then Thames News Headlines.

10.30 The Women at Number 10: Mrs Thatcher talks to Sir Laurens van der Post (see Choice).

11.30 Mannix. This episode of the Mike Connors crime series has an appearance by Rona Barrett, the Hollywood gossip queen.

12.20 In His Image? Frances Donnelly discusses loneliness.

12.30 Closedown.



Mrs Thatcher: The Woman at No 10 (ITV, 10.30pm)

CHOICE

● It may be just a shop to you, but to some of its staff, Selfridges is for all the world, a stage. And the players that strut upon its 21,000 acres of floor space are eagerly thrust into the spotlight by John Pitman in JUST ANOTHER DAY (BBC 2, 9.30pm). There's Stan the goods lift man. "You don't see much daylight, do you?" asks Pitman, knowingly. "Every time I open the door, I expect to be handed bread and water", Stan replies. And Norman the postman. He was born Maurice, but hasn't been himself since seeing Norman Wisdom in "Trouble in Store" in 1953, while in the beauty salon, Pitman finds a masseuse named Miss Hooker (whose real name is Miss Hustler). Then stage names are all part of the fantasy, as the majestic Miss Brogan of Cosmetics explains: "The wonderful thing about this department is that we're more like show business than any other part of the store." The wonderful thing about Mr Pitman is that he acts as a fairy godfather who waves his magic mike and allows his subjects to shine for 30 seconds of stardom.

● THE WOMAN AT NUMBER 10 (ITV, 10.30pm), Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, is, of course, far too astute to invite a critic into her cabinet room, let alone her private study. Sir Laurens van der Post is, however, a dear friend, and it would be naive to expect anything other than the convivial conversation that results from their meeting before Michael Gill's cameras. But the chance to peer behind the most famous front door is, as always, irresistible, and repaid here by a guided tour of the seat of power (midway along the oval cabinet table, rather than at its head) and power's beautiful trappings (including three Turners, a Romney and a Joshua Reynolds). The personal territory Sir Laurens explores with Mrs Thatcher is already well-charted, from Grantham grocer-shop to political pre-eminence.

● In A SHEPHERD'S TALE (Radio 4, 7.50pm) the wind whistles and whips across the Cumbrian fells where Tommy Purdham farms his sheep. Four hundred years ago, gentleman farmer Thomas Tusser, of Suffolk, published his 500 Points of Good Husbandrie (in verse!) and Eric Robson's atmospheric record of the Lakeland Tommy's rural reminiscences and ruminations underline the strong tradition that links the two men, despite the passage of years and changing social values.

BBC 2

6.05 Open University: Modern Art - Seurat; 6.30 Photo-Chemistry - Colour; 6.55 Biology - Allostery; 7.20 Science - Spreading Oceans; 7.45 The Gambler - Dostoevsky; 8.10 Closedown.

11.00 Play School: Odd Socks, a story presented by Floella Benjamin and Ben Thomas (and on BBC1, 3.55) 11.25 Closedown.

5.10 Where Sunday Survives. Calvinism is not a one-day-a-week affair on the Hebridean Island of Lewis.

5.40 Manhunt of Mystery Island*. Penultimate episode of the classic nailbiter with Richard Bailey as its resourceful hero.

5.55 Riders of the Silver Screen. Celebration of the cowboy, with clips from classic westerns such as Shane, High Noon, Gunfight at the OK Corral (r).

6.40 The Waltons. Shades of Monty Python threaten to discolour this episode in the everyday life of gentle mountain-folk when a handsome young lumberjack logs in and puts Erin in a spin..

7.30 News, weather.

7.35 Film: The War of the Worlds (1953) There was no war over where the honours belonged in this entertaining adaptation of the H. G. Wells classic about an invasion from Mars. The Oscar rightly went to the extra-special effects ordered-up by producer George Pal and director Byron Haskin. Transposed from the English countryside to Southern California in the early Fifties, the film wisely employed the authorative tones of Cedric Hardwicke as its narrator. Gene Barry and Ann Robinson star, though the miniature models steal the scenes. Haskin and Pal, by the way, reversed the theme by filming Robinson Crusoe on Mars eleven years later.

9.00 Russell Harty Meets the Kids From Fame at the Opera House, Blackpool, where they are rehearsing for their British tour.

9.30 Just Another Day: Selfridges. John Pitman spends a leisurely day browsing at Oxford Street's most famous department store, though he's more interested in those who serve (see Choice).

10.00 Dear Ladies. Continuing this weekly peer through the lace curtains of Stackton Tressel's most celebrated residents. This watches as Dame Hilda prepares to volunteer as a cricket umpire, while Dr Evadna prepares for a visit from Stackton's twin town. Patrick Fyffe and George Logan are the dear ladies.

10.30 Newsnight.

11.20 Interval.

11.30 Open University: Lord Kelvin's Clock. Molecular science as used to determine the age of the Earth; 11.55 Functions. Mathematical functions.

12.25 Closedown.

CHANNEL 4

4.45 Years Ahead. Weekly retirement magazine concentrates on the problem of mental health and older people.

5.30 Wayne and Shuster. The Canadians open an hour of transatlantic television comedy that leads into a typically weighty night on C4. It's not just that such imported programming is relatively cheap (especially, one suspects, in the case of third-run classics like The Munsters and Dick Van Dyke, which follows) but that the indigenous independent sector doesn't appear to be overblessed with a sense of humour. All the more remarkable, then, that it actually sired two of the most original comedy series – No Problem! and Comic Strip Presents.

6.00 The Dick Van Dyke Show* Back to the TV comedy show about a TV comedy show and its colourful writers.

6.30 Common Interest: Final edition also concludes the critical consideration of the Brandt Commission's two reports on economic inequalities between the developed and under-developed nations. The Commission has called for immediate action by western governments to shift resources on a large scale.

7.00 Channel Four News recaps headlines at 7.30 and features business news at 7.40.

7.50 Comment. A personal point of view.

8.00 Brookside. This week's first of two visits to Phil Redmond's Liverpool close is concerned about the disappearance of Damon and Karen and the decision by Lucy and Gordon to spend Easter away together.

8.30 For What It's Worth. Consumer affairs programme presented by David Stafford.

9.00 Film: The Day of the Locust (1975). Novelist Nathanial West's vision of Hollywood as Hell is given a memorably macabre treatment by British director John Schlesinger in this, his second movie made there. Atmospherically set in the 1930s, the picture's title is clarified by a horrifying end sequence involving a swarm of film fans at a premiere, though few who appear in this are without insect qualities. Among the grotesques are Burgess Meredith's faded vaudeville star (reduced to door-to-door selling), his would-be starlet daughter Karen Black and her uncertain suitor Donald Sutherland. William Atherton's newly-arrived studio artist is the lens through which we watch them chase clouds of fame. Geraldine Page, Bo Hopkins and Lelia Goldoni also appear.

11.35 Black on Black: Lively magazine aimed at Britain's black community.

12.25 Closedown.

Radio 4

6.00 News.
6.10 Farming Today. 6.25 Shipping Forecast.
6.30 Today, including 6.45 Prayer for the Day: 6.55, 7.55 Weather; 7.00, 8.00 Today's news; 7.25, 6.25 Sport; 7.30, 8.30 Headlines; 7.45 Thought for the Day; 8.35 Yesterday in Parliament; 8.57 Weather; Travel.
9.00 News.
9.05 Tuesday Call: Spring gardening.
10.00 News.
10.02 From our own Correspondent.
10.30 New Wine in Old Bottles. Contemporary relevance of sites in the Holy Land.
10.45 Daily Service.†
11.00 News; Travel.
11.03 Thirty-Minute Theatre. Cafe Society by Alun Owen.†
11.33 Wildlife.
12.00 News.
12.02 You and Yours.
12.27 Brain of Britain 1983.†12.55 Weather; Travel; Programme News.
1.00 The World at One.
1.40 The Archers; 1.55 Shipping Forecast.
2.00 News.
2.02 Women's Hour.
3.00 News.
3.02 Afternoon Theatre. Dear Veronica by Tessa Krailing.†
4.00 News.
4.02 Just After Four.
4.10 Great Zimbabwe, Margaret Horsfield visits the ruined city just south of the Sahara.
4.40 Story Time: A Russian Childhood by Sofya Kovalevskaya (6).
5.00 PM; 5.50 Shipping Forecast; 5.55 Weather; Programme News
6.00 News; Financial Report
6.30 In The Air From Amsterdam. Anthony Holden visits Holland's capital.
7.00 News.
7.05 The Archers.
7.20 Medicine Now
7.50 A Shepherd's Tale.
8.35 In Business.
9.05 In Touch.
9.30 Kaleidoscope; 9.59 Weather.
10.00 The World Tonight.
10.30 Just a Minute.†
11.00 A Book at Bedtime: The Rover by Joseph Conrad (7).
11.15 The Financial World Tonight.
11.30 Today in Parliament.
12.00 News; Weather.
12.15 Shipping Forecast; Inshore Forecast.
ENGLAND VHF except: 6.25am-6.30 Weather; Forecast. 1.55pm-2.00 Listening Corner. 5.50-5.55 PM. 11.00 Study on 4: What Are We Doing to the Children? 11.30-12.10 Open University. 11.30 The Harpsichord in the Continuo. 11.50 Open Forum.

Radio 3

6.55 Weather.
7.00 News.
7.05 Morning Concert Beethoven, Hindemith, Destouches; records.†8.00 News. 8.05 Morning Concert (continued) Auber, Haydn, Walton records.
9.00 News.
9.05 This Week's Composer Sibelius; records.†
10.05 Henze and Mozart: Concert.†
11.00 Music for Holy Week BBC singers: Lotti, Bruckner, Poulenc, Vaughan Williams. †
11.35 Beethoven: Piano recital.†
12.30 Midday Concert BBC Philharmonic Orchestra: Rodrigo.†
1.00 News.
1.05 Concert part 2 Elgar.†
2.00 Music Weekly.†
2.50 Brahms Chamber Music: †
4.05 Britten and Dvorak: Concert.†
4.55 News.
5.00 Mainly for Pleasure.†
6.30 Bach Cello Suites.†
7.00 Anacreon: Acts de ballet, music by Rameau (sung in French); records.†
8.00 Stockhausen: Gruppen.†
8.30 Cross Purposes with Frederic Raphael.
6.50 BBC Philharmonic Orchestra: Beethoven, Mozart, Strauss.†
9.50 Academy of St Martin-in-The-Fields String Octet: John Woolrich, Colin Matthews, Richard Rodney Bennett.†
10.45 Bach's 48: Piano Recital.†
11.15 News.
VHF only – Open University: 6.15am Organic Chemistry 6.35-6.55 Devotional Hinduism

Radio 2

5.00 Ray Moore.† 7.30 Terry Wogan.† 10.00 Jimmy Young.† 12.00 Music while you work.† 12.30 Judith Chalmers including 2.2 Sports Desk.† 2.30 Ed Stewart including 3.2 Sports Desk.† 4.00 David Hamilton including 4.2, 5.30 Sports Desk.† 6.00 Steve Jones including 6.45 Sport and Classified Results (mw only)† 7.30 Hubert Gregg says I Call it Style. 8.30 Folk on 2.† 9.30 Wit's end.† 9.57 Sports Desk. 10.00 The Law Game. 10.30 Brian Matthew († from midnight). 1.00 The Radio Orchestra.† 2.00 Patrick Lunt.†

Radio 1

6.00 Mike Smith. 7.00 Mike Read. 6.00 Simon Bates. 11.30 Dave Lee Travis, including 5.30 Newsbeat. 2.00 Steve Wright. 4.30 Janice Long, including 5.30 Newsbeat. 7.00 Frontline. 6.00 David Jensen 10.00 John Peel.† 12.00 Close. VHF RADIO 1 and 2: 5.00am-with Radio 2 10.00am with Radio 1. 12.00-5.00am with Radio 2

World Service

6.00 Newsdesk 7.00 World News 7.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 7.30 The Fred Woods Collection. 7.45 Network UK. 8.00 World News 8.09 Reflections 8.15 The World of Ukridge. 8.30 Arranged for the Piano 9.00 World News 9.09 Review of the British Press 9.15 The World Today 9.30 Financial News 9.40 Look Ahead. 9.45 Discovery 10.15 Lord Harewood's Musical Musings. 10.30 Rock Salad. 11.00 World News 11.09 News About Britain 11.15 Letter from London 12.00 Radio Newsreel 12.15 Brahms' Chamber Music 12.45 Sports Round-up 1.00 World News. 1.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary 1.30 Network UK. 1.45 A Jolly Good Show 2.30 Ann Veronica. 3.00 Radio Newsreel 3.15 Outlook. 4.00 World News 4.09 Commentary 4.15 Pluesuand's Progress 4.45 The World Today. 5.00 World News 5.09 Meridian. 8.00 World News. 8.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary. 9.15 Letter from London 9.25 Paperback Choice 9.30 Rock Salad. 10.00 World News 10.09 The World Today 10.25 Scotland This Week. 10.30 Financial News 10.40 Reflections. 10.45 Sports Round-up 11.00 World News 11.09 Commentary. 11.15 Latin 83. 11.30 Meridian. 12.00 World News. 12.09 News about Britain. 12.15 Radio Newsreel. 12.30 A Jolly Good Show 1.15 Outlook: News Summary 1.45 Report on Religion. 2.00 World News. 2.09 Review of the British Press 2.15 English Baroque Music 2.30 Ann Veronica. 3.00 World News 3.09 News about Britain 3.15 The World Today 3.30 Discovery. 4.00 Newsdesk 4.30 Waveguide 5.45 The World Today (all times in GMT)

The Grumbleweeds Radio Show – on ITV (times vary)

FREQUENCIES: Radio 1 MF 1053kHz/285m or 1089kHz/275m. Radio 2 MF 693kHz/433m or 909kHz/330m. Radio 1/2 VHF 88-91MHz. Radio 3 VHF 90-92.5MHz, MF 1215kHz/247m. Radio 4 LF 200kHz/1500m and VHF 92-95MHz. Greater London Area MF 720kHz/417m. LBC MF 1152kHz/261m, VHF 97.3MHz. Capital MF 1548kHz/194m, VHF 95.8MHz. BBC Radio London MF 1458kHz/206m and VHF 94.9MHz. World Service MF 648kHz/463m.

REGIONAL TELEVISION VARIATIONS

BBC 1

BBC WALES. 12.57-1.00pm News of Wales headlines. 3.53-3.55 News of Wales headlines. 6.00-6.25 Wales Today. 12.10-1.15am –Omnibus with Richard Baker. 1.15 News of Wales headlines and weather. Close. SCOTLAND 12.55-1.00pm Scottish News. 6.00-6.25 Reporting Scotland. 12.10am Scottish news summary and weather. NORTHERN IRELAND 12.57-1.00 Northern Ireland news. 3.53-3.55 Northern Ireland news. 6.00-6.25 Scene Around Six. 12.10 Northern Ireland news headlines and weather. Close. ENGLAND 6.00-6.25 Regional news magazine. 12.15am Close.

S4C

Starts: 2.10pm Ffalabalam. 2.20 Pakeezah. 4.50 Clwb S4C. 4.55 Pili-Pala. 5.00 Bilidowcar. 5.30 Battlestar Galatica. 6.25 Ark on the Move. 6.55 Gair yn ei Bryd. 7.00 Newyddion Saith. 7.30 Coleg. 8.00 Elinor. 8.40 Pontydd. 9.45 Joan of Arc. 10.30 Whatever You Didn't Get. 11.25 Closedown.

YORKSHIRE

As London except: 10.30 am Contact. 10.55 Country Rhapsody. 11.05 Joe 90. 12.30 pm-1.00 Looks Familiar. 3.30-4.00 Calendar. 5.15-5.45 Mork and Mindy. 6.00 Calendar. 6.40 Crossroads. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show. 11.30 Strictly Private. 12.00 Closedown.

ULSTER

As London except: 10.30am Tarzan. 11.20-11.30 Cartoon. 1.20pm-1.30 Lunchtime. 3.30-4.00 Looks Familar. 5.15-5.45 Diff'rent Strokes. 6.00 Good Evening, Ulster. 6.40 Crossroads. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show. 11.30 Were You There? 11.50 News. Closedown.

BORDER

As London except: 10.30 am Enchanted House. 10.40-11.30 It's a Musical World: Elkie Brooks. 1.20 pm-1.30 News. 3.30-4.00 Looks Familer. 5.15-5.45 Happy Days. 6.00 Lookaround. 6.40 Crossroads. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show. 11.30 Live at the Millionaire. 12.00 News. 12.03 am Closedown.

GRAMPIAN

As London except: 9.30am Sesame Street. 10.30 Cartoon. 10.40 Matt and Jenny on the wilderness trail. 11.05-11.30 World We Live In. 12.30pm-1.00 International Darts. 1.20-1.30 News. 3.30-4.00 Looks Familiar. 5.15-5.45 Mr Merlin. 6.00 North Tonight. 6.40 Crossroads. 7.05-7.35 Top Club 11.30 New Avengers. 12.30am News. 12.35 Closedown.

SCOTTISH

As London except: 10.30 am Black Beauty. 10.55 Beyond Westworld. 11.45-12.00 Fish out of Water 12.30 pm-1.00 Gardening Time. 1.20-1.30 News. 3.30-4.00 Looks Familiar. 5.15 Crossroads. 5.40-5.45 Job Spot. 6.00 Scotland Today. 6.35 What's Your Problem? 7.05-7.35 Late Call. 11.35 Lou Grant. 12.30 am Closedown.

ANGLIA

As London except: 10.30 am Wattoo Wattoo. 10.40 Joe 90. 11.05-11.30 History Makers. 12.30 pm-1.00 Gardening Time. 1.20-1.30 News. 3.30-4.00 Looks Familiar. 5.15-5.45 Holding the Fort. 6.00 About Anglia. 6.40 Crossroads. 7.05-7.35 Wisbech. 11.30 All Kinds fo Country: Roger Whittaker. 12.30 am Props of the Passion. Closedown.

CHANNEL

As London except: Starts 12.00-12.10pm Cockleshell Bay. 12.30 Paint Along With Nancy. 1.20 News. 3.20-4.00 Entertainers. 5.20-5.45 Crossroads. 6.00 Channel Report. 6.35 9 to 5. 7.05-7.35 Looks Familiar 11.30 The Streets of San Fransisco. 12.25am Weather/Closedown.

TVS

As Lndon except: 10.30 Cartoon. 10.40-11.30 Poseidon Files. 1.20-1.30pm News. 3.30-4.00 Looks Familiar. 5.15-5.45 Rdio. 6.00- Coast to Coast. 6.40 Crossroads. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show 11.30 Showcase. 11.45 Portrait of a Legend: Merle Haggard. 12.10am Company. Closedown.

GRANADA

As London except: 10.30am Polar Regions. 1.20pm-1.30 Granada Reports. 2.00-2.30 Exchange Flags. 3.30-4.00 Superstar Profile: Alan Alda. 5.15-5.45 Happy Days. 6.00 This Is Your Right. 6.05 Crossroads. 6.30 Granada Reports. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show. 11.30 Journey to the Unknown. 12.30am Closedown.

TSW

As London except: 9.30am Young Ramsay. 10.25 Praire Habitat. 10.40-11.30 Space 1999. 12.30pm-1.00 Paint Along with Nancy. 1.20-1.30 News. 3.30-4.00 Entertainers. 5.15 Gus Honeybun. 5.20-5.45 Crossroads. 6.00 Today South West. 6.30 Televiews. 6.35 9 to 5. 7.05-7.35 Looks Familiar. 11.30 Streets of San Francisco. 12.25am Postcript. 12.31 Closedown.

CENTRAL

As London except: 9.40am Film Fun. 10.05 Dick Tracy Returns. 10.25 Stingray. 10.50 Central Sport. 11.55-12.00 Wattoo, Wattoo. 12.30pm-1.00 Gardening Time. 1.20-1.30 News. 3.30-4.00 Afternoon Serial. 5.15-5.45 Looks Familiar. 6.00 Crossroads 6.25 News. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show 11.30 News. 11.35 Timeless Land. 12.35am Closedown.

HTV WEST

As London except: 10.30am Cartoon 10.40 Crazy World of Sport. 11.05-11.30 Black Beauty 12.30pm-1.00 Gardening Time. 1.20-1.30 News 3.30-4.00 Young Doctor. 5.15-5.45 Keep it in the Family. 6.00 News 6.40 Crossroads. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show 11.30 Strictly Private. 12.00 Closedown.

HTV WALES

As London except. 6.00pm-6.40 Wales at Six: With Michael Lloyd-Williams and Alan Rustad.

TYNE TEES

As London except: Starts 9.25am News 9.30 Young Ramsay 10.25 Cartoon. 10.35 Animated Classics. 11.25-11.30 Captain Nemo. 1.20pm-1.30 News and Lookaround. 3.30-4.00 The Gaffer. 5.15-5.45 Survival. 6.00 News. 6.02 Crossroads. 6.25 Northern Life. 7.05-7.35 Grumbleweeds Radio Show 11.30 The Waiters (Benny Hill). 12.00 What Are You Worth? 12.05am Closedown.

WHAT THE SYMBOLS MEAN. † STEREO. ★BLACK AND WHITE. (r) REPEAT.

CONCERTS

BARBICAN HALL, Barbican Centre EC2. cc: 01-638 8891. Res: 01-628 8795. Tonight 6.30pm. LSO. LSC Claudio Abbado, Edward Downes, James Judd conductors. Shirley Verrett mezzo-soprano. Stockhausen: Gruppen. Brahms: Alto Rhapsody. "St Anthony" Variations. Tomor 7.15pm. LSO Brass Ensemble. Edward Downes conductor.

THEATRES

CREDIT CARD INSTANT THEATRE BOOKING SERVICE, NO SURCHARGE, NO BOOKING FEE, TICKET POSTAGE 15p. ACTORS TOURING COMPANY rep Donmar Warehouse. ANOTHER COUNTRY – Queens. CALL ME MADAM – Victoria Palace. CAN'T PAY WON'T PAY – Criterion. CHILDREN OF A LESSER GOD – Albery. CONCERT SEASON – Wigmore Hall. CRYSTAL CLEAR – Wyndhams. KEY FOR TWO – Vaudeville. MARILYN – Adelphi. MR CINDERS – Fortune from April 9. NO SEX PLEASE WE'RE BRITISH – Garrick. THE MOUSETRAP – St Martins. THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE – Drury Lane. ROMANTIC COMEDY – Apollo. RUN FOR YOUR WIFE – Shaftesbury. YAKETY YAK – Astoria. HOTLINES: 01-930 9232 (8 LINES). Mon-Fri 9.30-6.30, Sat 9.30-5.30.

ADELPHI S CC 836 7611 Group sales 379 6061. Evgs 8.0 Mats Wed & Sat 3pm Credit Card Hotline 930 9232. "A GLITTERING TRIUMPH FOR STEPHANIE LAWRENCE" D Mirr. in MARILYN! The Musical. "Brilliantly staged" D. Tel. "Rapturous cheering" D. Mail. "JUST MAGIC!" D Mirr.

ALBERY. S 836 3878. cc 379 6565/930 9232. Grp Bkgs 836 3962/379 6061. Evgs 7.30. Thurs & Sat Mat 3.0. Plays Good Friday/Easter Mon. RON ALDRIDGE SARAH SCOTT CHILDREN OF A LESSER GOD. PLAY OF THE YEAR SWET 1981. Over 600 performances. ELIZABETH QUINN ACTRESS OF THE YEAR in a new play SWET 1981 (Sarah Scott plays until 11 April while Elizabeth Quinn is on holiday). "I WAS ENTHRALLED BY THIS UNUSUAL LOVE STORY," Daily Tel. "Riveting piece of drama." Guardian. "MAGICAL." Daily Mail. Dinner San Martino, Stalls £11.90

ALDWYCH scc 01-836 6404. 379 6233. Credit Cards only 836 0641. Mon-Fri 7.30. Sat 5.0 & 8.30. Wed Mat 2.30. Opens TONIGHT. (No mat Wed. March 30.) GRIFF RHYS JONES in CHARLEY'S AUNT. "WILDLY HYSTERICAL . . . DOCTORS SHOULD BE PREPARED TO TREAT SEVERAL HUNDRED ACHING SIDES" D. EXP. LIMITED SEASON 12 WKS ONLY. Group sales box office 379 6061.

AMBASSADORS S cc 836 1171. Grp Sales 379 6061. Evgs 8.00. Today Mat 3 & Sat Mat 5. No perf Good Fri. OVER 500 PERFORMANCES. 84 CHARING CROSS ROAD. Doreen Mantle, Rosalind Stevens. "Don't miss '84 Charing Cross Road'" Guardian. "It is sheer delight from beginning to end" TLS. LAST 2 WEEKS – ends Sat. 9th April. "Our thanks for an evening of rare pleasure" Plays & Players

APOLLO THEATRE 437 2663 cc Hotline 930 9232. Group Sales 379 6061. TOM CONTI PAULINE COLLINS in BERNARD SLADE'S ROMANTIC COMEDY. "Brilliantly controlled comedy playing" F. Times. "All the well-crafted polish one expects from this experienced dramatist" D. Tel. Evgs 8.0 Mats Weds 3.0 Sat 5.0

APOLLO VICTORIA 01-828 8665. Evgs 7.30. Sat Mat 2.30. SEASON EXTENDED UNTIL 7 MAY. WAYNE SLEEP. "The most exciting dancer in the world" with his record breaking show – DASH. "Outrageously funny" D. Tel. Special Easter Perfs. Good Fri 7.30. Easter Sat 2.30 & 7.30. Easter Mon 7.30. Reduction for families. Tel 01-828 8665 for details. Group Sales 01-379 6061. Party Bkgs 01-828 6188. TICKETS AVAILABLE TODAY. "DASH TO IT" D.Express. TOPOL in FIDDLER ON THE ROOF. Opens June 28 for 96 Perfs. 01-834 6177.

ARTS THEATRE 01-836 2132. STEVEN BERKOFF'S DECADENCE with Steven Berkoff & Linda Marlowe. "Technically Brilliant. A Supremely exciting Evening." T. Out. Tues-Fri 8.30. Sats 6.0 & 9.0. LAST 3 WEEKS.

ASHCROFT Croydon 01 688 9291 cc 01 681 0878 30 March-9 April (No performance Good Friday). IRENE HANDL as Mrs Malaprop. BERNARD ARCHARD as Sir Anthony Absolute. NORMAN ROSSINGTON as Sir Lucius O'Trigger THE RIVALS. Sheridan's witty comedy of manners.

ASTORIA Charing X Rd. 01-437 6565. c.c. 930 9232 Grp Sales 379 6061. "THE SONGS MAKE THE PRODUCTION A DELIGHT" O. Mirror. "OUTSTANDING, GLORIOUS . . . TRULY ELECTRIC" F Times. YAKETY YAK! Starring THE DARTS. The McGann Brothers. Mon-Thurs 8.00. Fri 6.30 & 9.15. Sat 6.0 & 9.0. Good Friday perfs 6.30 & 9.15. GREAT FOOD AVAIL. DURING THE SHOW AT SMOKIE JOE'S

BUSH THEATRE 743 3388. KATE by Daniel Mornin. Tues – Sun 8pm.

CHICHESTER FESTIVAL THEATRE SUMMER SEASON. Sponsored by Martini & Rossi Ltd. May 11-Oct 1. ALAN BATES in A PATRIOT FOR ME. GOOGIE WITHERS in TIME AND THE CONWAYS. PATRICIA HODGE in AS YOU LIKE IT. OMAR SHARIF in THE SLEEPING PRINCE. Priority booking only until April 16 for members. For priority booking form £3 subscription to: The Secretary, CFT Society, Chichester Festival Theatre, Chichester, West Sussex (0243) 785482. Public booking from April 18. Box Office (0243) 781312.

COMEDY THEATRE S 930 2578. CC Bkgs 839 1438 Grp Sales 379 6061. Mon-Fri 8.0. Sat 8.15. Mat Thurs 3, Sat 5.15. Prices £3-£8. (Not suitable for children.) No perf Good Friday. STEAMING by Nell Dunn. COMEDY OF THE YEAR. Swet Awards 1981. NOW IN ITS SECOND YEAR. "Overwhelming warm-heartedness" Gdn. "Funny and touching" D. Exp. "A SEXY LIFE-AFFIRMING SHOW" Times. Pre-show supper at Cafe Royal & stalls seat, only £9.90, Mon to Thurs. Over 600 perfs.

BARBICAN 01-628 8795 cc 01-638 8891. (Mon-Sat 10am-8pm. Sun 12.30-8pm). ROYAL SHAKESPEARE COMPANY. BARBICAN THEATRE–Booking Open for reduced price previews–from 7 April THE TAMING OF THE SHREW, from 21 April THE ROARING GIRL by Middleton & Dekker, from 5 May MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING, from 26 May KING LEAR. THE PIT–THE BODY from 22 April, new play by Nick Darke.

COTTESLOE (NT's small auditorium – low price tkts). Today 2.30 & 7.30 A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM by Shakespeare. (All tkts £4.80.) Tomor, Thur & Mon next 7.30, Sat 2.30 & 7.30 last 5 Perfs of THE SPANISH TRAGEDY.

CRITERION S 930 3216 cc 379 6565. Grps 836 3962. Mon to Thurs 8.00. Fri & Sat 5.15 & 8.50. Good Friday 8.00 Only. Plays Bank Hol Mon. Stud. Stdby £3.90. "GALES OF LAUGHTER" Times. CAN'T PAY? WON'T PAY! a farce by Dario Fo. LONGEST RUNNING FARCE IN THE WEST END. Nominated COMEDY OF THE YEAR 1981 SWET Awards. "Audience ROARED with recognition" . . . "MAKES YOU CLAP TO BE ALIVE" D. Tel. Pre-show supper Cafe Royal/best seat £10.90.

DONMAR WAREHOUSE, Covent Garden, Earlham Street. S cc 379 6565. SEATS FROM £2.80. ONLY 3 WEEKS LEFT TO SEE "the best acting ensemble now in London" – Gdn. ATC in REP. UBU, THE VANDALIST. All this wk 7.30, Sat 4.30 & 8 pm. "A real feast & great fun" – T.O. "Jarry's hysterically funny surrealism co-exists with a darker and more frightening vision. VIVID . . . prankish, scurrilous humour is given full rein" – Standard. THE TEMPEST. One mat only this wk. Weds. 2.30 "captivating!, funny, exciting, magical throughout" – D. Tel. NXT WK: TEMPEST. FOLLOWING WK PROVOKED WIFE REPLACES QUIXOTE.

DRURY LANE, Theatre Royal CC 836 8108. Group sales 379 6061. Evgs 7.30. Mats Wed & Sat 3.0. "An explosion of rapture, which, for a couple of solid and wonderful hours obliterates all else" D. Mail. OLIVER TOBIAS PETER NOONE RONALD FRASER ANNIE ROSS in THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE. "THE SHOW'S SENSATIONAL" D. Express. Credit Card Hotline 930 9232.

DUKE OF YORK'S S 836 5122 cc 836 9837 Mon-Thur 8.00. Fri & Sat 6.00 & 8.15 LIMITED SEASON. CHERYL CAMPBELL. "A performance that lies in the realms of minor miracles" D Mail. STEPHEN REA. "Brilliant" F Times. MISS JULIE "Perfect" S Times. "EXCITING 90 MINUTE DRAMA" D.T. Some good seats still avail for this "SENSATIONAL PRODUCTION" O.M. £8, £6, £4. Hurry! 4 wks only.

FORTUNE Cov Gdn 836 2238. DENIS LAWSON in MR CINDERS. Music by Vivian Ellis. "Pure joy – delicious" Punch "A triumph" Tms Prevs from April 19. CC Hotline 930 9232 Grps 379 6061.

GARRICK CC S 01-836 4601. Evgs 8.00. Wed Mat 3.00. Sat 5.00 & 8.00. Spec perf Gd Fri at 8 pm. 12th HYSTERICAL YEAR. LONGEST RUNNING COMEDY IN THE WORLD. NO SEX, PLEASE – WE'RE BRITISH. 2 HOURS OF NON-STOP LAUGHTER. Directed by Allan Davis. Group Sales Box Office 01-379 6061. Credit Card Hotline 01-930 9232. OVER 4,750 PERFS OF LONDON'S LONGEST RUNNING FARCE.

GLOBE cc 01-437 1592. DAISY PULLS IT OFF. PREVIEWS FROM 13th April OPENS 18th April Evgs 8.00 Mats Wed 3.00 Sat 5.00. Group Sales 379 6061. Advance Box Office now open.

GREENWICH. 01-858 7755. Evgs 7.45. Mats Sat 2.30. MAKING TRACKS by Alan Ayckbourn. Music by Paul Todd. "This endearing show" O. Tel. "This enjoyable evening" S. Times.

HAMPSTEAD THEATRE S 722 9301. Evgs 8.0. Sat Mat 4.30. SHORT LIST. A new play by Michael Rudman. "The whole evening is funny & truthful five pages from my diary only funnier. Superbly acted" S. A. Young F.T.

HAYMARKET THEATRE ROYAL 930 9832 Group Sales 01-379 6061. REX HARRISON DIANA RIGG ROSEMARY HARRIS FRANK MIDDLEMASS DORIS HARE, MEL MARTIN PAXTON WHITEHEAD PAUL CURRAN & SIMON WARD in HEARTBREAK HOUSE by Bernard Shaw. Directed by John Dexter. "With such performers giving such performances, no serious theatregoer will want to miss it" D. Tel. "This is the most resplendently cast production that has appeared in the West End for many a day" – Times. EVGS 7.30. MATS WED & SAT 2.30.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE 930 6606/7 cc 930 4025/6. Opens May 26. Red. price prevs. May 16. BUGSY MALONE on Stage. Advance Box Office Open. Group Sales 01-379 6061.

KINGS HEAD 226 1916. Prevs Dnr 6.45. Show 7.45 NOT ABOUT HEROES by Stephen MacDonald. FRINGE FIRST AWARD.

LA VIE EN ROSE. CC. 01 Windmill Street W1. THEATRE RESTAURANT CABARET, BAR, DANCING. Nightly at 10 pm. THE SPECTACULAR GLAMOROUS REVUE. BIZZARE. A BIG BRASH MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA. 'BIZZARE'. HUGE CAST OF INTERNATIONAL ARTISTES. Dinner, Dancing, Entertainment 7.30 – 2 am. Non-Diners Welcome. Reservations 437 6312/8380, 734 9198 and all leading agents. (No Booking Charge.)

LONDON PALLADIUM S 01-437 7373. NIGHTLY AT 7.30. MATINEES SAT ONLY AT 2.45. THE TWO RONNIES. LIMITED SEASON TO MAY 21. Ring Hotline 01-734 8961 for an instant Credit Card Booking. SPEND EASTER WITH THE TWO RONNIES AT THE LONDON PALLADIUM. SPECIAL PERFS GOOD FRI AT 7.30. EASTER SAT AT 2.45 & 7.30. EASTER MON AT 7.30.

LONDON PALLADIUM 01-437 7373. OPENING JUNE 30. FIRST EVER STAGE PRODUCTION. TOMMY STEELE in SINGIN' IN THE RAIN. Box office now open for all perfs July 1-Jan 28. For instant confirmed Credit Card Bookings ring 01-437 7373 or 01-437 2055.

LYRIC HAMMERSMITH S CC 741 2311. THEATRE CLOSED GOOD FRIDAY. Evgs 7.30. Mat Tomor. Thur 2.30. Sat 4.30 & 8.15. BLACK LIGHT THEATRE OF PRAGUE. A dazzling display of colour, magic and illusion. LYRIC STUDIO: Prev Ton't. Tomor 8.0. Opens Thur 7.0. Sub Evgs 8.0. Mat Sat 4.15. COMMEDIA by Marcella Evaristi.

LYRIC THEATRE 437 3686 c.c. Group Sales 379 6061. From April 7 Reduced price prevs until April 11. BARBARA DICKSON in BLOOD BROTHERS. The WILLY RUSSELL Musical.

LYTTELTON (NT's proscenium stage) Ton't 7.45. A MAP OF THE WORLD by David Hare. Tomor 7.45. WAY UPSTREAM.

MAYFAIR S cc 629 3036. Mon-Thur 8, Fri & Sat 5 & 8.30. RICHARD TODD. Eric Lander, Brigid O'Hara in THE BUSINESS OF MURDER. "The best thriller for years" S.Mir. "An unabashed winner" S.Ex. "A thriller that achieves it all. Sensational" Times. "The most ingenious mystery to have appeared in a decade. A play to be seen".

MERMAID THEATRE S 01-236 5568. CC 01-236 5324. Grp Sales 379 6061. Mon to Thurs 8.0 Fri & Sat 6.45 & 9.15. TOYAH WILLCOX to TRAFFORD TANZI by Claire Luckham. "The most innovative and entertaining show in London" Cosmopolitan. Nominated COMEDY OF THE YEAR SWET Awards 1982. At Fri & Sat 6.45 shows, Julia North plays Tanzi. BUY YOUR SEATS AT ANY KEITH PROWSE AT SAME PRICE AS THEATRE BOX OFFICE.

NATIONAL THEATRE. S cc 928 2252. FOR REPERTOIRE SEE SEPARATE ENTRIES UNDER OLIVIER/LYTTELTON/COTTESLOE. Excellent cheap seats day of perf all 3 theatres. Also standby from 10am on day of perf. Car park. Restaurant 928 2033. Credit card bkgs 928 5933. TOURS OF THE BUILDING daily (inc backstage) £1.50. Info 633 0880.

NEW LONDON cc Drury Lane WC2 01-405 0072 or 01-404 4079. Evgs 7.45 Tues & Sat 3.0 & 7.45. THE ANDREW LLOYD WEBBER/T. S. ELIOT AWARD WINNING MUSICAL CATS. Group Bookings 01-405 1567 or 01-379 6061. Apply daily to Box Office for returns. LATECOMERS NOT ADMITTED WHILE AUDITORIUM IS IN MOTION. PLEASE BE PROMPT. Bars open 6.45pm. NOW BOOKING TO JAN '84.

OLIVIER (NT's open stage) Low Price Prev Sat 7.15 THE RIVALS by Sheridan.

PALACE 437 6834 cc 437 8327. NOW BOOKING THROUGH 1983. "ANDREW LLOYD WEBBER'S LATEST TRIUMPH" D Exp. SONG AND DANCE. Starring GEMMA CRAVEN AND JOHN MEEHAN. "AN EXPLOSION OF MAGIC. SUPERSTUFF – RUN TO IT" S Times. Evgs 8.0. Fri & Sat 5.45 & 8.30. Some good seats still available most perfs. Group sales 437 6834/379 6061.

PHOENIX 836 8611. GEORGIE FAME with THE BLUE FLAMES. TONIGHT ONLY at 8.30pm. Tickets £8, £6, £4, £2.

PRINCE EDWARD. Tel 01-437 6877. Tim Rice and Andrew Lloyd Webber's EVITA. Dir. Hal Prince. Evgs 8.0. Low price mats Thurs & Sat at 3.0. Evg. Perfs end 10.15. C.C. Hotline 439 8499. Group Sales 379 6061 or Box office. Extra perf Good Friday 3.0.

PRINCE OF WALES THEATRE 930 8681. CC Hotline 930 0846. Group sales 01-379 6061 or booking on entry. BERNIE WINTERS & LESLIE CROWTHER in UNDERNEATH THE ARCHES. The Smash Hit Family Musical. Nominated for MUSICAL OF THE YEAR SWET Awards. "MARVELLOUS" D. Mail. "IT'S FABULOUS ENTERTAINMENT" N-O-W. Mon-Thurs 7.30, Fri & Sat 5.15 & 8.30. SPECIAL RATE £4 ANY TICKET. Children, OAPs, Students. Mon. to Thurs 7.30 & Fri 5.15. NOW TAKING POSTAL BOOKINGS TO JANUARY 1984.

RAYMOND REVUEBAR cc 734 1593. Mon-Sat 7 p.m., 9 p.m., 11 p.m. Paul Raymond presents THE FESTIVAL OF EROTICA. Now! New acts. New thrills. New sensations for this our SILVER JUBILEE 1958-1983.

QUEEN'S, SCC 01-734 1166. 439 3849, 4031. Credit Cards 01-930 9232. Group Sales 01-379 6061. Evenings 8.00. Mat Wed 3.00. Sat 5.15, 8.30. PLAY OF THE YEAR 1982 Society of West End Theatre Award 'ANOTHER COUNTRY' by Julian Mitchell.

ROYAL COURT S cc 730 1745. Joint Stock in Howard Barker's VICTORY. Choices in reaction. Evgs 8.00, Sat Mat 3.00. Mat Sat all seats £2. No perf Gd Fri Easter Monday.

ROYAL COURT THEATRE UPSTAIRS 730 2554. Paines Plough in WELCOME HOME by Tony Marchant. Evgs 7.30 "Very highly recommended" T. Out. No Perf Gd Fri · Easter Mon.

SAVOY. 836 8888. Credit cards only 01-836 0641. Monday-Friday evgs. 7.45. Mats Wed 3.0 Sats 5.0 & 8.30. BEST COMEDY OF THE YEAR. Standard Drama Award AND Society of West End Theatre Award. BENJAMIN WHITROW PHYLLIDA LAW ROBERT FLEMYNG JOHN QUAYLE GABRIELLE DRAKE GLYN GRAIN in MICHAEL FRAYN'S NEW COMEDY NOISES OFF. Directed by MICHAEL BLAKEMORE. "THE FUNNIEST PLAY I HAVE EVER SEEN IN THE WEST-END" Times.

SHAFTESBURY, Shaftesbury Ave. THEATRE OF LAUGHTER. Richard BRIERS Bernard CRIBBINS Peter BLAKE Sam COX Helen GILL Carol HAWKINS Royce MILLS Bill PERTWEE. RUN FOR YOUR WIFE. A NEW COMEDY. Written and Directed by Ray COONEY. OPENS Tonight at 7.00. Sub Evgs 7.30. Mats Wed 2.30, Sats 5.0 & 8.30. Lower Prices (Mon-Thurs £6.50, £5.25, £4.00, £2.75, £1.50) (Fri & Sat £8.00, £6.50, £5.00, £3.50, £2.00) (Wed. Mats £1.00 to £5.00.) Box Office 01-930 8577. Credit Card Hotlines 01-930 9232 (8 lines). Group Bookings 01-379 6061.

STRAND WC2 01-836 2660 4143. Credit Cards only 01-836 0641. Evgs 7.30. Wed 2.30. Sat 5.0 & 8.30. No perf Easter Monday. BEST PLAY OF THE YEAR. Standard Drama Award AND Plays & Players London Critics Award. FELICITY KENDAL ROGER REES in TOM STOPPARD'S new play THE REAL THING with Polly Adams, Jeremy Clyde. Directed by Peter Wood.

ST. MARTIN'S. 836 1443. Special CC No 930 9232. Evgs. 8.00. Tues. 2.45. Sats 5.00 & 8.00. AGATHA CHRISTIE'S THE MOUSETRAP. 31st YEAR. SORRY. No reduced prices from any source, but seats bookable from £3.00

TRICYCLE 328 8626. Eves 8pm Sat Mat 4.30 pm. Foco Novo presents Brecht's PUNTILA "A comic masterpiece" T. Out.

VAUDEVILLE THEATRE WC2. 836 9988 cc 01-930 9232 (8 lines). Group Sales 379 6061. MOIRA LISTER PATRICK CARGILL BARBARA MURRAY GLYN HOUSTON IN LONDON'S FUNNIEST FARCE KEY FOR TWO. By John Chapman & Dave Freeman. NOMINATED FOR SWET AWARDS 1982 "COMEDY OF THE YEAR". Evgs Mon-Fri 8.0. Mats Wed 2.45. Sat 5.0 & 8.0. ALL THE HALLMARKS OF A 1982 WEST END SUCCESS. D. Exp. "UNDENIABLY FUNNY" S. Exp.

VICTORIA PALACE 834 1317-8 cc Hotline 930 9232. Group Sales 379 6061. "Call it a hit . . . madam is on stage to stay". NOELE GORDON "the hostess with the mostest" O. Mail in IRVING BERLIN'S SPECTACULAR MUSICAL CALL ME MADAM. Evgs 7.30 Mats Weds & Sats 3.00.

WHITEHALL 930 6692, 7765. 6. S. CC 839 6975 Grp Sales 01-379 6061. LE CIRQUE IMAGINAIRE. £6.50, £5.50, £4.50 & £3.50. Evs Wed-Sat 7.30. Sun 4.30. FINAL WEEK must end April 4. Special perfs Good Friday 7.30 Easter Sun & Mon 4.30.

WYNDHAM'S S 836 3028 cc 379 6565/930 9232 Grps 836 3962. Evgs 8.15 Wed Mats 3.00. Sat 8.30 & 8.50. Plays Gd Fri & Easter Mon. "A PLAY THE WHOLE WORLD SHOULD SEE" D. Tel. CRYSTAL CLEAR. Devised & directed by Phil Young. "STUNNING NEW PLAY" F.T. "BEAUTIFUL AND MOVING" Std. Some seats available most perfs.

YOUNG VIC STUDIO 928 6363. Today & Sat 11.00 GREAT LONDON SPACE ADVENTURE for 8/11-yr.-olds. Seats 50p.

YOUNG VIC (Waterloo) 928 6363. ROBIN HOOD Musical success. £2.30, child £1.75. Mat Tue 2. Sat 3. Eve Wed Thur Sat 7.

CINEMAS

ACADEMY 1. 437 2981. Brecht's KUHLE WAMPE (PG) and Godard IT'S MY LIFE (18) Progs 2.00 (not Sun). 6.00. 8.00.

ACADEMY 2. 437 5129. Eduardo De Gregorio's ASPERN (PG) Progs. 2.20 (not Sun). 4.30. 6.40. 8.50.

ACADEMY 3. 437 8819. Ismail Merchant's THE COURTESANS OF BOMBAY (PG) and James Ivory's AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF A PRINCESS (PG) Progs 3.30 (Sat. Sun only) 6.00, 8.30.

CAMDEN PLAZA. 485 2443 opp. Camden Town Tube. ANTONIONI'S IDENTIFICATION OF A WOMAN (18) Film at 3.25, 6.00, 8.35.

CIC CINEMAS Tel: 437 1234. Seats bookable for last evening performance (not late night shows). Advance box office and Access/Visa Telephone Bookings open 11 am to 7 pm Monday to Saturday. OFF PEAK TICKETS All day Monday and afternoon performances Tuesday to Friday £2. EMPIRE 1 Leicester Square. E.T. (U) The Extra Terrestrial. 70mm and 6 Track Dolby Stereo. Sep progs daily. 1.00, 3.30, 6.00, 8.30. EMPIRE 2 AN OFFICER AND A GENTLEMAN (15) (AA). Sep. progs daily 12.30, 3.00, 5.45, 8.30. PLAZA 1, Off Piccadilly Circus 48 HRS (18 (X)). Sep progs. daily. 2.00. 4.15, 6.30, 8.45. Plaza 2. THE DARK CRYSTAL (PG) (A). In 70mm Stereo Sound. Sep progs daily 1.00, 3.00, 6.45, 8.30. PLAZA 3. MY FAVOURITE YEAR (PG). Sep progs daily. 2.00. 4.15, 6.30, 8.45. PLAZA 4. AIRPLANE II THE SEQUEL (PG). Sep. progs daily 1.00. 3.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00. No Smoking Area. No Smoking.

CURZON, Curzon St. W1. 01-499 3737. Julie Christie, Shashi Kapoor in "HEAT AND DUST" 15. Film at 1.00 (not Sun) 3.30, 6.00 & 8.35pm. "It is quite simply superb" D. Tel. "See it and marvel" F.T. Seats at £3.50 bkble in advance for 8.35 perf daily and 3.30 & 6.00 Sat, Sun & Good Fri/Easter Mon. Advance Box Office open 11am-7.30pm Mon-Sat.

EVERYMAN CINEMA, 435 1525. Hampstead Tube. Edwardo Cozarinsky's ONE MAN'S WAR (PG). Progs. 3.00 (Not Sun), 5.00. 7.00. 9.00.

GATE BLOOMSBURY, 1 & 2. 837 8402/1177. 1 MAO TO MOZART (U) 3.45, 5.30, 7.15, 9.00. Last 2 days starts Thurs BATTLE OF ALGIERS (18). 2 A QUESTION OF SILENCE (15). 3.30, 5.15, 7.00, 8.45. Major Credit Cards accepted.

GATE MAYFAIR 493 2031. MAYFAIR HOTEL, Stratton Street, Green Pk Tb. 36 CHOWRINGHEE LANE (15) 5.00, 7.00, 9.00. Last 2 days starts Thurs MAO TO MOZART (U).

GATE NOTTING HILL 221 0220 727 5750. BATTLE OF ALGIERS (18) 4.25, 6.35, 8.50. Last 2 days starts Thurs PIXOTTE (18). Major credit cards accepted.

LEICESTER SQUARE THEATRE (930 5252). The Boys in Blue (PG). Sep progs 1.25, 3.50, 6.20, 8.50. No advance booking.

LUMIERE CINEMA 836 0691 St Martin's Lane, WC2 (Leicester Square Tube). YILMAZ GUNEY'S YOL (15). Must end Wed 30. Progs 1.30, 3.50, 6.10, 8.35. From Thurs 31 SY BERBERG'S film of WAGNER'S PARSIFAL (PG) (31 Mar-20 Apr only) All seats bookable. Access and Visa welcome.

MINEMA 45 Knightsbridge 235 4225. "Has to be seen" (Guardian). THE DRAUGHTSMAN'S CONTRACT (15). Daily 3.00, 6.00, 7.00, 9.00. ALL SEATS BOOKABLE IN ADVANCE BY PHONE. Box Office Open Daily 2.40 to 9.00pm. Extra perf Fri & Sat 11.00pm.

ODEON HAYMARKET (930 2738) Burt Lancaster in LOCAL HERO (PG) Sep progs Dly 2.25, 5.50, 8.35. All seats bookable at Box Office or by post. Access and Visa telephone bookings welcome.

ODEON LEICESTER SQUARE (930 6111) JON VOIGHT in TABLE FOR FIVE (PG) Sep progs Doors open 1.00, 4.20, 7.45. TABLE FOR FIVE at 2.05, 5.25, 8.50. Advance booking on last complete perf only by post or at Box Office. Access and Barclaycard accepted 24hrs in advance.

ODEON MARBLE ARCH W2 (723 2011/2). Richard Attenborough's film GANDHI (PG) in 70mm. Sep perfs every day. Doors 1.45, 6.45. Mon-Fri eve perf and all weekend perfs bookable at Box Office. (Open every day 1.00pm-8.00pm) or by post. Reduced prices for children.

SCREEN ON THE HILL 435 3366 (Belsize Park Tube). Fassbinder's Last Masterpiece. VERONIKA VOSS (15) 2.20, 4.35, 7.00, 9.00 ring 435 9787 after 3pm for bookings.

WARNER 2 LEIC. SQ. (439 0791) Richard Attenborough's film GANDHI (PG) in 70mm & Dolby. Doors 2.00, 6.45 p.m.; 7.18 perfs and all weekend perfs bookable at box office (open 11-7 weekdays and 1.30-7 Suns) or by post.

EXHIBITIONS

GET AHEAD OF TECHNOLOGY by visiting the Telecom Technology Showcase. A fascinating display of past, present and future telecommunications, Baynard House, 135 Queen Victoria Street, EC4 (Blackfriars tube). Mon-Thurs 10am-4.30pm. Information line 01-236 0809. Admission free.

ROYAL ACADEMY, Burlington House, Piccadilly. Open 10-6 daily. Reduced rates for students, OAP's registered unemployed and on Sunday mornings. The Cimabue Crucifix, until 4th April including Good Friday and Easter Sunday. Adm. £1. Alan Gwynne Jones, R.A., until 4th April. Adm. £1.20.

ROYAL FESTIVAL HALL Ballroom floor until April 10. Gerald Scarfe. An exhibition of drawings, sculpture, newly created and existing, and film design work presented by the Greater London Council. Open from 10am-10.30pm weekdays, and 10pm-10pm Sundays.

ART GALLERIES

AGNEW GALLERY, 43 Old Bond St. W1. 629 6176. DAVID ROBERTS R.A. Original coloured lithographs of the Holyland. Until 31 March. Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5.30

AGNEW GALLERY 43 Old Bond St. W1. 629 6176. A century of print publishing 1817-1917. A selection of prints published by Agnew. Until 29 April. Mon-Fri 9.30-5.30.

ANTHONY d' OFFAY, 9 & 23 Dering St. W1. Spencer Gore Paintings. Ends March 30th

BANKSIDE GALLERY, 48 Hopton Street, Blackfriars, London SE1. Royal Society of Painters in Watercolours – Spring Exhibition until May 15th. Tues-Sats. 10-5 Suns 2-6. Closed Mondays and Good Friday.

BRITISH LIBRARY, Gt Russell St. WC1. The Mirror of the World: antiquarian maps. Until 31 Dec. Virgil the 2,000th anniversary. Until 4 April. Wkdys 10-5 Suns 2.30-6. Adm free. Closed 1 April

BRITISH PRINTS 1880-1939. From W Nicholson to Surrealism. SICKERT-JOHN-CAMDEN TOWN-VORTICISM. FIRST WAR-NASH-SUTHERLAND etc. Mon-Fri 9.30-5.00 Sat 10.30-1.00. WILLIAM WESTON GALLERY 7 Royal Arcade, Albemarle St. W1

BROWSE & DARBY 19 Cork St. W1. 01-734 7984 FRENCH & BRITISH Paintings, Drawings & Sculpture.

CRAFTS COUNCIL, 12 Waterloo Pl. Lower Regent Street, SW1. Tel 01-930 4811. QUILTING, PATCHWORK & APPLIQUE 1700-1982: Sewing as a Woman's Art. Until 3 Apr. Tue-Sat. 10-5. Sun 2-5. Closed Mon. Adm. £1.

CRANE KALMAN GALLERY 178 Brompton Rd. SW3. 01-584 7566. COLLECTORS' ITEMS III. Monet, Degas, Braque, Picasso, Vlaminck, Dufy, Nicholson, Ernst, Moore, Sutherland, etc. Daily 10-6, Sats 10-4.

FINE ART SOCIETY, 148 New Bond St. W1. 01-629 5116. Richard Eurich at 80.

GILLIAN JASON GALLERY, 42 Inverness St. W1. DAVID BOMBERG.

GIMPEL FILS 30 Davies St W1 493 2488 SUSAN HILLER Recent works. Now Publication.

HAYWARD GALLERY (Arts Council), South Bank, London SE1. LANDSCAPE IN BRITAIN 1850-1950, until 17 April. Mon-Thurs 10-8, Fri & Sat 10-6, Sun 12-6. Adm £1.60, all day Mon and Tues-Thurs 6-8 pm 80p. closed Good Friday, 1 April, open Easter Monday, 4 April.

LEFEVRE GALLERY, 30 Bruton St., W1. 01-493 1572/3. Contemporary paintings on view. Mon-Fri 10-5 and Sats 10-12.45.

LUMLEY CAZALET, 24 Davies St. W1. Late 19th & 20th. Cent. Original Prints. Also drawings by MATISSE.

NICOLA JACOBS GALLERY, 9 Cork Street, London W1. Tel 01-437 3868. THE FIGURATIVE EXHIBITION until 23rd April.

NOORTMAN & BROD 8 Bury Street, St James's, SW1. 01 839 2606. "Autour des Impressionnistes" Exhibition of Barbizon and pre-impressionist Paintings. Mon-Fri 9.30-5.30 until 22nd April.

RICHARD GREEN GALLERY, 4 New Bond St, W1. 499 5488. EXHIBITION OF OLD LONDON VIEWS. Paintings & Prints. Daily 10-6, Sats 10-12.30.

VICTORIA & ALBERT MUSEUM, S. Ken. Henry Cole Wing open (Prints, Drawings, Paintings, Photographs). Show business: images from the Theatre Museum. Until 1st April. Adm. free. Wkdys 10.00-5.50. Closed Fridays. Recorded information. 01-581 4894.

Four Nazis to stand trial

From Michael Binyon
Bonn

Four men in their seventies are to go on trial here in the autumn on charges of deporting Jews from the South of France to their deaths in Auschwitz during the war.

The four former members of the SS, Walter Nahrich 74, Modest Graf Korff, 74, both from Bad Godesberg, which is now part of Bonn, Richard Freise, 74, from Lohmar, near Bonn, and Rolf Bilharz, 73, from Stuttgart, are accused of organizing the deportations between March 1942 and May 1944 and causing the resulting deaths of 73,000 Jews.

Three of the accused deny any personal responsibility for the deportations, saying they believed the Jews were being sent to work in the east. Herr Bilharz, however, has admitted that he knew about the fate of the Jews.

The trial is expected to last many months, and two former Nazis, Kurt Lisheka and Herbert Hagen, sentenced recently to 10 and six years imprisonment for war crimes, are expected to be called as witnesses.

The trial will take place shortly before proceedings open against Klaus Barbie, also from Bad Godesberg. The Gestapo chief of Lyons, now under arrest in France. One of those who have brought the case in Germany is the French lawyer, M Serge Klarsfeld, who revealed Barbie's presence in Bolivia.

Three conductors and three orchestras prepare for a unique event in the London Symphony Orchestra season at Barbican Hall – today's performance of Stockhausen's "Gruppen". Edward Downes (left), Claudio Abbado and James Judd will coordinate the 109 players

Frank Johnson in the Commons

Formal outrage from the Caledonian wing

Mr Nigel Lawson, the Secretary of State for Energy, made the formal statement yesterday appointing Mr Ian MacGregor chairman of the coal board. The Labour Opposition made the formal outrage.

Mr MacGregor got the job on a broad basis of disagreement between Government and opposition. Mr Lawson suggested that Mr MacGregor knew a lot about coal mines. Labour members denied it.

Mr Lawson suggested that Mr MacGregor's age (70) would not prevent Mr MacGregor, from time to time, going down coal mines. Labour members denied that, too. Mr Lawson suggested that Mr MacGregor was a Scotsman. Labour members achieved the feat of denying that as well.

The fact that he is a Scotsman is one of the few facts about Mr MacGregor which is not a matter of opinion. Either he is one, or he is not.

The fact that Mr Lawson was able to arouse Labour disagreement simply by asserting that Mr MacGregor was a Scotsman was a tribute to this minister's fabled powers of controversy. So some account is surely in order of yesterday's dispute on the subject of to which ethnic group Mr MacGregor belonged.

Giving the House some account of Mr MacGregor's background and qualification who was sent to Washington by the Government during the war to deal with certain aspects of the purchase of arms from the United States."

But at the controversial phrase, "Mr MacGregor is a Scotsman", there was a considerabel din from Caledonian Labour memers. They shouted denials that this man was a member of the master race. "He's ao Amercian, he's an American", they cried.

They seemed to be asking one another: when did this American ever scribblee a few Waverley novels, paint the Forth Bridge and than start again once it was finished, climb up Eros oo the night of the England-Scotland game, urinate in the lift of a Gorbals high-rise – or perform any of the othe feats for which the race is renowned?

Mr Dinnis Canavan, thje left wing Labour member for Stirlingshire, West, was especially insulted. Unlike this American, Mr Canavan has been a practising Scotsmao all his life.

When Mr Lswson got to the bit where Mr MacGregor was sent to Washiogton during the war, Mr Canavan roared: "Send 'im bark."

When Mr Lawson resumed his seat after the statement, Mr John Smith, the Opposition spokesman on energy, took up the race issue. "Mr MacGregor may be a Scot by birth, but he is an American by choice", he said, thus depicting Mr MacGregor as a sort of managerial Burgess or Maclean who had fled Scotland, perhaps because of misguided idealism, for what he had erroneously considered a superior economic system.

Perhaps Mr Smith was protesting too much? Perhaps Mr Smith had something to hide? True, he has the accent and the constituency (Lanark, North). But could there be a more sinisterly English name than "John Smith"?

Apart from this, the parliamentary uproar over Mr MacGregor's appointment passed off uneventfully.

One of two Conservative backbenchers expressed disappointment at our having to send to America for a chairman of a British nationalised industry – or to Scotland. But there, for the time being, members were prepared to leave the matter.

Earlier, there were complaints at question time about breakfast parliament. Members complained about the new way in which the account of the previous day's proceedings is presented on BBC radio's *Today* programme.

Mr Frank Hooley, a Labour backbencher, protested to the Leader of the House, Mr John Biffen, that it was "trivial and frivolous." Perhaps there was thought to be too much emphasis on the "Famous Five" – Mrs Thatcher, Mr Foot, Mr Jenkins, Mr Steel, and Mr Canavan.

The show – presumably called *Good Morning Voters* – seemed to need major changes. In Aitken-like mood, Mr Hooley said it was time "the House took control" over the broadcasting of its proceedings.

One of the complaints perhaps is that the Famous Five are allowed to do what they like without any discipline from the programme controller, Mr Speaker Thomas. It was not clear whether Mr Hooley wanted more or less of Ford (Ben – of Bradford North) or Rippon (Geoffrey, Hexham). Perhaps he wants more Hooley. But at the next general election Jay is going – Douglas (Battersea North).

Hopes are 'gloomy' for Poles seeking asylum

Continued from page 1

immediately found passages to other European countries.

The Home Office said that the six remaining people from the vessel were "unaccounted for"

Immigrant welfare workers are gloomy about the chances of an of the refugees being granted political asylum. Because of the technical details of their flight from the ship, they will all be judged under the immigration rules used in the case of the Romanian Mr Staneu Papusoiu, whose repatriation will be the subject of a debate in the House of Lords today.

As visitors from a ship, the Poles were given 24 hours' leave to stay in Britain. By the time most of them had made their way to London, talked to Polish welfare organizations, and approached the immigration authorities, the 24 hours had expired, thus making them illegal immigrants. Under the present rules, illegal immigrants have no right of appeal if they are refused leave to stay.

According to some of the welfare organizations, the refugees were shocked to find that the immigration rules had changed on March 10.

Sydney crowds mob Princess of Wales

Continued from page 1

hesitant "Pom" airman, but "this vast and exciting land" had made him feel utterly at home by the open and forthright welcome they had given him.

The Prince said he hoped some of the sounds and smells of the real Australia were being impressed on the sub-conscious of nine-months-old Prince William.

He described Australia as a "lucky country". He felt sure its people would take the opportunities and challenges it offered in overcoming their short-term problems.

The speeches over, the Prince and Princess watched a short programme of singing and dancing performed in the shadow of the Opera House, Australia's cultural centre. It included the dancing of a pop number by high school girls.

The nine schoolgirls, aged from 12 to 16, wore stunning skintight costumes of red, white and blue.

The Princess was surrounded by the crowds as the party made their way to their waiting car. At one moment she was almost engulfed by well-wishers, hundreds of whom ducked under barriers and ran towards her.

Only firmness by the police prevented the walkabout from degenerating into chaos as a sea of hands stretched out towards the Princess. She was showered with flowers and presents for Prince William as she reached out to shake as many hands as possible. At times, it seemed she would be pulled bodily into the crowd, so great was their enthusiasm.

Half-a-dozen anti-royalists had a hostile reception from the massive crowd. A small placard which read: "Go home Royals" was ripped from their hands by an old lady, torn to shreds and thrown at their feet. Special Branch officers had to protect them from hostile neighbours.

Hundreds of people thronged around the Rolls-Royce as the Prince and Princess prepared to drive to Parliament House. As the motorcade drove off, the city centre came to a standstill.

At Parliament House a tumultuous welcome before going in to lunch with Mr Bob Hawke, the Prime Minister. After resting for the afternoon, they attended a ball at the Wentworth hotel.

The 486 guests dined on a menu of lobster, beef fillet and strawberries. Then Prince Charles took his wife on to the parquet floor to lead the dancing. His vigorous approach left some guests surprised as he entered into the informal spirit of Australia.

Another photograph page 6

THE TIMES INFORMATION SERVICE

Today's events

Royal engagements

The Queen holds an investiture at Buckingham Palace, 11.

The Duke of Edinburgh opens the Billy Butlin Youth Recreation Centre and attends a charity luncheon in aid of the Duke of Edinburgh's Award Scheme, St John, Jersey, 11.20; as President of the Westminster Abbey Trust he chairs a meeting of Trustees at Buckingham Palace, 5; and as an honorary member he attends the 80th anniversary dinner of the Crimes Club, Piccadilly Hotel, W1 7.15

The Duke of Kent, as Vice-Chairman of the British Overseas Trade Board, visits the Ferranti company at Edinburgh, 3; and as Patron and President he visits the Edinburgh branch of the British Computer Society, City Chambers, Edinburgh, 6.

Prince and Princess Michael of Kent attend the Ulster Defence Regiment Banquet, Mansion House, 7.15.

New exhibitions

Work by Richard Long, Arnolfini Gallery, Narrow Quay, Bristol: Tues to Sat 11 to 8, closed Sun and Mon (until May 7).

Summer exhibition for Cookham Festival, Stanley Spencer Gallery, King's Hall, High Street, Cookham-on-Thames: 11 to 5 before Easter, 10.30 to 6 after Easter (until March 31).

Fresh and Refreshing: New paintings of corners of the countryside by Mervyn Goode, Fraser Carver Gallery, High Street, Thames Ditton: Tues to Sat 10 to 5.30, Sun 2 to 5 (until April 16).

Paintings, collages and constructions by Michael Rennie, Festival Gallery, Pierrepont Place, Bath: Tues to Sat 11 to 5 (until April 16).

Three Canadian sculptors, arranged by the Canadian High Commission, Bradford Museum and Art Gallery, Cartwright Hall: Tues to Sun 10 to 5, closed April 1 (until May 8).

The West Country Scene: Paintings, drawings and prints over two centuries, New Gallery, Abele Tree House, 9 Fore Street, Dudleigh Salterton: Tues to Sat 10 to 5.30 (until April 23).

Acton Scott Working Farm Museum, demonstrating life on a Shropshire upland farm before the petrol engine, Acton Scott, near Church Stretton: Mon to Sat 10 to 5, Sun and Bank Holidays 10 to 6 (until Oct 31).

Paintings by Billy Paterson, Maclaurin Art Gallery, Rozelle Park, Ayr: Mon to Sat 11 to 5, Sun 2 to 5 (from today until April 17).

Talks, lectures

Technology of stone tools and weapons, by Stephen Kerry: Bradford Industrial Museum, Moorside Road, 7.30

Music

Piano recital by Richard Orlando Thompson, Henry Wood Hall, Glasgow, 7.30.

Concert by St Cecilia Choral Society with the Aurelian Ensemble, Christ Church, Chelmsford, 7.30.

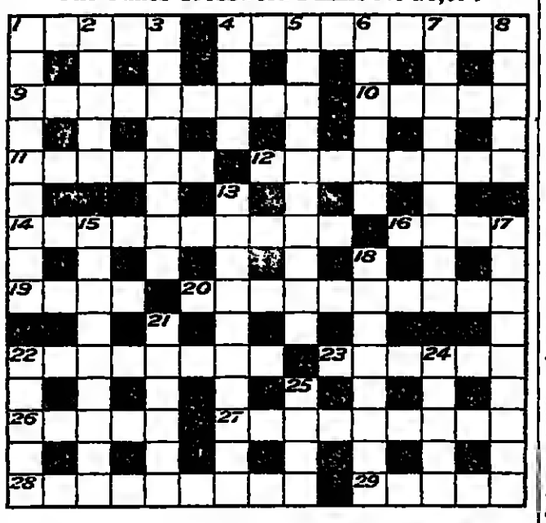
Organ recital by Martin Schebenburg, Colston Hall, Bristol, 7.30.

Concert by Hallé Orchestra, St David's Hall, Cardiff, 7.30.

Concert by Belfast Chorale and Belfast Youth Chorale, Fisherwick Presbyterian Church, Belfast, 8.

Music to Taste, an evening with a Victorian family, with Pamela Cook (contralto), Anthony Hodson, Dave Shorten, John and Michael Neaum (male voice quartet), Michael Neaum (piano) and Cantamus; Civic Theatre, Mansfield, 7.30.

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 16,090



ACROSS

1 Blue-stocking queen's domain? (5).
4 Heavenly being given pon! (9).
9 Literary exercise – one concerned with exactitude (9).
10 Part of the hall owner let (5).
11 Scolding for Jack, perhaps (6).
12 "In a drear-nighted ——" (Keats) (8).
14 Enlarge in discourse about the right to banish (10).
16 Papers connected with this strike? (4).
19 Nobleman appears almost before time (4).
20 Worker translated sonnet about scholar's love (5-5).
22 These fellows could be communists (8).
23 Slip away and possibly see about drink (6)
26 Poetry disliked by schoolboy? (5)
27 Brook gets a £1,000 return in a way (9).
28 A type of statesman of the Restoration (9).
29 Absorbed in procedure of board meeting? (5).

DOWN

1 Replace peers sued for riot (9).
2 Leave river to get a tin-opener (5).
3 Estrange a goddess? That's about right (8).
4 Barren – a free rendering (4).
5 Striving to give story pungency (10).
6 Mingates view of a British author (6).
7 Objects of the drivers' strikes (4-5).
8 Let down by one who's borrowed a quid (5).
13 Made unhappy by courses I'd taken up (10).
15 Insane craving caused parson to lose head (9).
17 American detective seen in more colourful fashion (9).
18 Little time for wild celery (8).
21 Part of dog star (6).
22 Complaint for officer in charge in short (5).
24 Airman goes up to the edge (5).
25 Christopher Robin's acquaintance? (4).

Solution of Puzzle No 16,089

CONCISE CROSSWORD PAGE 10

Parliament today

Commons (2.30): Telecommunications Bill, conclusion of remaining stages.

Lords (2.30): British Shipbuilders Bill, Committee. Debate on the broadcasting of Parliament. Debate on the deportation of Mr Staoeu Papusoiu to Romania.

Anniversaries

Births: Arturo Toscanini, Parma, Italy, 1867; Sir Edwin Lutyens, architect, London, 1869. Deaths: Emmanuel Swedenborg, scientist and philosopher, London, 1772; John Keble, pioneer of the Oxford Movement, Bournemouth, 1866; Captain Robert Scott wrote the last entry in his diary, 11 miles from One Ton depot, Antarctica, 1912.

TV top ten

National top ten television programmes in the week ending March 20:

ITV
1 Coronation Street (Wed), Granada, 16.65m
2 Coronation Street (Mon), Granada, 16.55m
3 This is Your Life, Thames, 15.10m
4 Family Fortunes, Central, 14.95m
5 3-2-1, Yorkshire, 14.20m
6 Crossroads (Wed), Central, 13.40m
7 Crossroads (Thurs), Central, 12.75m
8 Murder on Flight 502, ITV, 12.55m
9 Crossroads (Tues), Central, 12.50m
10 Punchlines, LWT, 12.40m

BBC 1
1 The Citadel, 13.55m
2 The Kenny Everett Television Show, 12.30m
3 The British Academy Awards, 11.60m
4 Top of the Pops, 11.50m
5 Holiday '83, 11.25m
6 Dallas, 10.40m
7 Cagney and Lacey, 10.30m
8 Open All Hours, 10.25m
9 Jim'll Fix It, 9.95m
10 The Paras, 9.90m

BBC 2
1 Fantastic Voyage, 6.40m
2 Pot Black '83, 6.25m
3 My Cousin Rachel, 6.25m
4 Russell Harty (Tues), 6.15m
5 Just Another Day, 5.30m
6 The Baker Street Boys, 4.30m
7 M*A*S*H, 4.00m
8 Dear Ladies, 3.80m
8=The Last Song, 3.80m
10 Tucker's Luck, 3.75m

CH4
1 The Triangle Factory Fire Scandal, 2.65m
2 Upstairs, Downstairs, 2.30m
3 Mini Pops, 1.80m
3=Brookside (Tues), 1.80m
5 Brookside (Wed), 1.65m
6 The Avengers, 1.60m
7 Basketball (Mon), 1.55m
8 Treasure Hunt, 1.46m
9 Unforgettable, 1.35m
8=Cheers, 1.35m

S4C
In Welsh:
1 Pobol y Cwm, BBC, 169,000
2 Yng Nghwmni, Ind, 186,000
3 S.O.S. yn Galw (Gari Trytan), BBC, 148,000
4 Dyfroedd Byw, Ind, 135,000
5 Y byd en Ei Le, HTV, 118,000
In English:
1 The Avengers, 179,000
2 Battlestar Galactica, 128,000
3 Brookside (Wed), 124,000
4 The Munsters, 94,000
4=Brookside (Thurs), 94,000

Breakfast television: The average weekly figures for audiences at peak times (with previous week's figures in parenthesis) are:
BBC 1 Breakfast Time, Mon to Fri 1.7m (1.7m).
TV-am Good Morning Britain, Mon to Fri 0.4m (0.5m), Sat 2.0m (1.4m), Sun 0.6m (0.5m).

Broadcaster's Audience Research Board

One-parent guide

The National Council for One Parent Families has issued a new edition of the booklet *Single and Pregnant: A Guide to Benefits*, to help single pregnant women and single mothers to find their way through the complex benefit system and judge the claims they are entitled to. The booklet is available from the council, 255 Kentish Town Road, London NW5 2LX, telephone 01-267 1361.

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Roads

London and South-East: A3-16/A4: Hogarth roundabout fly over, Chiswick, closed for repairs 9.30am to 3pm. M20: Lane closures at Maidstone bypass between junction with A20 (Coldharbour) and A249. A25: One lane only, temporary signals, Guildford to Dorking road at Coast Hill near Westcott village.

Wales and West: A55: Roadworks at Conwy Bridge, Gwynedd. A4/A37: Temporary one-way system on Bath Road/Wells Road, Bristol. M5: Lane closures both ways between junctions 10 (Cheltenham) and 12 (Gloucester). North bound exit slip road closed at junction 25 (Taunton); diversion via junction 26 for Taunton traffic.

Midlands and East Anglia: A49: Temporary signals at Ludlow bypass. M1: Lane closures north bound and on slip roads between junctions 27 and 28 near Mansfield. A1: One carriageway shared between Connington and Sawtry.

North: A6: Temporary traffic lights on Preston Road, Whittle-le-Woods. A1: Southbound carriageway shared at Micklefield, near Garforth.

Scotland: A739: Northbound carriageway shared off-peak at Clyde Tunnel. A9: Roadworks between Killiecrankie and Calvine. A77: Lane closures southbound south of Newton Mearns.

The papers

On the British Leyland strike over "washing time", the Daily Mirror comments: "For four years BL has been winning concessions from its workers without having to pay for them . . . The chairman of BL should find out how it is that such a trivial issue can cause such a stupid strike which stops the production of such a vital new car."

The Reagan Administration's interim solution to European missile deployment "may add up to little more than a cop-out solution", The Wall Street Journal said yesterday. "We will be handing the Soviets an invitation to drag on negotiations . . . leaving them in their position of superiority and hamstringing our own efforts to make Western defences credible."

The pound

	Bank Buys	Bank Sells
Australia $	1.75	1.67
Austria Sch	26.15	24.45
Belgium Fr	75.00	71.00
Canada $	1.84	1.77
Denmark Kr	13.10	12.40
Finland Mkk	8.40	7.90
France Fr	11.00	10.45
Germany DM	3.67	3.48
Greece Dr	127.50	117.50
Hongkong $	10.10	9.55
Ireland Pt	1.16	1.10
Italy Lira	2140.00	2050.00
Japan Yen	367.00	347.00
Netherlands Gld	4.11	3.91
Norway Kr	11.00	10.40
Portugal Esc	153.00	138.00
South Africa Rd	1.81	1.64
Spain Pta	200.00	190.00
Sweden Kr	11.47	10.87
Switzerland Fr	3.15	2.98
USA $	1.50	1.45
Yugoslavia Dnr	112.00	105.00

Retail Price Index: 327.3.
London: The *FT* Index closed down 1.4 at 655.5.

Weather forecast

A ridge of high pressure over the SE will give way to trough of low pressure in W across most of Britain.

6 am to midnight

London, East Anglia, SE, Central S and N, E England, Midlands, Channel Islands: Early frost, becoming cloudy, some rain spreading from W; winds variable, light, becoming W fresh; max 8 to 9C (46 to 48F).

SW and NW England, Wales, Lake District, Isle of Man, SW Scotland, Glasgow, N Ireland: Rain or drizzle, hill fog clearing, sunny intervals, scattered showers later; winds SW veering W to NW moderate to fresh, increasing strong; max 8 to 9C (46 to 48F).

NE England, Borders, Edinburgh, Dundee: Rain at first, sunny intervals, scattered showers later; wind S veering W, moderate, increasing fresh to strong; max 7C (45F).

Aberdeen, Central Highlands, Moray Firth, NE and NW Scotland, Argyll, Orkney, Shetland: Rain or drizzle, hill fog patches clearing, sunny intervals, frequent showers later becoming wintry on hills; winds S veering W to NW, fresh, increasing strong to gale; max 4 to 6C (39 to 43F).

Outlook for tomorrow and Thursday: Wintry showers, sunny intervals. Cold and windy.

SEA PASSAGES: S North Sea, Straits of Dover, English Channel (E): Wind SW veering W, fresh or strong; sea moderate or rough. St George's Channel, Irish Sea: Wind veering W, strong or gale; sea very rough.

Sun rises: 6.44 am. Sun sets: 7.28 pm
Moon sets: 7.29 am. Moon rises: 8.23 pm
Last Quarter April 5.

Lighting-up time

London 7.58 pm to 6.12 am
Bristol 8.08 pm to 6.22 am
Edinburgh 8.14 pm to 6.20 am
Manchester 8.08 pm to 6.19 am
Penzance 8.16 pm to 6.25 am

Yesterday

Temperatures at midday yesterday: c, cloud; f, fair; s, sun.

		C	F			C	F
Belfast	f	7	45	Guernsey	f	9	43
Birmingham	c	7	45	Inverness	f	7	46
Blackpool	s	7	45	Jersey	s	6	43
Bristol	f	8	46	London	c	8	46
Cardiff	f	9	45	Manchester	f	7	45
Edinburgh	s	6	46	Newcastle	c	7	45
Glasgow	f	9	48	Ronaldsway	s	8	46

London

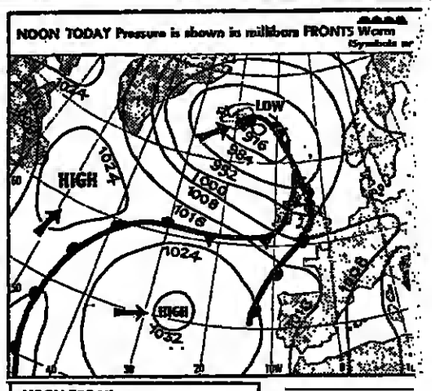
Temp: max 6am to 6pm, 9C (48F); min 6pm to 6am, 1C (34F). Humidity: 6pm, 59 per cent. Rain, 24hr to 6pm, trace. Sun: 24hr to 6pm, 8hr. Bar, mean sea level, 6pm, 1011.5 millibars, rising.
1,000 millibars = 29.53in.

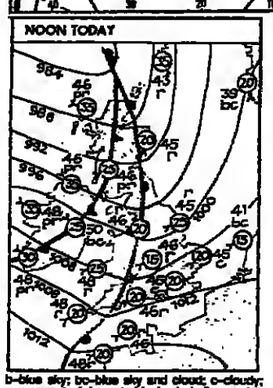
Highest and lowest

Highest day temp: Worthing, Torquay, Glasgow, Tenby: 10C (50F); lowest day max: Lerwick, Cape Wrath, 5C (41F); highest rainfall: Lerwick, 0.11 in; highest sunshine: Newquay, 10.4 hr.

Our address

Information for inclusion in The Times Information Service should be sent to:
Cathy James, TTIS, The Times, PO Box 7, 200 Gray's Inn Road, London WC1X 8EZ.





b–blue sky; bc–blue sky and cloud; c–cloudy; o–overcast; f–fog; d–drizzle; h–hail; m–mist; r–rain; s–snow; th–thunderstorm; p–showers. Arrows show wind direction, wind speed (mph) circled, temperatures fahrenheit.

High

London Bridge	3.[illegible]
Aberdeen	2.[illegible]
Avonmouth	8.[illegible]
Belfast	12.[illegible]
Cardiff	8.[illegible]
Devonport	7.[illegible]
Dover	12.1[illegible]
Falmouth	6.5
Glasgow	2.1
Harwich	12.55
Holyhead	11.34
Hull	7.39
Ilfracombe	7.21
Leith	3.46
Liverpool	12.20
Lowestoft	11.02
Margate	1.07
Milford Haven	7.35
Newquay	6.25
Oban	7.05
Penzance	6.24
Portland	8.20
Portsmouth	12.32
Shoreham	12.20
Southampton	-
Swansea	7.45
Tees	5.00
Walton-on-Naze	12.47

Tide measurement in metres: 1

Around Britain

	Sun hr	Rain in	Max C	F			Sun hrs	Rain in	Max C	F
Scarboro	3.6	.04	7	45	Relham	Guernsey	9.3	.05	9	[illegible]
Bridlington	7.1	.04	7	45	Sun pds	Jersey	9.2	.01	9	[illegible]
Cromer	5.5	.09	9	43	Sun pm	Newquay	10.4		[illegible]	[illegible]
Lowestoft	4.5	.03	7	45	Sno am	Ilfracombe			9	4[illegible]
Clacton	7.5	.03	6	46	Shwrs pm	Tenby	10.0		10	50
Margate	7.2	.01	7	45	Sun pds	Anglesey	7.3		9	46
Folkestone	8.2	.01	9	48	Sun pds	Colwyn Bay	7.3		7	45
Hastings	8.2	.02	9	48	Sun pds	Southport	6.3		7	45
Eastbourne	7.3		9	45	Sun pds	Blackpool	9.4		9	46
Worthing	8.4	.04	10	50	Sunny	Morecambe	6.0		9	48
Littlehmptn	9.4	.02	10	50	Sunny	Douglas	7.9		6	46
Bognor R	9.3		9	46	Sunny	Aldergrove	4.5		9	48
Southsea	9.0		9	48	Sun pds	Eskdalemuir	5.1		7	45
Shanklin	9.5	.01	8	46	Sunny	Prestwick	6.5		9	48
Bournemth	7.4		9	48	Sun pds	Abbotsinch	6.0		7	45
Poole	7.3		9	48	Sun pds	Tiree	1.1		8	46
Swanage	9.0		9	46	Sunny	Stornoway			7	45
Weymouth			8	46	Sun pds	Lerwick	0.7	.11	5	41
Exmouth	8.9		9	48	Sunny	Wick	1.1	.03	7	45
Teignmouth	8.4		10	50	Sunny	Kinloss	2.6	.03	8	46
Torquay	9.3		10	50	Sun pds	Dyce	1.0	.09	6	43
Falmouth	9.0	.05	9	48	Sunny	Leuchars	4.5		9	48
Penzance	9.7		9	45	Sunny	Dunbar				

Abroad

MIDDAY: c, cloud; f, fair; fg, fog; r, rain; s, sun; sn, snow.

		C	F			C	F			C	F			C	F
Ajaccio	c	15	59	Copenhgn	r	3	37	Majorca	c	10	50	Rio de Jan*	c	25	77
Akrotiri	s	18	64	Corfu	s	15	50	Malaga	s	18	64	Rome*	f	15	59
Alexandria	f	16	66	Dallas*	s	12	54	Malta	s	18	64	Salzburg	f	11	52
Algiers	c	11	52	Dublin	c	6	46	Melbourne	c	18	64	Sao Paulo*	c	21	70
Amsterdam	r	6	43	Dubrovnik	c	13	55	Mexico C*	s	22	72	S Francisco*	f	13	55
Athens	s	17	63	Faro	f	16	61	Miami*	s	26	79	Santiago*	s	23	73
Bahrain	s	24	75	Florence	f	12	54	Milan	r	8	46	Seoul	s	18	81
Barbados*	s	29	84	Frankfurt	r	4	39	Montreal*	c	4	39	Singapore	f	34	92
Barcelona	f	12	54	Funchal	c	17	63	Moscow	s	12	54	Stockholm	c	3	37
Beirut				Geneva	f	9	48	Munich	f	8	46	Strasbourg	r	4	39
Belgrade	s	13	55	Gibraltar	f	15	59	Nairobi	f	26	79	Sydney			
Berlin	f	9	48	Helsinki	s	3	37	Naples	f	12	54	Tangier	f	15	59
Bermuda*	f	16	64	Hongkong	c	16	64	New Delhi	s	25	77	Tel Aviv			
Biarritz	f	11	52	Innsbruck	f	9	48	New York*	c	7	45	Tenerife	c	18	64
Boulogne	f	6	43	Istanbul	s	15	59	Nice	r	7	45	Tokyo	c	12	54
Bordeaux	r	9	48	Jiddah	c	30	86	Oslo	c	2	36	Toronto			
Brussels	f	7	45	Jo'burg	f	28	82	Ottawa				Tunis	f	17	63
Budapest	s	10	50	Karachi	s	23	73	Paris	f	7	45	Valencia	c	16	61
Buen Aires*	f	22	72	Las Palmas	c	19	66	Peking	s	17	63	Vancouver*	c	7	45
Cairo	s	21	70	Lisbon	c	14	57	Perth	f	26	79	Venice	c	11	52
Cape Tn	s	23	73	Locarno	c	9	48	Prague	f	5	41	Vienna	c	11	52
C'blanca	r	13	55	L Angeles*	s	15	59	Reykjavik	sn	2	36	Warsaw	c	7	45
Chicago*	c	9	48	Luxembg	s	4	39	Rhodes				Washington*	r	6	48
Cologne	f	6	46	Madrid	f	12	54	Riyadh	f	28	82	Zurich	f	6	45

* denotes Sunday's figures are latest available

هكذا من الأصل